Train a single perceptron and SVM to learn an AND gate with two inputs x1 and x2. Assume that all the weights of the perceptron are initialized as 0. Show the calculation for each step and also draw the decision boundary for each updation.

#### In [ ]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

#### In [ ]:

```
from sympy.plotting import plot_implicit
from sympy import symbols
```

#### In [ ]:

```
# Append 1 to vector and make it -ve for one class (say 0)

def append_vector(df,class_1,class_2,pos_to_append): #assumption class label is last co
lumn , two features
    ext_vect=[]
    for _,row in df.iterrows():
        if row[df.columns[-1]]==int(class_1):
            ext_vect.append(-1)
            row[df.columns[0]]=-1* row[df.columns[0]]
            row[df.columns[1]]=-1* row[df.columns[1]]
        else:
            ext_vect.append(1)

df.insert(pos_to_append,"bias",ext_vect,True)
```

#### In [ ]:

```
def move_sympyplot_to_axes(p, ax):
    backend = p.backend(p)
    backend.ax = ax
    backend._process_series(backend.parent._series, ax, backend.parent)
    backend.ax.spines['right'].set_color('none')
    backend.ax.spines['bottom'].set_position('zero')
    backend.ax.spines['top'].set_color('none')
    plt.close(backend.fig)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

#### In [ ]:

```
def perceptron_iter(df_train,learning_rate=1,weights=None):
    n=len(df_train)
    k=0
    count=0
    all_weights=[]
    if weights == None:
        weights=np.zeros(df_train.shape[1])
    weights=np.array(weights)
    while count != n:
        if weights.T @ np.array(df_train.iloc[k]) > 0:
            count+=1
        else:
            count=0
            weights += learning_rate * df_train.iloc[k]
            count+=1
        k = (k+1)%n
        print(weights)
        all_weights.append(weights.copy())
        # new_list = old_list.copy()
        # plot eqn and points(df train, weights)
    return weights, all weights
```

#### In [ ]:

```
df_list=[[0,0,0],[0,1,0],[1,0,0],[1,1,1]]
```

#### In [ ]:

```
df_org=pd.DataFrame(df_list,columns=['x1','x2','output'])
```

#### In [ ]:

```
df=pd.DataFrame(df_list,columns=['x1','x2','output'])
```

```
In [ ]:
df
Out[]:
   x1 x2 output
 0 0
       0
             0
 1
   0
      1
             0
 2
       0
             0
   1
   1 1
             1
In [ ]:
append_vector(df,0,1,2)
In [ ]:
df
Out[ ]:
   x1 x2 bias output
0 0
       0
           -1
 1
   0 -1
           -1
                  0
           -1
 2 -1
                  0
       0
 3 1 1
           1
                  1
In [ ]:
df_train=df[df.columns[:-1]]
In [ ]:
df_train
Out[ ]:
   x1 x2 bias
   0
       0
           -1
 1
   0 -1
           -1
 2 -1
       0
           -1
 3 1 1
          1
```

# In [ ]:

w,w\_a=perceptron\_iter(df\_train,1,weights=None)

```
0.0
x1
x2
       0.0
bias -1.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
      0.0
x2
       0.0
bias -1.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       0.0
       0.0
x2
bias
      -1.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       1.0
x2
       1.0
bias
      0.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       1.0
x2
       1.0
      -1.0
bias
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       1.0
x2
       0.0
bias
     -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
      1.0
x2
       0.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
x2
       1.0
bias -1.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       2.0
х1
x2
       1.0
bias -1.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
x2
       0.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
      1.0
x2
       0.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
х1
       2.0
x2
       1.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
      2.0
x2
       1.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
x2
      1.0
bias
      -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       1.0
x2
       1.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
```

