

Infosys Springboard Virtual Internship 6.0 Completion Report

TEAM DETAILS

Batch Number: 1 -

Start date: 13/08/2025

Names:

- Rishi Patel
- Gandla Akshaya
- Bhuvana Sarika Chintalapudi
- Hiranmai Tejaswini Bommisetti
- Sanjana T
- Pranav Raskar
- Yamini Seerapu
- Dhrisya H
- Pavithira P
- Tata Jyothi Venkata Naga Sushma
- Roshan Shabhika A
- Gowra Sreevarshini
- Radhika Kela

Internship Duration: 8 Weeks

1. PROJECT TITLE

"Interactive Data Visualization of Global Travel and Holidays".

2. PROJECT OBJECTIVE

To develop a user-friendly interactive Power BI dashboard embedded in a Streamlit web application.

3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION IN DETAIL

This internship project focused on collecting, analyzing, and visualizing global tourism data to understand travel patterns, seasonal trends, and destination preferences. The aim was to convert raw tourism data into meaningful insights that can support decision-making for tourism boards, travel companies, and policy-makers. The data was cleaned, processed, and visualized using Power BI, and later integrated into a Streamlit web application to make the insights interactive and easily accessible.



Approach

The project followed a structured, step-by-step approach over eight weeks, covering the complete data analytics lifecycle from data collection to deployment:

1. Data Collection:

- Identified and collected data from reliable sources such as government tourism websites, UNWTO (United Nations World Tourism Organization) reports, and global travel APIs.
- Gathered information on holidays, tourist arrivals, travel expenditure, seasonal trends, and popular destinations.

2. Data Preprocessing & Cleaning:

- Merged multiple datasets into a single database and standardized country/region names.
- Detected and handled missing values through imputation or removal.
- Removed outliers and standardized units, currencies, and date formats.

3. Data Transformation:

- Applied techniques like normalization, aggregation, and feature engineering to make the data more suitable for analysis.
- Categorized the data by region, season, and holiday types to enable comparative analysis.

4. Visualization & Dashboard Development:

- Imported the processed data into Power BI and created interactive visualizations showing global travel trends, seasonal peaks, and regional comparisons.
- Added filters, slicers, and time-series analysis tools for deeper insights.

5. Web Integration:

- Built a Streamlit application and embedded the Power BI dashboard using an iframe for easy access and interaction.
- Ensured a seamless user experience and responsive design.

6. Testing & Documentation:

- Verified the accuracy and functionality of the dashboard.
- Documented all project steps, data sources, methods, and visualization techniques.
- Prepared the final report and presentation for stakeholders.



Technology Used

• Data Collection & Processing: Python (Pandas, NumPy), Excel, APIs

• Data Cleaning & Transformation: Python, Power Query

• Visualization & Dashboard: Microsoft Power BI

• **Web Deployment:** Streamlit (Python)

• **Documentation:** MS Word

Impact of the Project in Real-World Implementation

This project has significant practical value and real-world applications in the travel and tourism industry:

- **Policy Making:** Governments and tourism boards can use the insights to identify seasonal peaks, manage resources, and design targeted tourism policies.
- **Strategic Planning:** Travel agencies and businesses can plan promotional campaigns and pricing strategies based on tourist flow and expenditure trends.
- **Infrastructure Development:** Understanding tourist patterns helps in planning transportation, accommodation, and public service facilities more effectively.
- Market Analysis: Airlines, hotels, and tour operators can analyze demand cycles and make data-driven business decisions.
- **Traveler Guidance:** The dashboard also provides valuable insights to travelers, helping them plan trips during ideal seasons or avoid peak times.

4. TIMELINE OVERVIEW

Week	Activities Planned	Activities Completed
Week 1	Identify data sources and collect global holiday data. Organize raw files.	Collected holiday data from tourism websites, UNWTO, and APIs. Stored raw datasets centrally.
Week 2	Gather complementary travel data, merge datasets, and identify missing values/outliers.	Collected arrivals, expenditure, and destination data. Merged datasets and noted inconsistencies.



Week 3	Clean data, handle missing values, remove outliers, and standardize formats.	Cleaned data, handled missing values, corrected outliers, and standardized units/currencies.
Week 4	Transform data (normalize, aggregate, feature engineering) and plan dashboard layout.	Applied data transformation and categorized data. Drafted Power BI dashboard layout.
Week 5	Explore Power BI, import data, create core visualizations, and add filters.	Practiced Power BI, imported dataset, created visualizations, and added interactive elements.
Week 6	Enhance visualizations for regional comparisons and time-series; finalize dashboard.	Improved visuals, added regional insights, and finalized interactive features.
Week 7	Set up Streamlit and embed Power BI dashboard.	Built Streamlit app and embedded Power BI dashboard using iframe.
Week 8	Test dashboard, refine visuals, document steps, and prepare final report/presentation.	Tested accuracy, refined visuals, documented workflow, and prepared final report and presentation.

