



# Yocto and Device Tree Management

## for Embedded Linux Projects

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# Agenda

## Yocto and Device Tree Management for Embedded Linux Projects

### The Yocto Project

- Introduction
- Ecosystem and Partnerships
- Advantages: Community and System
- Device Tree

### PHYTEC and Yocto

- Unified Board Support Packages (BSPs)
- Release Management, Meta Data and BSP Software Components
- PHYTEC Linux Script
- About PHYTEC

# The Yocto Project

## Introduction

Yocto is:

- Open-source Project to make Embedded Linux Development Easier
- Templates, Tools, Methods for custom Linux regardless of platform
- Build System=Bitbake+Metadata as a core project component
- Community & Industry sponsored and backed

For those of you who are wondering about the name, the term *yocto* is the smallest SI unit. As a prefix, yocto indicates  $10^{-24}$ .

# The Yocto Project

## Ecosystem and Participants

PHYTEC



# The Yocto Project

## Core Components-build System

BitBake: the build engine-task scheduler & executor

OpenEmbedded-Core: a set of base layers

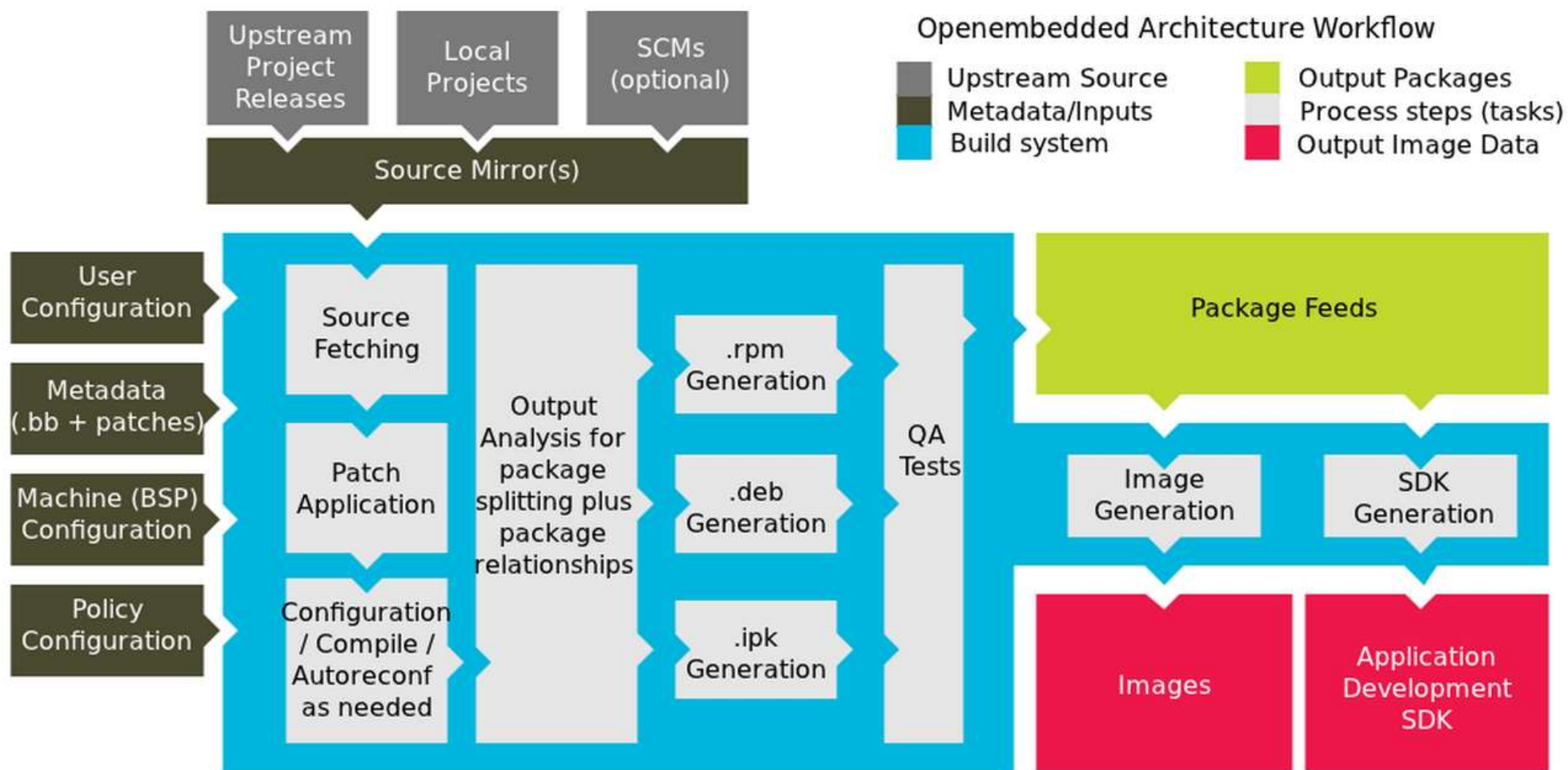
Layers: Collection of metadata to abstract specific functionality and fulfill a specific purpose

