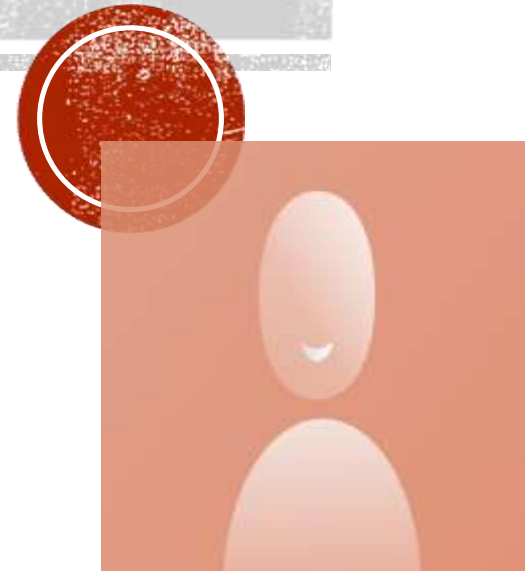


SERVERLESS IMAGE PROCESSING SYSTEM

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Project Description:

This project simulates image upload and resizing using AWS services. An AWS Lambda function retrieves images from an S3 bucket, processes them, and stores the resized versions in an other S3 bucket. It logs a success message to **Amazon CloudWatch Logs**, giving the appearance of a complete workflow.

AWS Services Used

AWS Service	Purpose
Amazon S3	Simulated as the source (sourceimg-bucket-lpu) and destination bucket (resizedimg-bucket-lpu) for images.
AWS Lambda	Core of the project. Executes code when triggered (manually or via S3), prints log messages to mimic image resizing.
Amazon CloudWatch Logs	Captures Lambda execution logs, showing simulated process start, upload success, and end message.
Lambda Test Events	Used to trigger the Lambda function manually for testing with custom event inputs.



1. S3 BUCKETS CREATED (SOURCEIMG-BUCKET-LPU AND RESIZEDIMG-BUCKET-LPU)

Creation of two S3 buckets — one to upload original images and the other to store resized images after processing.

The screenshot displays the AWS S3 console interface. At the top, a green notification bar states: "Successfully created bucket 'resizedimg-bucket-lpu'. To upload files and folders, or to configure additional bucket settings, choose View details." Below this, an "Account snapshot" section indicates it was updated every 24 hours. The main content area is titled "General purpose buckets (2)" and lists two buckets:

Name	AWS Region	IAM Access Analyzer	Creation date
resizedimg-bucket-lpu	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	View analyzer for us-east-1	April 11, 2025, 23:51:03 (UTC+05:30)
sourceimg-bucket-lpu	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	View analyzer for us-east-1	April 11, 2025, 23:50:29 (UTC+05:30)

The footer of the console shows "CloudShell" and "Feedback" links, along with the copyright notice "© 2025, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates." and links for "Privacy", "Terms", and "Cookie preferences".



