



Crop Module 1 Introduction to AquaCrop

Jorge Alvar-Beltrán (13-12-2022)

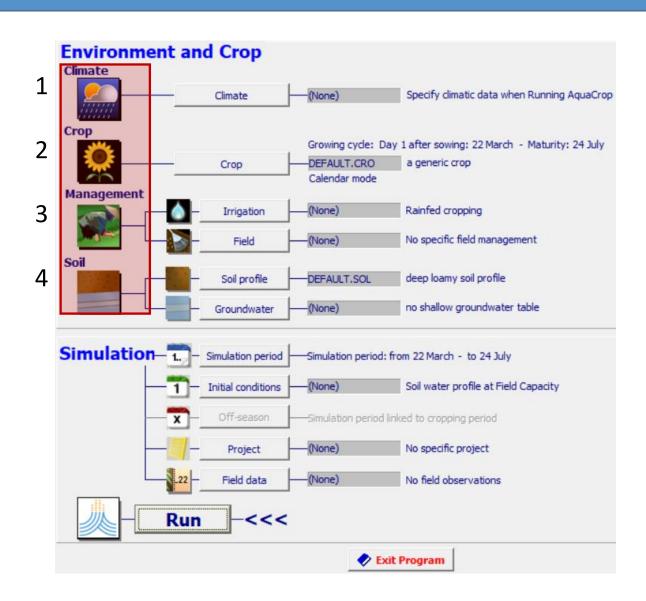
Content

<u>Day 1</u>

- ➤ How do crop models work
- > AquaCrop interface
- > AquaCrop: climate and crop modules

Day 2

- > AquaCrop: management and soil modules
- > Run simulations and interpret outputs





Data used for this simulation

Climate module: AquaCrop default climatic files for Córdoba (south Spain) for year 1981. YESTERDAY

Crop module: AquaCrop default crop files (daily values) for tomato grown in Córdoba and sown 1st May. YESTERDAY

Management module:

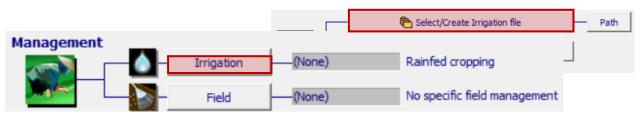
- > Irrigation sub-module: create our own irrigation files. TODAY
- Field sub-module: AquaCrop default field files (moderate soil fertility). TODAY

Soil module:

- Soil profile: AquaCrop default soil files (sandy-loam). TODAY
- ➤ Groundwater sub-module: AquaCrop default groundwater files (constant water at 2m depth). TODAY



