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Subject: Digital logic

MID term Assignment.

# MID TERM ASSIGNMENT

## Ans to the Q.No. 1

Octal to Decimal:

$$(26.24)_8$$

Solution:

$$(26.24)_8 = (2 \times 8^1) + (6 \times 8^0) + (2 \times 8^{-1}) + (4 \times 8^{-2})$$

$$= 16 + 6 + 0.25 + 0.0625$$

$$= (22.3125)_{10} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

## Ans to the Q.No. 2.

Binary to hexadecimal:

$$(110.010)_2 = \underbrace{0110}_6 . \underbrace{0100}_4$$

$$= (6.4)_{16} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

Binary to decimal:

$$(110.010)_2 = (1 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) + (0 \times 2^{-1}) + (1 \times 2^{-2}) + (0 \times 2^{-3})$$

$$= 4 + 2 + 0 + 0 + 0.25 + 0$$

$$= 6 + 0.25$$

$$= (6.25)_{10} \quad \underline{\text{Ans}}$$

Ans to the Q.No. 3

Division in binary:  $111011 \div 101$

$$\begin{array}{r} 101 \overline{) 111011} \\ \underline{101} \phantom{00} \\ 100 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{101} \phantom{00} \\ 1000 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{101} \phantom{00} \\ 110 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{101} \phantom{00} \\ 10 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{10} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore 111011 \div 101 = 1011.110$$

Ans to the Q.No. 4

Obtain 2's complements.

$$\begin{array}{r} 10000101 \\ 01111010 \rightarrow 1's \text{ complements.} \end{array}$$

Now,

$$\begin{array}{r} 01111010 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 01111011 \rightarrow 2's \text{ complements.} \end{array}$$

Ans.

Ans to the Q.No. 5

Represent the decimal number to (a) BCD (b) excess-3 code

$$(a) (6248)_{10} \rightarrow \begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 2 & 4 & 8 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 0110 & 0010 & 0100 & 1000 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore (6248)_{10} = (0110001001001000)_{BCD}$$

$$(b) (6248)_{10} \rightarrow \begin{array}{cccc} 6 & 2 & 4 & 8 \\ +3 & +3 & +3 & +3 \\ = 9 & = 5 & = 7 & = 11 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 1001 & 0101 & 0111 & 1011 \end{array}$$

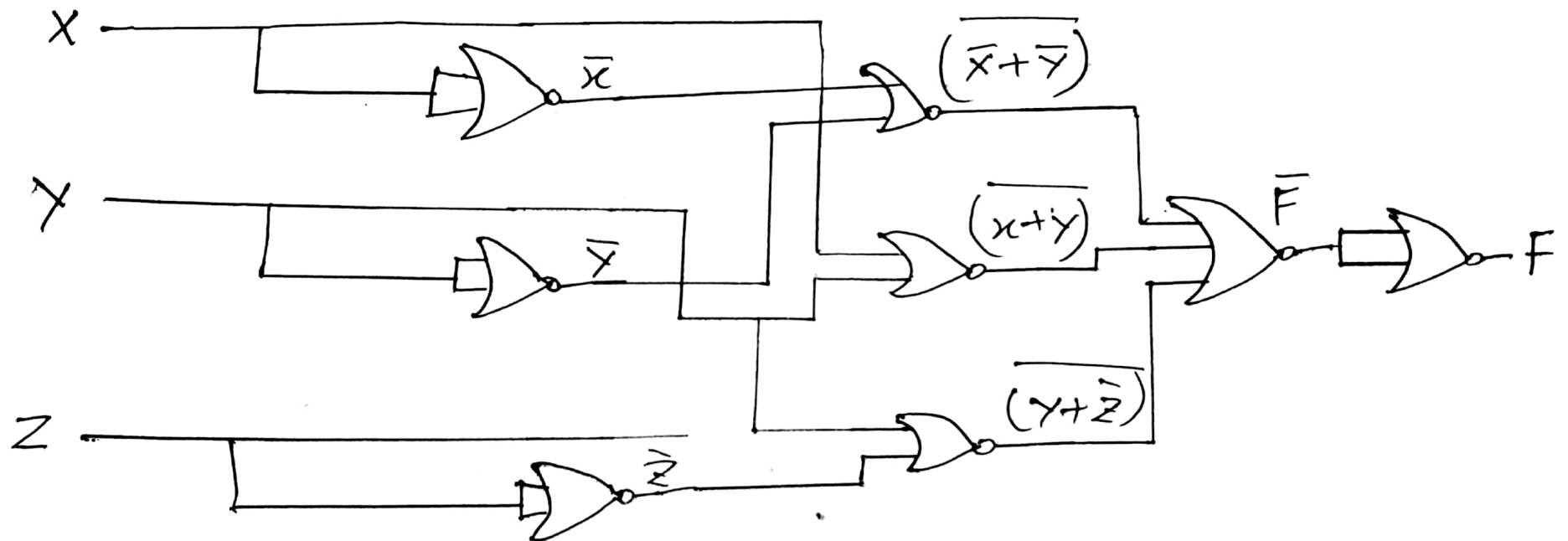
$$\therefore (6248)_{10} \rightarrow (100101010111011)_{\text{excess-3}}$$

Ans to the Q. No. 6.

Implement the Boolean function with only NOR gate.

$$F = XY + \bar{X}\bar{Y} + \bar{Y}Z$$

$$= \overline{(\bar{X} + \bar{Y})} + \overline{(X + Y)} + \overline{(Y + \bar{Z})}$$



Ans to the q.no. 7.

Solution:

$$F(A, B, C, D) = B'D + A'D + BD$$

$$= B'D(C+C') + A'D(B+B') + BD(A+A')$$

$$= B'CD + B'C'D + A'BD + A'B'D + BDA + A'BD$$

$$= B'CD(A+A') + B'C'D(A+A') + A'BD(C+C')$$

$$+ A'B'D(C+C') + ABD(C+C') + A'B'D(C+C')$$

$$= A'B'CD + A'B'CD + AB'C'D + A'B'C'D + A'BCD$$

$$+ A'BC'D + A'B'CD + A'B'C'D + ABCD + ABC'D$$

$$+ A'BCD + A'BC'D$$

AB \ CD	00	01	10	11
00	0	1	0	1
01	0	1	0	1
10	0	1	0	1
11	0	1	0	1

$$\text{SOP: } f = \sum (1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15)$$

$$\text{POS: } f = \prod (0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14)$$

Ans to the Q.No. 8.

~~F(W, X, Y, Z)~~ Boolean function

$$F(W, X, Y, Z) = \sum (1, 3, 7, 11, 15)$$

Don't care condition  $d(W, X, Y, Z) = \sum (0, 2, 5)$

W\YZ	00	01	10	11
00	X	1	X	1
01		X		1
10				1
11				1

$$\therefore F = W'X' + YZ + W'Y'Z$$