

Basic Analysis using Numpy and Pandas

Fitness Dataset

To import library

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
```

To import dataset

```
In [3]: data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\fitness.csv")
data
```

Out[3]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	A	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	B	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	C	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	E	25.28%	10.57%	11.82%	179
5	F	8.15%	16.24%	18.47%	167
6	G	18.54%	8.76%	17.49%	171
7	H	25.56%	5.93%	13.79%	170
8	Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	1150

To get Top 20 record

In [4]: `data.head(20)`

Out[4]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	A	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	B	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	C	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	E	25.28%	10.57%	11.82%	179
5	F	8.15%	16.24%	18.47%	167
6	G	18.54%	8.76%	17.49%	171
7	H	25.56%	5.93%	13.79%	170
8	Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	1150

To get last 20 record

In [5]: `data.tail(20)`

Out[5]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	A	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	B	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	C	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	E	25.28%	10.57%	11.82%	179
5	F	8.15%	16.24%	18.47%	167
6	G	18.54%	8.76%	17.49%	171
7	H	25.56%	5.93%	13.79%	170
8	Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	1150

Statistical Analysis

In [6]: `data.describe()`

Out[6]:

Sum of Total Sales	
count	9.000000
mean	255.555556
std	337.332963
min	75.000000
25%	127.000000
50%	167.000000
75%	171.000000
max	1150.000000

To get row and column

In [7]: `print(np.shape(data))`

(9, 5)

Find Number of Elements

In [8]: `np.size(data)`

Out[8]: 45

Find Missing values

In [9]: `data.isna()`

Out[9]:

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False
5	False	False	False	False	False
6	False	False	False	False	False
7	False	False	False	False	False
8	False	False	False	False	False

To drop the missing values

```
In [10]: data.dropna(axis=1,how="any")
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	Row Labels	Sum of Jan	Sum of Feb	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	A	5.62%	7.73%	6.16%	75
1	B	4.21%	17.27%	19.21%	160
2	C	9.83%	11.60%	5.17%	101
3	D	2.81%	21.91%	7.88%	127
4	E	25.28%	10.57%	11.82%	179
5	F	8.15%	16.24%	18.47%	167
6	G	18.54%	8.76%	17.49%	171
7	H	25.56%	5.93%	13.79%	170
8	Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	1150

```
In [11]: data["Sum of Total Sales"]
```

```
Out[11]: 0      75
1      160
2      101
3      127
4      179
5      167
6      171
7      170
8      1150
Name: Sum of Total Sales, dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: data1=data[['Sum of Mar','Sum of Total Sales']]
data1
```

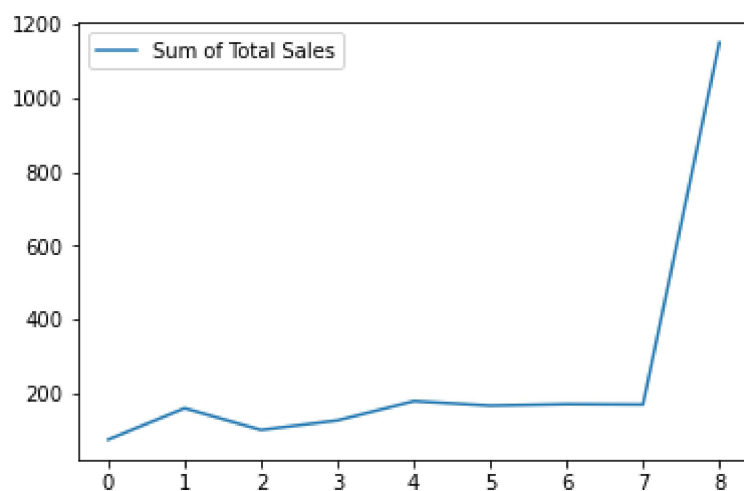
```
Out[12]:
```

	Sum of Mar	Sum of Total Sales
0	6.16%	75
1	19.21%	160
2	5.17%	101
3	7.88%	127
4	11.82%	179
5	18.47%	167
6	17.49%	171
7	13.79%	170
8	100.00%	1150

```
In [13]: import matplotlib as mp
```