Management module: irrigation

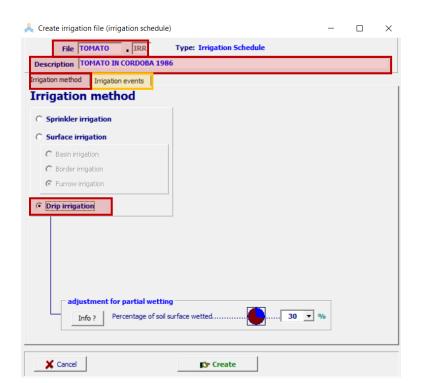


Step 1: click on **irrigation** and then **select/create irrigation file**

Step 2: click on **irrigation** schedule and then **create irrigation file**



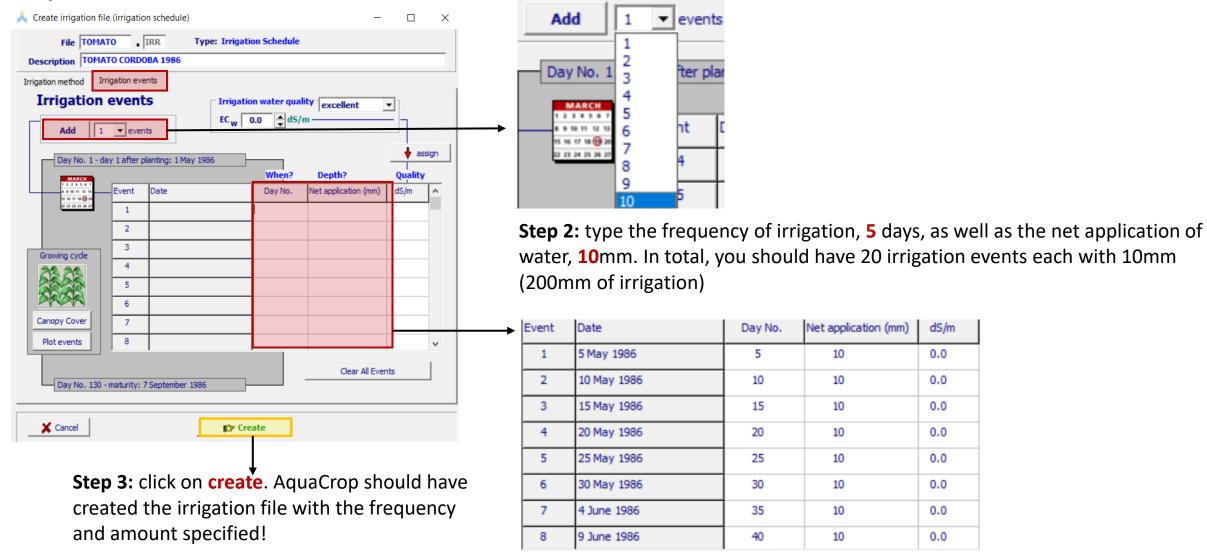
Step 3: name your file "tomato" and provide a description "tomato in Córdoba 1986" and select the irrigation method, in our case, drip irrigation. Then click on irrigation events





Management module: irrigation

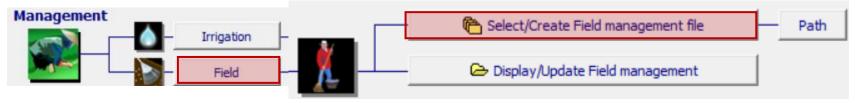
Step 1: click on add events and add 10



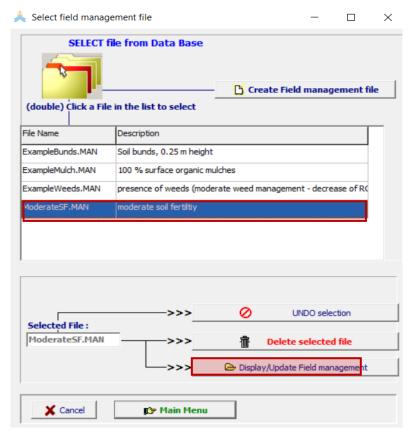


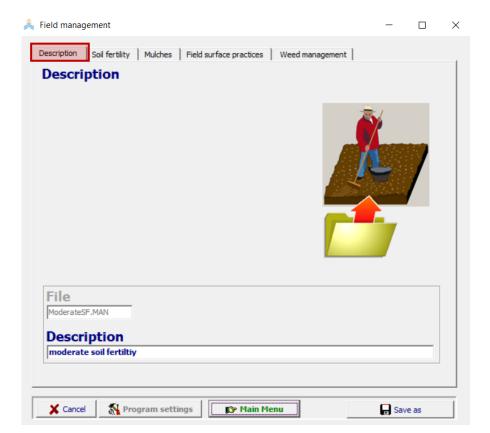
Management module: field management

Step 1: click on field and select/create field management file



Step 2: click once on moderate soil fertility and display/update field management

