

Access answers to Maths NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Chapter 9 – Rational Numbers Exercise 9.1

1. List five rational numbers between:

(i) -1 and 0

Solution:-

The five rational numbers between -1 and 0 are,

$$-1 < (-2/3) < (-3/4) < (-4/5) < (-5/6) < (-6/7) < 0$$

(ii) -2 and -1

Solution:-

The five rational numbers between -2 and -1 are,

$$-2 < (-8/7) < (-9/8) < (-10/9) < (-11/10) < (-12/11) < -1$$

(iii) -4/5 and -2/3

Solution:-

The five rational numbers between -4/5 and -2/3 are,

$$-4/5 < (-13/12) < (-14/13) < (-15/14) < (-16/15) < (-17/16) < -2/3$$

(iv) -1/2 and 2/3

Solution:-

The five rational numbers between -1/2 and 2/3 are,

$$-1/2 < (-1/6) < (0) < (1/3) < (1/2) < (20/36) < 2/3$$

2. Write four more rational numbers in each of the following patterns:

(i) -3/5, -6/10, -9/15, -12/20,

Solution:-

In the above question, we can observe that the numerator and denominator are the multiples of 3 and 5.

$$= (-3 \times 1) / (5 \times 1), (-3 \times 2) / (5 \times 2), (-3 \times 3) / (5 \times 3), (-3 \times 4) / (5 \times 4)$$

Then, next four rational numbers in this pattern are,

$$= (-3 \times 5) / (5 \times 5), (-3 \times 6) / (5 \times 6), (-3 \times 7) / (5 \times 7), (-3 \times 8) / (5 \times 8)$$

$$= -15/25, -18/30, -21/35, -24/40 \dots$$

(ii) -1/4, -2/8, -3/12,

Solution:-

In the above question, we can observe that the numerator and denominator are the multiples of 1 and 4.

$$= (-1 \times 1) / (4 \times 1), (-1 \times 2) / (4 \times 2), (-1 \times 3) / (4 \times 3)$$

Then, next four rational numbers in this pattern are,

$$= (-1 \times 4) / (4 \times 4), (-1 \times 5) / (4 \times 5), (-1 \times 6) / (4 \times 6), (-1 \times 7) / (4 \times 7)$$

$$= -4/16, -5/20, -6/24, -7/28 \dots$$

(iii) -1/6, 2/-12, 3/-18, 4/-24

Solution:-

In the above question, we can observe that the numerator and denominator are the multiples of 1 and 6.

$$= (-1 \times 1) / (6 \times 1), (1 \times 2) / (-6 \times 2), (1 \times 3) / (-6 \times 3), (1 \times 4) / (-6 \times 4)$$

Then, next four rational numbers in this pattern are,

$$= (1 \times 5) / (-6 \times 5), (1 \times 6) / (-6 \times 6), (1 \times 7) / (-6 \times 7), (1 \times 8) / (-6 \times 8)$$

$$= 1/-30, 6/-36, 7/-42, 8/-48 \dots$$

(iv) $-2/3, 2/-3, 4/-6, 6/-9 \dots$

Solution:-

In the above question, we can observe that the numerator and denominator are the multiples of 2 and 3.

$$= (-2 \times 1)/(3 \times 1), (2 \times 1)/(-3 \times 1), (2 \times 2)/(-3 \times 2), (2 \times 3)/(-3 \times 3)$$

Then, next four rational numbers in this pattern are,

$$= (2 \times 4)/(-3 \times 4), (2 \times 5)/(-3 \times 5), (2 \times 6)/(-3 \times 6), (2 \times 7)/(-3 \times 7)$$

$$= 8/-12, 10/-15, 12/-18, 14/-21 \dots$$

3. Give four rational numbers equivalent to:

(i) $-2/7$

Solution:-

The four rational numbers equivalent to $-2/7$ are,

$$= (-2 \times 2)/(7 \times 2), (-2 \times 3)/(7 \times 3), (-2 \times 4)/(7 \times 4), (-2 \times 5)/(7 \times 5)$$

$$= -4/14, -6/21, -8/28, -10/35$$

(ii) $5/-3$

Solution:-

The four rational numbers equivalent to $5/-3$ are,

$$= (5 \times 2)/(-3 \times 2), (5 \times 3)/(-3 \times 3), (5 \times 4)/(-3 \times 4), (5 \times 5)/(-3 \times 5)$$