5A. KEY MILESTONES

Milestone	Description	Date
		Achieved
Project Kickoff	Introduction to the project team, mentor, and coordinator. Overview of internship guidelines, project expectations, and deliverables.	13/08/2025
Prototype/ First Draft	Completion of Milestone 1, initial implementation of the project including data collection and preliminary dashboard design. Key achievements documented.	26/08/2025
Mid-Term Review	Review of progress till Milestone 2, Summarized completed tasks such as data cleaning, transformation, and initial Power BI visualizations. Highlighted learning outcomes.	09/09/2025



Final	Technical completion of the project, including final Power	03/10/2025
Submission	BI dashboard, Streamlit integration, cleaned datasets, and	
	detailed documentation.	
Presentation	Preparation and delivery of the final presentation and project	06/10/2025
	demo to the team. Included practice sessions and feedback	
	incorporation.	
	-	

5B. PROJECT EXECUTION DETAILS

The project focused on analyzing and visualizing global tourism data to provide insights into travel patterns, seasonal trends, and popular destinations. It followed a structured workflow over eight weeks, incorporating data collection, cleaning, transformation, visualization, and deployment using Power BI and Streamlit.

1. Project Kickoff

- Introduced to the project team, mentor, and coordinator.
- Reviewed internship guidelines, project scope, and timeline.
- Discussed project tools, datasets, and reporting formats.

2. Data Collection

- Identified key sources: government tourism portals, UNWTO, and global travel APIs.
- Collected historical and current holiday data and organized raw files in a central repository.
- Gathered complementary travel data including tourist arrivals, expenditure, popular destinations, and seasonal trends.
- Merged datasets and aligned country/region naming conventions.

3. Data Cleaning & Structuring

- Explored various data cleaning techniques.
- Handled missing values using imputation or removal.
- Removed or corrected outliers to ensure data accuracy.
- Standardized units, currencies, and date formats.
- Structured cleaned data into a format suitable for visualization and analysis.



4. Data Transformation & Dashboard Planning

- Applied normalization, aggregation, and feature engineering for seasonal and regional insights.
- Categorized data by region, season, and holiday type.
- Drafted Power BI dashboard layout, including sections for trends, peaks, regional comparisons, and time-series analysis.

5. Power BI Dashboard Development

- Practiced Power BI using a sample dataset before importing actual data.
- Imported transformed data into Power BI.
- Created core visualizations: global travel trends, seasonal peaks, and regional comparisons.
- Added filters, slicers, and interactive elements for user exploration.
- Enhanced dashboard visuals for time-series analysis and responsive design.

6. Streamlit Integration

- Set up the Streamlit environment.
- Built a basic Streamlit application.
- Embedded the Power BI dashboard using an iframe in the Streamlit app.
- Ensured smooth interaction between Streamlit and Power BI components.

7. Testing, Refinement & Documentation

- Tested data accuracy and dashboard functionality.
- Refined visualizations for clarity and decision-making.
- Documented all project steps, including data sources, cleaning methods, transformation logic, and dashboard features.
- Prepared final presentation and report highlighting applications in tourism planning, strategy, and policy-making

6. SNAPSHOTS / SCREENSHOTS

DATASETS:



GLOBAL HOLIDAYS

4	А	В	С	D	E
1	Country_name	Country_code	Date	Holiday_name	Holiday_Type
2	Aruba	ABW	01-01-2010	New Year's Day	Public holiday
3	Aruba	ABW	25-01-2010	Betico Croes' Bir	Public holiday
4	Aruba	ABW	15-02-2010	Carnival Monday	Public holiday
5	Aruba	ABW	18-03-2010	National Anthen	Public holiday
6	Aruba	ABW	02-04-2010	Good Friday	Public holiday
7	Aruba	ABW	05-04-2010	Easter Monday	Public holiday
8	Aruba	ABW	27-04-2010	King's Day	Public holiday
9	Aruba	ABW	01-05-2010	Labor Day	Public holiday
10	Aruba	ABW	13-05-2010	Ascension Day	Public holiday
11	Aruba	ABW	25-12-2010	Christmas Day	Public holiday
12	Aruba	ABW	26-12-2010	Boxing Day	Public holiday
13	Aruba	ABW	01-01-2011	New Year's Day	Public holiday
14	Aruba	ABW	25-01-2011	Betico Croes' Bir	Public holiday
15	Aruba	ABW	07-03-2011	Carnival Monday	Public holiday
16	Aruba	ABW	18-03-2011	National Anthen	Public holiday
17	Aruba	ABW	22-04-2011	Good Friday	Public holiday
18	Aruba	ABW	25-04-2011	Easter Monday	Public holiday
19	Aruba	ABW	27-04-2011	King's Day	Public holiday
20	Aruba	ABW	01-05-2011	Labor Day	Public holiday