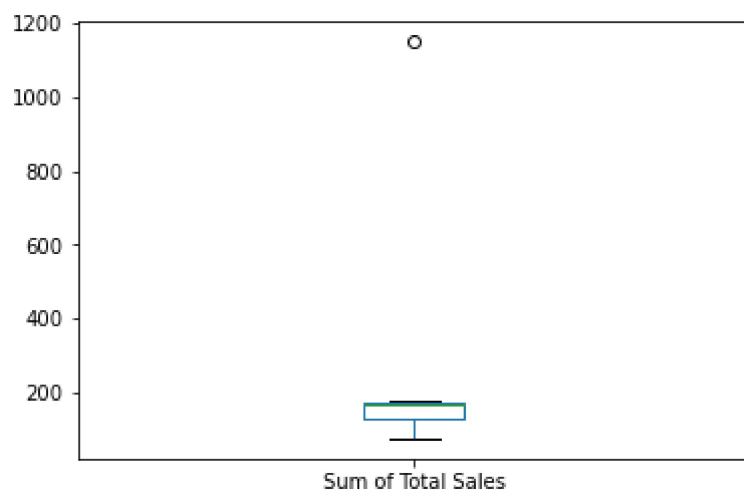
```
In [14]: data1.plot.line()
```

```
Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



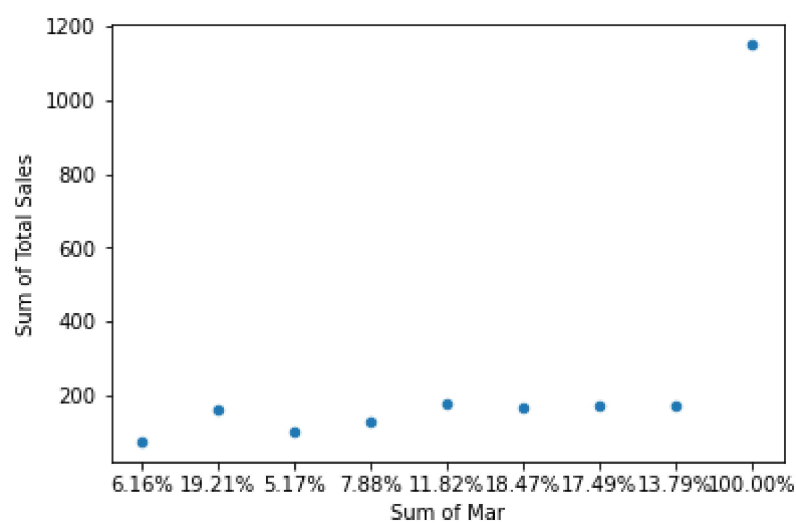
```
In [15]: data1.plot.box()
```

```
Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



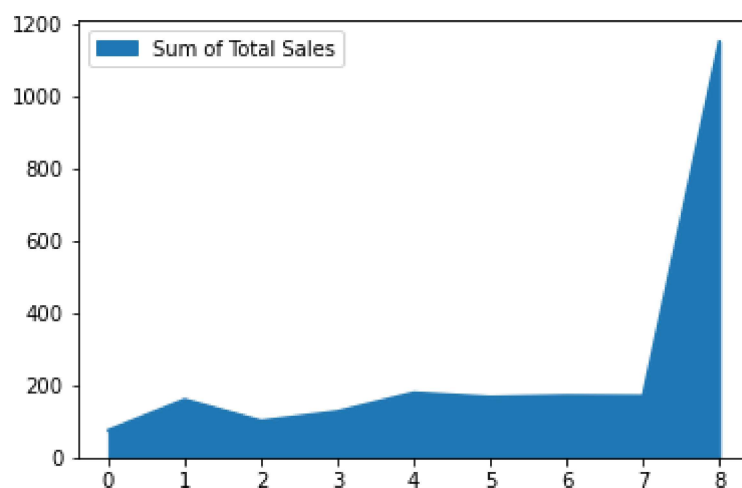
```
In [16]: data1.plot.scatter(x='Sum of Mar',y='Sum of Total Sales')
```

```
Out[16]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Sum of Mar', ylabel='Sum of Total Sales'>
```



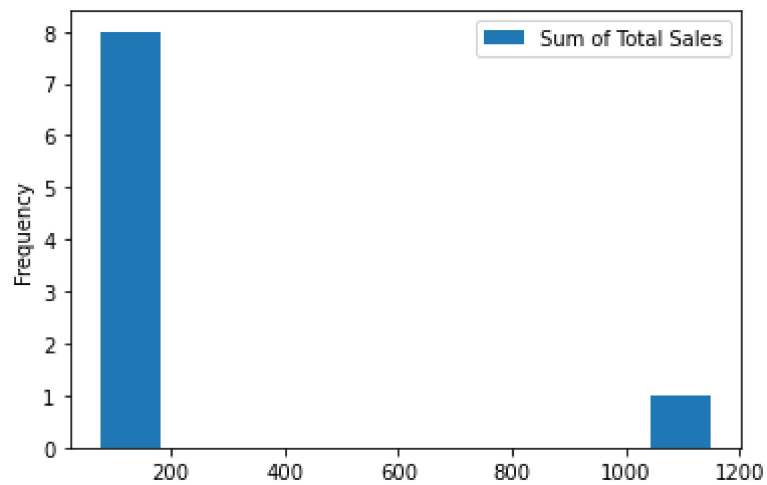
```
In [17]: data1.plot.area()
```

```
Out[17]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



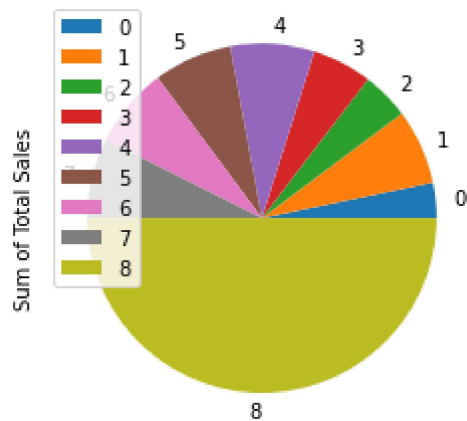
```
In [18]: data1.plot.hist()
```

```
Out[18]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>
```



```
In [19]: data1.plot.pie(y="Sum of Total Sales")
```

```
Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Sum of Total Sales'>
```



```
In [ ]:
```