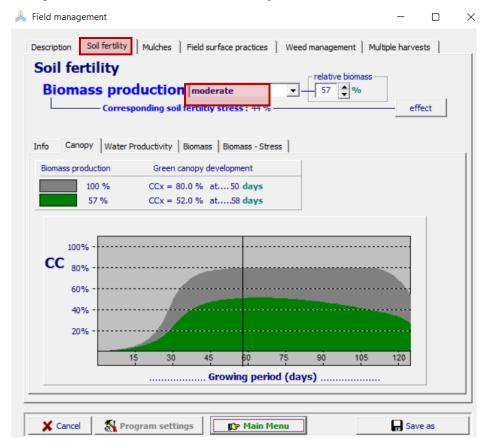




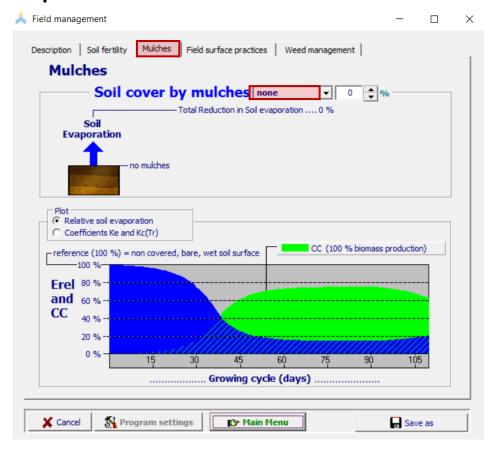
Management module: field management

Field management practices are choices of soil fertility levels, weed management, and practices that affect the soil water balance such as mulching to reduce soil evaporation, soil bunds to store water in the field, and tillage practices such as soil ridging or contours reducing run-off of rainwater.