MONTHLY PASSENGERS

4	А	В	С	D	E	F
1	Country_code	Flight_Year	Flight_Month	Total_passengers	Domestic_passengers	International_passengers
2	ALB	2010	1	117.35	58.675	58.675
3	ALB	2010	2	86.535	43.2675	43.2675
4	ALB	2010	3	103.795	51.8975	51.8975
5	ALB	2010	4	102.038	51.019	51.019
6	ALB	2010	5	109.037	54.5185	54.5185
7	ALB	2010	6	126.159	63.0795	63.0795
8	ALB	2010	7	181.095	90.5475	90.5475
9	ALB	2010	8	226.824	113.412	113.412
10	ALB	2010	9	148.392	74.196	74.196
11	ALB	2010	10	110.346	55.173	55.173
12	ALB	2010	11	93.342	46.671	46.671
13	ALB	2010	12	131.909	65.9545	65.9545
14	ALB	2011	1	135.743	67.8715	67.8715
15	ALB	2011	2	101.417	50.7085	50.7085
16	ALB	2011	3	128.551	64.2755	64.2755
17	ALB	2011	4	141.269	70.6345	70.6345
18	ALB	2011	5	136.785	68.3925	68.3925
19	ALB	2011	6	150.219	75.1095	75.1095
20	ALB	2011	7	199.495	99.7475	99.7475



TOURIST DESTINATIONS

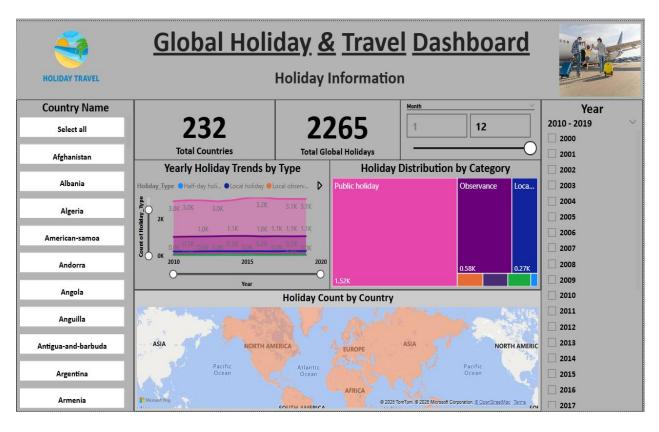
4	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1	J
1	Destination Name	Country	Continent	Type	Cost (USD/	Best Season	Avg Rating	Annual Visitors (M)	UNESCO Site	Country_code
2	Serene Temple	Morocco	Africa	Beach	174.84	Summer	4.5	7.45	No	MAR
3	Sacred Valley	Germany	Europe	Religious	94.41	Summer	4.6	1.98	No	DEU
4	Serene Temple	South Africa	Africa	Adventure	228.96	Summer	4.7	0.7	Yes	ZAF
5	Sacred Plaza	Australia	Oceania	Nature	120.96	Summer	4.3	2.24	No	AUS
6	Golden Ruins	Mexico	North America	Adventure	162.1	Spring	3.9	4.6	No	MEX
7	Hidden Valley	Thailand	Asia	Historical	190.82	Spring	4	1.83	Yes	THA
8	Hidden Park	Spain	Europe	Adventure	104.6	Summer	4.1	4.83	No	ESP
9	Grand Valley	Brazil	South America	Beach	118.53	Autumn	4.7	5.39	No	BRA
10	Ancient Beach	New Zealand	Oceania	Historical	122.78	Spring	4.5	6.27	No	NZL
11	Serene Valley	Kenya	Africa	City	119.99	Spring	4.8	1.43	No	KEN
12	Hidden Ruins	China	Asia	Historical	119.91	Autumn	5	1.66	No	CHN
13	Ancient Park	Japan	Asia	Historical	123.32	Winter	4.5	9.14	No	JPN
14	Grand Canyon	Morocco	Africa	City	191.13	Winter	4.1	3.46	Yes	MAR
15	Golden Temple	Morocco	Africa	Religious	288.92	Winter	4.9	2.26	No	MAR
16	Serene Park	Italy	Europe	Historical	186.92	Autumn	4.6	1.34	Yes	ITA
17	Lush Ruins	Peru	South America	City	99.55	Autumn	4	3.08	No	PER
18	Sacred Canyon	Brazil	South America	City	126.97	Winter	4.8	3.17	No	BRA
19	Mystic Forest	South Africa	Africa	Adventure	93.47	Autumn	4.5	8.12	No	ZAF
20	Mystic Ruins	Vietnam	Asia	Beach	116.15	Summer	4.7	0.55	No	VNM

