

# AI1110:ASSIGNMENT

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**Abstract**—This manual provides solutions for the assignment - RANDOM NUMBERS

## 1 UNIFORM RANDOM NUMBERS

Let  $U$  be a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.

- 1.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of  $U$  using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat .

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
  AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
  RandomNumbers/codes/uni_rand.c
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
  AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
  RandomNumbers/codes/coeffs.h
```

- 1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of  $U$  using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr(U \leq x) \quad (1.1)$$

**Solution:** The following code plots Fig. 1.2

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
  AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
  RandomNumbers/codes/uniform_cdf.py
```

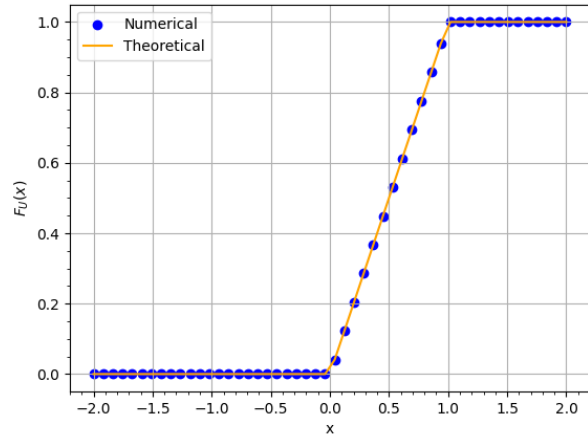


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of  $U$

- 1.3 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_U(x)$ .

**Solution:** As we know

Probability density function of  $U$ :

$$P_U(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \Pr(U = a) da \quad (1.3)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^0 (0) da + \int_0^x (1) da \quad (1.4)$$

$$= x \quad (1.5)$$

$$\therefore F_U(x) = x \quad (1.6)$$

- 1.4 The mean of  $U$  is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N U_i \quad (1.7)$$

and its variance as

$$\text{var}[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2 \quad (1.8)$$

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of  $U$ .

**Solution:** The following code gives mean and

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variance.

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
RandomNumbers/codes/uni_mean-var.c
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean} &= 0.50007 \\ \text{Variance} &= 0.083301 \end{aligned}$$

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k dF_U(x) \quad (1.9)$$

**Solution:**

- 1)  $k = 1$  :  $E[U]$  is the mean
- 2)  $k = 2$  :  $E[U^2]$   
where,  $\text{var}[U] = E[U^2] - (E[U])^2$

i) Verifying Mean of sample of  $10^6$  Uniform Random Variable

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_U(x) \quad (1.10)$$

$$(1.11)$$

$$\text{As, } F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ x & \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \\ 1 & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases} \quad (1.12)$$

$$E[U] = 0 + \int_0^1 x dx + 0 \quad (1.13)$$

$$E[U] = \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 \quad (1.14)$$

$$E[U] = 0.5 \quad (1.15)$$

ii) Verifying Variance of sample of  $10^6$  Uniform Random Variable

$$E[U^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 dF_U(x) \quad (1.16)$$

$$\text{As, } F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ x & \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \\ 1 & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$E[U^2] = 0 + \int_0^1 x^2 dx + 0 \quad (1.17)$$

$$E[U^2] = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1 \quad (1.18)$$

$$E[U^2] = \frac{1}{3} = 0.33 \quad (1.19)$$

$$(1.20)$$

Thus,

$$\text{Var}[U] = E[U^2] - (E[U])^2 \quad (1.21)$$

$$\text{Var}[U] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \quad (1.22)$$

$$\text{Var}[U] = 0.0833 \quad (1.23)$$

## 2 CENTRAL LIMIT THEOREM

2.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \quad (2.1)$$

using a C program, where  $U_i, i = 1, 2, \dots, 12$  are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat.

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
RandomNumbers/codes/gau_rand.c
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
RandomNumbers/codes/coeffs.h
```

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of  $X$  using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

**Solution:** The CDF of  $X$  is plotted in Fig. 2.2, using the code below

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
RandomNumbers/codes/gaussian_cdf.py
```

2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of  $X$  using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of  $X$  is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \quad (2.2)$$