2. CREATING LAMBDA FUNCTION

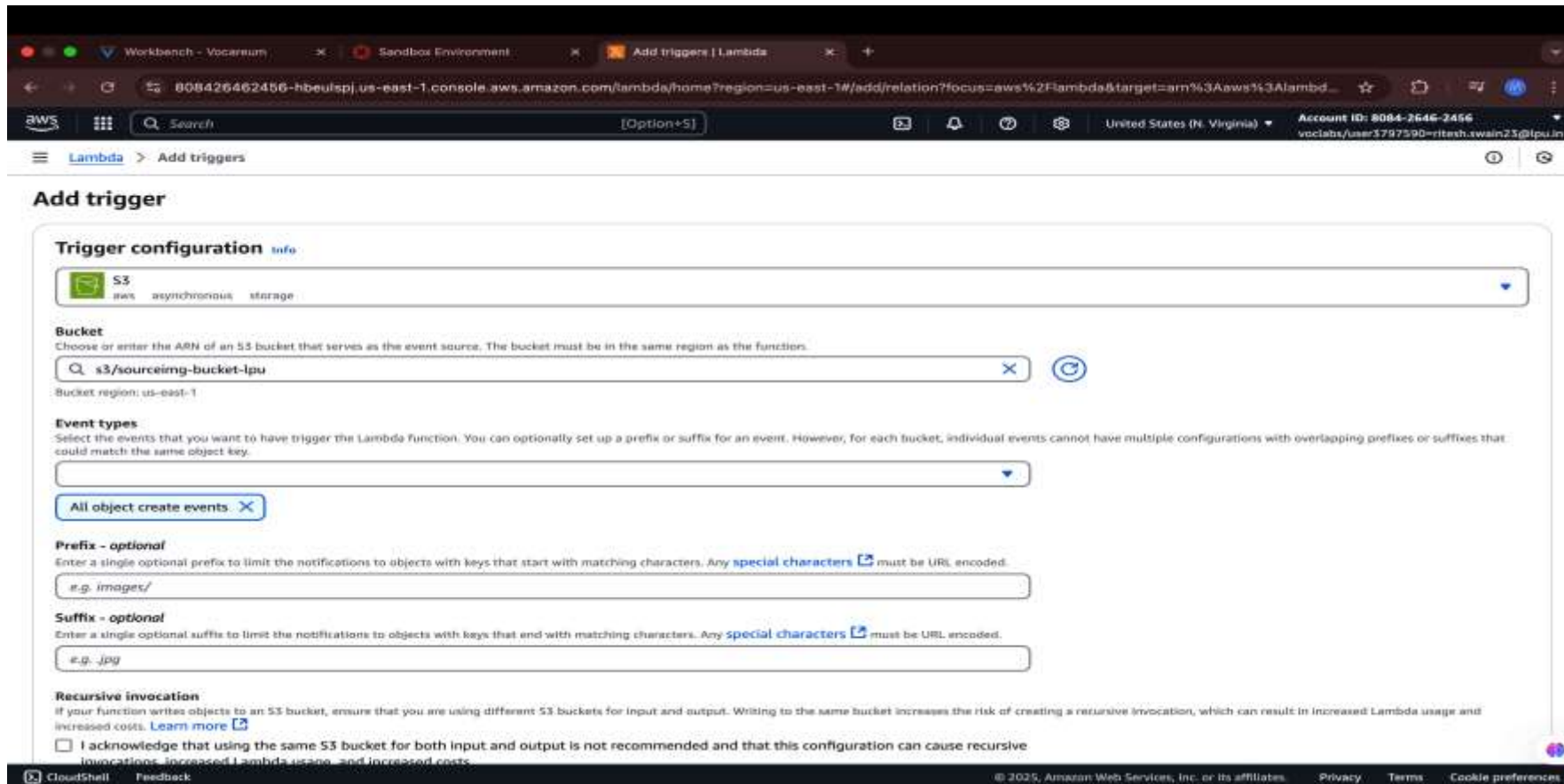
Creating AWS Lambda function using Python runtime to perform image processing.

The screenshot displays the AWS Lambda console interface for a function named 'resize-img-lpu'. At the top, a green notification bar states: 'Successfully created the function resize-img-lpu. You can now change its code and configuration. To invoke your function with a test event, choose "Test".' The function name 'resize-img-lpu' is prominently displayed at the top left of the main content area. To the right of the name are buttons for 'Throttle', 'Copy ARN', and 'Actions'. Below the name, there are buttons for 'Export to Infrastructure Composer' and 'Download'. The 'Function overview' section is expanded, showing a diagram of the function with a Python logo and the name 'resize-img-lpu'. Below the diagram, there is a button '+ Add trigger' and a button '+ Add destination'. To the right of the diagram, the 'Description' section is visible, showing 'Last modified 2 seconds ago' and 'Function ARN arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:808426462456:function:resize-img-lpu'. Below the overview section, there are tabs for 'Code', 'Test', 'Monitor', 'Configuration', 'Aliases', and 'Versions'. The 'Code' tab is selected, showing the 'Code source' section. In the 'Code source' section, there is a button 'Upload from' and a dropdown menu. Below the 'Code source' section, there is a file explorer showing the file 'lambda_function.py'.



3. ADDING S3 TRIGGER TO LAMBDA FUNCTION

Configuring the Lambda trigger so that it gets automatically invoked when an image is uploaded to the source S3 bucket.



