

Unit Testing Strategy

Play+ Unit Testing Guide : playtest Philosophy: Testing with Confidence & Clarity ■ In the Play+ ecosystem, testing is not an afterthought—it's a core part of how we build trust in our work. Just as we aim to design intuitive and adaptive experiences, we also strive to validate them with clarity and confidence. Testing allows us to explore new ideas fearlessly, knowing that well-crafted tests provide a safety net against regressions and subtle bugs. Our @playplus/testing-config package sets the foundation for this approach. It offers a zero-setup, opinionated environment that encourages: Frictionless Development : Get started quickly with tools that just work. User-Centric Thinking : Write tests that simulate real user behavior, not internals. Continuous Integration : Ensure quality is enforced through automated pipelines. This guide outlines how to write expressive, resilient unit tests for your Play+ React or Angular applications. Package Information ■ The Play+ testing toolchain is provided via the @playplus/testing-config package and is a core component of the Golden Path starter kits. Package / Path Description Golden Path (Recommended) Pre-installed as a devDependency Uplift Path npm install --save-dev @playplus/testing-config Folder Reference ■ Play+ follows a test co-location model , meaning test files live directly alongside the code they are testing. This improves discoverability and encourages test creation during development. File Location Purpose & Guidelines src/components/Button.test.tsx React test file, next to Button.tsx src/app/features/login.component.spec.ts Angular test file, next to login.component.ts reports/coverage/ Git-ignored directory for test coverage reports Helper - Pillars Alignment ■ Pillar How This Helper Aligns Intuitive Primary Pillar: Tests are written from a user's perspective to ensure predictability Adaptive Enables safe iteration and refactoring by having a comprehensive test suite Inclusive Ensures reliability for all users by testing diverse states and edge cases Helper Overview ■ The playtest toolchain is a set of pre-configured tools, patterns, and CLI helpers designed to abstract the plumbing of modern testing environments. What It Automates ■ Zero-Setup Environment : Pre-configured Vitest/Jest for React and Jasmine/Karma for Angular. Automated Test Scaffolding : CLI helper playtest:gen analyzes components and generates boilerplate. Automated Enforcement : Tests run on pre-commit and are required in CI/CD for Golden Path. Consistent Mocking : Provides standard mocking for dependencies like apiService . The goal is to make testing a fast, frictionless, and integral part of development. The Play+ Testing Stack ■ React ■ Test Runner : Vitest (or Jest) Testing Library : React Testing Library Assertions : expect with matchers from @testing-library/jest-dom Angular ■ Test Runner :

Jasmine and Karma Testing Library : Angular TestBed Assertions : Jasmine's built-in matchers Coverage : Karma Coverage with 80% threshold Architecture : Standalone components with testing utilities Config Options ■ Config Variable Default Value Description Recommended Value coverage.threshold 80 Min % coverage required for CI pass 80 reporters ['default'] Output formats (can include html , json , etc.) ['default', 'html'] Key Scripts & CLI Commands ■ Command What It Does Example npm run playwright Runs full test suite once npm run playwright npm run playwright:watch Starts watch mode for live test re-running npm run playwright:watch npm run playwright:gen Scaffolds a new test file for a given component npm run playwright:gen src/app/components/UserProfile.ts What playwright:gen Generates ■ React ■ Auto-imports for render and screen A describe block and default smoke test Placeholders for props and mocks Angular ■ Auto-imports for TestBed and ComponentFixture A describe block and default smoke test Placeholders for props and mocks Accessibility test structure React ■ // src/components/Counter.test.tsx import { render , screen , fireEvent } from "@testing-library/react" ; import Counter from "../Counter" ; describe ("Counter" , () => { beforeEach (() => { render (< Counter />) ; }) ; it ("should render with an initial count of 0" , () => { expect (screen . getByText ("Count: 0")) . toBeInTheDocument () ; }) ; it ("should increment the count when the button is clicked" , () => { fireEvent . click (screen . getByRole ("button" , { name : / increment / i })) ; expect (screen . getByText ("Count: 1")) . toBeInTheDocument () ; }) ; }) ; Angular Standalone Components ■ // src/app/counter/counter.component.spec.ts import { ComponentFixture , TestBed } from "@angular/core/testing" ; import { By } from "@angular/platform-browser" ; import { PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS } from "../testing" ; import { CounterComponent } from "../counter.component" ; describe ("CounterComponent" , () => { let component : CounterComponent ; let fixture : ComponentFixture < CounterComponent > ; beforeEach (async () => { await TestBed . configureTestingModule ({ imports : [CounterComponent , ... PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS] , }) . compileComponents () ; fixture = TestBed . createComponent (CounterComponent) ; component = fixture . componentInstance ; }) ; describe ("Component Creation" , () => { it ("should create the component" , () => { expect (component) . toBeTruthy () ; }) ; }) ; describe ("User Interface" , () => { beforeEach (() => { fixture . detectChanges () ; }) ; it ("should render with a count of 0" , () => { const countElement = fixture . debugElement . query (By . css (".count")) ; expect (countElement . nativeElement . textContent) . toContain ("Count: 0") ; }) ; }) ; describe ("Component Behavior" , () => { it ("should increment the count on click" , () => { const button = fixture . debugElement . query (By . css ("button")) ; button . triggerEventHandler ("click" , null) ; fixture . detectChanges () ; expect (component . count) . toBe (1) ; const

```

countElement = fixture . debugElement . query ( By . css ( ".count" ) ) ; expect (
countElement . nativeElement . textContent ) . toContain ( "Count: 1" ) ; } ) ; } ) ; describe (
"Accessibility" , ( ) => { beforeEach ( ( ) => { fixture . detectChanges ( ) ; } ) ; it ( "should have
proper button labeling" , ( ) => { const button = fixture . debugElement . query ( By . css (
"button" ) ) ; expect ( button . nativeElement . getAttribute ( "aria-label" ) ) . toBeTruthy ( ) ; } )
; } ) ; } ) ;

