

English

SSC CGL

Exercise Sets



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topic: Auxiliary Verbs (to be, to do, to have) 1

Fill in each blank space with the correct auxiliary verb:

1. _____ he changed much over the years?
a) Has b) Does c) Is
2. _____ she Polish?
a) Has b) Does c) Is
3. _____ he like to drive at night?
a) Has b) Does c) Is
4. _____ you normally read before you go to bed?
a) Do b) Are c) Have
5. _____ I look tired?
a) Do b) Am c) Have
6. _____ you seen that movie several times already?
a) Do b) Are c) Have
7. _____ he leaving tomorrow?
a) Has b) Does c) Is
8. _____ she been to Greece before?
a) Has b) Does c) Is
9. _____ they coming at 7?
a) Do b) Are c) Have
10. _____ they always cheat?
a) Do b) Are c) Have

topic: Auxiliary Verbs (to be, to do, to have) 2

Fill in each blank space with the correct auxiliary verb:

1. _____ he as mean as people say?

- a) Is
- b) Does
- c) Has

2. _____ he know how to cook well?

- a) Is
- b) Does
- c) Has

3. _____ you upset?

- a) Are
- b) Do
- c) Have

4. _____ you told her yet?

- a) Are
- b) Do
- c) Have

5. _____ they ever been here before?

- a) Are
- b) Do
- c) Have

6. _____ that a good movie?

- a) Is
- b) Does
- c) Has

7. _____ she in love with Marco?

- a) Is
- b) Does
- c) Has

8. _____ you stopped smoking?

- a) Are
- b) Do
- c) Have

9. _____ you play tennis on weekends?

- a) Are
- b) Do
- c) Have

10. _____ your grandmother live in Spain?

- a) Is
- b) Does
- c) Has

Fill in each blank space with the correct auxiliary verb:

1. _____ the teacher explain this properly?
a) Did b) Was c) Had

2. _____ the professor angry?
a) Did b) Was c) Had

3. _____ you spoken to him before he called you?
a) Had b) Did c) Were

4. If you _____ told me, I would have never found out.
a) didn't b) weren't c) hadn't

5. _____ they seeing each other?
a) Did b) Had c) Were

6. _____ they continue seeing each other?
a) Did b) Had c) Were

7. _____ you learn anything?
a) Hadn't b) Didn't c) Weren't

8. _____ he in my American History class?
a) Didn't b) Wasn't c) Hadn't

9. I realized that I _____ learned a thing (= anything).
a) didn't b) wasn't c) hadn't

10. _____ your sister living in Paris for a while?
a) Hadn't b) Wasn't c) Didn't

topic: CAUSATIVE STRUCTURES 1

*REMEMBER: There are two basic causative structures - an **active** one (ex: "I had Mike fix my computer", "I let him go there"), and a **passive** one (ex: "I had my computer fixed"). The causative is often used with the following verbs: TO HAVE, TO LET, TO MAKE, TO GET.*

1. The sunshine made me _____ of our trip to Mexico.
a) think b) to think c) thinking
2. I had my hair _____ last night.
a) trim b) trimmed c) trimming
3. I'm going to _____ after the concert.
a) have me picked up b) have him to pick me up c) have him pick me up
4. He is going to _____ next week.
a) have fixed his car b) have his car fixed c) have his car fix
5. Susan had _____.
a) the windows cleaned b) the windows clean c) the windows be cleaned
6. I'll let you _____ my car.
a) to drive b) drive c) driving
7. Hey, do you want me to help you _____?
a) to pack b) packing c) pack
8. Why don't you _____ with my friends?
a) let me to go out b) let me go out c) let me go to
9. I had my wallet _____ yesterday.
a) stolen b) stole c) to steal
10. I had Juan _____ yesterday.
a) to fix my door b) fix my door c) fixed my door

topic: CAUSATIVE STRUCTURES 2

*REMEMBER: There are two basic causative structures - an **active** one (ex: "I had Mike fix my computer", "I let him go there"), and a **passive** one (ex: "I had my computer fixed"). The causative is often used with the following verbs: TO HAVE, TO LET, TO MAKE, TO GET.*

1. I'm going to have Mike _____ my computer to see what is wrong.
a) look at b) to look at c) looked at
2. One of my wisdom teeth really hurt, so I went to the dentist to have it _____.
a) remove b) removed c) to be removed
3. Are you going to _____ like this?
a) let him to suffer b) allow him suffer c) let him suffer
4. Jimmy is dead. The mafia boss _____.
a) had killed b) had him killed c) had him to be killed
5. Julie will not let her daughter _____ the boy from across the street.
a) marry b) to marry c) married
6. I had the wall _____ when I was renovating my apartment.
a) to be knocked down b) knocked down c) knock down
7. I _____ her and apologize.
a) made him to call b) made him called c) made him call
8. I have _____ many times.
a) my heart broken b) had my heart broken c) had my heart broke
9. The authorities _____ as soon as they found out she was there illegally.
a) had her deported b) have her deport c) had her to be deported
10. I had some tests _____, but they didn't find anything.
a) done b) to be done c) have done

topic: **Irregular verbs (simple past/present perfect) 1** | level: **Beg./Intermediate**

Choose the correct verb tense for each of the verbs (in parentheses):