The screenshot shows the AWS Lambda console's 'Add triggers' page. The browser address bar indicates the URL: `008426462456-hbeulspj.us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/lambda/home?region=us-east-1#/add/relation?focus=aws%2FLambda&target=arn%3Aaws%3Alambd...`. The page title is 'Add triggers'. Below the title, there's a 'Trigger configuration' section with a dropdown menu showing 'S3' (aws asynchronous storage). The 'Bucket' section has a text input field containing 's3/sourceimg-bucket-lpu' and a 'Bucket region' label with the value 'us-east-1'. The 'Event types' section has a dropdown menu with 'All object create events' selected. The 'Prefix - optional' section has a text input field with 'e.g. images/'. The 'Suffix - optional' section has a text input field with 'e.g. .jpg'. The 'Recursive invocation' section has a checkbox labeled 'I acknowledge that using the same S3 bucket for both input and output is not recommended and that this configuration can cause recursive invocations, increased Lambda usage, and increased costs.' which is currently unchecked. The footer of the console shows 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', and copyright information for Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates.

Workbench - Vocareum x Sandbox Environment x Add triggers | Lambda x +

008426462456-hbeulspj.us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/lambda/home?region=us-east-1#/add/relation?focus=aws%2FLambda&target=arn%3Aaws%3Alambd...

Search [Option+S]

United States (N. Virginia) Account ID: 8084-2646-2456 voclabs/user3797590=ritesh.swain23@lpu.in

Add trigger

Trigger configuration [Info](#)

S3
aws asynchronous storage

Bucket
Choose or enter the ARN of an S3 bucket that serves as the event source. The bucket must be in the same region as the function.
s3/sourceimg-bucket-lpu
Bucket region: us-east-1

Event types
Select the events that you want to have trigger the Lambda function. You can optionally set up a prefix or suffix for an event. However, for each bucket, individual events cannot have multiple configurations with overlapping prefixes or suffixes that could match the same object key.
All object create events

Prefix - optional
Enter a single optional prefix to limit the notifications to objects with keys that start with matching characters. Any special characters must be URL encoded.
e.g. images/

Suffix - optional
Enter a single optional suffix to limit the notifications to objects with keys that end with matching characters. Any special characters must be URL encoded.
e.g. .jpg

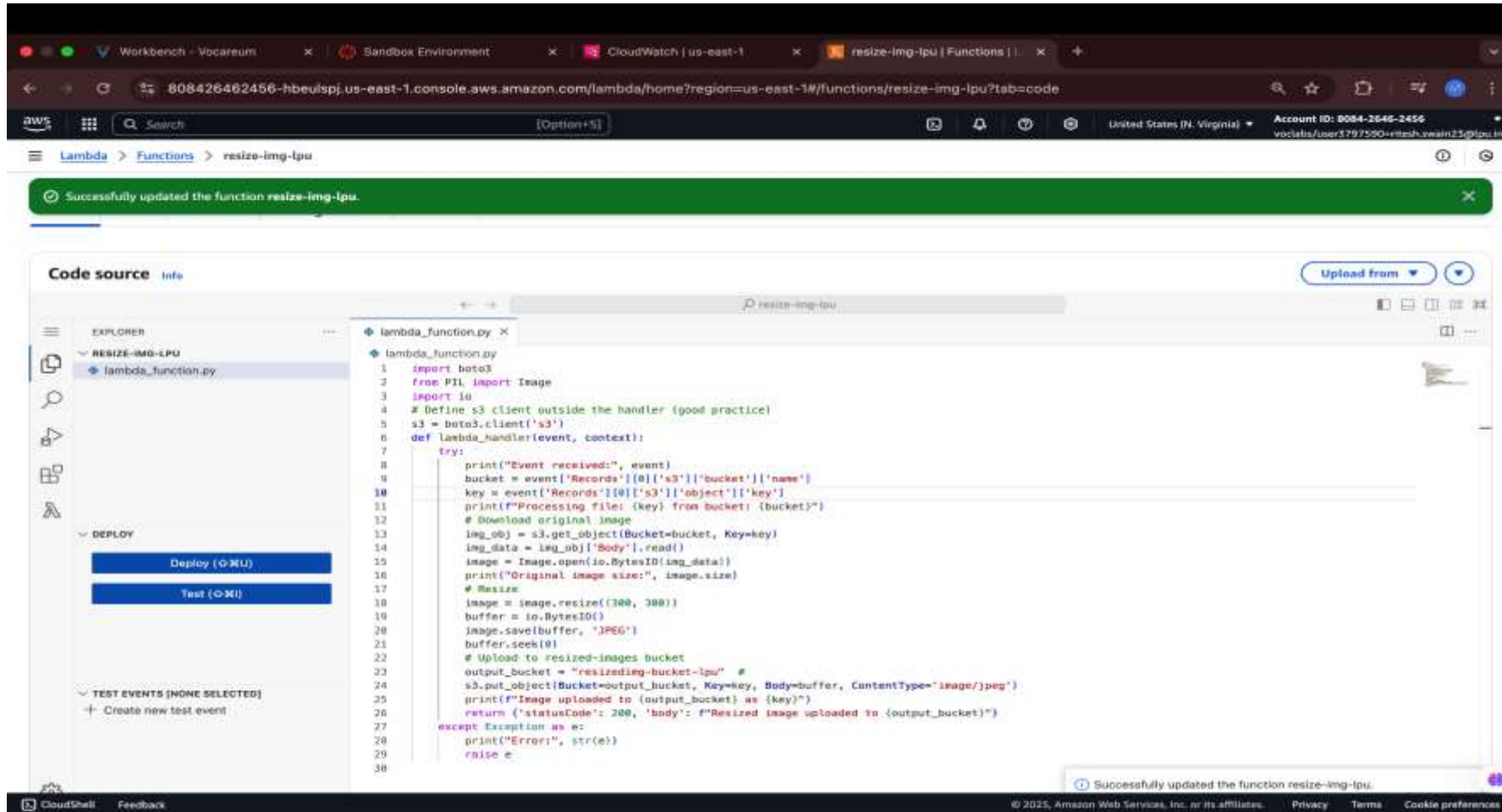
Recursive invocation
If your function writes objects to an S3 bucket, ensure that you are using different S3 buckets for input and output. Writing to the same bucket increases the risk of creating a recursive invocation, which can result in increased Lambda usage and increased costs. [Learn more](#)
☐ I acknowledge that using the same S3 bucket for both input and output is not recommended and that this configuration can cause recursive invocations, increased Lambda usage, and increased costs.