```
x2
       2.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
x2
       2.0
bias
      -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
     2.0
x2
       1.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
x2
       1.0
bias
      -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
      3.0
x2
       2.0
bias -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       3.0
x2
      2.0
bias
      -2.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       3.0
x2
       1.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       2.0
x1
x2
       1.0
bias
     -4.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       3.0
x2
       2.0
      -3.0
bias
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       3.0
х1
x2
       2.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
       3.0
x1
x2
       2.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       2.0
       2.0
x2
bias -4.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       3.0
x2
       3.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
      3.0
x2
       3.0
bias -3.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       3.0
x2
       2.0
      -4.0
Name: 0, dtype: float64
x1
       3.0
x2
       2.0
```

bias -4.0

Name: 0, dtype: float64

x1 3.0 x2 2.0 bias -4.0

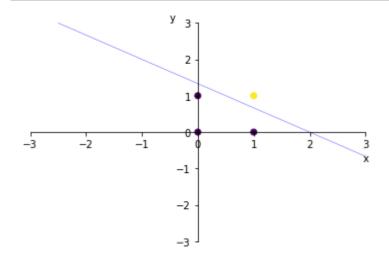
Name: 0, dtype: float64

x1 3.0 x2 2.0 bias -4.0

Name: 0, dtype: float64

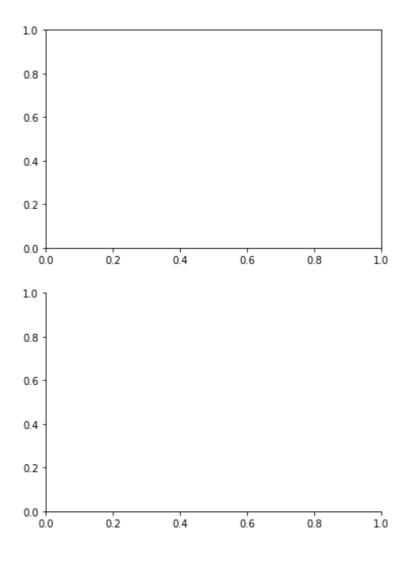
### In [ ]:

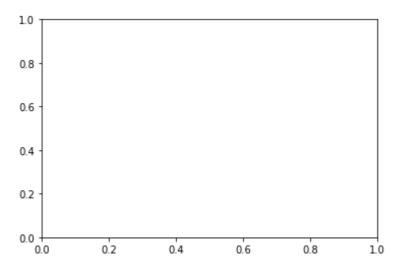
plot\_eqn\_and\_points(df\_org,w)

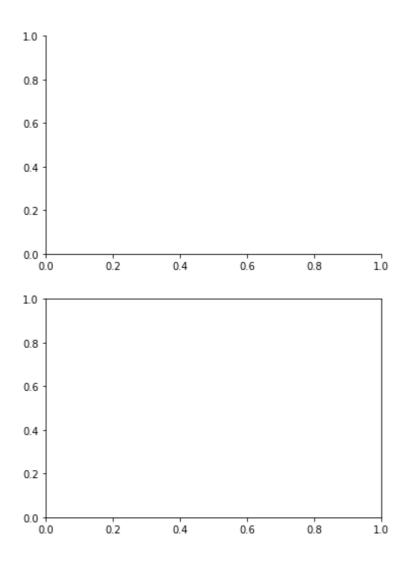


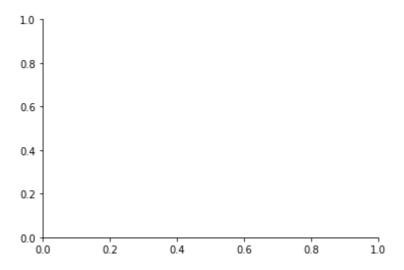
# In [ ]:

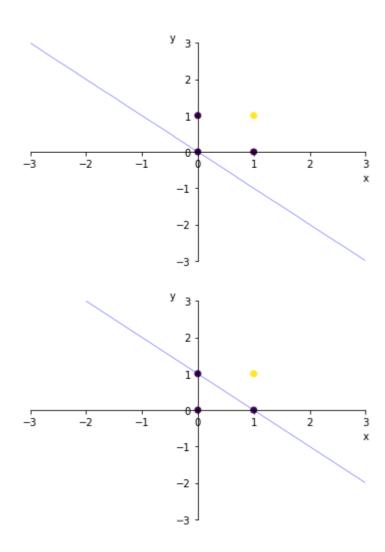
```
for i in w_a:
    try:
    plot_eqn_and_points(df_org,i)
    except:
    pass
```