Metadata: Task Definition-what & how to build

- Recipes (.bb): the logical units of software/images to build
- Classes (.bbclass): abstraction to common code(task)
- Configuration files (.conf): global definitions of variables (eg. Machine architecture, file path )

# The Yocto Project

## Build System workflow

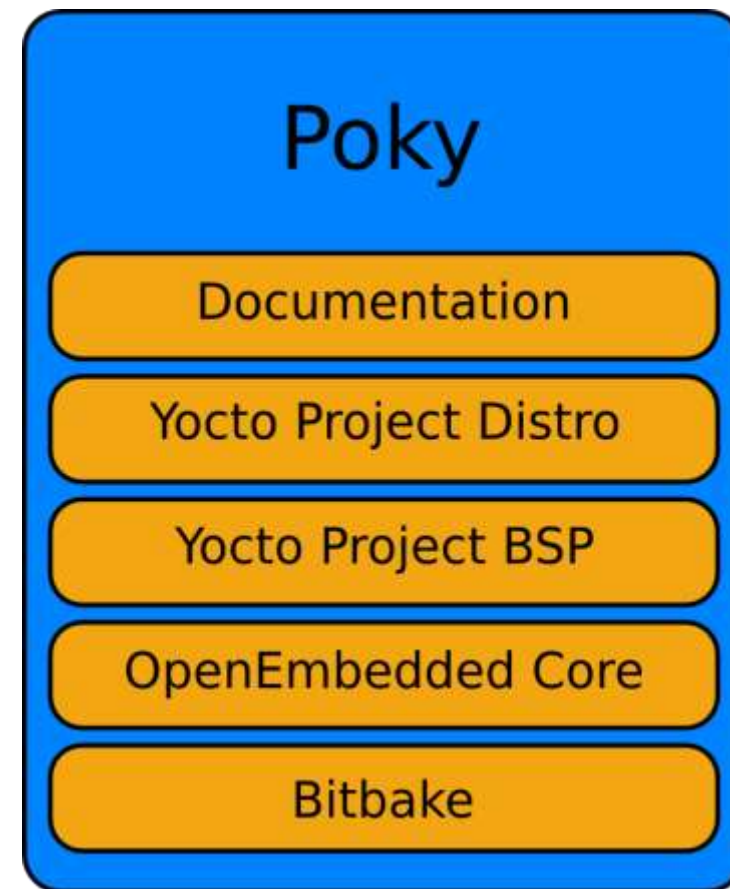




# The Yocto Project

## Poky-the reference build system

- Poky is a reference system of the Yocto Project
- Poky contains tools, OE-Core, a BSP and other software package or layers to run the build.
- Poky offers Starting Point to create your own build
- Modular design makes it easy to reuse/customize the layers and integrate third party tools
- Includes many technologies and features such as
  - GNOME Mobile
  - Gstreamer
  - OpenGL
  - ...much more



# The Yocto Project

## Development based on Yocto

- YOCTO maintain up-to-date baseline/reference build system
- SOC/Silicon vendors provide/add support on, reference BSP with SOC/EVM specific layer
- SOM/BOARD vendors add supports reference BSP with BOARD specific layer
- Third Party software/package provide can add supports at software package layer
- OSV/System integrator/application device manufacturer can add support on & integrate all resources to build a commercial distro, and based on which develop commercial application products



# The Yocto Project

## Advantages

Well Managed common build system regardless of hardware platform:

- Start with a validated collection of software (toolchain, kernel, user space)
- Supports all major embedded architectures
- Rich documentation, guideline with reference for familiarization
- Save time learning and setting up new development environment (for app developer & sys developer)

Modular design encourages modular development, reuse, and easy customizations

- Developers may leverage and expand on existing Yocto Project layers
- Software projects, contained in layers, can be easily ported between distributions
- Separation of BSP, application, and software packages allow development to be distributed

# Device Tree

## Structure

Simple Tree of nodes and properties

- Define pinout and layout of connections
- Describe the configuration of peripherals and active components
- Describes interrupt controllers and IRQs