1. He _____ to get very angry. (to begin)
a) begun b) began

2. I _____ my glasses when I fell. (to break)
a) broken b) broke

3. Those kids have _____ five windows playing baseball. (to break)
a) broken b) broke

4. I have _____ studying French. (to begin)
a) begun b) began

5. He told me that he had _____ all the work himself. (to do)
a) done b) did

6. Have you _____ yet today? (to eat)
a) ate b) eaten

7. My father has _____ me to talk to you. (to forbid)
a) forbidden b) forbade

8. I _____ him stealing that woman's purse. (to catch)
a) caught b) catched

9. He must have _____ 8 beers last night. (to drink)
a) drank b) drunk

10. I _____ down and broke my arm.
a) fallen b) fell

topic: **Irregular verbs (simple past/present perfect) 2** | level: **Beg./Intermediate**

Choose the correct verb tense for each of the verbs (in parentheses):

1. I _____ a tire on the way to work. (to blow)
a) blew b) blown

2. We have _____ to the seaside resort many times. (to drive)
a) drove b) driven

3. I haven't _____ a bike in three years. (to ride)
a) rode b) ridden

4. Someone has _____ 10 books from the library. (to steal)
a) stolen b) stole

5. Godzilla _____ up and began attacking the city. (to rise)
a) rose b) risen

6. The song that she _____ was very pretty. (to sing)
a) sung b) sang

7. I have _____ her many emails, but I've never received a response. (to write)
a) written b) wrote

8. I _____ out those shoes long ago. (to wear)
a) worn b) wore

9. He said that he _____ two aspirins last night. (to take)
a) taken b) took

10. He _____ across the lake. (to swim)
a) swum b) swam

**Learning Grammar
doesn't cover
comprehension part
but**
comprehension
covers grammar.

TENSES

Fill in the correct form of the verb – All tenses

1. My family have _____ (**buy**) some land in southern France recently. They _____ (**build**) a summer house there at the moment.
2. Andy and Mary _____ (**go**) to a concert tomorrow night. They _____ (**look forward to**) it the whole week.
3. Jonathon _____ (**watch**) the news on TV every day and it _____ (**help**) him with his English.
4. My car _____ (**break**) down when I _____ (**drive**) home from work. I _____ (**fix**) it if I _____ (**know**) what was wrong. But I didn't so _____ (**have**) to take it to the garage.
5. When he _____ (**found**) Microsoft, Bill Gates was only 20 years old. He _____ (**already write**) his first computer programme six years earlier.
6. An accident _____ (**happen**) near my house last night. A car _____ (**hit**) a young man. He _____ (**ride**) his bike when someone in front of him suddenly _____ (**open**) a car door. Many people _____ (**see**) the accident. The police _____ (**interrogate**) them last night.
7. Mrs Smith said that one day she _____ (**retire**) from teaching. She said that she _____ (**spend**) her new free time learning about computers.
8. I _____ (**not sleep**) at all last night. Someone _____ (**listen**) to music all night.
9. I _____ (**see**) a film a week ago, but I _____ (**not enjoy**) it very much because I _____ (**already read**) the book. If I _____ (**not read**) the book I _____ (**probably enjoy**) the film more.
10. The judge sentenced the man to eight years in prison because he _____ (**rob**) a bank.
11. They _____ (**stand**) in the queue for over an hour when the manager _____ (**tell**) them that there were no more tickets.
12. Alan _____ (**be**) in the car accident yesterday. The other driver _____ (**lose**) control of his car because he _____ (**fall**) asleep.
13. She _____ (**not see**) her father since he _____ (**start**) to work in Marseille two years ago.
14. I _____ (**sleep**) when the fire broke out.
15. Linda phoned and explained that she _____ (**not can**) to come to the party the next day because she _____ (**be**) still sick.
16. I _____ (**just see**) the film "The Da Vinci Code". – _____ (**you see**) it too? – No, I _____ (**not have**) but I _____ (**read**) the book.
17. My sister _____ (**fly**) home from London today. Her flight _____ (**arrive**) in an hour so I _____ (**leave**) for the airport right now to get there in time.
18. Unless he _____ (**sell**) more he won't get much money.
19. While he _____ (**wait**) for the bus there _____ (**be**) a robbery at the bank. After the robbers _____ (**go**) away the police _____ (**come**) but they _____ (**not can**) to catch them.
20. I _____ (**use**) to ski when I was at the university but I _____ (**break**) a leg five years ago and since then I _____ (**not ski**) any more.

Fill in the correct form of the verb – All tenses

1. They _____ in Chicago for 20 years (**be**).
2. I _____ a wonderful film in the cinema last night. (**see**)
3. The sun _____ at 6:38 yesterday morning (**rise**)
4. The sun _____ when the climber reached Mount Everest. (**shine**)
5. I promise that I _____ this secret to anyone (**not tell**)
6. Unfortunately, just as we got to the airport their plane _____ off (**take**).
7. They _____ to the movies only once in a while (**go**)
8. I was tired yesterday because I _____ well the night before (**not sleep**).
9. Sh! Someone _____ to our conversation (**listen**)!
10. When I left the house this morning, it _____ (**already rain**)
11. I think Bob _____ for London this very moment. (**leave**)
12. The plane _____ off in a few minutes. (**take**)
13. I _____ up at 7 every morning but this morning I _____ long and I _____ up until 8. (**get, sleep, not get**)
14. I _____ my watch because it is being fixed (**not wear**).
15. This _____ an easy quiz so far (**be**).
16. They _____ in an apartment right now because they can't find a cheap house. (**live**)
17. Everyone _____ when the earthquake hit the small town. (**sleep**)
18. He _____ by herself since her divorce (**live**)
19. I was angry that I _____ such a stupid mistake (**make**).
20. I predict that by 2020, man _____ on Mars (**land**)
21. He _____ his job a couple of years ago. (**quit**)
22. Our daughter _____ from the university yet (**graduate**).
23. They _____ any Christmas cards last year (**not send**)
24. She _____ to a doctor once a year for an examination (**go**)
25. They _____ about me when I interrupted their conversation. (**talk**)
26. Nothing much _____ when I got to the meeting (**happen**).
27. My parents _____ in New York two weeks from today (**be**).
28. I _____ two mistakes in the last quiz. (**make**)
29. Unfortunately, our team _____ any games last year. (**not win**)

Put the verb in the most suitable form, present perfect simple or continuous.