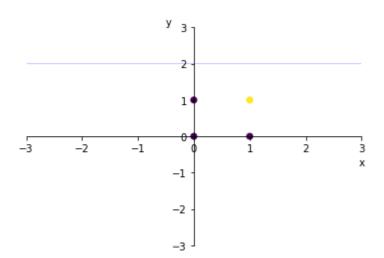


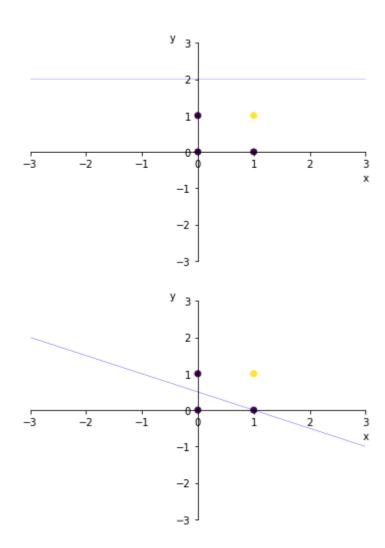


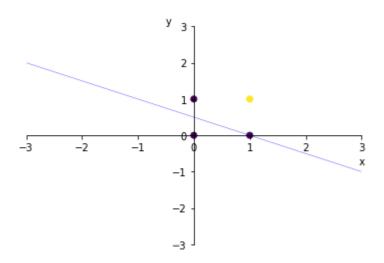


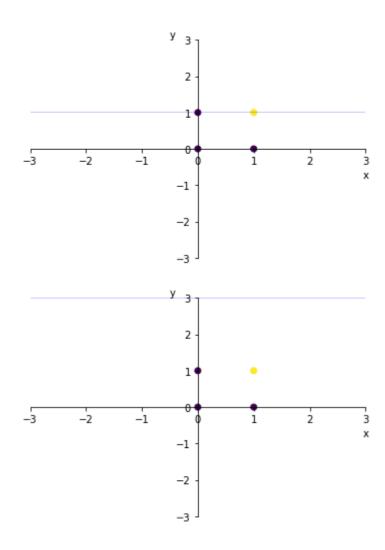


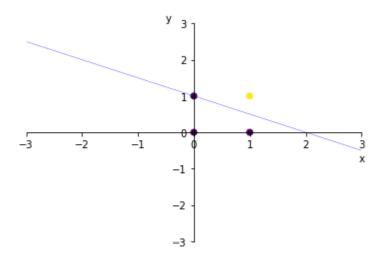


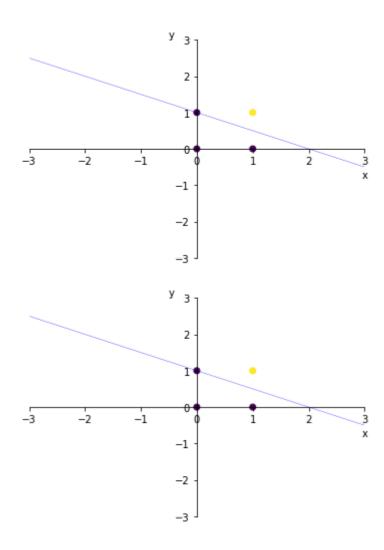


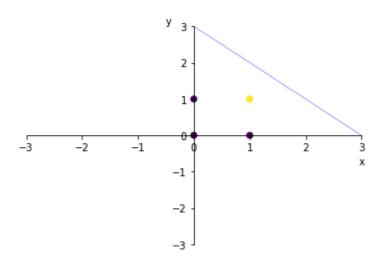


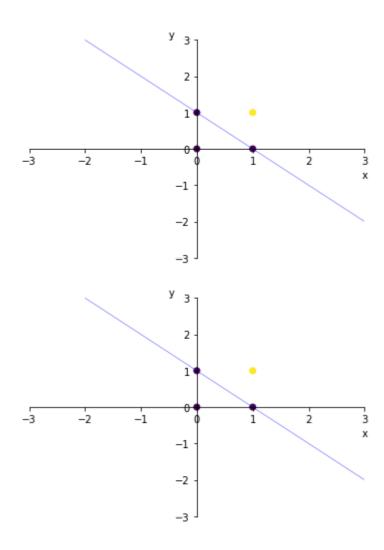


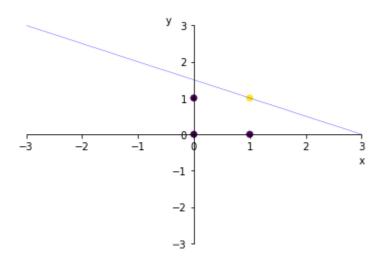


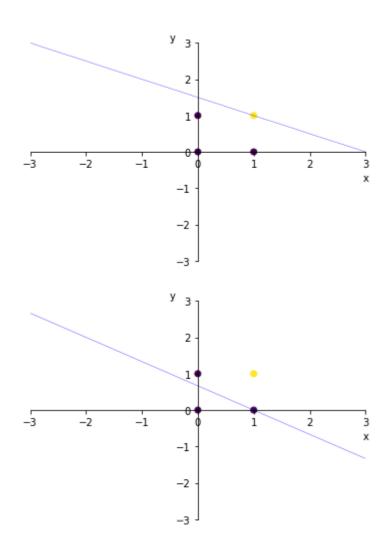


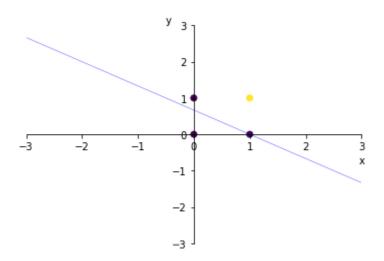


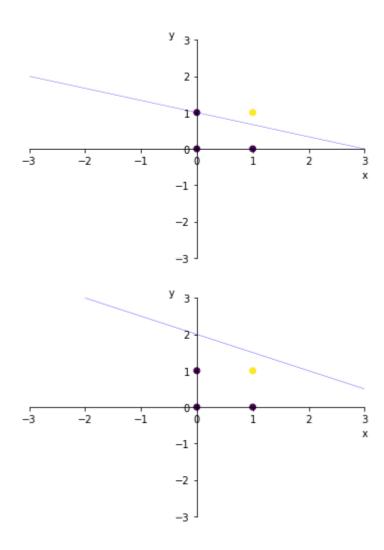


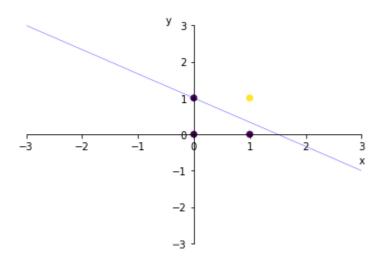


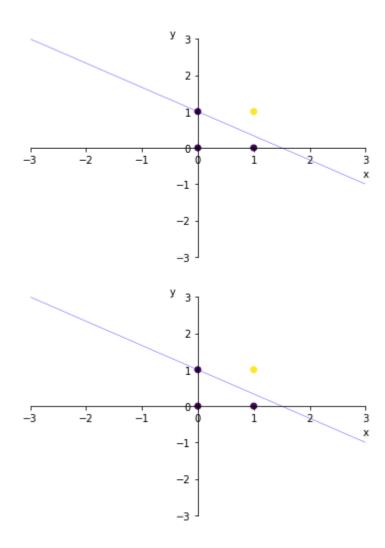


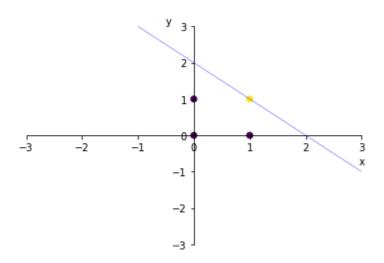


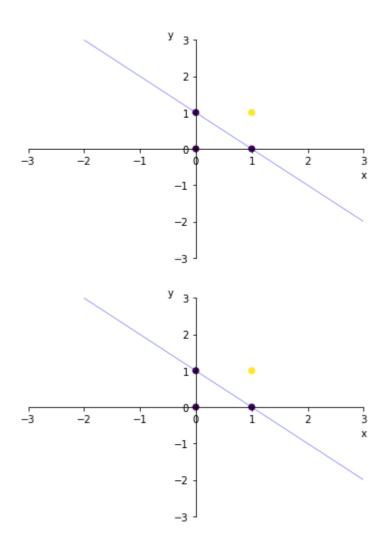


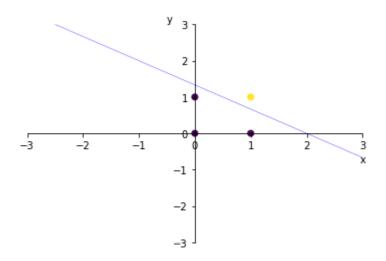


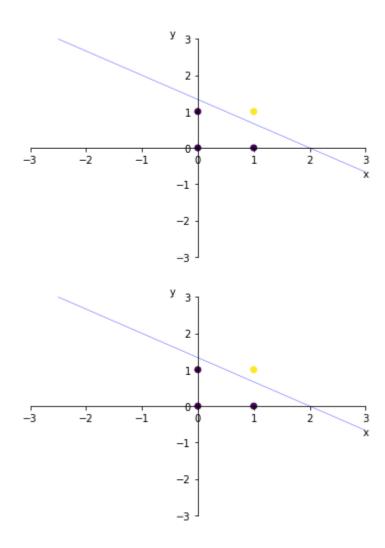


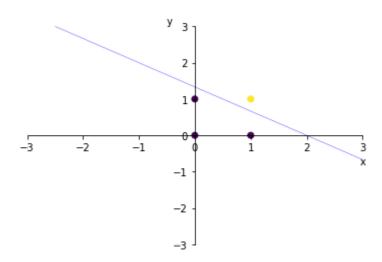












```
In [ ]:
```

W

# Out[ ]:

x1 3.0 x2 2.0 bias -4.0

Name: 0, dtype: float64