## Math

```
There are several functions that cater to math
in C++. This page will list some important math
functions with an example and their respective
include directive.
        No include directive required:
Addition + | Subtraction - | Multiplication *
Division / | Modulo % | Negative
Order of operations apply in c++!
int x = (5 + 3 - (-1 * 8)) / 2; //Result = 8
int remainder = 17 % 4;
                                //Result = 1
                         #include <cstdlib>
Integer Absolute Value
                          abs() | Long Absolute Value
                                                              labs()
(Long) Division Quotient and Remainder ldiv() div()
int x = abs(-852);
                                                   //Result = 852
div_t divVariable = div(38,5);
cout << divVariable.quot << ' ' << divVariable.rem; //Result = 7 3</pre>
                          #include <cmath>
Float Absolute Value fabs() | e Exponent exp() | 2 Exponent exp2()
Base e Log log() | Base 10 Log log10() | Base 2 Log log2()
Base Exponent pow() | Square Root sqrt() | Cubed Root cbrt()
       round()
               | Ceiling Nearest Greater Integer
Round
                                                              ceil()
                 Lower
                         Integer
                                  floor() | Hypotenuse
Floor
      Nearest
                                                             hypot()
                                          sin()
(Radians)
              Sin.
                        Cos,
                                Tan
                                                    cos()
                                                               tan()
                                           asin()
(Radians)
            ArcSin,
                     ArcCos,
                                ArcTan
                                                    acos()
                                                              atan()
float x = fabs(-1.985);
                                //Result = 1.985
                                //Result = 20.08553692 e^3
double eExp = exp(3);
double expBase2 = exp2(4);
                                //Result = 16 2^4
                                //Result = 3.465735903
double logBasee = log(32);
double logBase10 = log10(100);
                                //Result = 2
double logBase2 = log2(64);
                                //Result = 6
double power = pow(3,4);
                                //Result = 81 pow(BASE,EXPONENT)
double squareRoot = sqrt(625);
                                //Result = 25
double cubedRoot = cbrt(64);
                                //Result = 4
double roundNum = round(2.564);
                                //Result = 3
double ceiling = ceil(-5.4);
                                //Result = -5
double floorNum = floor(9.8);
                                //Result = 9
double hypotenuse = hypot(3,4);
                                //Result = 5 hypot(OPP,ADJ)
                               //Result = 0.5
double sinValue = sin(pi/6);
const double pi = acos(-1);
                                //Result = pi (Use this for pi)
```