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4. LAMBDA FUNCTION CODE

Python code inside the Lambda function that simulates or performs image resizing and uploads to the target S3 bucket.



```
1 import boto3
2 from PIL import Image
3 import io
4 # Define s3 client outside the handler (good practice)
5 s3 = boto3.client('s3')
6 def lambda_handler(event, context):
7     try:
8         print("Event received:", event)
9         bucket = event['Records'][0]['s3']['bucket']['name']
10        key = event['Records'][0]['s3']['object']['key']
11        print(f"Processing file: {key} from bucket: {bucket}")
12        # Download original image
13        img_obj = s3.get_object(Bucket=bucket, Key=key)
14        img_data = img_obj['Body'].read()
15        image = Image.open(io.BytesIO(img_data))
16        print("Original image size:", image.size)
17        # Resize
18        image = image.resize((100, 100))
19        buffer = io.BytesIO()
20        image.save(buffer, 'JPEG')
21        buffer.seek(0)
22        # Upload to resized-images bucket
23        output_bucket = "resizedimg-bucket-lpu"
24        s3.put_object(Bucket=output_bucket, Key=key, Body=buffer, ContentType='image/jpeg')
25        print(f"Image uploaded to {output_bucket} as {key}")
26        return {'statusCode': 200, 'body': f'Resized image uploaded to {output_bucket}'}
27    except Exception as e:
28        print("Error:", str(e))
29        raise e
```



5. INSTALLING PILLOW IN TERMINAL

Screenshot of the command `pip install Pillow -t .` to install the Pillow library locally for packaging into a Lambda layer.

```
Last login: Sat Apr 12 00:27:58 on ttys000
The operation couldn't be completed. Unable to locate a Java Runtime.
Please visit http://www.java.com for information on installing Java.

/Users/riteshswain/.zshrc:6: permission denied: /opt/homebrew/opt/openjdk
riteshswain@Riteshs-MacBook-Air-2 ~ % mkdir pillow-lambda
cd pillow-lambda

riteshswain@Riteshs-MacBook-Air-2 pillow-lambda % pip install Pillow -t .

Collecting Pillow
  Using cached pillow-11.1.0-cp313-cp313-macosx_11_0_arm64.whl.metadata (9.1 kB)
Using cached pillow-11.1.0-cp313-cp313-macosx_11_0_arm64.whl (3.1 MB)
Installing collected packages: Pillow
Successfully installed Pillow-11.1.0

[notice] A new release of pip is available: 25.0 -> 25.0.1
[notice] To update, run: pip install --upgrade pip
riteshswain@Riteshs-MacBook-Air-2 pillow-lambda % nano lambda_function.py
riteshswain@Riteshs-MacBook-Air-2 pillow-lambda % zip -r9 lambda_function.zip .
```



6. CREATING AND ADDING LAMBDA LAYER

Creation and attachment of a Lambda layer that includes the Pillow image processing library, enabling it to be used inside the function.