Step 1: click on soil fertility

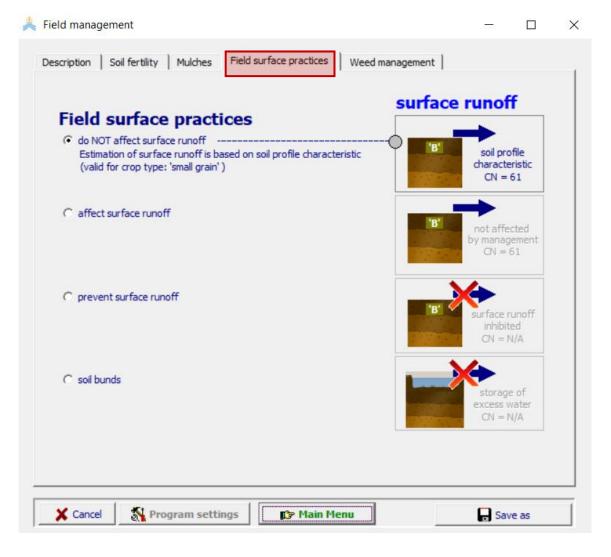


Step 2: click on mulches

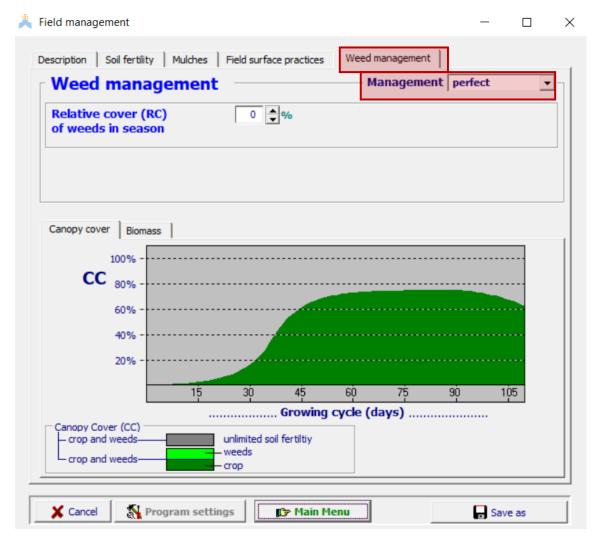


Management module: field management

Step 1: click on **field surface practices**



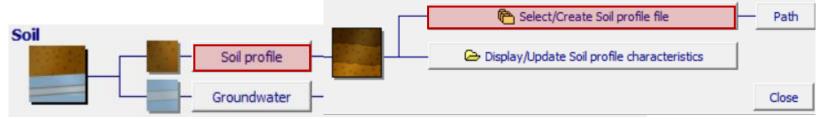
Step 2: click on weed management



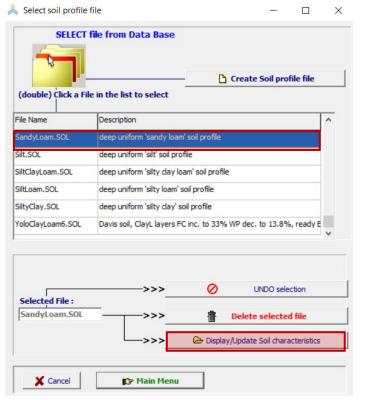


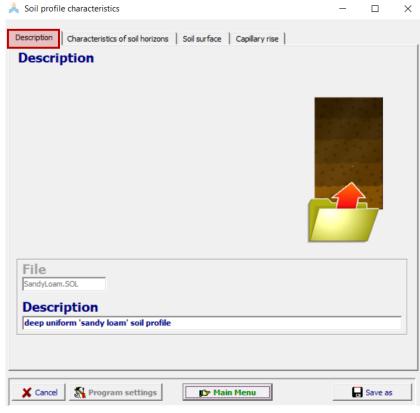
Soil module: soil profile & texture classes

Step 1: click on soil and select/create soil profile file



Step 2: click once on sandy-loam and then click on display soil characteristics



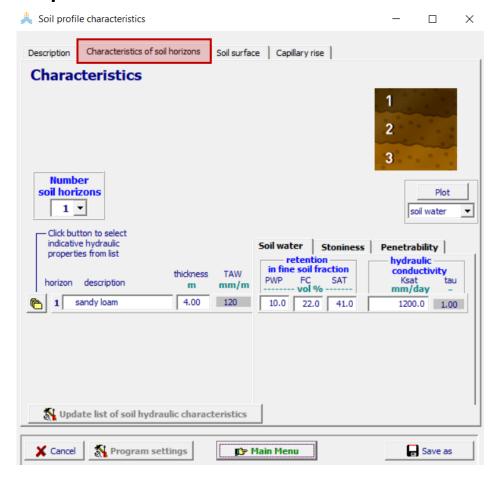




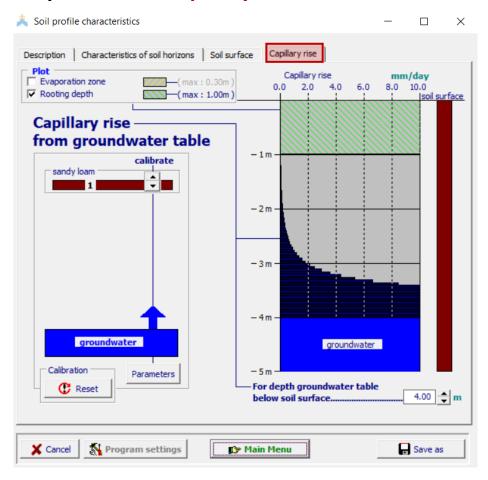
Soil module: soil profile & texture classes

The soil profile can be composed of up to five different horizons of variable depth, each with their own physical characteristics. The characteristics are the water retention in the fine soil fraction at saturation (SAT), field capacity (FC), and at permanent wilting point (PWP), and the hydraulic conductivity of the soil at saturation (Ksat).

Step 1: click on characteristics of soil horizons



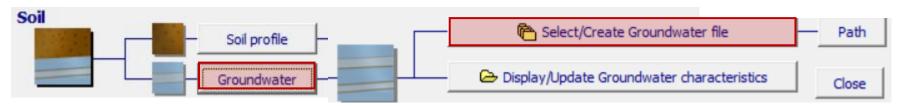
Step 2: click on capillary rise



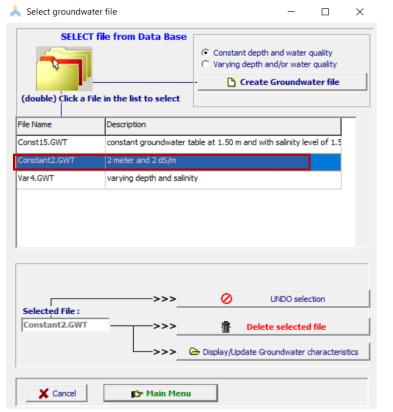


Soil module: groundwater

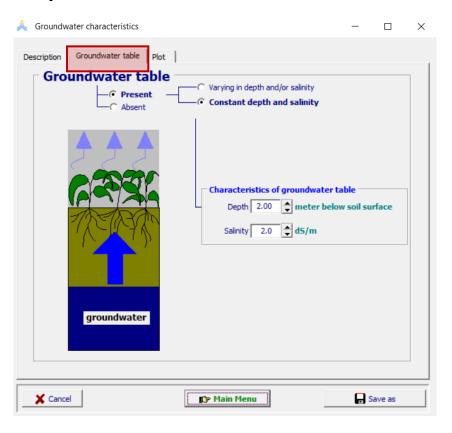
Step 1: click on soil and groundwater, then select/create groundwater file