1. You look tired. _____ (you/study) hard?
2. Mr Brown is new here, isn't he? How long _____ (he/work) for the company?
3. I _____ (lose) my wallet. Have you seen it anywhere?
4. I _____ (read) the magazine you lent me, but I _____ (not/finish) yet.
5. _____ (you/hear) the bad news? Simon _____ (break) his leg!
6. How many articles _____ (you/write)?
7. What _____ (you/do)? I _____ (wait) for you for an hour!
8. Bob and his friends _____ (play) golf since this morning.
9. I _____ (know) Louise for ten years.
10. Mr Brown _____ (mark) the exams all morning, but he _____ (not/read) them all.

Put in the correct verb form: present perfect or past simple.

1. How long _____ (she/study) German?
2. When _____ (he/begin) to study Business Administration?
3. Who _____ (write) the play Dancing at Lughnasa.
4. _____ (you/visit) any museums when you were in Sofia.
5. Henry has a perfect school record. He _____ (not/be) sick this year.
6. Prices _____ (go) up. Things are much more expensive this week.
7. What _____ (happen) to you. I waited all afternoon for you.
8. Marilyn _____ (have) an accident. She was running for the bus when she _____ (fall) down.
9. Mr Arnold _____ (win) the Exporter of the Year prize twice. His brother _____ (win) it four times already.
10. Alfred Hitchcock _____ (make) lots of films in his long career.
11. I _____ (just/remember) something.
12. _____ (you/reply) to Mr Aston's letter yet?
13. Mr Miller _____ (work) in a travel agency for years. Then he gave it up.
14. Melanie lives in Bucharest. She _____ (live) there all her life.
15. My uncle died in 1960. I _____ (never/have) the opportunity to meet him.

Conditionals

A: Conditional 1 Put the verbs in brackets into the / a correct form.

1. If you _____ (visit), we _____ (go) to the theatre.
2. If it _____ (rain), we _____ (eat) inside.
3. If you _____ (not / pass) the exam, _____ (you / take) it again?
4. We _____ (lose) our way if we _____ (not / stay) on the main road.
5. He _____ (not / catch) the plane if he _____ (not / hurry)!
6. I _____ (telephone) if I _____ (need) any help.

B: Conditional 2 Put the verbs in brackets into the / a correct form.

1. If you _____ (do) more exercise, you _____ (feel) better.
2. What _____ (you / do) if you _____ (win) a million pounds?
3. If someone _____ (come) in here with a gun, I _____ (be) very frightened.
4. If I _____ (be) you, I _____ (learn) French before travelling to France.
5. I'm sure Fred _____ (understand) if you _____ (explain) the situation to him.
6. My husband _____ (be) very upset if I _____ (lose) my wedding ring.

C: Conditional 3 Put the verbs in brackets into the / a correct form.

1. If Kim _____ (not / miss) her flight, she _____ (not / met) her future husband Tom!
2. I _____ (not / fail) the exam if I _____ (work) harder.
3. If he _____ (drive) more carefully, he _____ (not / have) an accident.
4. They _____ (win) the race if the weather conditions _____ (be) better.
5. What _____ (you / do) if you _____ (see) the thief steal the jewels?
6. If we _____ (buy) a lottery ticket, we _____ (win) a fortune!

D: Match the two halves of the sentences.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1. If I were rich | a) I'll drink a glass of white wine with it. |
| 2. If I hadn't eaten so much | b) I may arrive on time. |
| 3. If I had won the competition | c) I wouldn't smoke so much! |
| 4. If I don't miss the train | d) I'd invest in property. |
| 5. If I could swim | e) I can have a shower before the meeting. |
| 6. If I move house | f) I wouldn't feel so sick now! |
| 7. If I hadn't lost the keys | g) I would have got a new sports car! |
| 8. If I arrive on time | h) I would be watching TV by now! |
| 9. If I eat fish for dinner tonight | i) I'll buy an old cottage in the countryside. |
| 10. If I were you | j) I would go to a Greek island. |



Gerunds and Infinitives

Exercise 1

Put the verb into the gerund or the infinitive with 'to':

1. I couldn't sleep so I tried _____ (drink) some hot milk.
2. She tried _____ (reach) the book on the high shelf, but she was too small.
3. They tried _____ (get) to the party on time but the bus was delayed.
4. We tried _____ (open) the window, but it was so hot outside it didn't help.
5. He tried _____ (get) a job in a newspaper firm but they wouldn't hire him.
6. He tried _____ (get) a job in a newspaper firm but he still wasn't satisfied.
7. You should stop _____ (smoke), it's not good for your health.
8. We stopped _____ (study) because we were tired.
9. They will stop _____ (have) lunch at twelve.
10. We stopped _____ (have) a rest, because we were really sleepy.
11. Oh no! I forgot _____ (buy) milk.
12. Please don't forget _____ (pick) up some juice on your way home.
13. I forgot _____ (lock) the door, but I'm sure I must have locked it.
14. Have we studied this before? I've forgotten _____ (learn) it.
15. Please remember _____ (bring) your homework.
16. I remember _____ (go) to the beach as a child.
17. Finally I remembered _____ (bring) your book! Here it is.
18. Do you remember _____ (eat) steak in that little restaurant in Rome?
19. I regret _____ (tell) you that the train has been delayed.
20. I regret _____ (tell) Julie my secret; now she has told everyone.