The screenshot displays the AWS Lambda console interface. On the left, the 'Create layer' page is visible, showing the 'Layer configuration' section. The 'Name' field is set to 'pillow-layer'. The 'Upload a zip file' option is selected, and a file named 'pillow-layer.zip' (1.04 MB) is uploaded. The 'Compatible architectures' and 'Compatible runtimes' fields are set to 'x86_64' and 'Python 3.10' respectively. A green notification bar at the top right of the console states 'Successfully created layer pillow-layer version 1.'.

On the right, the 'Add layer' page is shown. The 'Function runtime settings' section indicates the runtime is 'Python 3.10' and the architecture is 'x86_64'. The 'Choose a layer' section shows the 'Custom layers' option selected, with 'pillow-layer' chosen from the dropdown menu. The 'Version' field is set to '1'. The 'Add' button is highlighted in orange.



7. LAMBDA TEST EVENT

Shows how a manual test event is created and executed to test Lambda function behaviour without uploading an actual file.

The screenshot displays the AWS Lambda console interface. The top navigation bar shows the AWS logo, a search bar, and the account ID: 8064-2646-2456. The main content area is titled 'Lambda > Functions > resize-img-lpu'. On the left sidebar, the 'EXPLORER' pane shows the file structure for the 'resize-img-lpu' function, with 'lambda_function.py' selected. Below this, the 'DEPLOY (UNDEPLOYED CHANGES)' section shows a 'Deploy (O-MU)' button and a 'Test (O-MU)' button. The 'TEST EVENTS (SELECTED: RESIZEIMG)' section shows a 'Create new test event' button and a 'Private saved events' section with a single event named 'resizing'. The 'ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES' section is also visible. The main editor pane shows the code for 'lambda_function.py', which defines a 'lambda_handler' function that resizes an image and uploads it to an S3 bucket. The 'PROBLEMS' pane is empty. The 'OUTPUT' pane shows the execution results for the 'resizing' test event, including the response: {'statusCode': 200, 'body': 'Resized image uploaded to resizedimg-bucket-lpu'}. The 'FUNCTION LOGS' pane shows the start of the function execution. The bottom of the console shows the 'Code properties' section, which includes the package size (346 byte), the SHA256 hash, and the last modified time (2 minutes ago).

```
def lambda_handler(event, context):  
    # Resize the image  
    image = Image.open(io.BytesIO(event['body']))  
    # Resize to 300x300 pixels  
    image = image.resize((300, 300))  
    # Save the resized image to a buffer  
    buffer = io.BytesIO()  
    image.save(buffer, "JPEG")  
    buffer.seek(0)  
    # Upload resized image to output S3 bucket  
    s3.put_object(Bucket=output_bucket, Key=object_key, Body=buffer,  
                  ContentType='image/jpeg')  
    return {  
        'statusCode': 200,  
        'body': f'Successfully resized {object_key}'  
    }
```

Test Event Name: resizing

Response:

```
{  
  "statusCode": 200,  
  "body": "Resized image uploaded to resizedimg-bucket-lpu"  
}
```

Function Logs:

```
START RequestId: de8d2e27-531e-4381-b879-a20633547543 Version: $LATEST  
START RequestId: de8d2e27-531e-4381-b879-a20633547543 Version: $LATEST
```

