## AI24BTECH11020 - RISHIKA KOTHA

Question: The fourth vertex  $\mathbf{D}$  of a parallelogram ABCD whose three vertices are  $\mathbf{A}(-2,3),\mathbf{B}(6,7)$  and  $\mathbf{C}(8,3)$  is

## **Solution:**

we know that, in a parallelogram,

$$A - D = B - C \tag{0.1}$$

$$\implies D = A + C - B \tag{0.2}$$

$$\implies = \begin{pmatrix} -2+8-6\\3+3-7 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\therefore D = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

| Parameter | value                                   |
|-----------|---|
| A         | $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| В         | $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$  |
| C         | $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  |
| D         | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ |

TABLE 0: Vertices

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