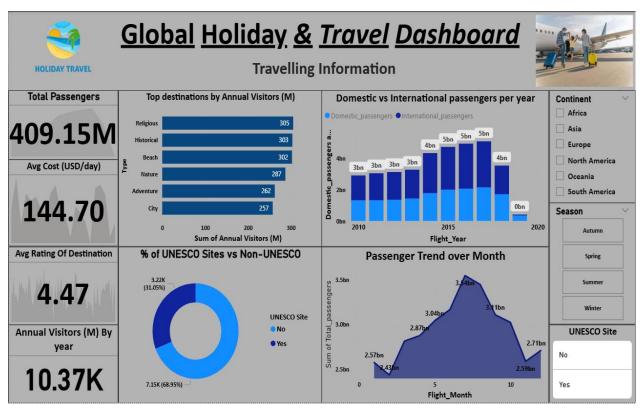
WORLD TOURIST ECONOMY

a	А	В	C	D	E	F.	G	Н	1	J	K
1	country	Country_code	year	tourism_receipts	tourism_arrivals	tourism_exports	tourism_departures	tourism_expenditures	gdp	inflation	unemployment
2	Aruba	ABW	2010	1254000000	1394000	68.72600349	83600	12.58695476	2453597207	2.078140719	10.6
3	Africa Eastern and	AFE	2010	22022165207	29071500.51	8.708755035	22476000	5.894887354	8.4941E+11	5.537537916	5.4628
4	Afghanistan	AFG	2010	147000000	323400	5.728735463	430800	1.836670677	15856668556	2.178537524	8.1468
5	Africa Western ar	AFW	2010	4034222723	11070796.45	2.508371519	139000	8.686147	6.00153E+11	1.784844205	5.517933333
6	Angola	AGO	2010	726000000	425000	1.411031258	139000	0.776370723	83799474070	14.46965649	9.43
7	Albania	ALB	2010	1778000000	2417000	53.48460236	3443000	25.11795461	11926926616	3.626046956	14.086
8	Andorra	AND	2010	449200000	8551000	50.53291196	139000	11.56313759	3449925739	10.56164712	6.3548
9	Arab World	ARB	2010	72002050459	130381603.8	8.110145863	48935320.31	8.613161345	2.15535E+12	3.911061955	9.344740017
10	United Arab Emira	ARE	2010	8577000000	9843800	5.735809017	6044200	7.11552467	3.00189E+11	0.877983288	6.2198
11	Argentina	ARG	2010	5605000000	6800000	6.909259852	6083000	9.374886997	4.23627E+11	4.841220114	7.714
12	Armenia	ARM	2010	694000000	684000	31.39315511	563000	14.12777155	9260285756	8.176361385	19.523
13	American Samoa	ASM	2010	445800000	23100.00038	76.10219675	142600	8.547413695	573000000	0.417611358	9.2
14	Antigua and Barbı	ATG	2010	449200000	788000	25.34852163	139000	7.856061383	1298255556	3.370025402	3.436533333
15	Australia	AUS	2010	31064000000	5790000	11.66589346	7103000	10.70691868	1.14884E+12	2.918340027	5.214
16	Austria	AUT	2010	449200000	22004000	5.48643545	9882000	6.451634372	3.89828E+11	1.81353439	4.883
17	Azerbaijan	AZE	2010	792000000	1963000	2.805051572	3176000	8.362321412	52909294792	5.726872247	5.63
18	Burundi	BDI	2010	2099999.905	142000	1.161968068	38000	5.768512955	2032135192	6.493265915	7.846
19	Belgium	BEL	2010	12680000000	7186000	3.43357261	8801000	5.735099481	4.81557E+11	2.189299204	8.293
20	Benin	BEN	2010	149399993.9	525600	9.002109166	184520.0012	3.970147618	9535345011	2.207835325	1.04

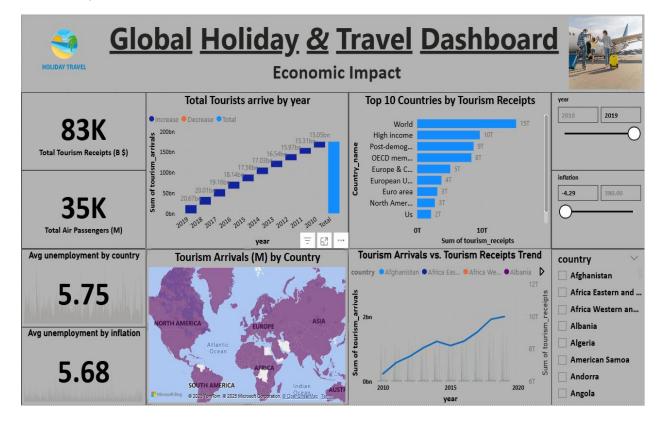


DASHBOARD





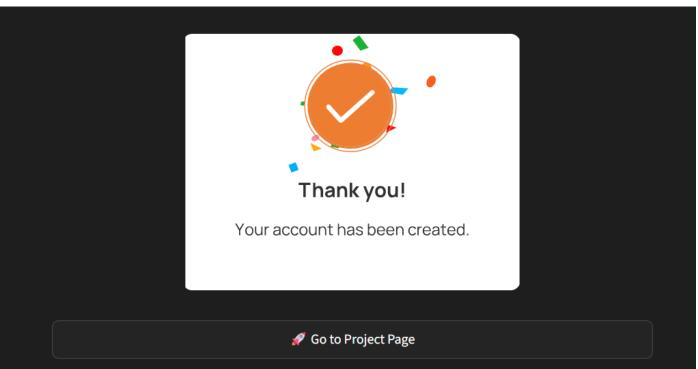
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STREAMLIT WEB APPLICATION





Project:- Global Holiday & Travel ∞

"A Power BI dashboard analyzing global tourism & holidays data."



