	'New Orleans', 'Metairie', 'Chalmette', 'Arabi', 'Pontchartrain Shores', 'Marigny', 'Covington', 'Mandeville', 'Jamestown Court', 'Summerwinds', 'Parkwood', 'Pontchartrain Beach', 'St Thomas', 'Banner Elk', 'Elk Park', 'Newland', 'Boone', 'Stonewater', 'Lexington Park at Amberly', 'Arlington Park at Amberly', 'Arlington', 'Kalorama Triangle', 'K Street', 'West End', 'Connecticut Avenue', 'Columbia Heights', 'Washington', 'Wake Forest', 'Lahore', 'Karachi', 'SOMISSPO', 'West Berkeley', 'North Berkeley Hills', 'San Jose', 'Eagle Rock', 'Winston Salem', 'Asheville', 'Topton', 'Hayesville', 'Bryson City', 'Almond', 'Mebane', 'Agnew', 'Cory', 'Renaissance', 'Santa Clara', 'NOMA', 'Sunnyside', 'Ingleside', 'Central', 'Tenderloin', 'College Avenue', 'South', 'Southside', 'South Berkeley', 'Mountain View', 'El Cerrito', 'Krendle Woods',
.5]: .6]:	'South Berkeley', 'Mountain View', 'El Cerrito', 'Krendle Woods', 'Wake Co.', 'Fuquay-Varina', 'Rawalpindi', 'Katunayake', 'Gampaha'], dtype=object) ## Q11 B. Get the unique Stop locations. (2 points) #### Note: This question is based on the dataframe with no 'NA' values Uber_Data['STOP*'].unique() array(['Fort Pierce', 'West Palm Beach', 'Palm Beach', 'Cary', 'Morrisville', 'New York', 'Queens', 'East Harlem', 'NoMad', 'Midtown', 'Midtown East', 'Hudson Square', 'Lower Manhattan', "Hell's Kitchen", 'Queens County', 'Gulfton', 'Downtown', 'Houston', 'Jamestown Court', 'Durham', 'Whitebridge', 'Lake Wellingborough', 'Raleigh', 'Umstead', 'Hazelwood',
	'Lake Wellingborough', 'Raleigh', 'Umstead', 'Hazelwood', 'Westpark Place', 'Meredith Townes', 'Leesville Hollow', 'Apex', 'Chapel Hill', 'Williamsburg Manor', 'Macgregor Downs', 'Edgehill Farms', 'Northwoods', 'Tanglewood', 'Preston', 'Walnut Terrace', 'Jackson Heights', 'East Elmhurst', 'Midtown West', 'Long Island City', 'Jamaica', 'Unknown Location', 'Colombo', 'Nugegoda', 'Katunayaka', 'Islamabad', 'R?walpindi', 'Noorpur Shahan', 'Heritage Pines', 'Waverly Place', 'Wayne Ridge', 'Depot Historic District', 'Weston', 'West University', 'South Congress', 'Arts District', 'Congress Ave District', 'Red River District', 'The Drag', 'Convention Center District', 'North Austin', 'Coxville', 'Katy', 'Allef', 'Sharpstown', 'Sugar Land', 'Galveston', 'Port Bolivar', 'Washington Avenue', 'Briar Meadow', 'Greater Greenspoint', 'Latta', 'Jacksonville', 'Kissimmee', 'Isles of Buena Vista', 'Orlando', 'Lake Reams', 'Vista East', 'Sky Lake', 'Sand Lake Commons', 'Daytona Beach', 'Ridgeland', 'Florence', 'Cedar Hill', 'Holly Springs',