```

Core Testing Principles ■ **Follow the AAA Pattern** ■ **Arrange** : Setup component, props, and dependencies **Act** : Simulate user interaction **Assert** : Validate output matches expectations

Test Behavior, Not Implementation ■ **Avoid relying on internal variables: Don't** ■ **expect (component . state . value) . toBe ("hello") ; Do** ■ **expect (screen . getByRole ("textbox")) . toHaveValue ("hello") ;**

Mocking Dependencies: Isolating the Unit ■ Unit tests should be isolated from external dependencies like APIs. If apiProxy is detected, playwright:gen will auto-generate mocks.

Example (React + Vitest) ■ **import { vi } from "vitest" ; import { apiProxy } from "../lib/apiProxy" ; vi . mock ("../lib/apiProxy") ; it ("displays user name after fetch" , async () => { vi . mocked (apiProxy) . mockResolvedValue ({ json : () => Promise . resolve ({ name : "John Doe" }) , }) ; render (< UserProfile / >) ; expect (await screen . findByText ("John Doe")) . toBeInTheDocument () ; }) ;**

Example (Angular + Jasmine) ■ **import { PlayTestingUtils } from "../testing" ; it ("displays user name after fetch" , async () => { const mockResponse = PlayTestingUtils . createMockApiResponse ({ name : "John Doe" , }) ; spyOn (apiService , "getUser") . and . returnValue (Promise . resolve (mockResponse)) ; component . loadUser () ; await fixture . whenStable () ; expect (fixture . debugElement . query (By . css (".user-name")) . nativeElement . textContent) . toContain ("John Doe") ; }) ;**

Testing Utilities ■ **PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS** ■ Provides common testing imports for standalone components: **import { PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS } from "../testing" ; await TestBed . configureTestingModule ({ imports : [YourComponent , ... PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS] , }) . compileComponents () ;**

PlayTestingUtils ■ **Common testing helpers:** **import { PlayTestingUtils } from "../testing" ; // Create mock API responses const mockResponse = PlayTestingUtils . createMockApiResponse ({ data : "test" }) ; // Create mock services const mockService = PlayTestingUtils . createMockService (["method1" , "method2"]) ; // Wait for async operations await PlayTestingUtils . waitForAsync (100) ; // Setup TestBed for standalone components PlayTestingUtils . configureTestBed (YourComponent , [AdditionalImports]) ;**

Additional Info ■ **Why We Built This** ■ Configuring a modern testing toolchain is complex. It involves selecting and integrating multiple tools (Jest/Vitest, Testing Library, Karma), plugins (for React, Angular, accessibility), and defining hundreds of configuration options. Without a centralized solution, each team would waste time on setup and debates, leading to inconsistencies across projects. The

@playplus/testing-config package solves this by providing a single, opinionated, and production-ready configuration. It eliminates boilerplate and configuration drift, ensuring every project starts with and maintains the same high-quality testing standards.

