Source code indexer

CTAGS

What does it do?

- Indexes source code for fast lookups of methods, variables, structs, macros, ...
- But LXR does this...
 - Ctags can be used directly in vim or emacs
 - Don't need to switch to a browser
 - Faster

How to install

- aptitude install ctags (installs exuberant ctags)
- Run "ctags –R" while in the linux kernel source directory
 - Creates a file called "tags" in the source directory
 - Running "ctags –R <source dir>" creates an index of <source dir>, but creates the file in the pwd

Basic Commands

- Vim –t <tag>
 - Jumps to first match of tag
- In normal mode
 - tjump <tag> or :tjump /<pattern>
 - Search for tag or pattern, allow user to select from matches
 - :tag <tag> or :tag /<pattern>
 - Search for tag or pattern, jump to first match

More Commands

- In normal mode
 - :tags
 - Display current tag stack
 - :pop
 - Pop top tag from stack, go to tag on top of stack

Basic Key Mappings

- In normal mode
 - g Ctrl-] :tjump <word under cursor>
 - Allow user to select match for tag under cursor
 - Ctrl-] :tag <word under cursor>
 - Jump to first match of tag under cursor
 - Ctrl-T :pop
 - Pop top tag from stack, go to new tag on top of stack

Window Key Mappings

- Ctrl-W g] :stjump <word under cursor>
 - Split window, and allow user to select match of tag
- Ctrl-W] :stag <word under cursor>
 - Split window, go to first match of tag
- Ctrl-W g } :ptjump
 - Open preview window, allow user to select match of tag
- Ctrl-W } :ptag <word under cursor>
 - Open preview window, go to first match of tag

```
# pri kind tag
                          file
 1 F f printk /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/a
            asmlinkage int printk(const char *fmt, ...)
                 /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/a
 2 F f printk
            static inline int printk(const char *fmt, ...)
                  /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/i
 3 F
     f printk
            int printk(const char *s, ...)
 4 F d printk /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/i
           129
                 /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/k
 5 F v printk
            EXPORT SYMBOL (printk);
                   /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/k
 6 F f
          printk
            asmlinkage int printk(const char *fmt, ...)
 7 FS d printk /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/d
           58
 8 FS m printk
                 /home/devicedriver/linux-3.2.36/t
            struct:printk map
            char *printk;
Type number and <Enter> (empty cancels):
```

```
devicedriver@cop5641-8: ~/Modules
                                                                                                                                                   * notice the new output in console_unlock(); and will send it to the
 * consoles before releasing the lock.
 * One effect of this deferred printing is that code which calls printk() and
 * then changes console loglevel may break. This is because console loglevel
 * is inspected when the actual printing occurs.
 * See also:
 * printf(3)
 * See the vsnprintf() documentation for format string extensions over C99.
asmlinkage int printk(const char *fmt, ...)
        va list args;
        int r;
#ifdef CONFIG KGDB KDB
        if (unlikely(kdb_trap_printk)) {
               va start(args, fmt);
                r = vkdb printf(fmt, args);
               va end(args);
                return r;
#endif
       va start(args, fmt);
       r = vprintk(fmt, args);
~/linux-3.2.36/kernel/printk.c
                                                                                                                                            738,1
MODULE LICENSE ("Dual BSD/GPL");
static int hello init(void)
        printk(KERN EMERG "Hello, world\n");
        return 0;
static void hello_exit(void)
        printk(KERN EMERG "Goodbye, cruel world\n");
module init(hello init);
module exit(hello_exit);
hello.c
                                                                                                                                            10,12
                                                                                                                                                           Bot
```

```
devicedriver@cop5641-8: ~/Modules
                                                                                                                                                 * printf(3)
* See the vsnprintf() documentation for format string extensions over C99.
asmlinkage int printk(const char *fmt, ...)
       va list args;
       int r;
#ifdef CONFIG KGDB KDB
       if (unlikely(kdb_trap_printk)) {
~/linux-3.2.36/kernel/printk.c [Preview]
                                                                                                                                          738,1
                                                                                                                                                         41%
#include <linux/init.h>
#include ux/module.h>
MODULE LICENSE ("Dual BSD/GPL");
static int hello_init(void)
       printk(KERN EMERG "Hello, world\n");
       return 0;
static void hello exit(void)
       printk(KERN EMERG "Goodbye, cruel world\n");
module_init(hello_init);
module exit(hello exit);
hello.c
                                                                                                                                          10,12
"~/linux-3.2.36/kernel/printk.c" 1763L, 44585C
```

Other notes

- Vim looks for tags file in tags option, or, if it doesn't exist, for the tags file in its pwd
 - :set tags=<tags file>
 - Add to .vimrc if lazy
- ctags --list-kinds=c, list kinds of tags for c language

More Notes

- Ctrl-] and g Ctrl-] open result in current window
 - If current buffer in vim isn't saved, vim complains
 - Auto save buffer on buffer switch with :set autowrite, or tell vim to ignore unsaved buffers with :set hidden (be careful doing :q! with this option)
 - Or just save the file

References

- http://vim.wikia.com/wiki/Browsing_programs_with_tags
- http://ctags.sourceforge.net/ctags.html