	'Ridgeland', 'Florence', 'Cedar Hill', 'Holly Springs', 'Harden Place', 'Chessington', 'Burtrose', 'Parkway', 'Capitol One', 'University District', 'Redmond', 'Bellevue', 'Seattle', 'Mcvan', 'Palo Alto', 'Sunnyvale', 'Newark', 'Menlo Park', 'San Francisco', 'Parkway Museums', 'Hog Island', 'Savon Height', 'Kildaire Farms', 'Kilarney Woods', 'Gramercy-Flatiron', 'Tudor City', 'Soho', 'Tribeca', 'Financial District', 'Kips Bay', 'Emeryville', 'Berkeley', 'Oakland', 'Bay Farm Island', 'New Orleans', 'Lower Garden District', 'Lakeview', 'Storyville', 'Faubourg Marigny', 'Metairie', 'Kenner', 'Bywater', 'Chalmette', 'Arabi', 'Pontchartrain Shores', 'Marigny', 'Covington', 'Mandeville', 'Summerwinds', 'Parkwood', 'Pontchartrain Beach', 'CBD', 'St Thomas', 'Banner Elk', 'Elk Park', 'Newland', 'Boone', 'Stonewater', 'Lexington Park at Amberly', 'Arlington Park at Amberly', 'Washington', 'K Street', 'Kalorama Triangle', 'Northwest Rectangle', 'Columbia Heights', 'Arlington', 'Farmington Woods', 'Wake Forest', 'Lahore', 'Karachi', 'French Quarter', 'North Berkeley Hills', 'Southside',
20]: 21]: 21]:	Q13. What is the total number of unique stop locations. (2 points) Note: Use the original dataframe without dropping 'NA' values. Uber_Data['STOP*'].nunique() 187
	Q14. Display all Uber trips that has the starting point as San Francisco. (2 points) Note: Use the original dataframe without dropping the 'NA' values. Uber_Data[Uber_Data['START*'] == "San Francisco"] ***START_DATE**** ***END_DATE**** ***END_DATE**** ***END_DATE*** ***END_DATE** ***END_DATE** ***END_DATE** ***END_DATE** **END_DATE** **END_DA
	927 11-09-2016 18:40 11-09-2016 19:17 Business San Francisco Oakland 12.7 Customer Visit 933 11-10-2016 15:17 11-10-2016 15:22 Business San Francisco Oakland 9.9 Temporary Site 966 11/15/2016 20:44 11/15/2016 21:00 Business San Francisco Berkeley 11.8 Temporary Site Q15. What is the most popular starting point for the Uber drivers? (2 points) Note: Use the original dataframe without dropping the 'NA' values. Hint:Popular means the place that is visited the most Starting_Point = Uber_Data['START*'].dropna() Uber_Data = pd.DataFrame(Starting_Point.value_counts())
36]: .7]:	<pre>Uber_Data.sort_values(['START*'], ascending=False) Uber_Data = Uber_Data.reset_index() Uber_Data = Uber_Data.rename(columns={'index':'Start_Location', 'START*': 'Count'}) Uber_Data.loc[Uber_Data['Count'] == max(Uber_Data['Count'])] Start_Location Count 0</pre>
33]:	Hint: Popular means the place that is visited the most Dropping_Point = Uber_Data['STOP*'].dropna() Uber_Data = pd.DataFrame(Dropping_Point.value_counts()) Uber_Data.sort_values(['STOP*'].ascending=False) Uber_Data = Uber_Data.reset_index() Uber_Data = Uber_Data.rename(columns={'index':'Drop_Location', 'STOP*': 'Count'}) Uber_Data.loc[Uber_Data['Count'] == max(Uber_Data['Count'])] Drop_Location Count O Cary 203 Uber_Data['STOP*'].value_counts()
	Cary 203 Unknown Location 149 Morrisville 84 Whitebridge 65 Islamabad 58 Daytona Beach 1 Sand Lake Commons 1 Sky Lake 1 Vista East 1 Illukwatta 1 Name: STOP*, Length: 187, dtype: int64 Q17. What is the most frequent route taken by Uber drivers. (3 points) Note: This question is based on the new dataframe with no 'na' values.