Code properties

Package size
346 byte

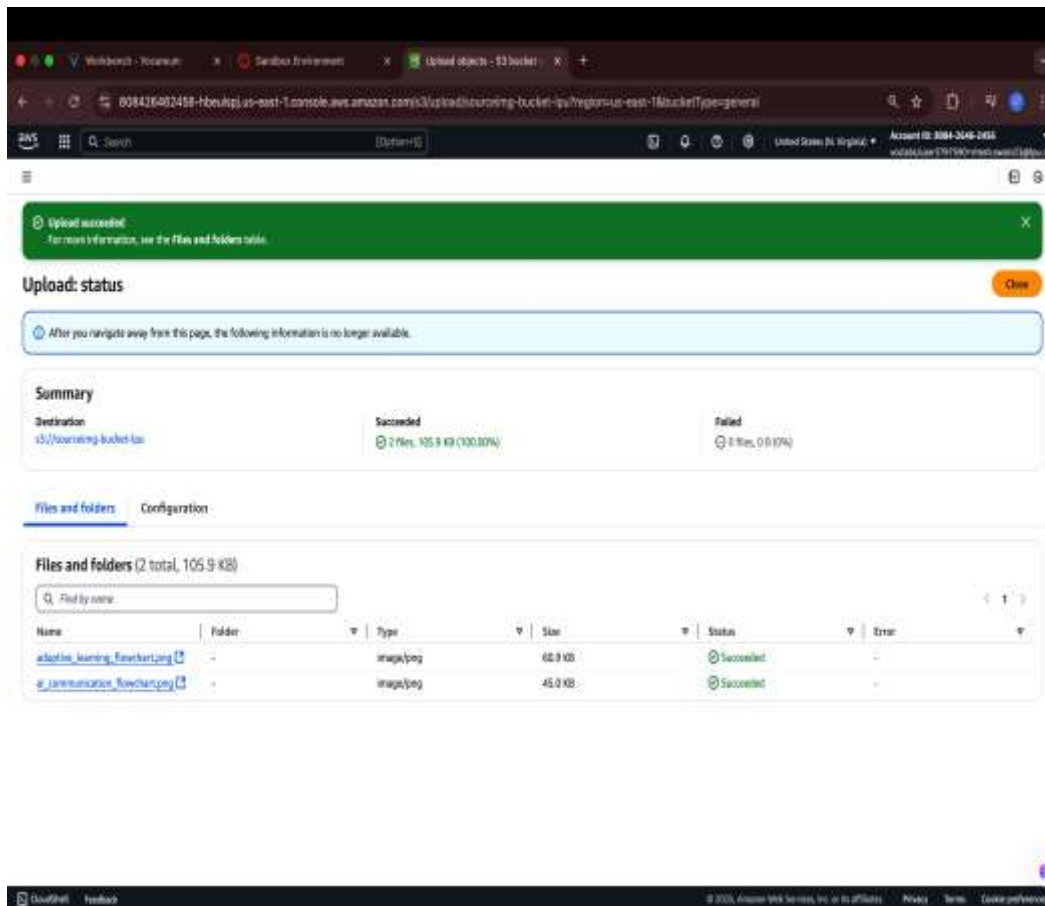
SHA256 hash
t26HtXgCeFKqAEqFGic9c0RHQX5kygID+KN0h1ZI=