Put the verb into the correct form:

1. I don't fancy _____ (go) out tonight.
2. She avoided _____ (tell) him about her plans.
3. I would like _____ (come) to the party with you.
4. He enjoys _____ (have) a bath in the evening.
5. She kept _____ (talk) during the film.
6. I am learning _____ (speak) English.
7. Do you mind _____ (give) me a hand?
8. She helped me _____ (carry) my suitcases.
9. I've finished _____ (cook). Come and eat!
10. He decided _____ (study) Biology.
11. I dislike _____ (wait).
12. He asked _____ (come) with us.
13. I promise _____ (help) you tomorrow.
14. We discussed _____ (go) to the cinema, but in the end we stayed at home.
15. She agreed _____ (bring) the pudding.
16. I don't recommend _____ (take) the bus, it takes forever!
17. We hope _____ (visit) Amsterdam next month.
18. She suggested _____ (go) to the museum.
19. They plan _____ (start) college in the autumn.
20. I don't want _____ (leave) yet.



Put the verb into the gerund or the infinitive with 'to':

1. She delayed _____ (get) out of bed.
2. He demanded _____ (speak) to the manager.
3. I offered _____ (help).
4. I miss _____ (go) to the beach.
5. We postponed _____ (do) our homework.
6. I'd hate _____ (arrive) too late.
7. She admitted _____ (steal) the money.
8. I chose _____ (work) here.
9. She waited _____ (buy) a drink.
10. I really appreciate _____ (be) on holiday.
11. I couldn't help _____ (laugh).
12. It seems _____ (be) raining.
13. I considered _____ (move) to Spain.
14. They practised _____ (speak).
15. Finally I managed _____ (finish) the work.
16. I really can't stand _____ (wait) for the bus.
17. Unfortunately, we can't afford _____ (buy) a new car this year.
18. She risked _____ (be) late.
19. I'd love _____ (come) with you.
20. I prepared _____ (go) on holiday.

Put the verb into the gerund or the infinitive with 'to':

1. It appears _____ (be) raining.
2. We intend _____ (go) to the countryside this weekend.
3. I pretended _____ (be) sick so I didn't have to go to work.
4. Can you imagine _____ (live) without TV?
5. They tolerate _____ (smoke) but they prefer people not to.
6. I anticipate _____ (arrive) on Tuesday.
7. A wedding involves _____ (negotiate) with everyone in the family.
8. He denies _____ (steal) the money.
9. He claims _____ (be) a millionaire but I don't believe him.
10. I expect _____ (be) there about seven.
11. Julia reported _____ (see) the boys to the police.
12. It tends _____ (rain) a lot in Scotland.
13. Do you recall _____ (meet) her at the party last week?
14. She mentioned _____ (go) to the cinema, but I don't know what she decided to do in the end.
15. The teenager refused _____ (go) on holiday with his parents.
16. I understand _____ (be) late once or twice, but every day is too much!
17. I would prefer you _____ (come) early if you can.
18. That criminal deserves _____ (get) a long sentence.
19. She completed _____ (paint) her flat.
20. We arranged _____ (meet) at four but at four thirty she still hadn't arrived.

Comprehension (50%)

+

Grammar (15%)

+

Vocab (15%)

+

Practice (20%)

=

100 % English Preparation

Participle Clauses Exercise 1

Use a participle clause to add the information in *italics* to the main sentence.

1. They called a lawyer. *The lawyer lived nearby.*

2. We broke the computer. *The computer belongs to my father.*

3. The man is in the garden. *The man is wearing a blue jumper.*

4. We found a doctor. *The doctor works at a hospital in Madrid.*

5. People will not be allowed to enter. *People have arrived late.*

6. Don't wake the baby. *The baby is sleeping in the next room.*

7. Who is that boy? *The boy is walking in the forest.*

8. The man is over there. *The man wants coffee.*

9. Those books were mine. *Those books had been lying on the table.*

10. Julia is on the train. *The train is arriving at Platform 3.*

-ED and -ING Adjectives Exercise

Choose the correct adjective:

1. I am so (relaxing / relaxed) I don't want to move.
2. I find horror films really (frightening / frightened) and not at all fun to watch.
3. Sometimes I get really (frustrating / frustrated) when I can't express myself well in English.
4. We were stopped by a man with a knife who took our money. It was (terrifying / terrified).
5. The programme was really (interesting / interested).
6. She was (overwhelming / overwhelmed) when everyone cheered and we gave her presents.
7. If I feel stressed, I find taking a bath is often (relaxing / relaxed).
8. I am really (tiring / tired); I think I'll go to bed.
9. He's very (interesting / interested) in history.
10. The trip was (overwhelming / overwhelmed), with so many things to do and it was all so new.
11. She is never (satisfying / satisfied) with her work.
12. Cleaning is so (tiring / tired)! I think I'll have a rest!
13. She thought the ride on the rollercoaster was (thrilled / thrilling).
14. I was really (surprising / surprised) when I saw you. I had thought you were on holiday.
15. My grandmother was (shocking / shocked) by the man's bad language.
16. My niece is (terrifying / terrified) of dogs.
17. Thank you so much for the prize! I'm (thrilled / thrilling)!
18. My job is very (satisfying / satisfied), I love helping people.
19. The news was so (shocking / shocked) that she burst into tears.
20. My exam results were great! It's really (surprising / surprised) but good, of course