$$= 10/-6, 15/-9, 20/-12, 25/-15$$

(iii) $4/9$

Solution:-

The four rational numbers equivalent to $4/9$ are,

$$= (4 \times 2)/(9 \times 2), (4 \times 3)/(9 \times 3), (4 \times 4)/(9 \times 4), (4 \times 5)/(9 \times 5)$$

$$= 8/18, 12/27, 16/36, 20/45$$

4. Draw the number line and represent the following rational numbers on it:

(i) $3/4$

Solution:-

We know that $3/4$ is greater than 0 and less than 1.

\therefore it lies between 0 and 1. It can be represented on number line as,



(ii) $-5/8$

Solution:-

We know that $-\frac{5}{8}$ is less than 0 and greater than -1.

\therefore it lies between 0 and -1. It can be represented on number line as,



(iii) $-\frac{7}{4}$

Solution:-

Now above question can be written as,

$$= (-\frac{7}{4}) = -1\frac{3}{4}$$

We know that $(-\frac{7}{4})$ is Less than -1 and greater than -2.

\therefore it lies between -1 and -2. It can be represented on number line as,

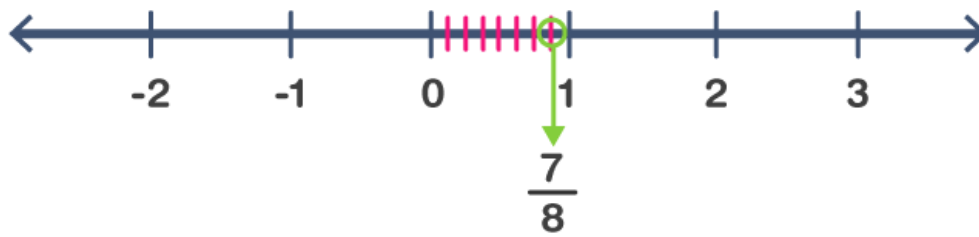


(iv) $\frac{7}{8}$

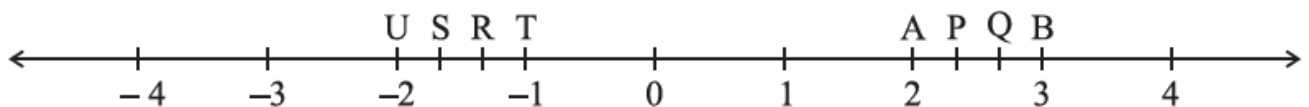
Solution:-

We know that $\frac{7}{8}$ is greater than 0 and less than 1.

\therefore it lies between 0 and 1. It can be represented on number line as,



5. The points P, Q, R, S, T, U, A and B on the number line are such that, $TR = RS = SU$ and $AP = PQ = QB$. Name the rational numbers represented by P, Q, R and S.



Solution:-

By observing the figure, we can say that,

The distance between A and B = 1 unit

And it is divided into 3 equal parts = $AP = PQ = QB = 1/3$

$$P = 2 + (1/3)$$

$$= (6 + 1)/3$$

$$= 7/3$$

$$Q = 2 + (2/3)$$

$$= (6 + 2)/3$$

$$= 8/3$$

Similarly,

The distance between U and T = 1 unit

And it is divided into 3 equal parts = $TR = RS = SU = 1/3$

$$R = -1 - (1/3)$$

$$= (-3 - 1)/3$$

$$= -4/3$$

$$S = -1 - (2/3)$$

$$= -3 - 2/3$$

$$= -5/3$$

6. Which of the following pairs represent the same rational number?

(i) $(-7/21)$ and $(3/9)$

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$-7/21 = 3/9$$

$$-1/3 = 1/3$$

$$\therefore -1/3 \neq 1/3$$

$$\therefore -7/21 \neq 3/9$$

So, the given pair is not represents the same rational number.

(ii) (-16/20) and (20/-25)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$-16/20 = 20/-25$$

$$-4/5 = 4/-5$$

$$\therefore -4/5 = -4/5$$

$$\therefore -16/20 = 20/-25$$

So, the given pair is represents the same rational number.

(iii) (-2/-3) and (2/3)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$-2/-3 = 2/3$$

$$2/3 = 2/3$$

$$\therefore 2/3 = 2/3$$

$$\therefore -2/-3 = 2/3$$

So, the given pair is represents the same rational number.