Used by the Linux kernel and barebox

# Device Tree

## Structure – Example of defining a UART

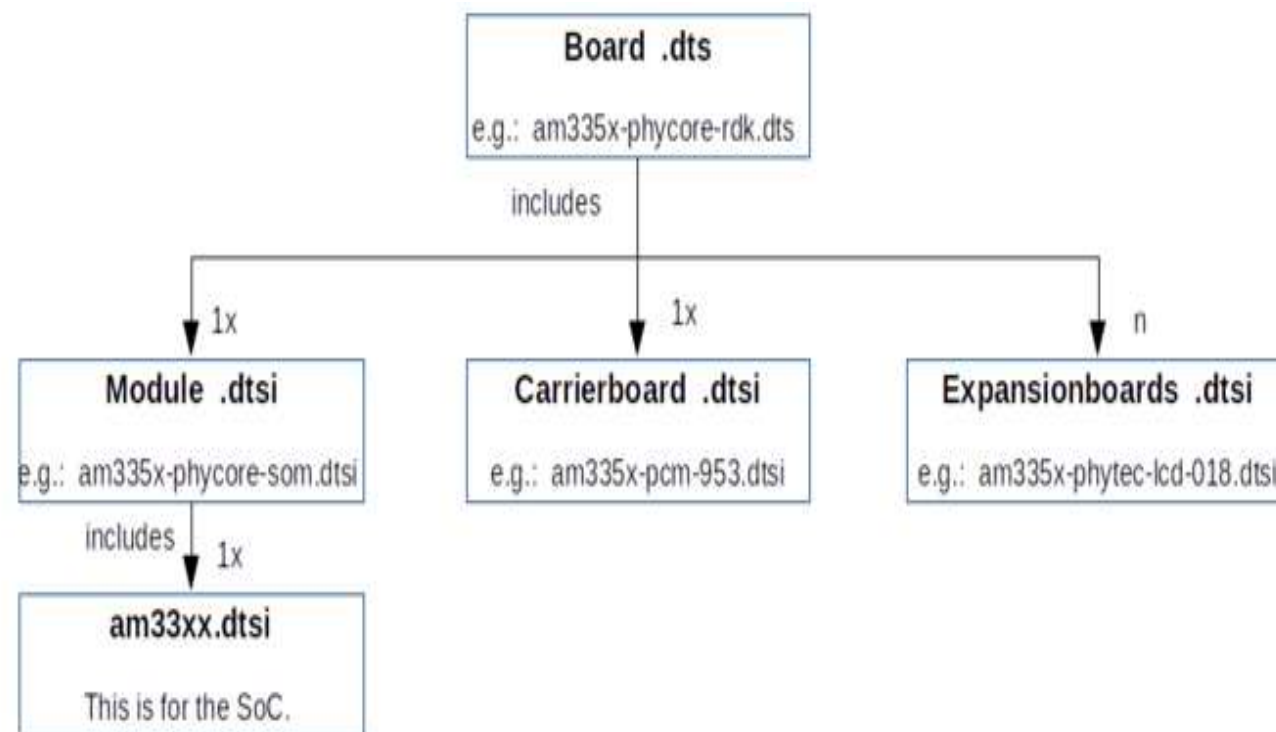
```
auart0: serial@8006a000 {  
    Defines the "programming model" for the device. Allows the  
    operating system to identify the corresponding device driver.  
    compatible = "fsl,imx28-auart", "fsl,imx23-auart";  
    Address and length of the register area.  
    reg = <0x8006a000 0x2000>;  
    Interrupt number.  
    interrupts = <112>;  
    DMA engine and channels, with names.  
    dmas = <&dma_apbx 8>, <&dma_apbx 9>;  
    dma-names = "rx", "tx";  
    Reference to the clock.  
    clocks = <&clks 45>;  
    The device is not enabled.  
    status = "disabled";  
};
```

Taken from arch/arm/boot/dts/imx28.dtsi

# Device Tree

## Example – ARM SoC Development Kit

- A separate Device Tree include file (.dtsi) is created for each hardware platform such as (for PHYTEC):
  - System on Module
  - Carrier Board
  - Expansion Board
- Leverage existing SoC dtsi file from SoC vendors
- All Expansion Board configurations are included in the tree
  - Example: LCD display, WiFi module



# Device Tree

## Advantages

- Maintain many device trees for one kernel
- Possible to update the kernel without requiring changes to the DTS
- Many product configurations can be supported with no duplication of code
- Change DTS configuration without recompiling the Linux kernel
- DTS can easily be adapted for new hardware revisions
  - Minimizes development needed for life-cycle management
- Easier for hardware developers to adjust the OS support without touching Linux driver code

# Yocto and PHYTEC

## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

PHYTEC “Unified BSPs”: differentiated by specific processor families supported across various PHYTEC board-level platforms such as:

- phyCORE-AM335x
- phyFLEX-AM335x
- phyCARD-AM335x
- phyBOARD-AM335x (Wega, Rana)

PHYTEC Unified Yocto BSPs consist of three parts:

- Release Management
- Meta Data
- BSP Software Components

# Yocto and PHYTEC

## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

Release Management: Releases are managed with the “Repo” tool

- PHYTEC publishes approximately two releases per year and per processor-specific board-level platforms
- The release numbers are comprised of:
  - <processor type>-PD<year>.<number>.<patch number>
  - Example, AM335x-PD15.1.0 = first release for AM335x in 2015 with no applied service patches



# Yocto and PHYTEC

## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

### Meta Data:

- Consists of all the information on how to build software packages
- Describes which bootloader and kernel is used for PHYTEC hardware platforms
- Source code for the software components itself is not included in the meta data
- Source code can be accessed directly via the git repositories at [git://git.phytec.de](https://git.phytec.de)

# Yocto and PHYTEC

## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

### BSP Software Components:

- Download of a BSP release is enabled through a support script called phyLinux
- Running the script will download the source code of the all software components, resulting in a full installation to a host-PC of Yocto with all required meta data needed to run a build

# Yocto and PHYTEC

## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

### PHYTEC Linux Script

- Create a new project folder, such as

```
mkdir ~/yocto
```

- Download and run the init script:

```
cd ~/yocto
```

```
wget ftp://ftp.phytec.de/pub/Software/Linux/Yocto/Tools/phyLinux
```

```
chmod +x phyLinux
```

```
./phyLinux init
```

The script will prompt installation of the Repo tool in the /usr/local/bin path

- Alternately, the tool can be manually installed at a different location
- phyLinux will automatically detect Repo if it is found in the path
- The Repo tool is used to manage the different Yocto BSP git repositories

# Yocto and PHYTEC



## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

Unified Yocto Board Support Package Platform Support Example: AM335x-PD-15.1.0

Machine Name	Hardware Part #:	Compile Test Passed	Series Test Passed
phyboard-maia-am335x-1	PB-00702-002	X	X
phyboard-wega-am335x-1	PB-00802-0200C (PEB-AV-01)	X	X
phyboard-wega-am335x-1	PB-00802-0101C (PEB-AV-01)	X	X
phyboard-wega-am335x-2	PB-00802-008 (PEB-AV-02)	X	X
phyboard-wega-am335x-2	PB-00802-010 (PEB-AV-02)	X	X
phycore-am335x-1	PCM-051-12102F0C.A1 (PCM-953, KPCM-051-x Linux Kit)	X	X
phycore-am335x-2	PCM-051-22151F0C(PCM-953)	X	not tested
phyflex-am335x-1	PFL-A-03-12113F8I.A1 (PBA-B-01)	X	X

# Yocto and PHYTEC



## Yocto Support in PHYTEC Linux Board Support Packages (BSPs)

		phyCORE- AM335x RDK	phyFLEX- AM335x RDK	phyBOARD- WEGA	phyBOARD- MAIA
<b>Environment</b>	Kernel	3.12.30			
	Yocto	1.7			
	OpenGL	OpenGL ES 2.0 (PowerVR SGX chipset driver 5.01.01.02)			
	QT	5.3.2			
<b>Interfaces</b>					
SPI					
	NOR Flash	YES	YES	-	YES
I2C					
	EEPROM	YES	YES	YES	YES
	PMIC	YES	YES	YES	YES
	Touch	YES (capacitive)	YES (capacitive)	YES (capacitive)	YES (capacitive)
	RTC	YES	YES	YES	YES
	ADC	-	YES	-	-
CAN		YES	YES	YES	YES
Ethernet		(ETH1/ETH2)	(ETH1/ETH2))	(ETH1/ETH2))	(ETH1/ETH2))
UART		YES	YES	YES	YES

