Access answers to Maths NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Chapter 4 – Simple Equations Exercise 4.3

1. Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$2y + (5/2) = (37/2)$$

Solution:-

By transposing (5/2) from LHS to RHS it becomes -5/2

Then.

$$= 2y = (37/2) - (5/2)$$

$$= 2y = (37-5)/2$$

$$= 2y = 32/2$$

Now,

Divide both side by 2,

$$= 2y/2 = (32/2)/2$$

$$= y = (32/2) \times (1/2)$$

$$= y = 32/4$$

$$= y = 8$$

(b)
$$5t + 28 = 10$$

Solution:-

By transposing 28 from LHS to RHS it becomes -28

Then,

$$= 5t = 10 - 28$$

$$= 5t = -18$$

Now,

Divide both side by 5,

$$= 5t/5 = -18/5$$

$$= t = -18/5$$

(c)
$$(a/5) + 3 = 2$$

Solution:-

By transposing 3 from LHS to RHS it becomes -3

Then,

$$= a/5 = 2 - 3$$

$$= a/5 = -1$$

Now,

Multiply both side by 5,

$$= (a/5) \times 5 = -1 \times 5$$

$$= a = -5$$

(d)
$$(q/4) + 7 = 5$$

Solution:-

By transposing 7 from LHS to RHS it becomes -7

Then,

$$= q/4 = 5 - 7$$

$$= q/4 = -2$$

Now,

Multiply both side by 4,

$$= (q/4) \times 4 = -2 \times 4$$

$$= a = -8$$

(e)
$$(5/2) x = -5$$

Solution:-

First we have to multiply both the side by 2,

$$= (5x/2) \times 2 = -5 \times 2$$

$$= 5x = -10$$

Now,

We have to divide both the side by 5,

Then we get,

$$= 5x/5 = -10/5$$

$$= x = -2$$

(f)
$$(5/2) x = 25/4$$

Solution:-

First we have to multiply both the side by 2,

$$= (5x/2) \times 2 = (25/4) \times 2$$

$$= 5x = (25/2)$$

Now,

We have to divide both the side by 5,

Then we get,

$$= 5x/5 = (25/2)/5$$

$$= x = (25/2) \times (1/5)$$

$$= x = (5/2)$$

(g)
$$7m + (19/2) = 13$$

Solution:-

By transposing (19/2) from LHS to RHS it becomes -19/2

Then,

$$=7m = 13 - (19/2)$$

$$=7m = (26 - 19)/2$$

$$= 7m = 7/2$$

Now,

Divide both side by 7,

$$=7m/7=(7/2)/7$$

$$= m = (7/2) \times (1/7)$$

$$= m = \frac{1}{2}$$

(h)
$$6z + 10 = -2$$

Solution:-

By transposing 10 from LHS to RHS it becomes – 10

Then,

$$= 6z = -2 - 10$$

$$= 6z = -12$$

Now,

Divide both side by 6,

$$= 6z/6 = -12/6$$

$$= m = -2$$

(i)
$$(3/2) I = 2/3$$

Solution:-

First we have to multiply both the side by 2,

$$= (31/2) \times 2 = (2/3) \times 2$$

$$= 3I = (4/3)$$

Now,

We have to divide both the side by 3,

Then we get,

$$= 31/3 = (4/3)/3$$

$$= 1 = (4/3) \times (1/3)$$

$$= x = (4/9)$$

(j)
$$(2b/3) - 5 = 3$$

Solution:-

By transposing -5 from LHS to RHS it becomes 5

Then,

$$= 2b/3 = 3 + 5$$

$$= 2b/3 = 8$$

Now,

Multiply both side by 3,

$$= (2b/3) \times 3 = 8 \times 3$$

$$= 2b = 24$$

And,

Divide both side by 2,

$$= 2b/2 = 24/2$$

$$= b = 12$$

2. Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$2(x + 4) = 12$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 2,