(iv) (-3/5) and (-12/20)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$-3/5 = -12/20$$

$$-3/5 = -3/5$$

$$\therefore -3/5 = -3/5$$

$$\therefore -3/5 = -12/20$$

So, the given pair is represents the same rational number.

(v) (8/-5) and (-24/15)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$8/-5 = -24/15$$

$$8/-5 = -8/5$$

$$\therefore -8/5 = -8/5$$

$$\therefore 8/-5 = -24/15$$

So, the given pair is represents the same rational number.

(vi) (1/3) and (-1/9)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$1/3 = -1/9$$

$$\therefore 1/3 \neq -1/9$$

$$\therefore 1/3 \neq -1/9$$

So, the given pair is not represents the same rational number.

(vii) (-5/-9) and (5/-9)

Solution:-

We have to check the given pair represents the same rational number.

Then,

$$-5/-9 = 5/-9$$

$$\therefore 5/9 \neq -5/9$$

$$\therefore -5/-9 \neq 5/-9$$

So, the given pair is not represents the same rational number.

7. Rewrite the following rational numbers in the simplest form:

(i) $-8/6$

Solution:-

The given rational numbers can be simplified further,
Then,

$$= -4/3 \dots [\because \text{Divide both numerator and denominator by 2}]$$

(ii) $25/45$

Solution:-

The given rational numbers can be simplified further,
Then,

$$= 5/9 \dots [\because \text{Divide both numerator and denominator by 5}]$$

(iii) $-44/72$

Solution:-

The given rational numbers can be simplified further,
Then,

$$= -11/18 \dots [\because \text{Divide both numerator and denominator by 4}]$$

(iv) $-8/10$

Solution:-

The given rational numbers can be simplified further,
Then,

$$= -4/5 \dots [\because \text{Divide both numerator and denominator by 2}]$$

8. Fill in the boxes with the correct symbol out of $>$, $<$, and $=$.

(i) $-5/7$ [] $2/3$

Solution:-

The LCM of the denominators 7 and 3 is 21

$$\therefore (-5/7) = [(-5 \times 3) / (7 \times 3)] = (-15/21)$$

$$\text{And } (2/3) = [(2 \times 7) / (3 \times 7)] = (14/21)$$

Now,

$$-15 < 14$$

$$\text{So, } (-15/21) < (14/21)$$

$$\text{Hence, } -5/7 [<] 2/3$$

(ii) -4/5 [] -5/7**Solution:-**

The LCM of the denominators 5 and 7 is 35

$$\therefore (-4/5) = [(-4 \times 7) / (5 \times 7)] = (-28/35)$$

$$\text{And } (-5/7) = [(-5 \times 5) / (7 \times 5)] = (-25/35)$$

Now,

$$-28 < -25$$

$$\text{So, } (-28/35) < (-25/35)$$

$$\text{Hence, } -4/5 [<] -5/7$$

(iii) -7/8 [] 14/-16**Solution:-**

14/-16 can be simplified further,

Then,

$$7/-8 \dots [\because \text{Divide both numerator and denominator by 2}]$$

$$\text{So, } (-7/8) = (-7/8)$$

$$\text{Hence, } -7/8 [=] 14/-16$$

(iv) -8/5 [] -7/4**Solution:-**

The LCM of the denominators 5 and 4 is 20

$$\therefore (-8/5) = [(-8 \times 4) / (5 \times 4)] = (-32/20)$$

$$\text{And } (-7/4) = [(-7 \times 5) / (4 \times 5)] = (-35/20)$$

Now,

$$-32 > -35$$

$$\text{So, } (-32/20) > (-35/20)$$

Hence, $-8/5 [>] -7/4$

(v) $1/3 [] -1/4$

Solution:-

The LCM of the denominators 3 and 4 is 12

$$\therefore (-1/3) = [(-1 \times 4) / (3 \times 4)] = (-4/12)$$

$$\text{And } (-1/4) = [(-1 \times 3) / (4 \times 3)] = (-3/12)$$

Now,

$$-4 < -3$$

$$\text{So, } (-4/12) < (-3/12)$$

Hence, $1/3 [<] -1/4$

(vi) $5/-11 [] -5/11$

Solution:-

$$\text{Since, } (-5/11) = (-5/11)$$

$$\text{Hence, } 5/-11 [=] -5/11$$

(vii) $0 [] -7/6$

Solution:-

Since every negative rational number is less than 0.