Step 2: click once on Constant 2 and then click display

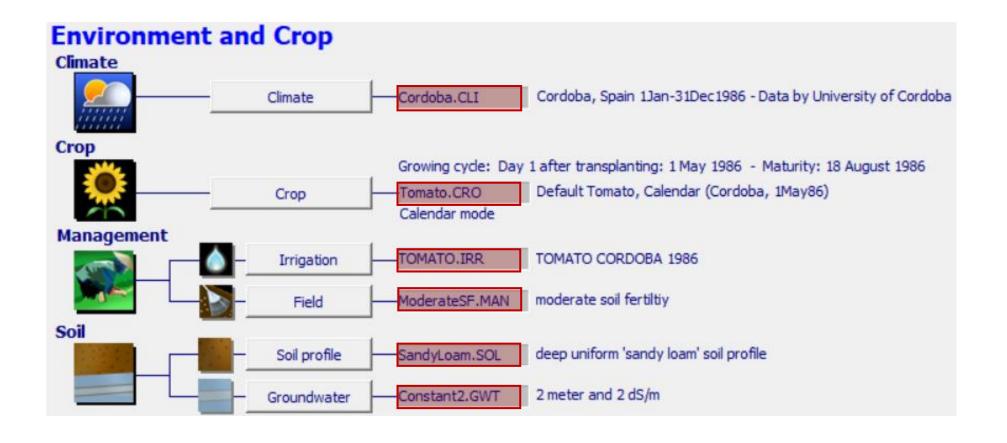


Step 3: click on **Groundwater table**



Summary of input files

Below you will find a summary of selected files to run the simulations, including climate file (Cordoba), crop file (tomato), irrigation schedule (tomato), field management (moderate), soil profile (sandy-loam), and groundwater (constant)



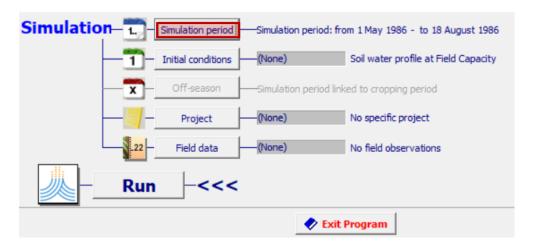
Running the simulations

Objective:

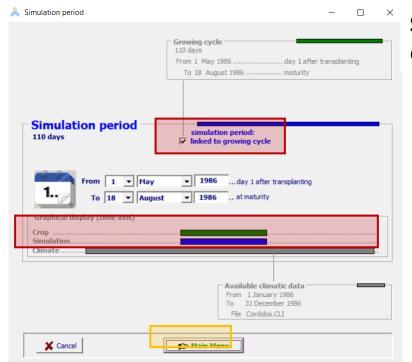
- In this session, we will run all the climate, crop, management and soil modules for tomato grown in Córdoba (South Spain) for the year 1981!
- We will also study some of the emerging outputs from the simulations, specially (i) yield production, (ii) abiotic stresses to crop development and production, (iii) climate and water balance, (iv) transpiration rates, canopy cover development, and root zone depletion.
- ➤ If we have time, we will also look at other outputs emerging from AquaCrop.



Simulation period



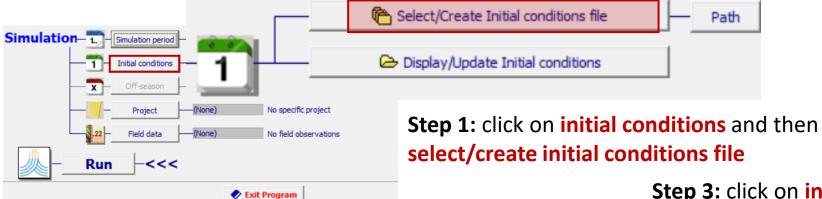
Step 1: click on simulation period



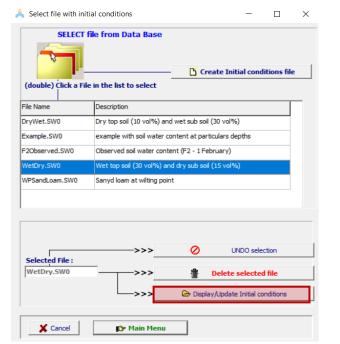
Step 2: double-check that the **simulation period** coincides or its within the timeframe of the climatic file



