Access answers to Maths NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Chapter 7 – Congruence of Triangles Exercise 7.1

1. Complete the following statements:
(a) Two line segments are congruent if
Solution:-
Two line segments are congruent if they have the same length.
(b) Among two congruent angles, one has a measure of 70° ; the measure of the other angle is
Solution:-
Among two congruent angles, one has a measure of 70° ; the measure of the other angle is 70° .
Because, if two angles have the same measure, they are congruent. Also, if two angles are congruent, their measure are same.
(c) When we write $\angle A = \angle B$, we actually mean .
Solution:-
When we write $\angle A = \angle B$, we actually mean m $\angle A = m \angle B$.
2. Give any two real-life examples for congruent shapes. Solution:-
The two real-life example for congruent shapes are,
(i) Fan feathers of same brand.
(ii) Size of chocolate in the same brand.
(iii) Size of pens in the same brand
(iii) Size of pens in the same brand
3. If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle FED$ under the correspondence ABC \leftrightarrow FED, write all the
corresponding congruent parts of the triangles.
Solution:-
Two triangles are congruent if pairs of corresponding sides and corresponding angles are

 $\angle A \leftrightarrow \angle F$, $\angle B \leftrightarrow \angle E$, $\angle C \leftrightarrow \angle D$

All the corresponding congruent parts of the triangles are,

equal.

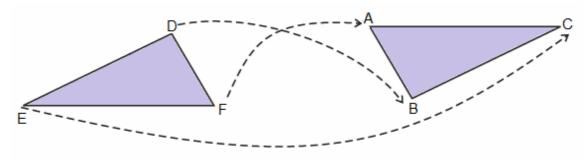
Correspondence between sides:

$$\begin{array}{c} \overline{AB} \leftrightarrow \overline{FE} \\ \overline{BC} \leftrightarrow \overline{ED} \\ \overline{CA} \leftrightarrow \overline{DF} \end{array}$$

4. If $\triangle DEF \cong \triangle BCA$, write the part(s) of $\triangle BCA$ that correspond to

(i)
$$\angle \mathsf{E}$$
 (ii) \overline{EF} (iii) $\angle \mathsf{F}$ (iv) \overline{DF}

Solution:-



From above the figure we can say that, The part(s) of \triangle BCA that correspond to,

(i)
$$\angle E \leftrightarrow \angle C$$

$$\frac{\text{(ii)}}{EF} \leftrightarrow \overline{CA}$$

(iii)
$$\angle F \leftrightarrow \angle A$$

$$\frac{\text{(iv)}}{DF} \leftrightarrow \overline{BA}$$