We have:

$$= 0 [>] -7/6$$

9. Which is greater in each of the following:

(i) $2/3, 5/2$

Solution:-

The LCM of the denominators 3 and 2 is 6

$$(2/3) = [(2 \times 2) / (3 \times 2)] = (4/6)$$

$$\text{And } (5/2) = [(5 \times 3) / (2 \times 3)] = (15/6)$$

Now,

$$4 < 15$$

$$\text{So, } (4/6) < (15/6)$$

$$\therefore 2/3 < 5/2$$

Hence, $5/2$ is greater.

(ii) $-5/6, -4/3$

Solution:-

The LCM of the denominators 6 and 3 is 6

$$\therefore (-5/6) = [(-5 \times 1) / (6 \times 1)] = (-5/6)$$

$$\text{And } (-4/3) = [(-4 \times 2) / (3 \times 2)] = (-8/6)$$

Now,

$$-5 > -12$$

$$\text{So, } (-5/6) > (-12/6)$$

$$\therefore -5/6 > -12/6$$

Hence, $-5/6$ is greater.

(iii) $-3/4$, $2/-3$

Solution:-

The LCM of the denominators 4 and 3 is 12

$$\therefore (-3/4) = [(-3 \times 3) / (4 \times 3)] = (-9/12)$$

$$\text{And } (-2/3) = [(-2 \times 4) / (3 \times 4)] = (-8/12)$$

Now,

$$-9 < -8$$

$$\text{So, } (-9/12) < (-8/12)$$

$$\therefore -3/4 < 2/-3$$

Hence, $2/-3$ is greater.

(iv) $-1/4$, $1/4$

Solution:-

The given fraction is like fraction,

$$\text{So, } -1/4 < 1/4$$

Hence $1/4$ is greater,

(v)

$$-3\frac{2}{7},$$

$$-3\frac{4}{5}$$

Solution:-

First we have to convert mixed fraction into improper fraction,

$$-3\frac{2}{7} = -23/7$$

$$-3\frac{4}{5} = -19/5$$

Then,

The LCM of the denominators 7 and 5 is 35

$$\therefore (-23/7) = [(-23 \times 5) / (7 \times 5)] = (-115/35)$$

$$\text{And } (-19/5) = [(-19 \times 7) / (5 \times 7)] = (-133/35)$$

Now,

$$-115 > -133$$

$$\text{So, } (-115/35) > (-133/35)$$

\therefore

$$-3\frac{2}{7} > -3\frac{4}{5}$$

Hence,

$$-3\frac{2}{7} \text{ is greater.}$$

10. Write the following rational numbers in ascending order:

(i) $-3/5, -2/5, -1/5$

Solution:-

The given rational numbers are in form of like fraction,

Hence,

$$(-3/5) < (-2/5) < (-1/5)$$

(ii) $-1/3, -2/9, -4/3$

Solution:-

To convert the given rational numbers into like fraction we have to find LCM,

LCM of 3, 9, and 3 is 9

Now,

$$(-1/3) = [(-1 \times 3) / (3 \times 9)] = (-3/9)$$

$$(-2/9) = [(-2 \times 1) / (9 \times 1)] = (-2/9)$$

$$(-4/3) = [(-4 \times 3) / (3 \times 3)] = (-12/9)$$

Clearly,

$$(-12/9) < (-3/9) < (-2/9)$$

Hence,

$$(-4/3) < (-1/3) < (-2/9)$$

(iii) $-3/7, -3/2, -3/4$

Solution:-

To convert the given rational numbers into like fraction we have to find LCM,

LCM of 7, 2, and 4 is 28

Now,

$$(-3/7) = [(-3 \times 4) / (7 \times 4)] = (-12/28)$$

$$(-3/2) = [(-3 \times 14) / (2 \times 14)] = (-42/28)$$

$$(-3/4) = [(-3 \times 7) / (4 \times 7)] = (-21/28)$$

Clearly,

$$(-42/28) < (-21/28) < (-12/28)$$

Hence,

$$(-3/2) < (-3/4) < (-3/7)$$