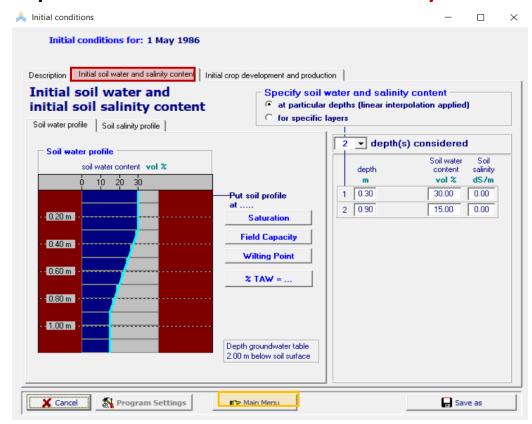
Initial conditions



Step 2: click once on wet/dry and click on display/update initial conditions



Step 3: click on initial soil water and salinity content





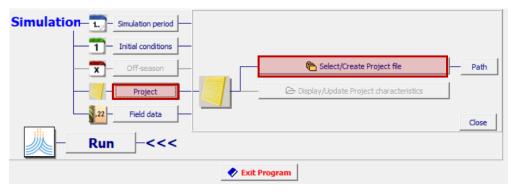
Create project file

🙏 Save as

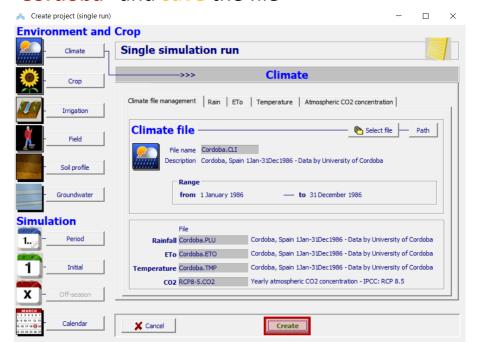
Existing File name
(None)

Description

Step 1: click on project, then select/create project file and click on create project file



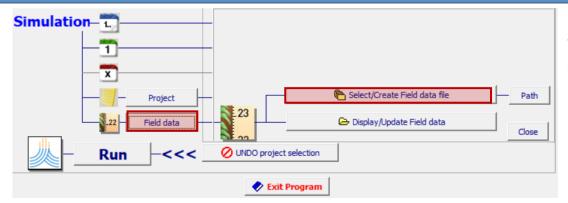
Step 2: click on create, name the file as "tomato Cordoba" and save the file



ate project file	
SELECT file from Data Base	Single simulation run Successive years (multiple runs) Crop rotation (multiple runs)
	Create Project file
File Name Description	
Selected File :	specific project
(None) ->>>	Delete selected file
	Display/Update project characteristics
X Cancel	— (no file is selected)
X Cancel © Main Menu	(no file is selected)
X Cancel Sp Main Menu	— (no file is selected)
X Cancel	(no file is selected)
X Cancel Cancel Cancel	×
	− □ × File name
	− □ × File name

