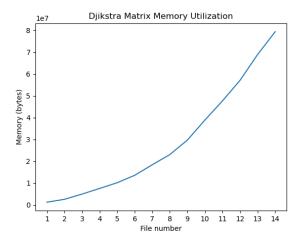
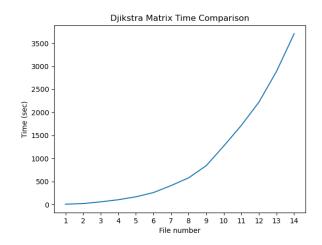
Dijkstra's Algorithm

1. 2D Array





Output:

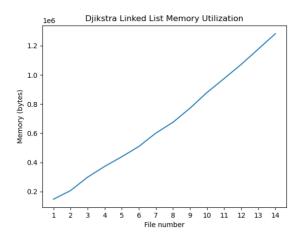
```
Performance (Seconds)
File 1: 7.616750001907349
File 2: 21.2447350025177
File 3: 58.701220750808716
File 4: 104.3107168674469
File 5: 167.8253688812256
File 6: 259.76771116256714
File 7: 410.7874927520752
File 8: 579.2420518398285
File 9: 842.3586061000824
File 10: 1270.0356318950653
File 11: 1718.109167098999
File 12: 2222.979113340378
File 13: 2890.1213550567627
File 14: 3705.75461101532
Memory utilization (Bytes)
File 1: 1293944
File 2: 2607208
File 3: 5004696
File 4: 7580016
File 5: 10209448
File 6: 13602328
File 7: 18428072
File 8: 23098920
File 9: 29729192
File 10: 38904536
File 11: 47685752
File 12: 57100008
File 13: 68910920
File 14: 79316344
```

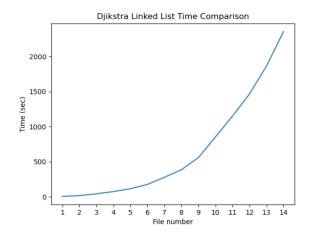
```
TEST CASE I
Shortest distance between nodes 192 and 163: 819
Shortest path from nodes 192 to 163:
192 -> 157 -> 194 -> 158 -> 161 -> 163

TEST CASE II
Shortest distance between nodes 138 and 66: 2728
Shortest path from nodes 138 to 66:
138 -> 162 -> 136 -> 159 -> 119 -> 116 -> 114 -> 112 -> 70 -> 110 -> 79 -> 108 -
> 107 -> 103 -> 105 -> 85 -> 67 -> 66

TEST CASE III
Shortest distance between nodes 465 and 22: 6738
Shortest path from nodes 465 to 22:
465 -> 377 -> 380 -> 372 -> 363 -> 364 -> 305 -> 247 -> 210 -> 233 -> 201 -> 170
-> 128 -> 98 -> 78 -> 41 -> 23 -> 22
```

2. Linked List

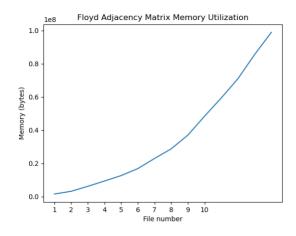


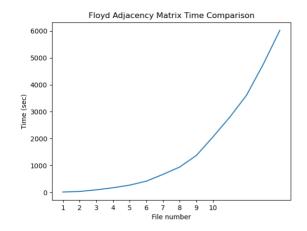


Output:

Floyd Algorithm

1. 2D Array

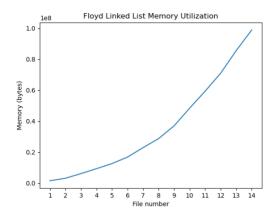


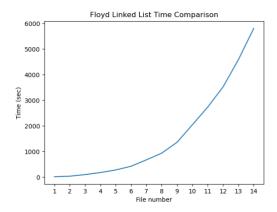


Output:

```
Performance (Seconds)
 File 1: 12.17240309715271
 File 2: 33.27323007583618
 File 3: 93.12424993515015
 File 4: 169.4957938194275
 File 5: 267.2350170612335
 File 6: 415.25745820999146
 File 7: 669.1236259937286
 File 8: 940.3864860534668
 File 9: 1372.3201899528503
File 10: 2066.0251519680023
 File 11: 2795.8916580677032
 File 12: 3605.844573020935
 File 13: 4754.864248991013
File 14: 6024.228240966797
Memory utilization (Bytes)
File 1: 1608088
File 2: 3230680
 File 3: 6228440
 File 4: 9408448
 File 5: 12691928
 File 6: 16889880
File 7: 22976552
 File 8: 28784392
 File 9: 37056088
 File 10: 48444568
 File 11: 59418104
 File 12: 71017928
 File 13: 85568584
File 14: 98909528
TEST CASE I
Shortest distance between nodes 192 and 163: 819
Shortest path from nodes 192 to 163:
192 -> 157 -> 194 -> 158 -> 161 -> 163
TEST CASE II
Shortest distance between nodes 138 and 66: 2728
Shortest path from nodes 138 to 66:
138 -> 162 -> 136 -> 159 -> 119 -> 116 -> 114 -> 112 -> 70 -> 110 -> 79 -> 108 -> 107 -> 103 -> 105 -> 85 -> 67 -> 66
Shortest distance between nodes 465 and 22: 6738
Shortest path from nodes 465 to 22:
465 -> 377 -> 380 -> 372 -> 363 -> 364 -> 305 -> 247 -> 210 -> 233 -> 201 -> 170 -> 128 -> 98 -> 78 -> 41 -> 23 -> 22
(base) rishusingh@Rishus-MacBook-Pro Downloads %
```

2. Linked List





Output:

```
Performance Seconds | File 1: 13.07/09/04633386 | File 2: 35.872691192373 | File 3: 36.872691192373 | File 4: 35.872691192373 | File 4: 37.3640923119938 | File 4: 37.3640934038 | File 7: 37.5640934038 | File 7: 37.5640938 | File 7: 37.56
```

Analysis:

- **Data Structure:** Linked list takes more memory than 2D array as reference to next node is also stored along with the data whereas when it comes to efficiency as per time linked list has a slightly better performance than 2D array.
- Algorithm: Dijkstra's algorithm is both time and memory efficient than Floyd algorithm.