Fill in the correct form – Adjective or adverb

1. My cousin helped me paint the walls. He's done it very _____ . (**nice**)
2. Mum always dresses _____. (**beautiful**)
3. He felt _____ so he stayed at home. (**sick**)
4. The doctor said that that the wound looked very _____. (**bad**)
5. Have you been to the cinema _____ ? (**late**)
6. The boys always greet _____. (**friendly**)
7. I've _____ finished writing the book. (**near**)
8. He is a _____ intelligent boy, probably the best in the class. (**high**)
9. The girls wore _____ coloured skirts. (**bright**)
10. The headmaster has a very _____ voice. (**loud**)
11. That hamburger tastes _____. (**awful**)
12. When we got home from the airport we were all very _____. (**sleepy**)
13. We ran as _____ as we could. (**fast**)
14. The game had _____ begun when it started to rain. (**hard**)
15. The exercise wasn't very difficult. We did it _____. (**easy**)
16. She jumped around _____ when she heard the news. (**happy**)
17. Mr Smith looked _____ when he came into the room. (**angry**)
18. The soup tastes _____. (**wonderful**)
19. My car broke down yesterday. I hope the mechanic can fix it _____. (**quick**)
20. He became world champion because he races very _____. (**good**)
21. She told me that I shouldn't work so _____. (**hard**)
22. The ball stopped _____ of the goal post. (**short**)
23. Jane sat there _____, waiting for someone to come. (**silent**)
24. Australians and New Zealanders are _____ related. (**close**)
25. They always get home _____ in the evening. (**late**)
26. I felt _____ about my final exams. (**bad**)
27. In the USA food is not as _____ as in Europe. (**expensive**)
28. She sent her mother money _____. (**regular**)
29. Does your car run fast enough to do _____ in the race? (**good**)
30. She stayed _____ even though she looked rather _____. (**calm, angry**)
31. We left the party _____ because we had to catch the _____ train. (**early**, **early**)
32. The novel is _____ written. (**interesting**)
33. I think you have practiced too much _____. (**late**)
34. The jewels have _____ disappeared. (**mysterious**)
35. John is a pretty _____ tennis player. (**good**)
36. Everything went _____. (**wrong**)
37. The driver of the car was _____ injured in the accident. (**serious**)
38. Mr Higgins is _____ upset about losing his keys. (**terrible**)
39. He looked at me _____ as he told me the bad news. (**sad**)
40. She was _____ to him when she heard that he had lost his job _____. (**friendly, unexpected**)

Choose the correct form – adjective or adverb !

1. He looked at me _____ when I interrupted him (**ANGRY**).
2. Alice and Stan are very _____ married (**HAPPY**).
3. I lost the match because I was playing very _____ (**BAD**). It was even _____ than the last game (**BAD**).
4. Nobody knew he was coming. He arrived so _____ (**UNEXPECTED**).
5. My French isn't very _____ but I can understand him _____ if he speaks _____. (**GOOD, PERFECT, SLOW**)
6. Sue is _____ upset about losing her job (**TERRIBLE**).
7. The children behaved very _____ (**GOOD**).
8. Most people have heard about him. They are very _____ informed (**GOOD**)
9. Expensive hotels are often _____ than _____ ones (**COMFORTABLE, CHEAP**).
10. It's the _____ painting in his whole collection (**VALUABLE**)
11. The cook prepared an _____ lunch (**EXCELLENT**).
12. The couple had to work _____ for a living (**HARD**). But if you look at other people, they _____ work at all (**HARD**).
13. The dinner tasted _____ (**GREAT**).
14. She has _____ money to spend than she had last year (**LITTLE**)
15. Did they go together or _____ (**SEPARATE**).
16. He spoke in quite a _____ voice (**NATURAL**).
17. _____, London is quite a beautiful city. (**OBVIOUS**)
18. In the meeting, they discussed _____ technical matters (**HIGH**).
19. It was raining _____ when I got to the station (**HEAVY**).
20. The _____ post office is two blocks away. (**NEAR**)
21. Jimmy is the _____ pupil in my class (**BAD**).
22. The man became _____ when the manager asked him to leave (**VIOLENT**).
23. You look _____. Are you all right (**TERRIBLE**).
24. I'm _____ sorry for what I've done. I'll make it up to you (**TERRIBLE**)
25. The exam was _____ easy (**SURPISING**).

Noun

Find out the error in each of the following sentences, if any, if there is no error ,your answer is no error.