Best Practices

- **Trust the Automation** : Let the pre-commit hooks and CI checks do their job.
- Test User Behavior** : Focus on what users see and do, not implementation details.
- Use Descriptive Names** : Test names should clearly describe the expected behavior.
- Keep Tests Independent** : Each test should be able to run in isolation.

Developer Checklist

- **Are you testing from the user's perspective** (DOM and behavior, not internals)?
- Are you following the AAA (Arrange, Act, Assert) pattern?**
- Are dependencies like APIs properly mocked?**
- Did you cover edge cases and negative flows?**
- Are tests independent, fast, and refactor-proof?**
- Did you run `npm run playwright` to validate before pushing?**
- Do your tests include accessibility checks?**
- Are you using `PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS` for consistent setup?**

Forbidden Patterns

- **Don't Test Implementation Details**
- **// Don't test private methods** `expect (component ["privateMethod"] ()) . toBe (true) ;`
- // Don't test internal state directly** `expect (component ["internalState"]) . toBe ("value") ;`
- **Don't Test Framework Behavior**
- **// Don't test Angular lifecycle** (Angular tests this) `expect (component . ngOnInit) . toHaveBeenCalled () ;`
- // Don't test dependency injection** (Angular tests this) `expect (component ["service"]) . toBeDefined () ;`
- **Don't Use Complex Setup**
- **// Don't create complex test data** `const complexData = { /* 50 lines of test data */ } ;`
- // Do use simple, focused test data** `const user = { name : "John" , email : "john@example.com" } ;`

Required Patterns

- **Test User Behavior**
- **// Test what the user sees and does it** `("should show error message when form is invalid" , () => { const submitButton = fixture . debugElement . query (By . css ('button[type="submit"]')) ; submitButton . triggerEventHandler ("click" , null) ; fixture . detectChanges () ; const errorMessage = fixture . debugElement . query (By . css (".error-message")) ; expect (errorMessage) . toBeTruthy () ; }) ;`
- Use Descriptive Test Names**
- **// Good: Describes the behavior it** `("should disable submit button when form is invalid" , () => { }) ;`
- // Bad: Vague description it** `("should work correctly" , () => { }) ;`
- Group Related Tests**
- **describe ("UserProfileComponent" , () => { describe ("Component Creation" , () => { // Creation tests }) ; describe ("User Interface" , () => { // UI tests }) ; describe ("Component Behavior" , () => { // Behavior tests }) ; describe ("Accessibility" , () => { // Accessibility tests }) ; }) ;**

Summary

- **Unit testing in Play+ isn't just about preventing bugs—it's about unlocking creative confidence.** With robust tooling, opinionated helpers, and automated pipelines, we make testing an asset—not a burden.
- User-Centric** : Focus on behaviors and outcomes
- Fully Automated** : Enforced via CI to protect quality
- Zero-Setup** : Start writing tests immediately
- Isolated & Predictable** : Mocks ensure accuracy
- Write tests.**