$$=(2(x + 4))/2 = 12/2$$

$$= x + 4 = 6$$

By transposing 4 from LHS to RHS it becomes -4

$$= x = 6 - 4$$

$$= x = 2$$

(b)
$$3(n-5) = 21$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 3,

$$=(3(n-5))/3=21/3$$

$$= n - 5 = 7$$

By transposing -5 from LHS to RHS it becomes 5

$$= n = 7 + 5$$

$$= n = 12$$

(c)
$$3(n-5) = -21$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 3,

$$=(3(n-5))/3=-21/3$$

$$= n - 5 = -7$$

By transposing -5 from LHS to RHS it becomes 5

$$= n = -7 + 5$$

$$= n = -2$$

$$(d) - 4(2 + x) = 8$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by -4,

$$= (-4(2 + x))/(-4) = 8/(-4)$$

$$= 2 + x = -2$$

By transposing 2 from LHS to RHS it becomes – 2

$$= x = -2 - 2$$

$$= x = -4$$

(e)
$$4(2-x) = 8$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 4,

$$= (4(2-x))/4 = 8/4$$

$$= 2 - x = 2$$

By transposing 2 from LHS to RHS it becomes – 2

$$= -x = 2 - 2$$

$$= - x = 0$$

$$= x = 0$$

3. Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$4 = 5(p - 2)$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 5,

$$= 4/5 = (5(p-2))/5$$

$$= 4/5 = p - 2$$

By transposing – 2 from RHS to LHS it becomes 2

$$= (4/5) + 2 = p$$

$$= (4 + 10)/5 = p$$

$$= p = 14/5$$

(b)
$$-4 = 5(p-2)$$

Solution:-

Let us divide both the side by 5,

$$=-4/5=(5(p-2))/5$$

$$= -4/5 = p - 2$$

By transposing – 2 from RHS to LHS it becomes 2

$$= -(4/5) + 2 = p$$

$$= (-4 + 10)/5 = p$$

$$= p = 6/5$$

(c)
$$16 = 4 + 3(t + 2)$$

Solution:-

By transposing 4 from RHS to LHS it becomes - 4

$$= 16 - 4 = 3(t + 2)$$

$$= 12 = 3(t + 2)$$

Let us divide both the side by 3,

$$= 12/3 = (3(t + 2))/3$$

$$= 4 = t + 2$$

By transposing 2 from RHS to LHS it becomes – 2

$$= 4 - 2 = t$$

$$= t = 2$$

(d)
$$4 + 5(p - 1) = 34$$

Solution:-

By transposing 4 from LHS to RHS it becomes - 4

$$=5(p-1)=34-4$$

$$=5(p-1)=30$$

Let us divide both the side by 5,

$$= (5(p-1))/5 = 30/5$$

$$= p - 1 = 6$$

By transposing - 1 from RHS to LHS it becomes 1

$$= p = 6 + 1$$

$$= p = 7$$

(e)
$$0 = 16 + 4(m - 6)$$

Solution:-

By transposing 16 from RHS to LHS it becomes – 16

$$= 0 - 16 = 4(m - 6)$$

$$=-16=4(m-6)$$

Let us divide both the side by 4,

$$= -16/4 = (4(m-6))/4$$

$$= -4 = m - 6$$

By transposing - 6 from RHS to LHS it becomes 6

$$= -4 + 6 = m$$

$$= m = 2$$

4. (a) Construct 3 equations starting with x = 2

Solution:-

First equation is,

Multiply both side by 6

$$= 6x = 12 ... [equation 1]$$

Second equation is,

Subtracting 4 from both side,

$$= 6x - 4 = 12 - 4$$

$$= 6x - 4 = 8 \dots [equation 2]$$

Third equation is,

Divide both side by 6

$$= (6x/6) - (4/6) = (8/6)$$

$$= x - (4/6) = (8/6) \dots$$
 [equation 3]

(b) Construct 3 equations starting with x = -2

Solution:-

First equation is,

Multiply both side by 5

$$= 5x = -10 ... [equation 1]$$

Second equation is,

Subtracting 3 from both side,

$$= 5x - 3 = -10 - 3$$

$$= 5x - 3 = -13 \dots [equation 2]$$

Third equation is,

Dividing both sides by 2

$$= (5x/2) - (3/2) = (-13/2) \dots$$
 [equation 3]