1. The building's roof needs repairing otherwise it may fall down and result into many persons' death. No error.
2. He did not approve of his son raising stupid questions and thereby vexing the teacher. No error.
3. America's problems are, however, not so serious and awful as India. No error.
4. The Finance minister boasts of improving the economic condition of the country's. No error.
5. The life of the rich is not in many ways as peaceful as that of the poor's. No error.
6. The expert mason reported to the owner of the hotel that there was no question of the wall's falling down. No error.
7. The officer said that he appreciated his staffs coming on time and co-operating him. No error.
8. As we are told this idea of Mrs. Gandhi's was totally valid in the present condition of India. No error.
9. The teacher said to us that one ought to work hard in order to attain one goal. No error.
10. The survey gives us much knowledge of the public opinion on the matter of terrorism. No error.
11. Your son's in law's friend is seriously ill and he wants you to see him as soon as possible. No error.
12. Unfortunately for me the root cause of my frustration lies in the governments dubious policy. No error.
13. He came to his wits end when he found that his younger brother had slapped his wife. No error.
14. Jaya Jyotsna went (a) / to her friend's house (b) /and gave her two (c) / ten- rupees note (d)/No error (e).
15. You will find a lamp-post (a) / at the front side (b) /of the institute. (c) / No error (d).
16. The teacher and the guardian appreciate (a)/ Jaya walking early (b)/ in the morning with a view to (c)/ achieving normal health.(d)/ No error(e).
17. My son is reading (a) /Dinkar's and Nirala's (b) / poetries as a part (c)/ of his syllabus. (d)/ No error (e).
18. My friend went (a) / to Mumbai and spoke (b) / to Govinda's (c) / the actor's secretary (d) / No error (e).
19. It is very (a) / difficult to chase (b) / a huge score (c) / in the second inning (d) / No error (e).
20. She does not (a) / cut paper (b) / with blade (c) / but with a scissors. (d) / No error (e).
21. I went to the house (a) / and found that (b) / the cart's wheel (c) /was broken. (d) / No error (e).
22. Sachin Tendulkar has (a) / scored more than (b) / five thousands (c) / runs. (d) / No error (e).
23. Sudhakar's house (a) / is at (b) / a stone's throw (c) / from here. (d) / No error (e).
24. There was (a) / no money in the bank (b) / in Rohit's (c) / and Mohit's joint account. (d) / No error (e).
25. Babita has been (a) / given (b) / a ten rupees (c) / note today. (d) / No error (e).
26. There are (a) / awaiting advices (b) / from their (c) / Delhi branch. (d) / No error (e).
27. Thousand (a) / of rupees (b) / were (c) / spent by him. (d) / No error

28. The crews (a) / of the boat (b) / were (c) / not drowned. (d) / No error (e).
29. Linguistic (a) / is (b) / the study (c) / of language. (d) / No error (e).
30. The machineries are (a) / not functioning (b) / properly (c) / these days. (d) / No error (e).
31. The poetries (a) / of R.N. Tagore (b) / has been taught (c) / in the class. (d) / No error (e).
32. On his way (a) / to the field (b) / Mahesh saw a flock (c) / of sheeps. (d) / No error (e).
33. Sunrise (a) / is a (b) / great (c) / phenomena. (d) / No error (e).
34. Success in money-making (a) / is not always (b) / a good criteria (c) / of real success in life. (d) / No error (e).
35. There have been (a) / ten woman (b) / doctors (c) / in our colony. (d) / No error (e).
36. A five-men (a) / delegation (b) / waited upon (c) / the prime Minister. (d) / No error (e).
37. The widow (a) / who lives near his house (b) / is passing through (c) / many crisis. (d) / No error (e).
38. Hindu (a) / and Muslims (b) / are (c) / brothers. (d) / No error (e).
39. Deepak has (a) / four man-servants (b) / whereas Alok has got (c) / only one woman-servant. (d) / No error (e).
40. The people (a) / of the world (b) / must (c) / unite. (d) / No error (e).
41. Rakhi met me (a) / on the way (b) / and asked a one (c) / hundred-rupees note. (d) / No error (e).
42. Ramesh together with (a) / his friends gave (b) / Sarika (c) / good advices (d) / No error (e).
43. I went to Delhi (a) / and bought (b) / much good (c) / for my wife. (d) / No error (e).
44. Hundreds of (a) / passer-bys (b) / stopped at (c) / the place of accident. (d) / No error (e).
45. The great artist (a) / was surrounded by (b) / his usual crowd (c) / of hanger-ons. (d) / No error (e).
46. My parents obtained (a) / many informations (b) / about this child (c) / last night. (d) / No error (e).
47. Gulliver's Travels (a) / is an (b) / interesting book (c) / written by Jonathan swift. (d) / No error (e).
48. Thousand of people (a) / has already been killed (b) / in the accident (c) / near Ajmer. (d) / No error (e).
49. Doctors did (a) / their best to save (b) / the lifes of the (c) / accident victims. (d) / No error (e).
50. Custom is (a) / paid on goods (b) / imported from (c) / other countries. (d) / No error (e).

Pronoun

1. The woman demanded her right to live.
2. Sandhya was one of those Miss Universe contestants who attributed her success to her parents.
3. The army was rewarded for their overwhelming success in curbing terrorism.
4. The comptroller and auditor-general gave their verdict on the scam.
5. Each book and each pen are costly in their appearance.
6. Either Kishan or Pradip has left behind their cap.
7. Either the principal or the students should be responsible for the management of his school.
8. He and I have done his duty.
9. It was her who did the cooking.
10. Let we are the bidders at the auction.
11. I have contributed to the team as much as him.
12. Who was there but she to look after the family in distress?
13. My cow gives more milk than his
14. The campus of the school is larger than the college.
15. You may be an editor or a reporter; this makes you sit, that makes you run.
16. Each has their own grievances to give voice to.
17. One should not forget what he was.
18. Anyone of the two ministers were not available for comments.
19. Neither of the ways are easy to follow.
20. The women performed *puja* each.
21. A house which rooms are spacious is what I want.
22. The way he tackles the answers should not be emulated.
23. It was the coldest day which we ever experienced.
24. He is the same man who was arrested yesterday.
25. That what cannot be cured must be endured.
26. There is scarcely a schoolgoing child but does not like television.
27. Mr Chakarvarty with his luggage left the town which was heavy with clothes.
28. You, who loves dining out, will never cook at home.
29. It was a magnificent chance, but which you lost.
30. I do not care for your words who does not know what he says.
31. Each of the girls gave their version of the incident in writing.
32. This is the only one of his books that carry some weight.
33. Here comes Kapil Dev, Whom they say is the best all-rounder India has ever had.
34. Whom do you believe him to be?
35. The boy, being a brilliant student, he will top the class.
36. Can not one do what one likes on one's own?
37. Much depends upon him signing the agreement.
38. If I were him, I would put in all my money in the venture.
39. He is one of the best players that has played on this ground.
40. He prides upon his patriotism.

