$$n = exp(O(k))$$

$$n = subexp(k)$$

$$n \ge \Omega(k^2)$$

$$n \ge \tilde{\Omega}(k^3)$$

$$b \in 0, 1^k \to x \in 0, 1^n$$

$$(q, \delta, \epsilon)$$

$$\triangle(x, Enc(b)) \le \delta n$$

 $Dec^{x}($