# About PHYTEC



28 years of profitability; no external capital or debt

Founded in Mainz, Germany: 1986

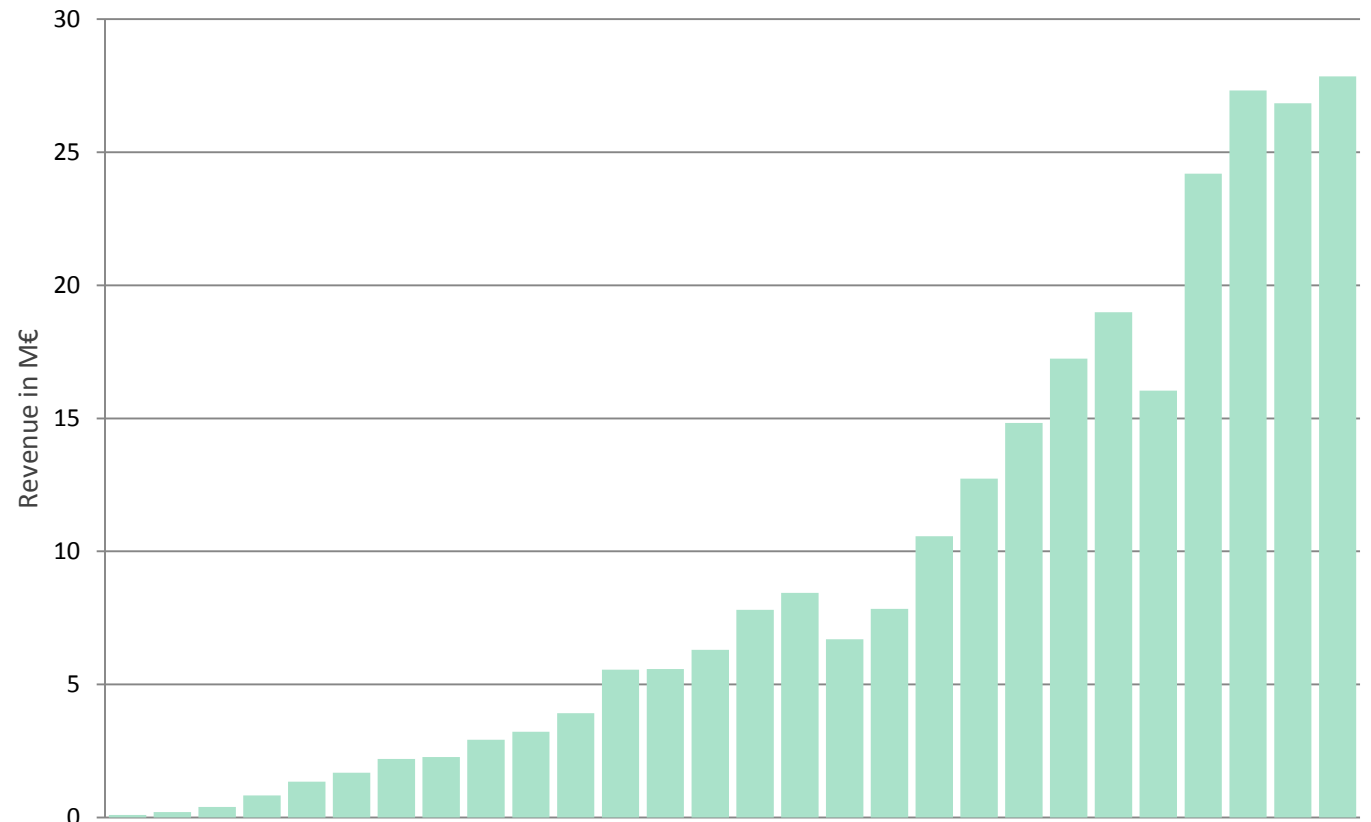
- First European company with OEM-able module