Adjective

1. Do not get disturbed by those kind of rumours.
2. Krishna is considered to be the most ideal student.
3. The living dog is better than the dead lion.
4. There are times when you are not sure what to do.
5. The numbers of cars was fewer than that of bicycles.
6. Cynics believe that a few persons are good in this world.
7. Of all militant groups, Hamara Watan is the most extreme.
8. Everyone bowls off the mark; his is widest.
9. It was force of what you said that made me change my decision.
10. He turned towards me with cheerful look.
11. He drinks tea hotly.
12. His both friends deserted him in the crisis.
13. The well-furnished house is a necessary for a decent living.
14. You should have decided this prior to coming to live with us.
15. You can make much profit even of a little money you have left.
16. Peacock is the national bird of India.
17. The intelligence tests have questions based on figures as well as oral ones.
18. A tourist city has many worth seeing places.
19. Had it not been for common understanding, the two of us would have parted long before.
20. Footballer in him could not resist itself as soon as a ball came into sight.
21. Players of this team are very depressed.
22. I have a request; could you give me any money?
23. Industrious are rewarded.
24. The cement is used for building houses.
25. You are a good student; I have a little doubt regarding your success.
26. You can get your work done only when you meet the concerned authority.
27. Much of the problems are linked to poverty.
28. It was the coldest and dry day.
29. Prince of Wales finds himself in a dilemma.
30. The South Africans have an impeccable record: they have won each game.
31. A ten-year-old boy cannot be accepted as the king of Bharistan.
32. A little do we see in Nature that is ours.
33. Read The Hindu for it keeps you apace with the last trends in exams.
34. Action will be taken against him.
35. Those sort of excuses are not allowed in prestigious institutions.
36. Every one of you will have to join the party.
37. What soft drink do you prefer?
38. Is there some chance of India winning the match?
39. What innings it has been!
40. Both the children were wearing a new suit.
41. January is the first month of a year.
42. Any of the two movies can be seen first.
43. Nehru made a famous speech on the historical occasion of Independence.
44. Mount Everest is the most high peak in the world.
45. It is the best-of-five match.
46. He felt lone in the town where no one knew him.
47. This house is comfortabler than yours.
48. Ram is elder to his brother Mohan by five years.

Article

1. Her services to the masses (a)/ in general and women in particular (b)/ will always (c)/ be remembered. (d)/ NE
2. Gandheji was a great politician (a)/ and a great philosopher (b)/ who freed India from the (c)/ clutch of the Britisher.(d)/ NE
3. Tax evaders should (a)/ be heavily fined (b)/ as they are doing (c)/ intentionally. (d)/ NE
4. On my request (a)/ Ravi introduced me (b)/ to his friend (c)/ who is a singer and a scientist. (d)/ NE
5. It being rainy day (a)/ most of the people (b)/ out on the street were (c)/ carrying umbrellas. (d)/ NE
6. The need to set up (a)/ a good library in the locality (b)/ has been in the minds of people (c)/ for something now. (d)/ NE
7. The interviewer asked me (a)/ if I knew that (b)/ Kalidas was the greater (c)/ than any other poet. (d) /NE
8. Knowledge of regional language is (a)/ necessary for bank officers because (b)/ they are required to understand (c)/ what their customers say. (d)/ NE
- 10.Ramesh is a student (a)/ whom we all expect (b)/ to get more than (c)/ 95% marks. (d)/ NE
- 11.Writer is not necessarily (a)/ at a disadvantage (b)/ because he writes in a language (c)/ other than his mother tongue. (d)/ NE
- 12.He is a (a)/ better of (b)/ the two (c)/ student. (d)/ NE
- 13.I live on a top floor (a)/ of an old house (b)/ when the wind blows (c)/ all the windows rattle. (d)/ NE
- 14.None of them were aware (a)/ of the fact that (b)/ the person in the civil dress (c)/ was police officer. (d)/ NE
- 15.It is universally true (a)/ that an honest and hard working (b)/ man is always (c)/ a happy man. (d)/ NE
- 16.He telephoned from public call box (a)/ so that the call (b)/ would not be back (c)/ to his own address. (d)/ NE
- 17.He receives timely support (a)/ from his elder brother (b)/ who has been working abroad (c)/ for the last six years. (d)/ NE
- 18.Please remember (a)/ to post letter (b)/ today. (c)/ NE
- 19.I began to suspect trouble (a)/ as soon as one of the boys (b) threw a stone at the police man. (c)/ NE
- 20.I am likely to contact you (a)/ sometime the next week (b)/ to discuss with you in detail. (c)/ NE
- 21.Though he was (a)/ no relating to me, I helped him by (b)/ giving money and a profitable advice. (c)/ NE
- 22.Families are (a)/ fortunate enough to own (b)/ a house in the city (c)/ are very few. (d)/ NE
- 23.Shanta is a student (a)/ whom we all expect (b)/ will stand first in the class. (c)/ NE
- 24.In our opinion (a)/ the venue is too small (b)/ to accommodate such the (c)/ large number of candidates. (d)/ NE
- 25.She has started (a)/ many new initiatives (b)/ to help under-privileged students (c)/ get an education. (d)/ NE