Refactor freely. Ship with confidence. Let your tests reflect the experience you're building—not just the code behind it.

```
// src/components/Counter.test.tsx
import { render, screen, fireEvent } from "@testing-library/react";
import Counter from "../Counter";

describe("Counter", () => {
  beforeEach(() => {
    render(<Counter />);
  });

  it("should render with an initial count of 0", () => {
    expect(screen.getByText("Count: 0")).toBeInTheDocument();
  });

  it("should increment the count when the button is clicked", () => {
    fireEvent.click(screen.getByRole("button", { name: /increment/i }));
    expect(screen.getByText("Count: 1")).toBeInTheDocument();
  });
});
```

```
// src/app/counter/counter.component.spec.ts
import { ComponentFixture, TestBed } from "@angular/core/testing";
import { By } from "@angular/platform-browser";
import { PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS } from "../../testing";
import { CounterComponent } from "../counter.component";

describe("CounterComponent", () => {
  let component: CounterComponent;
  let fixture: ComponentFixture<CounterComponent>;

  beforeEach(async () => {
    await TestBed.configureTestingModule({
      imports: [CounterComponent, ...PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS],
    }).compileComponents();

    fixture = TestBed.createComponent(CounterComponent);
    component = fixture.componentInstance;
  });

  describe("Component Creation", () => {
    it("should create the component", () => {
      expect(component).toBeTruthy();
    });
  });

  describe("User Interface", () => {
    beforeEach(() => {
```

```

    fixture.detectChanges();
  });

  it("should render with a count of 0", () => {
    const countElement = fixture.debugElement.query(By.css(".count"));
    expect(countElement.nativeElement.textContent).toContain("Count: 0");
  });
});

describe("Component Behavior", () => {
  it("should increment the count on click", () => {
    const button = fixture.debugElement.query(By.css("button"));
    button.triggerEventHandler("click", null);
    fixture.detectChanges();

    expect(component.count).toBe(1);
    const countElement = fixture.debugElement.query(By.css(".count"));
    expect(countElement.nativeElement.textContent).toContain("Count: 1");
  });
});

describe("Accessibility", () => {
  beforeEach(() => {
    fixture.detectChanges();
  });

  it("should have proper button labeling", () => {
    const button = fixture.debugElement.query(By.css("button"));
    expect(button.nativeElement.getAttribute("aria-label")).toBeTruthy();
  });
});
});

---

expect(component.state.value).toBe("hello");

---

expect(screen.getByRole("textbox")).toHaveValue("hello");

---

import { vi } from "vitest";
import { apiProxy } from "../lib/apiProxy";
vi.mock("../lib/apiProxy");

it("displays user name after fetch", async () => {
  vi.mocked(apiProxy).mockResolvedValue({
    json: () => Promise.resolve({ name: "John Doe" }),
  });
});

```

```

    });

    render(<UserProfile />);

    expect(await screen.findByText("John Doe")).toBeInTheDocument();
  });

---

import { PlayTestingUtils } from "../testing";

it("displays user name after fetch", async () => {
  const mockResponse = PlayTestingUtils.createMockApiResponse({
    name: "John Doe",
  });
  spyOn(apiService, "getUser").and.returnValue(Promise.resolve(mockResponse));

  component.loadUser();
  await fixture.whenStable();

  expect(
    fixture.debugElement.query(By.css(".user-name")).nativeElement.textContent
  ).toContain("John Doe");
});

---

import { PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS } from "../testing";

await TestBed.configureTestingModule({
  imports: [YourComponent, ...PLAY_TESTING_IMPORTS],
}).compileComponents();

---

import { PlayTestingUtils } from "../testing";

// Create mock API responses
const mockResponse = PlayTestingUtils.createMockApiResponse({ data: "test" });

// Create mock services
const mockService = PlayTestingUtils.createMockService(["method1", "method2"]);

// Wait for async operations
await PlayTestingUtils.waitForAsync(100);

// Setup TestBed for standalone components
PlayTestingUtils.configureTestBed(YourComponent, [AdditionalImports]);

---

```

```

// Don't test private methods
expect(component["privateMethod"]()).toBe(true);

// Don't test internal state directly
expect(component["internalState"]).toBe("value");

---

// Don't test Angular lifecycle (Angular tests this)
expect(component.ngOnInit).toHaveBeenCalled();

// Don't test dependency injection (Angular tests this)
expect(component["service"]).toBeDefined();

---

// Don't create complex test data
const complexData = {
  /* 50 lines of test data */
};

// Do use simple, focused test data
const user = { name: "John", email: "john@example.com" };

---

// Test what the user sees and does
it("should show error message when form is invalid", () => {
  const submitButton = fixture.debugElement.query(
    By.css('button[type="submit"]')
  );
  submitButton.triggerEventHandler("click", null);
  fixture.detectChanges();

  const errorMessage = fixture.debugElement.query(By.css(".error-message"));
  expect(errorMessage).toBeTruthy();
});

---

// Good: Describes the behavior
it("should disable submit button when form is invalid", () => {});

// Bad: Vague description
it("should work correctly", () => {});

---
```



```
describe("UserProfileComponent", () => {
  describe("Component Creation", () => {
    // Creation tests
  });

  describe("User Interface", () => {
    // UI tests
  });

  describe("Component Behavior", () => {
    // Behavior tests
  });

  describe("Accessibility", () => {
    // Accessibility tests
  });
});
```