2014 revenues: \$38.5 million

- 28 years of profitability
- No external capital

Global employees: 201

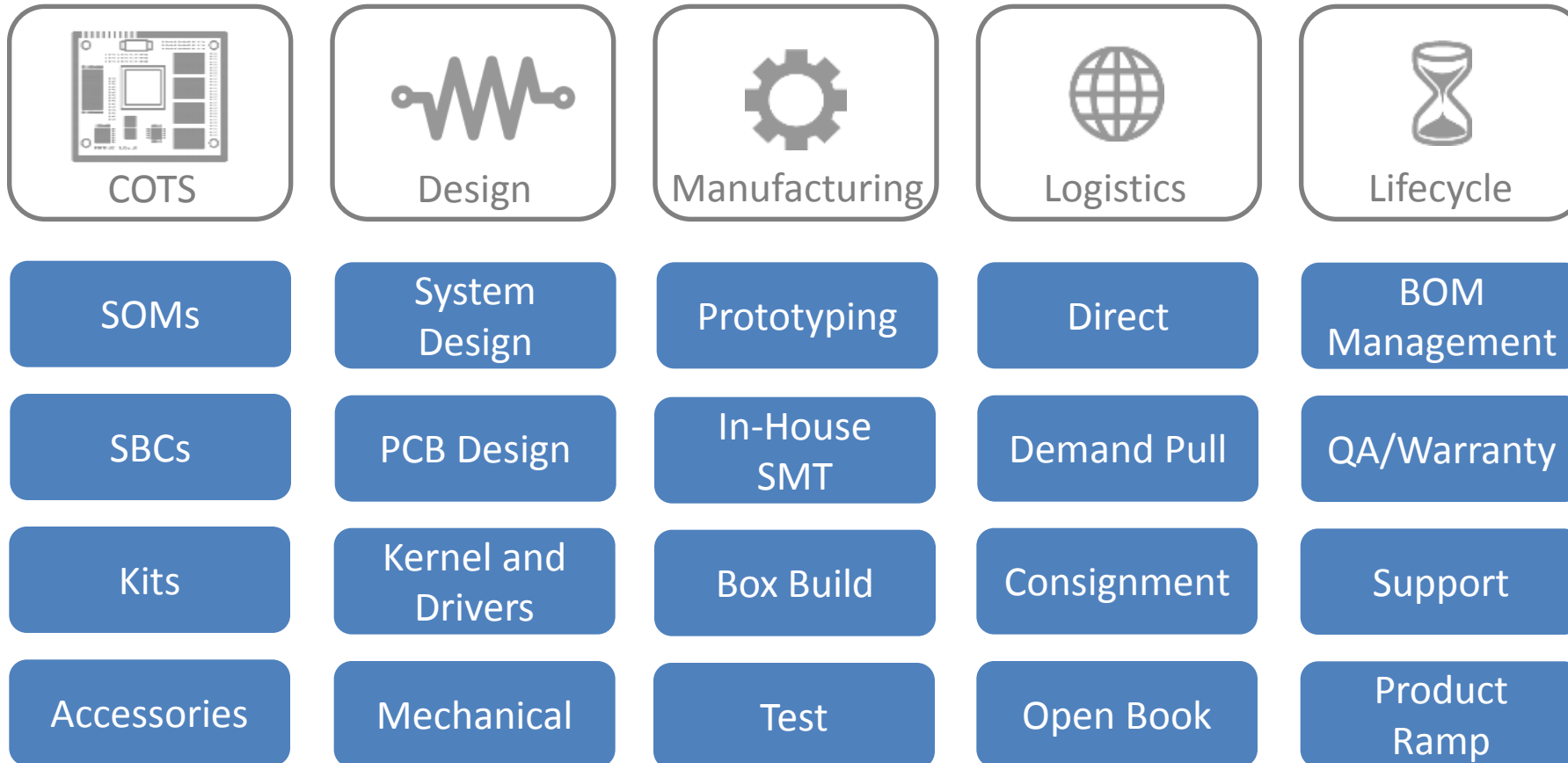
- PHYTEC France: 1994
- PHYTEC America: 1996
- PHYTEC India: 2012
- PHYTEC China: 2014