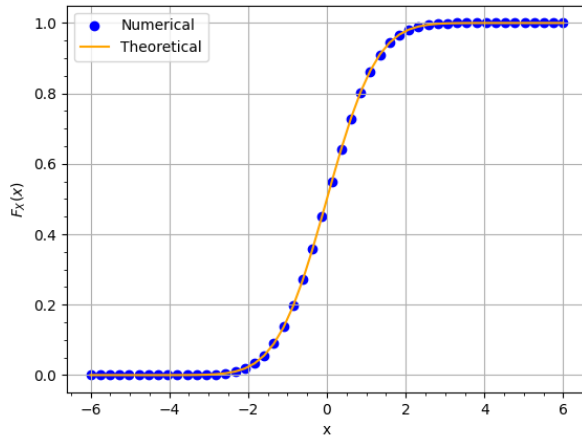


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

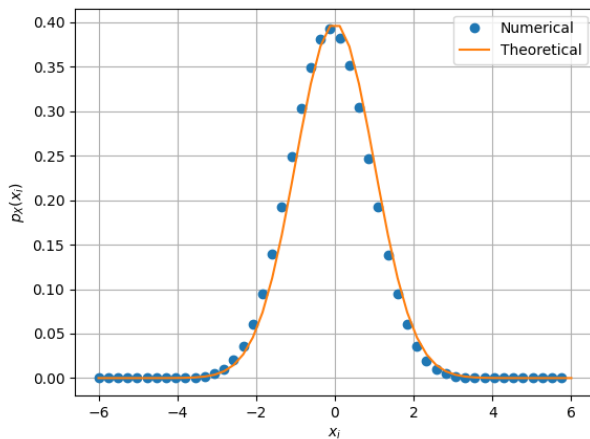


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

What properties does the PDF have?

**Solution:** The PDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.3 using the code below

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
  AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
  RandomNumbers/codes/gaussian_pdf.py
```

2.4 Find the mean and variance of X by writing a C program.

**Solution:** The following code gives mean and variance.

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
  AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
  RandomNumbers/codes/gau_mean-var.c
```

$$\text{Mean} = 0.000326$$

$$\text{Variance} = 1.000907$$

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

**Solution:**

$$E[U^k] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k dF_U(x)$$

a)  $k = 1$  :  $E[U]$  is the mean

b)  $k = 2$  :  $E[U^2]$

$$\text{where, } \text{var}[U] = E[U^2] - (E[U])^2$$

i) Verifying Mean by using (2.3):

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x p_X(x) dx \quad (2.4)$$

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.5)$$

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^0 x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.6)$$

$$+ \int_0^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.7)$$

$$E[U] = \int_0^{\infty} (-x) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.8)$$

$$+ \int_0^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.9)$$

$$E[U] = 0 \quad (2.10)$$

ii) Verifying Variance by using (2.3):

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 p_X(x) dx \quad (2.11)$$

$$E[U] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.12)$$

$$E[U] = 2 \int_0^{\infty} x^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \quad (2.13)$$

$$E[U] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[ x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) - \int_0^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \right] \quad (2.14)$$

$$E[U] = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left[ 0 + \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \right] \quad (2.15)$$

$$E[U] = 1 \quad (2.16)$$

### 3 FROM UNIFORM TO OTHER

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2 \ln(1 - U) \quad (3.1)$$

and plot its CDF.

**Solution:** The CDF of  $X$  is plotted in Fig. 3.2 using the code below

```
wget https://github.com/RishiManoj11045/
AI1110_Assignments/blob/main/
RandomNumbers/codes/v_cdf.py
```

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_V(x)$ .

**Solution:**

$$F_V(x) = \Pr(V \leq x) \quad (3.2)$$

$$= \Pr(-2 \ln(1 - U) \leq x) \quad (3.3)$$

$$= \Pr\left(U \leq 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right) \quad (3.4)$$

$$(3.5)$$

From eq.1.3,

$$F_V(x) = F_U\left\{1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right)\right\} \quad (3.6)$$

$$= 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{x}{2}\right) \quad (3.7)$$

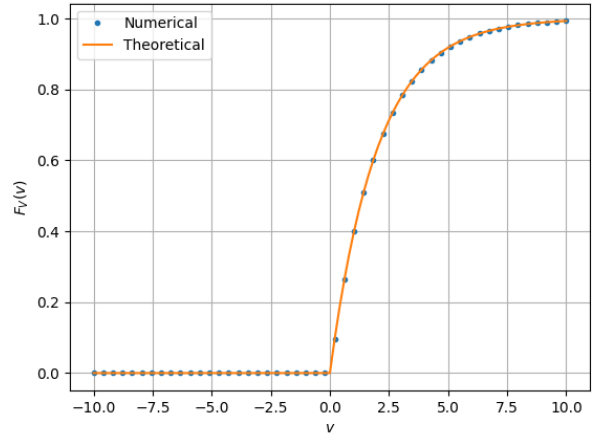


Fig. 3.2: The CDF of  $V$