Project Overview

We developed a **Global Holiday & Travel Dashboard** to analyze worldwide tourism data. This project integrates data collection, cleaning, modeling, and visualization into one powerful dashboard.

Data Collection

- Collected datasets from multiple sources such as Kaggle and open data portals.
- Combined diverse tourism-related datasets to build a complete data model.

Data Cleaning

- Used Python libraries like Pandas, NumPy, and Scikit-Learn to clean and preprocess data.
- Handled a large amount of missing values using KNN Imputer for accurate predictions.



⊗ Data Integration

- Merged datasets using Country Code, Year, Month, Date, and Country Name as keys.
- Created relationships in Power BI to ensure proper linking between datasets.

Dashboard Creation

- Built an interactive Power BI dashboard with country-wise and time-based filters.
- Visualized tourism trends, patterns, and KPIs.

Website Integration

- Integrated the dashboard into a Streamlit website for online access.
- Added Login & Signup authentication for secure access.

★ Technologies Used

- Power BI (Creating Dashboards for data analysis and visualization)
- Python (for data cleaning)
- PostgreSQL (Storing user information login, contact, feedback)
- Streamlit (for portfolio integration)
- Lottie Animations (Interactive UI)

Global Holiday & Travel Dashboard

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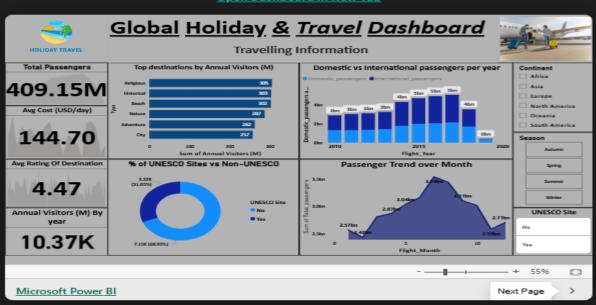
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Open Dashboard in New Tab



Summary of Project

"Insights from all dashboards in one place."

5.68

Microsoft Power BI

Holiday Information Dashboard

- The dataset contains 44,380 holidays recorded across 232 countries covering a timeframe from 2010 to 2019 (10 years).
- The United States recorded the highest number of holidays with 1,079, followed by India (614), Spain (587), Canada (576), Malaysia (527), Germany (521), China (512), Israel (471), Taiwan (450), and Nepal (403).
- Christmas Day, occurring 1,853 times, is the most widely celebrated holiday. Other frequent global holidays include Good Friday, Easter Monday, Independence Day, New Year's Day, New Year's Eve, Easter Sunday, Boxing Day, Christmas Eve, and Labor Day/May Day.
- The majority of the holidays are public holidays totaling 30,663 (≈70%). There are 10,490 observances, 2,301 local holidays, and fewer than 1,000 combined special, replacement, or half-day holidays.
- Holidays peak in December (Christmas & New Year), April (Easter), and May (Labor Day), while February and September have the fewest recorded holidays globally.
- Some countries have a wide variety of unique holiday names while others mainly repeat global holidays. Countries that focus on observances differ from those emphasizing public holidays, showing cultural variations in recognition. Additionally, multi-day holiday streaks often occur during major religious or national festivals.

3 of 3



🛪 Travelling Information Dashboard

- The global travel industry recorded 409.15 million total passengers between 2010 and 2019, covering 90 countries with monthly-level data. Each record includes total, domestic, and international passengers.
- The average daily cost of travel is 144.70 USD, making trips moderately expensive yet manageable for tourists.
- The average destination rating is 4.47/5, which reflects very strong traveler satisfaction across the globe.
- Top types of destinations by annual visitors:
 - Religious destinations → 305M annual visitors
 - Historical destinations