# PHYTEC End-to-End Solutions



Single Source for the Entire Product Lifecycle





# Deployed Across Many Industries

**PHYTEC**



**TEST AND  
MEASUREMENT**



**PRECISION AGRICULTURE**



**ENERGY**

**Industrial Embedded Board products Feature**



**AUTOMATION AND  
CONTROL**



**MEDICAL/HEALTHCARE**



**FITNESS**



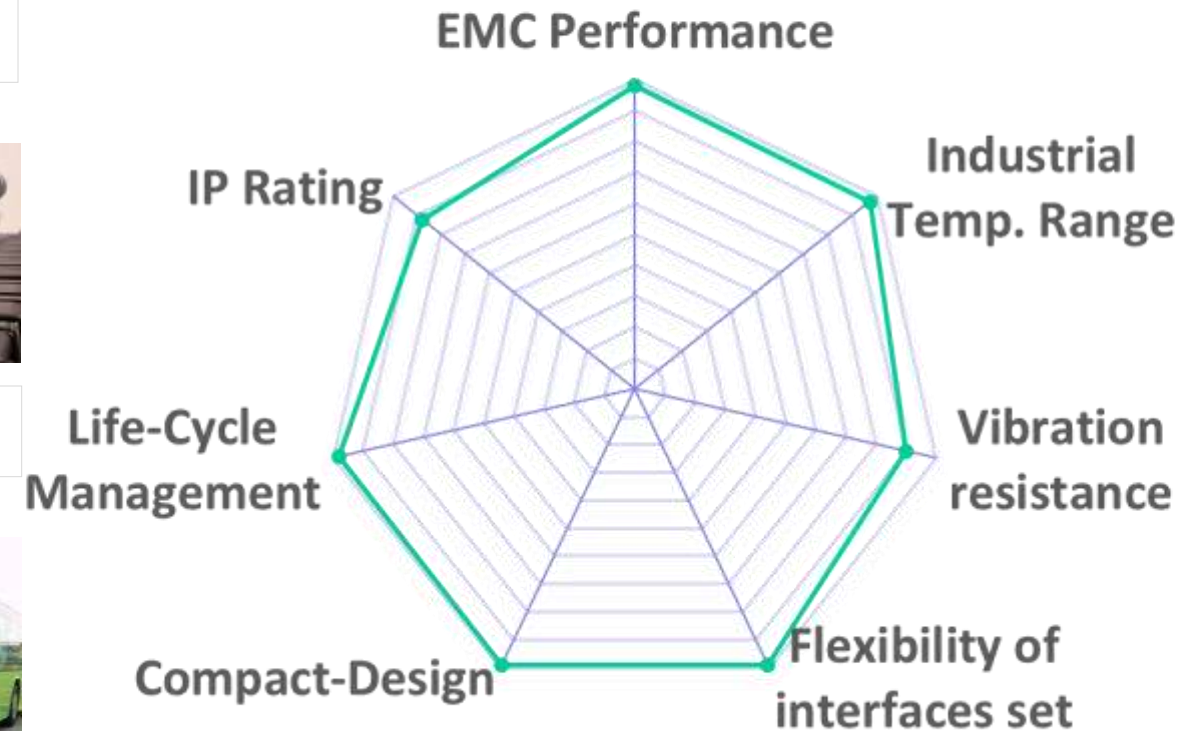
**SECURITY**



**BUILDING AUTOMATION**



**TRANSPORTATION**



# PHYTEC System on Modules

PHYTEC

Cutting-edge processor and peripheral support

- ARM® Cortex™ M4, -A5, -A8, -A9, -A15, -A7
  - Single, Dual and Quad cores
- Advanced interfaces: DDR3, NAND, SATA, PCIe, USB3, gigabit Ethernet, LVDS, CAN, SPI, I2C, SD/MMC/SDIO
- Industrial-grade
  - Thermal management and POH analysis
  - Ultra-compact, multi-layer PCB
  - EMI-resistant design
- Linux, Android, Windows Embedded, RTOS
- FCC/CE compliant

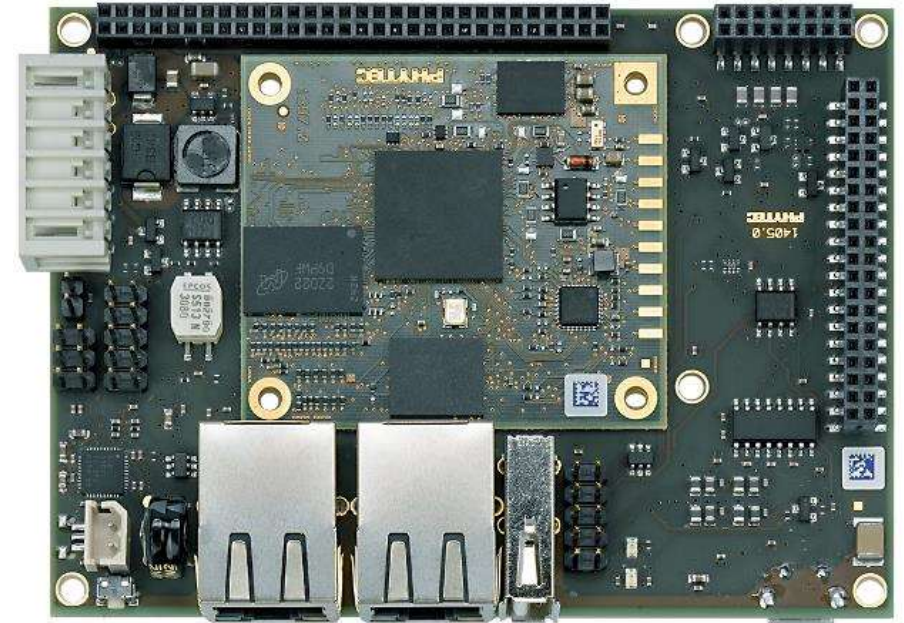


# PHYTEC Single Board Computers

PHYTEC

## Industrial Building Blocks for Product Development

- ARM® Cortex™ -A5, -A8, -A9 SOM populates Carrier Board that provides I/O connectivity
- SOM mounts on Carrier Board via “Direct Solder Connect” (DSC) or connectors
- SOM on I/O Carrier Board = deployable Single Board Computer (SBC)
- Easy modification of the I/O Carrier Board due to layout stacks = customization according to needs of end application and cost targets
- Optional:
  - HMI (LCD / Touch)
  - Housing
  - Expansion Modules connect to Carrier Board Expansion Bus: HDMI, Power Supply, Industrial I/O, M2M