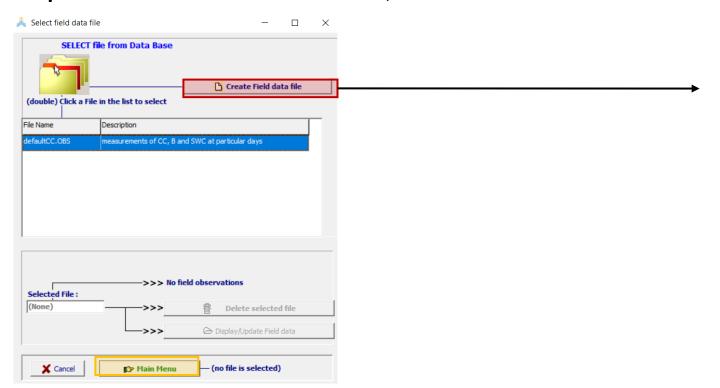


Field data: CC, biomass and SWC observations



Step 1: click on field data, then select/create project file

Step 2-3: click on create field data file, but then click on cancel

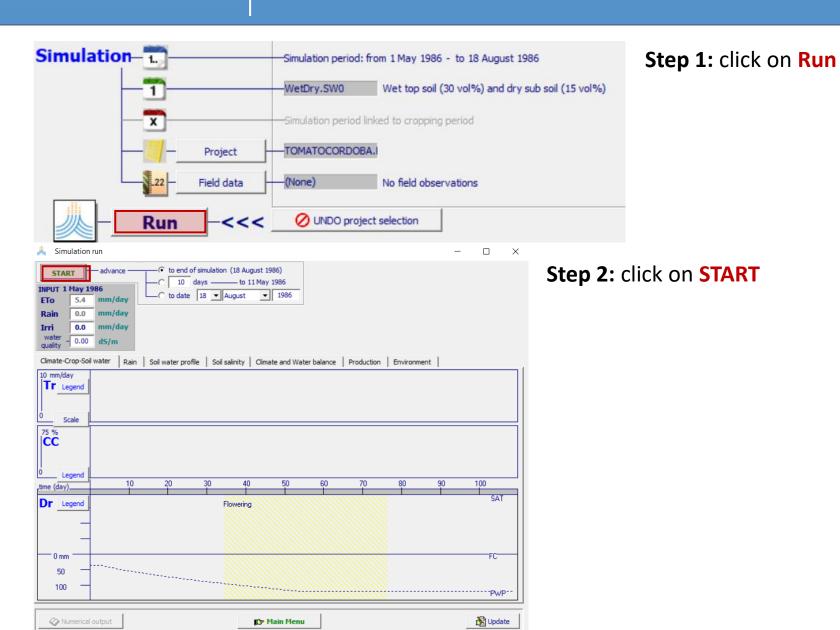


calibrate the model Create field data file . OBS File Description Field data 1 ▼ measurements for soil depth 1.00 🔷 m -IIII Day 1 [%] [ton/ha] Clear measurements Cancel Create

