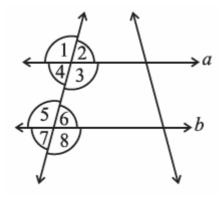
Access answers to Maths NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Chapter 5 – Lines and Angles Exercise 5.2

1. State the property that is used in each of the following statements?



(i) If a \parallel b, then $\angle 1 = \angle 5$.

Solution:-

Corresponding angles property is used in the above statement.

(ii) If $\angle 4 = \angle 6$, then a \parallel b.

Solution:-

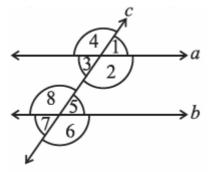
Alternate interior angles property is used in the above statement.

(iii) If $\angle 4 + \angle 5 = 180^{\circ}$, then a || b.

Solution:-

Interior angles on the same side of transversal are supplementary.

2. In the adjoining figure, identify



(i) The pairs of corresponding angles.

Solution:-

By observing the figure, the pairs of corresponding angle are,

 $\angle 1$ and $\angle 5$, $\angle 4$ and $\angle 8$, $\angle 2$ and $\angle 6$, $\angle 3$ and $\angle 7$

(ii) The pairs of alternate interior angles.

Solution:-

By observing the figure, the pairs of alternate interior angle are,

 $\angle 2$ and $\angle 8$, $\angle 3$ and $\angle 5$

(iii) The pairs of interior angles on the same side of the transversal.

Solution:-

By observing the figure, the pairs of interior angles on the same side of the transversal are

 $\angle 2$ and $\angle 5$, $\angle 3$ and $\angle 8$

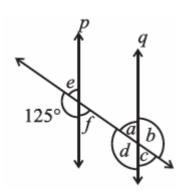
(iv) The vertically opposite angles.

Solution:-

By observing the figure, the vertically opposite angles are,

 $\angle 1$ and $\angle 3$, $\angle 5$ and $\angle 7$, $\angle 2$ and $\angle 4$, $\angle 6$ and $\angle 8$

3. In the adjoining figure, p | q. Find the unknown angles.



Solution:-

By observing the figure,

 $\angle d = \angle 125^{\circ} \dots [\because corresponding angles]$

We know that, Linear pair is the sum of adjacent angles is 180° Then,

$$= \angle e + 125^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \dots [Linear pair]$$

$$= \angle e = 180^{\circ} - 125^{\circ}$$

From the rule of vertically opposite angles,

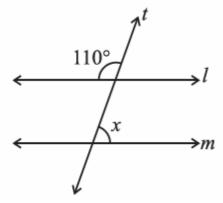
$$\angle f = \angle e = 55^{\circ}$$

$$\angle b = \angle d = 125^{\circ}$$

By the property of corresponding angles,

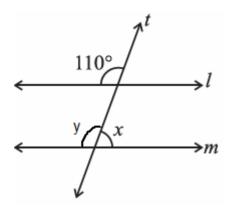
$$\angle c = \angle f = 55^{\circ}$$

4. Find the value of x in each of the following figures if I || m.



Solution:-

Let us assume other angle on the line m be $\angle y$,



Then,

By the property of corresponding angles,

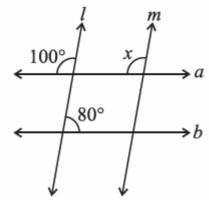
We know that Linear pair is the sum of adjacent angles is 180° Then,

$$= \angle x + \angle y = 180^{\circ}$$

$$= \angle x + 110^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

$$= \angle x = 180^{\circ} - 110^{\circ}$$

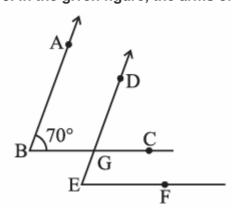
(ii)



Solution:-

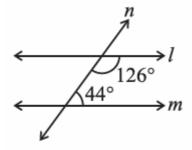
By the property of corresponding angles,

5. In the given figure, the arms of two angles are parallel.



If $\angle ABC = 70^{\circ}$, then find

(i) ∠DGC
(ii) ∠DEF
Solution:-
(i) Let us consider that AB ∥ DG
BC is the transversal line intersecting AB and DG By the property of corresponding angles,
∠DGC = ∠ABC
Then,
∠DGC = 70°
(ii) Let us consider that BC ∥ EF
DE is the transversal line intersecting BC and EF By the property of corresponding angles,
∠DEF = ∠DGC
Then,
∠DEF = 70°
6. In the given figures below, decide whether I is parallel to m. (i)



Solution:-

Let us consider the two lines I and m,

n is the transversal line intersecting I and m.

We know that the sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is 180°.

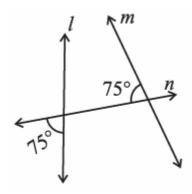
Then,

 $= 126^{\circ} + 44^{\circ}$

= 170°

But, the sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is not equal to 180° . So, line I is not parallel to line m.

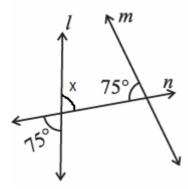
(ii)



Solution:-

Let us assume $\angle x$ be the vertically opposite angle formed due to the intersection of the straight line I and transversal n,

Then, $\angle x = 75^{\circ}$



Let us consider the two lines I and m,

n is the transversal line intersecting I and m.

We know that the sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is 180°.

Then,

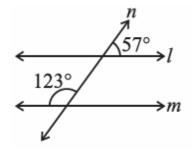
 $= 75^{\circ} + 75^{\circ}$

 $= 150^{\circ}$

But, the sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is not equal to 180° .

So, line I is not parallel to line m.

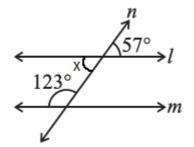
(iii)



Solution:-

Let us assume ∠x be the vertically opposite angle formed due to the intersection of the

Straight line I and transversal line n,



Let us consider the two lines I and m,

n is the transversal line intersecting I and m.

We know that the sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is 180°.

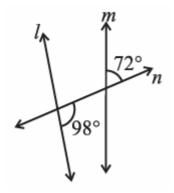
Then,

$$= 123^{\circ} + 57^{\circ}$$

:The sum of interior angles on the same side of transversal is equal to 180°.

So, line I is parallel to line m.

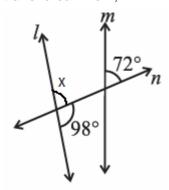
(iv)



Solution:-

Let us assume ∠x be the angle formed due to the intersection of the Straight line I and

transversal line n,



We know that Linear pair is the sum of adjacent angles is equal to 180°.

$$= \angle x + 98^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$$

$$= \angle x = 180^{\circ} - 98^{\circ}$$

$$= \angle x = 82^{\circ}$$

Now, we consider $\angle x$ and 72° are the corresponding angles.

For I and m to be parallel to each other, corresponding angles should be equal. But, in the given figure corresponding angles measures 82° and 72° respectively.

∴Line I is not parallel to line m.