

Date-Picker Documentation

The component provides a robust, accessible, and highly customizable calendar interface for selecting single dates or date ranges. It features structured input fields, keyboard navigation, glassmorphism effects, and seamless integration with Angular forms. The component is designed for both standalone display and as a building block for date pickers and scheduling interfaces.

How to use

Basic Usage

Simple calendar for single date selection with structured input fields.

```
<aava-datepicker (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"> </aava-datepicker>
```

```
onDateSelected(date: Date) {  
  console.log('Selected date:', date);  
}
```

Range Selection

Enable range mode for selecting a start and end date with dual structured inputs.

```
<aava-datepicker [isRange]="true" (rangeSelected)="onRangeSelected($event)">  
</aava-datepicker>
```

```
selectedRange: DateRange = { start: null, end: null };  
  
onRangeSelected(range: DateRange) {  
  this.selectedRange = range;  
  console.log('Selected range:', range);  
}
```

Always Open / Embedded Mode

Display the calendar inline (always open) for dashboards and embedded views.

```
<aava-datepicker [alwaysOpen]="true" (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)">  
</aava-datepicker>
```

```
selectedDate: Date | null = null;  
  
onDateSelected(date: Date) {  
  this.selectedDate = date;  
  console.log('Selected date:', date);  
}
```

Customization Options

Showcase selector shape and various customization options.

```
<aava-datepicker
  [alwaysOpen]="true"
  selectorShape="square"
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
>
</aava-datepicker>
<aava-datepicker
  [alwaysOpen]="true"
  selectorShape="circle"
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
>
</aava-datepicker>
```

```
onDateSelected(date: Date) {
  console.log('Selected date:', date);
}
```

Size Variants

Five size variants to accommodate different design requirements and space constraints.

```

<aava-datepicker
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
  calendarSize="xs"
  label="Extra Small"
>
</aava-datepicker>
<aava-datepicker
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
  calendarSize="sm"
  label="Small"
>
</aava-datepicker>
<aava-datepicker
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
  calendarSize="md"
  label="Medium"
>
</aava-datepicker>
<aava-datepicker
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
  calendarSize="lg"
  label="Large"
>
</aava-datepicker>
<aava-datepicker
  (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)"
  calendarSize="xl"
  label="Extra Large"
>
</aava-datepicker>

---

onDateSelected(date: Date) {
  console.log('Selected date:', date);
}

```

Available Sizes

- xs (Extra Small) - Compact size for tight spaces and dense layouts
- sm (Small) - Smaller than default, suitable for secondary interfaces
- md (Medium) - Default size, balanced for most use cases
- lg (Large) - Larger size for enhanced readability and touch interfaces
- xl (Extra Large) - Maximum size for accessibility and prominent displays

Size Characteristics

Each size variant affects:

- Input field dimensions - Height, padding, and font sizes
- Calendar popup sizing - Overall dimensions and spacing
- Day selector sizes - Individual day cell dimensions
- Navigation elements - Button sizes and spacing
- Typography scaling - Font sizes for headers and content

Accessibility Features

Built-in accessibility features ensuring WCAG compliance and inclusive user experience.

```
<aava-datepicker [alwaysOpen]="true" (dateSelected)="onDateSelected($event)">
</aava-datepicker>
```

```
onDateSelected(date: Date) {
  console.log('Selected date:', date);
}
```

Features

- Single date and range selection with visual range indicators
- Structured input fields for direct date entry (DD/MM/YYYY format)
- Multiple size variants (xs, sm, md, lg, xl) for flexible layouts
- Keyboard navigation (arrow keys, Enter, Tab, Escape)
- Month/year navigation with dropdown selectors
- Customizable selector shape (square or circle)
- Glassmorphism surface effects with multiple strength levels
- Weekday format options (1, 2, or 3 letter formats)
- Full accessibility (ARIA, focus management, screen reader support)
- Angular forms integration (ControlValueAccessor implementation)
- Auto-advance input segments for seamless data entry
- Input validation and error handling
- Responsive design with mobile-friendly interactions

API Reference

Inputs

Property	Type	Default	Description
isRange	boolean	false	Enable range selection mode
selectedDate	Date null	null	Selected date (single mode)
dateRange	{ start: Date null, end: Date null }	{ start: null, end: null }	Selected date range (range mode)
weekdayFormat	1 2 3	3	Weekday label format: 1 = single letter, 2 = two-letter, 3 = three-letter