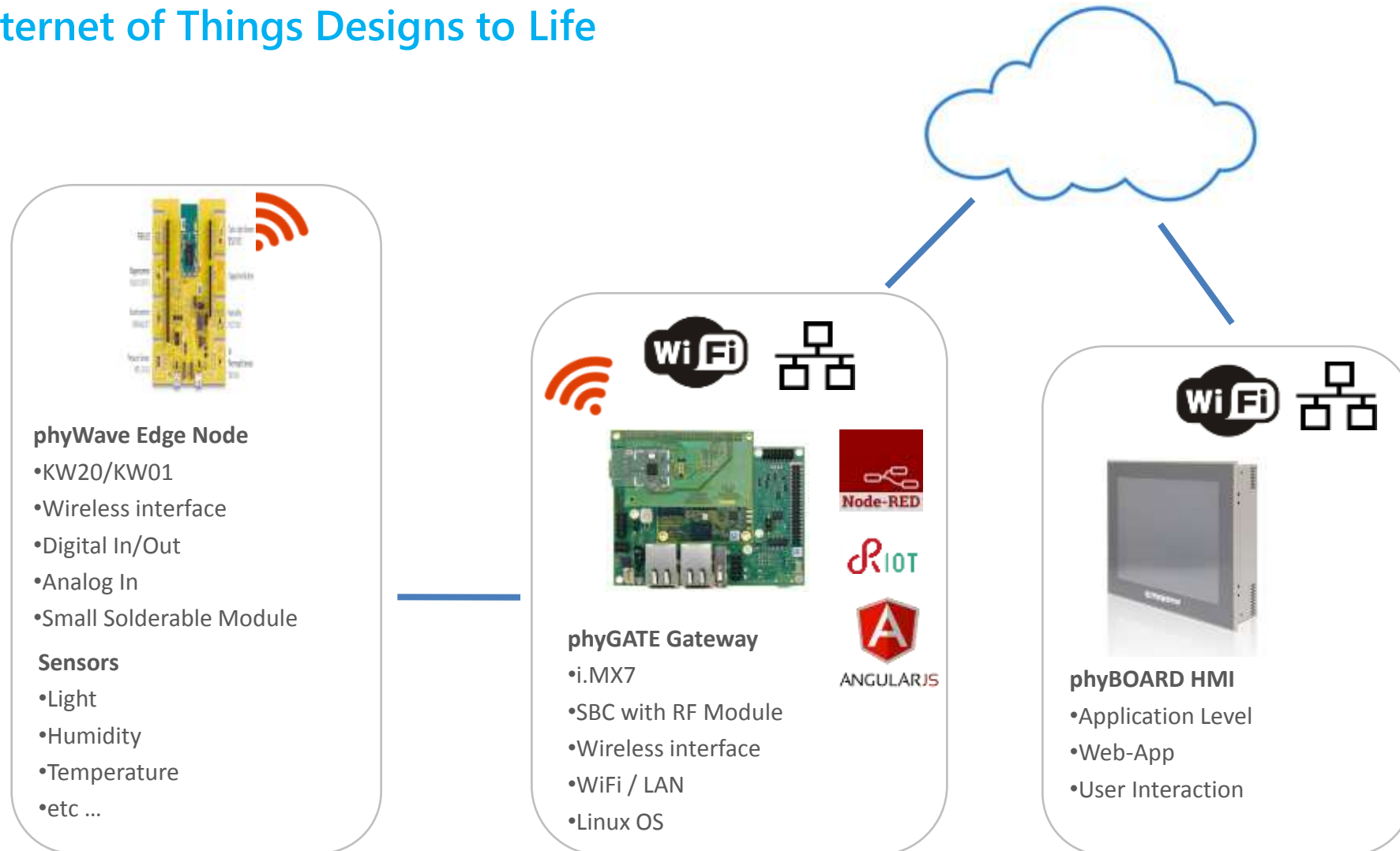




# PHYTEC IoT Enablement Kit

PHYTEC

Bringing Internet of Things Designs to Life



# High-Quality Manufacturing

## Bringing Designs to Life

- 4x in-house SMT assembly lines
  - Samsung SM411, SM421
  - Advanced SMD: 0.4 mm pitch BGA, PoP, DSC
  - 100% AOI and Traceability
- ISO9001:2008 Certification
- Conformance
  - RoHS, REACH, WEEE
  - IPC-600A-F class 2, 3 PCBs
  - IPC-610A-D class 2, 3 assembly
  - J-STD-004, UL, VDA, KTA1401 and other on request
- HMLV to Volume Production
  - scalable from in-house lines to production partners in Texas and China
  - Life-Cycle Management, Supply Chain Logistics



# Why PHYTEC?

## Production Development Solutions: from Building Blocks to Turn-Key

### 28+ Years Expertise in Embedded Domain

- Ruggedized Industrial Embedded Hardware: SOMs and SBCs
- Easy Modification and Customization
- Operating System Support
- Designed in Germany and USA

### Services

- SOM and SBC Design-In
- System Integration and Turn-Key Development

### Scalable Manufacturing

- “Made in Germany”
- International Production Partners: USA and China

### Value Proposition

- “Outsource” embedded hardware and operating system software to PHYTEC
- 100 – 50K unit/year solution = Reduce time, development cost and design risk