 303M annual visitors
 - Beaches → 302M annual visitors
 - Nature → 287M annual visitors
 - Adventure → 262M annual visitors
 - Cities → 257M annual visitors
 - 👉 This shows tourism is diverse, with travelers equally attracted to culture, history, relaxation, and recreation.
- Domestic vs International Travel (2010-2020): Passenger numbers grew steadily to around 5 billion annually by 2015-2018. Domestic passengers form the backbone of traffic, while international travel also contributes strongly. In 2020, numbers dropped sharply to near zero due to global travel restrictions and pandemic impacts.
- Monthly passenger seasonality:
 - o 2.4B 3.4B passengers per month globally
 - Peak travel: May–July with over 3.4B passengers
 - Slow period: Late autumn & winter (~2.5B passengers)
 - Summer is the busiest travel season, while winter records fewer trips.
- UNESCO vs Non-UNESCO Destinations: 31% (3.22K) of destinations are UNESCO World Heritage Sites, while 69% (7.15K) are non-UNESCO. Tourists enjoy both iconic landmarks and modern attractions like cities, beaches, and entertainment hubs.
- Dataset 1 (Monthly Passengers): 7,242 records across 90 countries, 2010-2019. Covers total, domestic, and international passenger volumes. Useful for analyzing air travel trends, seasonality, and global growth patterns.
- Dataset 2 (Tourist Destinations): 2,000 destinations across 22 countries and 6 continents. Includes type of destination, cost per day, best season, tourist ratings, annual visitors, and UNESCO status. The average daily cost is 148 USD, with annual visitors ranging from 0.5M to 10M (avg ~5.2M).
- Annual Visitors Globally: Over 10.37 billion recorded visitors across destinations, highlighting the scale of international and domestic tourism worldwide.
- Relationship Between Both Datasets: Both share the column Country_code, making them linkable. This allows analysis of how passenger traffic influences tourism demand. For example, countries with high international passenger volumes often also have many tourist attractions with large visitor numbers. Seasonality in passenger data can also be compared with the best visiting seasons of destinations.

Economic Impact Dashboard

- The dataset spans a ten-year period from 2010 to 2019 and contains 2,660 records across 266 countries and regions, including both individual nations and aggregates like the World, OECD, and European Union.
- It tracks 11 key indicators such as tourism receipts, arrivals, exports, departures, expenditures, GDP, inflation, and unemployment.
- The dataset is completely clean with no missing values, making it highly reliable for analysis.
- Between 2010 and 2019, the global tourism economy generated a total of 83 trillion USD in receipts, proving the massive scale of the travel industry.
- In 2019, the top contributors were dominated by high-income economies and regional aggregates:
 - World → 15 trillion USD
 - High-income countries -> 10 trillion USD
 - Post-demographic dividend nations + 9 trillion USD
 - OECD members → 8 trillion USD
 - Europe & Central Asia → 5 trillion USD
 - European Union → 4 trillion USD
 - Euro area → 3 trillion USD
 - North America → 3 trillion USD
 - Among individual nations, the United States led with nearly 2 trillion USD in receipts.
- This shows that while the United States is the single largest country for tourism earnings, Europe dominates regionally.
- Global air passenger numbers reached 35 billion between 2010 and 2019, reflecting continuous growth in international mobility.
- Tourism arrivals rose steadily from 20 billion in 2010 to a cumulative 83 billion in 2019.
- Tourism receipts grew in parallel with arrivals, proving that more travelers consistently drive higher earnings.
- Statistical analysis shows strong connections between tourism and the economy:
 - Receipts ↔ Arrivals → 0.87 correlation
 - Arrivals ↔ GDP → 0.96 correlation
 - Receipts ↔ GDP → 0.86 correlation
 - Tourism exports ↔ GDP → -0.17 (negative correlation)
 - This indicates that richer nations depend proportionally less on tourism, while developing economies rely more heavily on it.
- The average unemployment rate across countries is 5.75%, while unemployment adjusted by inflation averages 5.68%.
- Countries with stronger tourism receipts often report lower unemployment levels, showing how tourism supports job creation and economic stability.
- Overall, the data reveals clear insights:
 - Tourism receipts and arrivals grew steadily before the pandemic.
 - High-income and European countries dominate absolute earnings.
 - Small islands and developing economies remain heavily dependent on tourism as a share of GDP.
 - Tourism growth helps stabilize unemployment and drives job creation.
 - The sector is sensitive to global shocks, such as COVID-19, which is not included in this dataset but had major impacts after 2020.



About Me



Hii, I'm Rishi Patel from Gujarat, India — passionate about Data Analytics & Business Intelligence.



🚀 Professional Snapshot

- Final-year B.Tech student in AI & Data Science with a focus on Data Analytics.
- 🛠 Skilled in Python, SQL, Power BI, and Excel for data cleaning, visualization, and reporting.
- **FIXER OF STATE OF ST**
- Passionate about turning raw data into insights that guide decision-making.