Property	Type	Default	Description
alwaysOpen	boolean	false	Display calendar inline (always open)
selectorShape	'square' 'circle'	'square'	Shape of day selector
calendarSize	'xs' 'sm' 'md' 'lg' 'xl'	'md'	Size variant for calendar and input elements
surface	boolean	false	Enable glassmorphism surface effect
surfaceStrength	'medium' 'strong' 'max' undefined	'medium'	Glassmorphism intensity

Outputs

Event	Type	Description
dateSelected	EventEmitter	Emitted when a date is selected (single mode)
rangeSelected	EventEmitter<{ start: Date, end: Date }>	Emitted when a date range is selected (range mode)

Computed Properties

Property	Type	Description
weekDays	string[]	Computed weekday labels based on format
yearRange	number[]	Array of years (current ± 50 years)
calendarDays	CalendarDay[]	Array of days for current month display

Interfaces

CSS Custom Properties

Property	Description
--calendar-font-family	Font family for calendar text
--calendar-size-sm-font	Small font size for calendar elements
--calendar-size-md-font	Medium font size for headers (default)

Property	Description
--calendar-input-padding	Padding for input fields
--calendar-input-border	Border for input fields
--calendar-input-border-radius	Border radius for input fields
--calendar-input-background	Background color for input fields
--calendar-popup-background	Background for calendar popup
--calendar-popup-border	Border for calendar popup
--calendar-popup-border-radius	Border radius for calendar popup
--calendar-popup-shadow	Shadow for calendar popup
--calendar-popup-z-index	Z-index for calendar popup
--calendar-nav-button-hover-background	Hover background for navigation buttons

Accessibility

The Calendar component is built with comprehensive accessibility features:

- Semantic HTML : Uses appropriate roles and elements for calendar, grid, and buttons
- ARIA attributes : Provides ARIA labels for navigation, days, and range selection
- Keyboard navigation : Full support for arrow keys, Enter, Tab, and Escape
- Screen reader support : Announces current month/year, selected dates, and range
- Focus management : Clear focus indicators and logical tab order
- High contrast : Supports high contrast and custom themes
- Reduced motion : Respects user motion preferences

Keyboard Shortcuts

- Arrow keys : Move focus between days
- Enter/Space : Select date or range endpoint
- Tab/Shift+Tab : Move between input segments and controls
- Escape : Close popup (if not always open)
- Home/End : Navigate to first/last day of month
- Page Up/Down : Navigate to previous/next month

Structured Input Navigation

- Tab : Move between day, month, year segments
- Arrow keys : Navigate within segments
- Auto-advance : Automatically moves to next segment when complete
- Validation : Real-time validation of date inputs

Best Practices

Usage Guidelines

- Single Date : Use for appointment booking, event scheduling, or simple date selection
- Range Selection : Use for booking periods, analytics date ranges, or vacation planning
- Always Open : Use for dashboards, embedded views, or when space allows
- Size Selection : Choose appropriate size based on context and space constraints
- Surface Effects : Use glassmorphism for modern, layered UI designs
- Forms Integration : Leverage `ControlValueAccessor` for seamless form integration

Size Selection Guidelines

- XS : Use in data tables, compact forms, or when space is extremely limited
- SM : Use in secondary interfaces, sidebars, or when you need subtle presence
- MD : Use as the default for most applications and primary interfaces
- LG : Use in touch interfaces, mobile applications, or when enhanced readability is needed
- XL : Use in accessibility-focused applications or when maximum visibility is required

Implementation Considerations

- Input Validation : Always validate user input from structured fields
- Error Handling : Provide clear feedback for invalid dates
- Mobile Experience : Test touch interactions and responsive behavior
- Performance : Calendar renders efficiently with `OnPush` change detection
- Theming : Use semantic tokens for consistent design system integration

Accessibility Implementation

- Screen Reader Testing : Test with NVDA, JAWS, or VoiceOver
- Keyboard Testing : Verify complete keyboard navigation flow
- Focus Management : Ensure logical tab order and clear focus indicators
- Color Contrast : Maintain sufficient contrast ratios (4.5:1 minimum)
- Motion Preferences : Respect user's reduced motion settings