You can introduce field observations

(CC, biomass and SWC) to better

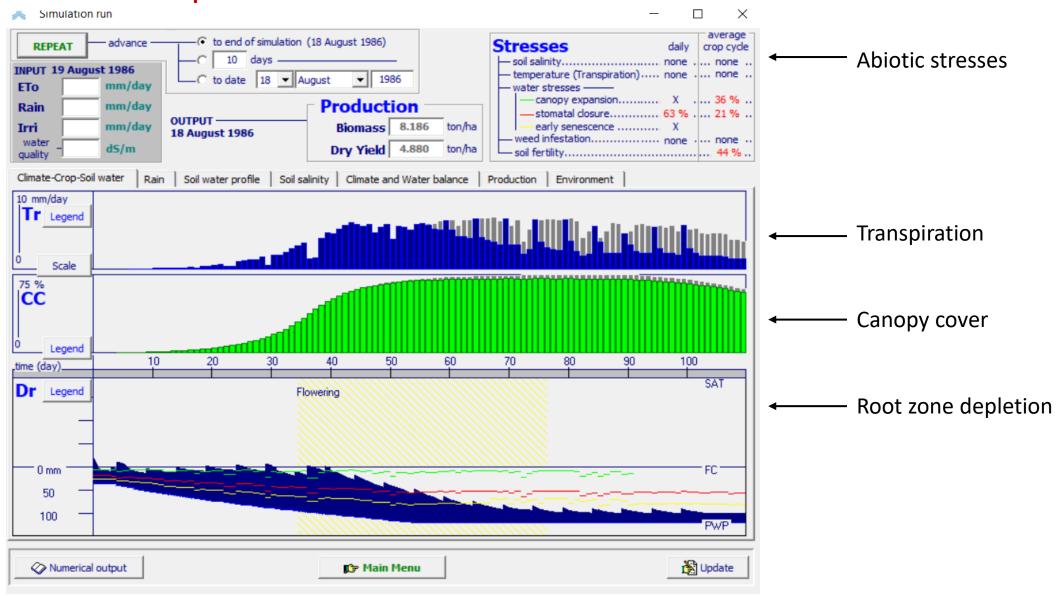
Run the simulations





Simulation outputs: production & stresses

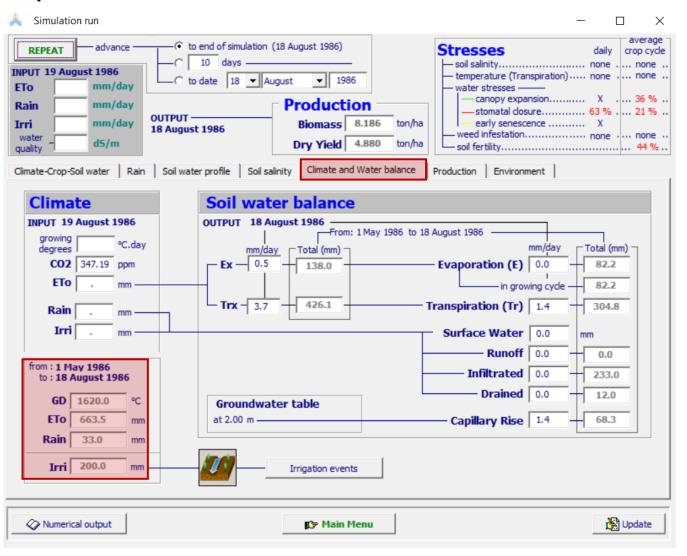
Step 1: click on climate-crop-soil water





Simulation outputs: climate and water balance

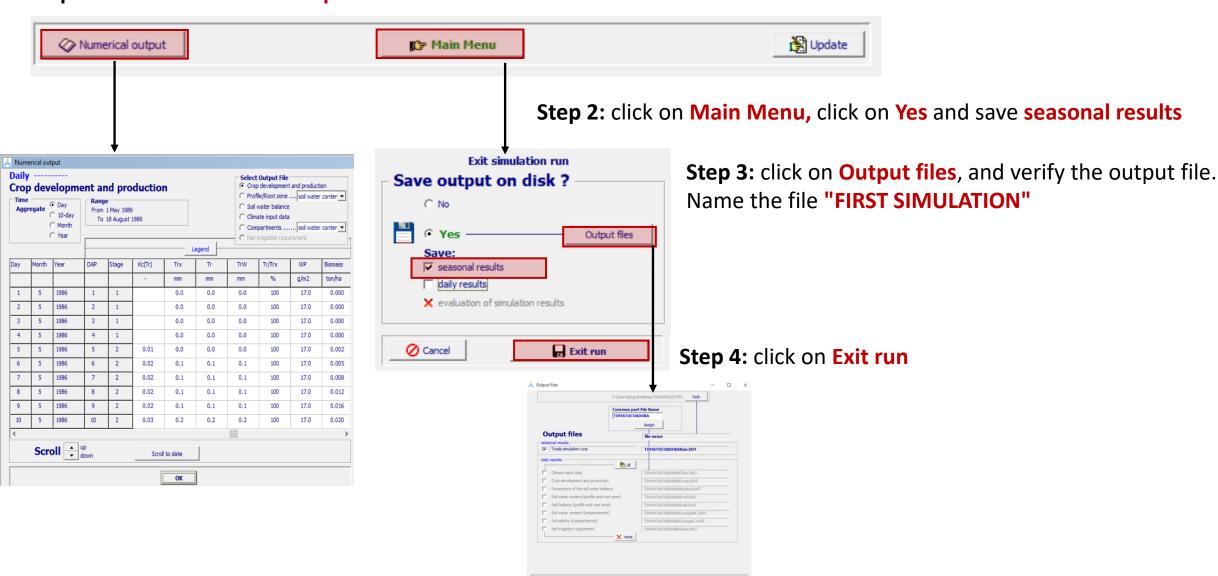
Step 1: click on **Climate and Water Balance**





Simulation outputs: crop development & production

Step 1: click on Numerical output



Thank you!

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