🦺 Technical Skills

- Programming & Tools: Python (Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib, Seaborn, etc.), SQL (Joins, Aggregation & Grouping, Subqueries & CTEs, Window Functions, Date & Time Analysis, etc.), Git & Github.
- Business Intelligence: Power BI (DAX, dashboards, visualization)
- Data Handling: ETL, data cleaning, modeling, transformation.
- Excel: Pivot Tables, VLOOKUP, advanced charting

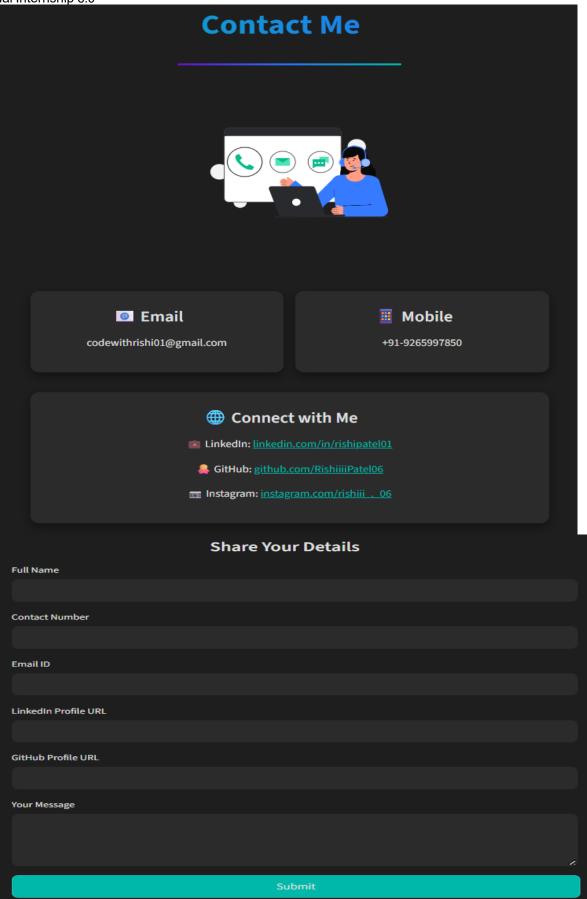


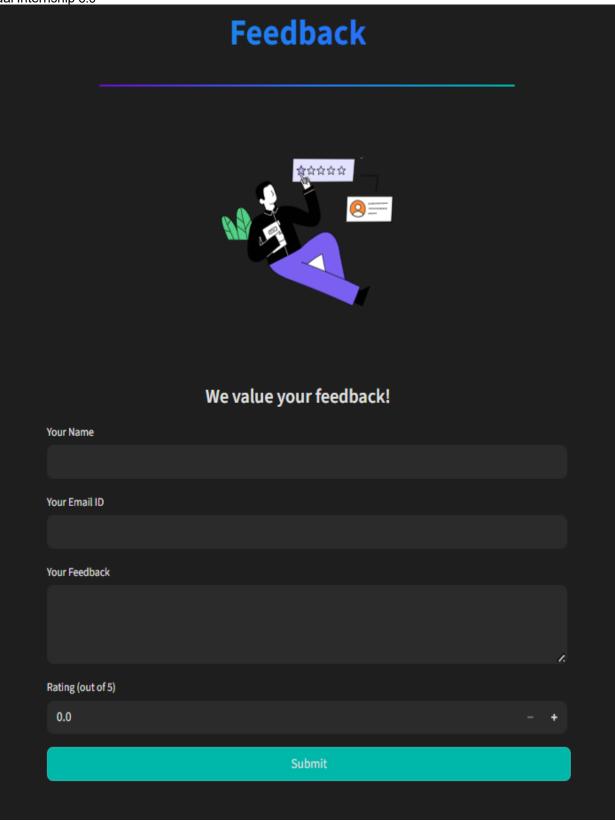
🗰 Beyond Work

- 🏀 A 3-time district basketball champion twice at U14 level and once at U17, also a national-level player.
- A curious learner who enjoys solving real-world business problems through data storytelling.
- 🏈 Known for strong teamwork, discipline, and leadership qualities built both on the court and in professional projects.

Always open to opportunities in Data Analytics & Business Intelligence

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7. CHALLENGES FACED

1. Sourcing Accurate Data

- Challenge: Finding reliable and up-to-date global tourism datasets was difficult. Some sources had incomplete, inconsistent, or outdated information.
- **Mitigation:** Cross-verified data from multiple sources like UNWTO, government tourism portals, and travel APIs. Maintained a centralized repository to ensure consistency and easy access.

2. Data Connection Obstacles

- Challenge: Integrating data from different formats (CSV, Excel, APIs) and ensuring smooth connectivity with Power BI was challenging.
- **Mitigation:** Used Python scripts to preprocess and standardize data formats before importing. Leveraged Power BI data connectors and scheduled refresh options to maintain proper connections.

3. Learning Curve

- Challenge: Acquiring skills for Power BI, Streamlit, and advanced data transformation techniques required additional learning.
- **Mitigation:** Completed online tutorials and practice datasets before working on the main project. Regular guidance from the mentor helped overcome knowledge gaps quickly.

4. Integration Difficulties

- **Challenge:** Embedding the Power BI dashboard into a Streamlit application and ensuring interactive features worked seamlessly was technically complex.
- **Mitigation:** Used iframe embedding in Streamlit and tested the interaction repeatedly. Debugged integration issues through trial-and-error and mentor guidance.