	Note: This question is based on the new dataframe with no 'na' values. Hint-Print the most frequent route taken by Uber drivers (Route= combination of START & END points present in the Data set). df = Uber_Data.dropna() df = pd.DataFrame(df.groupby(['START*', 'STOP*']).size()) df = df.rename(columns={0:'Count'}) df = df.sort_values(['Count'], ascending=False) df.loc[df['Count'] == max(df['Count'])] Count START* STOP* Cary Morrisville 52
10]: 12]: 12]:	<pre>df = Uber_Data.dropna() df = Uber_Data.groupby(['START*','STOP*']).size().sort_values(ascending=False).head() df START*</pre>
.[⊙]:	# Most frequent route taken by Uber drivers - Start Location - "Cary" and Stop Location - "Morrisville" Q18. Display all types of purposes for the trip in an array. (2 points) Note: This question is based on the new dataframe with no 'NA' values. print(np.array(Uber_Data["PURPOSE*"].dropna().unique())) ['Meal/Entertain' 'Errand/Supplies' 'Meeting' 'Customer Visit' 'Temporary Site' 'Between Offices' 'Charity (\$)' 'Commute' 'Moving' 'Airport/Travel'] Q19. Plot a bar graph of Purpose vs Miles(Distance). What can you infer from the plot(2 +2 points)
	Note: Use the original dataframe without dropping the 'NA' values. Hint:You have to plot total/sum miles per purpose sns.barplot(x=Uber_Data['MILES*'], y=Uber_Data['PURPOSE*']) plt.xticks(rotation=45) plt.show() Meal/Entertain Errand/Supplies Meeting Customer Visit
-4]:	
.⊙]:	sns.barplot(x=Uber_Data['MILES*'], y=Uber_Data['PURPOSE*'], estimator=np.sum) plt.xlabel('No. of Miles') plt.ylabel('No. of Purpose') plt.show() Meal/Entertain Errand/Supplies Meeting Emporary Site Between Offices
l2]: l2]:	MILES* sum PURPOSE* Airport/Travel 16.5 Between Offices 197.0 Charity (\$) 15.1 Commute 180.2 Customer Visit 2089.5 Errand/Supplies 508.0
36]: 36]:	### Figure 10.5 ### Figure 20.5 Meal/Entertain 911.7 Meeting 2851.3 Moving 18.2 Temporary Site 523.7 Uber_Data.groupby('PURPOSE*').sum() MILES* PURPOSE* 16.5 Between Offices 197.0
	Between Offices 197.0 Charity (\$) 15.1 Commute 180.2 Customer Visit 2089.5 Errand/Supplies 508.0 Meal/Entertain 911.7 Meeting 2851.3 Moving 18.2 Temporary Site 523.7
	Q21. Generate a plot showing count of trips vs category of trips. What can you infer from the plot (2 +1 points) Note: Use the original dataframe without dropping the 'NA' values. Uber_Data["CATEGORY*"].value_counts().plot(kind = "bar") plt.show() Uber_Data["CATEGORY*"].value_counts()
64]:	Business 1078 Personal 77
	Personal 77 Name: CATEGORY*, dtype: int64 Q22. What percentage of Miles were clocked under Business Category and what percentage of Miles were clocked under Personal Category ? (3 points) Note:Use the original dataframe without dropping the 'NA' values. GroupBy_Data = Uber_Data[["CATEGORY*", "MILES*"]].groupby(['CATEGORY*']).agg({'MILES*': ['sum']}) data = GroupBy_Data.values.flatten() labels = GroupBy_Data.index
70]: 70]: 31]:	Uber_Data.columns Index(['START_DATE*', 'END_DATE*', 'CATEGORY*', 'START*', 'STOP*', 'MILES*', 'PURPOSE*'], dtype='object') Uber_Data.groupby("CATEGORY*").sum().dropna()
31]: 31]: 35]:	Uber_Data.groupby("CATEGORY*").sum().dropna() MILES* CATEGORY* Business 11487.0 Personal 717.7 Uber_Data.groupby("MILES*").sum().dropna() START_DATE* END_DATE* CATEGORY* START* STOP* PURPOS MILES*
J]:	MILES* IJ/26/2016 17:272/17/2016 16:3806-08-2016 17:272/17/2016 16:3806-08-2016 17:16 IJ/26/2016 17:272/17/2016 16:3806-08-2016 17:272/17/2016 16:3806-08-2016 17:18 BusinessBusinessBusiness BusinessBusiness BusinessBusiness CaryKatunayakaSoho CaryKatunayakaTribeca Errand/SuppliesErrand/
	0.8 2016 16:1603-11-2016 10: 2016 16:2203-11-2016 10: Business
33]: 33]:	310.3 3/25/2016 16:52 3/25/2016 22:22 Business Latta Jacksonville Customer V 256 rows × 6 columns Uber_Data.groupby("MILES*").sum()/ Uber_Data.groupby("CATEGORY*").sum().dropna() CATEGORY* END_DATE* MILES* PURPOSE* START* START_DATE* STOP* 0.5 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN Na