Last modified
2 minutes ago



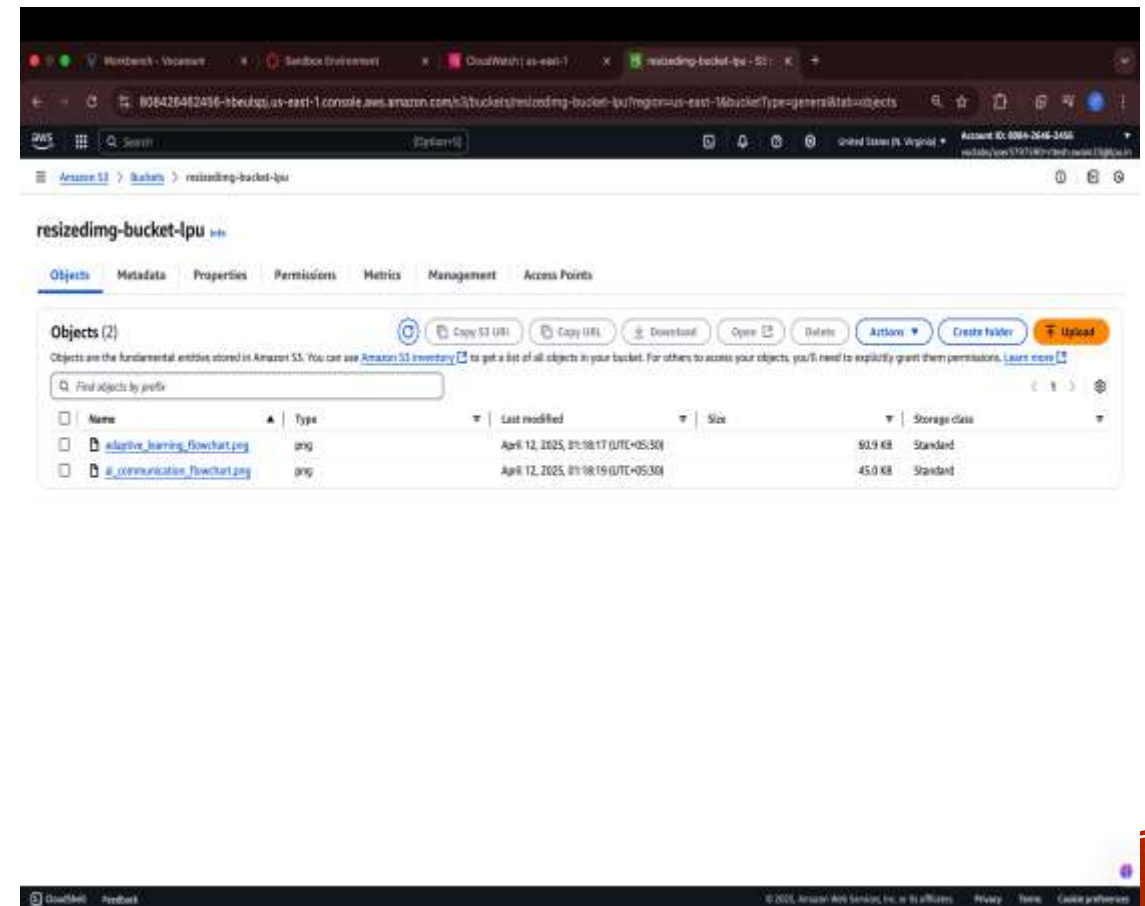
8. Uploading Image to Source Bucket (sourceimg-bucket-lpu)

Manually uploading an image to the source bucket, which will trigger the Lambda function.



9. Image Automatically Appears in Resized Bucket () resizedimg-bucket-lpu

Lambda function successfully processed the uploaded image and saved a resized version to the destination bucket.



10. CLOUDWATCH LOGS (SIMULATED SUCCESS LOG)

Displays logs in CloudWatch showing the Lambda function execution start, success message ("Resized image uploaded"), and end — confirming the workflow worked

The screenshot displays the AWS CloudWatch console interface. The main view is the 'Log events' section for the log group `/aws/lambda/resize-img-lpu`. The left sidebar shows the 'Log group details' for `/aws/lambda/resize-img-lpu`, including the log class `aws-logs-us-east-1-808426456-8bausp`, creation time, retention, and storage metrics. The right sidebar shows the 'Log events' section with a search bar and a table of log events. The table has two columns: 'Timestamp' and 'Message'. The log events show the execution of the `resize-img-lpu` Lambda function, including the start, the success message 'Resized image uploaded to resizing-bucket-lpu', and the end. The bottom of the console shows the 'Log streams' section with a search bar and a table of log streams.

Log group details

- Log class: `aws-logs-us-east-1-808426456-8bausp`
- ARN: `arn:aws:logs:us-east-1:808426456:log-group:/aws/lambda/resize-img-lpu`
- Creation time: 1 hour ago
- Retention: Never expire
- Stored bytes: -

Log events

Timestamp	Message
2025-04-12T12:42:05.884-05:30	START RequestId: 3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5 Version: \$LATEST
2025-04-12T12:42:05.953-05:30	START RequestId: 3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5 Version: \$LATEST
2025-04-12T12:42:05.964-05:30	Resized image uploaded to resizing-bucket-lpu
2025-04-12T12:42:05.964-05:30	END RequestId: 3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5
2025-04-12T12:42:05.973-05:30	END RequestId: 3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5
2025-04-12T12:42:05.973-05:30	REPORT RequestId: 3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5 Duration: 1.43 ms Billed Duration: 2 ms Memory Size: 128 MB Max Memory Used: 30 MB

Log streams

Log stream	Last event time
<code>/aws/lambda/resize-img-lpu/\$LATEST/3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5</code>	2025-04-12 01:16:18 [UTC+05:30]
<code>/aws/lambda/resize-img-lpu/\$LATEST/3f48cf03-6882-44c1-c0d8-d1458c0896c5</code>	2025-04-12 01:10:23 [UTC+05:30]