5. Designing Accurate Visuals

- Challenge: Creating meaningful, easy-to-understand visualizations while avoiding misrepresentation of data.
- **Mitigation:** Followed data visualization best practices, iterated designs based on feedback, and included filters and slicers for dynamic exploration.



6. Enhancing Performance

- Challenge: Large datasets caused slow dashboard performance and lag during interactions.
- **Mitigation:** Applied data aggregation, filtering, and optimized queries in Power BI. Reduced unnecessary fields and used summary tables to improve speed.

8. LEARNINGS & SKILLS ACQUIRED

1. Domain Knowledge:

- Gained a strong understanding of the global tourism sector, including trends in tourist arrivals, expenditure, popular destinations, and seasonal travel patterns.
- Learned about holiday calendars, peak travel periods, and regional travel behavior, useful for travel planning and policy analysis.

2. Data Handling & Analytical Skills:

- **Data Collection:** Identified and sourced data from government tourism sites, UNWTO, and global travel APIs.
- **Data Cleaning & Preprocessing:** Learned techniques to handle missing values, outliers, inconsistencies, and standardize units/currencies.
- **Data Transformation:** Applied normalization, aggregation, feature engineering, and categorization to enable meaningful analysis.
- **Data Structuring:** Organized raw and cleaned datasets into structured formats suitable for visualization and reporting.

3. Tools & Technologies:

- **Power BI:** Developed dashboards, created visualizations, applied filters and slicers, and designed interactive, user-friendly layouts.
- Streamlit: Integrated dashboards into a web application for interactive exploration.
- **General Tools:** Worked with Excel, CSVs, APIs, and data repositories for storage and manipulation.

4. Soft Skills & Professional Practices:

- **Project Planning:** Managed multi-week tasks, from data collection to dashboard deployment.
- **Problem-Solving:** Tackled challenges in data inconsistencies and visualization design.



- **Documentation & Reporting:** Maintained thorough records of data sources, processing methods, and dashboard logic, enhancing transparency and reproducibility.
- **Presentation Skills:** Prepared final reports and presentations targeting actionable insights for tourism strategy and policy applications.

5. Analytical Mindset Development:

- Learned to derive actionable insights from large datasets.
- Gained experience in comparing regional and seasonal patterns to inform strategic decisions in travel and tourism.

9. TESTIMONIALS FROM TEAM

During my internship, I gained hands-on experience in data collection, cleaning, transformation, and visualization within the global tourism domain. I collected and organized datasets from multiple sources, including government tourism websites, UNWTO, and travel APIs, and applied preprocessing techniques to handle missing values, outliers, and inconsistencies. Using Power BI, I developed interactive dashboards showcasing global travel trends, seasonal patterns, and regional tourism comparisons. I further enhanced accessibility by integrating the dashboards into a Streamlit web application, enabling seamless user interaction. This experience strengthened my analytical, problem-solving, and project management skills, while also deepening my understanding of tourism trends and strategic insights.

- Collected, merged, and structured global tourism datasets from multiple sources.
- Applied data cleaning and preprocessing techniques, including handling missing values, correcting outliers, and standardizing formats.
- Developed an interactive Power BI dashboard to visualize global travel trends, peak seasons, and regional comparisons.
- Integrated the dashboard into a Streamlit web application for seamless user interaction and exploration.
- Gained analytical, problem-solving, and project management skills through end-to-end data workflow execution.
- Acquired domain knowledge in tourism trends, seasonal travel patterns, and policyrelevant insights.



10. CONCLUSION

During my internship, I gained comprehensive hands-on experience in data analytics and visualization within the global tourism domain. From collecting and cleaning datasets to developing interactive Power BI dashboards and integrating them into a Streamlit application, I learned to transform raw data into actionable insights. This experience enhanced my technical skills (data preprocessing, visualization, dashboarding, and web integration) as well as soft skills like problem-solving, project management, and documentation.

The internship had a significant impact by allowing me to understand tourism trends, seasonal travel patterns, and regional comparisons, which are crucial for strategic decision-making in travel planning and policy. It also strengthened my ability to communicate complex data insights effectively to support actionable outcomes.

This experience aligns closely with my academic background in Data Analytics and my career aspirations in data-driven decision-making, business analytics, or tourism strategy. It has reinforced my interest in leveraging data and technology to solve real-world problems, while building a strong foundation for a future career in analytics, business intelligence, or strategic planning.

11. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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I am deeply grateful to my mentor, **Bhargava Sai Reddy Vanga**, for his guidance, constant support, and insightful feedback throughout the internship. His mentorship helped me navigate challenges and strengthen both my technical and analytical skills.

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This experience has not only enhanced my technical and analytical abilities but also strengthened my confidence in applying data-driven solutions to real-world challenges.