Verb

1. He did nothing but cursed his fate.
2. What is wanted are bats that can score runs.
3. Leaves felled incessantly last autumn.
4. He would better play than studying without concentration.
5. Not a man was hurt, not a thing damaged.
6. The girl put a noose around her neck and hung herself in sheer desperation.
7. Considered the proposal, I accepted it.
8. The captain has been saddened, other team members refused to comment.
9. I doubt that he will not turn up.
10. He saw I laughing.
11. He never has and never will take action.
12. The hen lay eggs yesterday.
13. He is tired to play cricket.
14. The quality of the fruits were not satisfactory.
15. The prime minister decided to categorically deny the statement.
16. She hoped to have won the game yesterday.
17. The beauty of his clothes seem to outdo his personal elegance.
18. He never has and never will go for a picnic.
19. He does nothing but loitering in the corridor.
20. Is your parents coming for the festival?
21. It is him that I have been looking for.
22. Being a nice day, we decided to go out.
23. The horse and the carriage are at the door.
24. He is one of the servants who hardly ever works.
25. He would sooner to quit the job than bear such insult.
26. My friend and brother have come.
27. The courtyard is infested by flies.
28. Learn respecting your parents.

29. The crowd have no answer to what the culprit says.
30. He denied that he was not a thief.
31. He dares not to commit a murder.
32. The three-member bench was divided in its verdict.
33. This made me think of the time went by.
34. You have joined us with a view to improve your English.
35. Thirty kilometres are a big distance.
36. He works as if today is the last day of his life.
37. Let us go to seeing the bride.
38. The news are being broadcast to you from the All India Radio.
39. I am seeing a rainbow in the sky.
40. How will you prevent the bacteria to enter the system?
41. Three scores makes sixty.
42. I shall be watching television for six hours when you return.
43. You need not to take such drastic steps.
44. Heaven or hell make little difference for the man who believes only in life on earth.
45. The ship was about to sink and the passengers wailing and lamenting.
46. They have tried to deliberately make the journey difficult.
47. Either they or she are responsible for the country's decline.
48. I remembered that he has forgotten his glasses.
49. He indulged in every bad habit except to drink.
50. Either of the boys are eligible for selection.

Tense

1. When you will try to (a) understand the rules of the game(b), you will become able (c), to play properly .No error(e)
2. Whenever (a) he is coming here (b), he brings a lot of (c) problems for me. (d) No Error (e)
3. It is appearing to me (a) that you are complaining (b) against my (c) friends and relatives. (d) No Error (e)
4. The old man who is sitting on the bench (a) lived here (b)for more than (c) a month (d)No Error (e)
5. The secret of his sound (a) health lies in the fact that (b) he is getting up before sunrise(c) and has fresh air.(d) No Error(e)
6. As soon as he will (a) reach home, he will (b) send you the books (c) you are in need of.
7. He seems to be happy (a) because his family (b) had come from village (c) to live with him. (d) No Error (e)
8. "It is high time (a) you are reading (b) this work (c)" my friend said to me. (d) No Error(e)
9. I have got (a) the information that your (b) father has died (c) last week. (d) No Error(e)
10. Many of my friends (a) told to come here (b) today but (c) none of them arrived yet. (d)No Error (e)
11. Ruchika says (a) that she will take (b) her umbrella (c) in case it will rain. (d) No Error(e)
12. I will let you know (a) as soon as I will get (b) any information (c) about your job. (d) No Error(e)
13. When I will be thirty (a) most of my friends (b) will be above thirty (c) five, be sure. (d)No Error
14. This is, indeed, (a) the first time in my life that (b) I hear(c) such an interesting story. No Error(e)
15. Before the alarm (a) had stopped ringing (b) Veena had pulled up (c) the shade. (d) No Error(e)
16. I have been knowing (a) him for ten years (b) but I don't know where he lives. (d)No Error(e)
17. He uses to study (a) at least till ten o'clock (b) at night and then (c) he goes to bed. (d) No Error(e)
18. If he had (a) time to spare (b) he would spend (c) them with his family. (d) No Error(e)
19. All the flowers (a) in the park will die (b) before the rains(c)will fall. (d)No Error(e)
20. If he would have done this, (a) he would done wrong (b) and would have disappointed(c) many of his friends. (d) No Error(e)
21. He reached (a)the station after(b) the train had(c) started.(d) No error (e)
22. I wish (a) he saw you (b)when you were (c) living i n Delhi.(d) No Error(e)
23. The judge had not given (a) any decision (c) until he had studied the case. (d) No Error (e)
24. He lived (a) here since 1980 (b), therefore he knows everything(c) his whereabouts. (d). No Error(e)
25. I have been (a) working for this (b)institution for (c) the last five years. No Error (e)
26. If we had Ram (a) in our team, we (b) would have won the match(c) against Bangladesh.(d) No Error(e)
27. My secretary came (a) to the meeting (b) later (c) than I expect. (d) No Error

- 28.If I was you (a) I would have told (b) the Director to keep (c) his mouth shut.(d) No Error(e)
- 29.I want you to (a) pick up the box (b) of clothes and(c) kept it in hall . (d)No Error(e)
- 30.My friend tried to tell us (a) what has happened with him (b) but his words (c) were not clear to us. (d)No Error(e)
- 31.My wife got (a) everything ready for all (b) of them long (c) before they arrived. (d) No Error(e)
- 32.She was with (a) me until now, (b) so please don't scold her(c) for being late. (d)No Error
- 33.I have been adoring (a) her for (b) the beauty of her eyes.(d)No Error
- 34.Had he come(a) even a moment earlier(b) he would have(c) found me there. (d) No Error(e)
- 35.Many observations indicate (a) that the number of the drug(b) addicts is grew(c) day by day. (d) No Error
- 36.Newspapers told (a) us about the event (b) that happen (c)all over the world. (d) No Error(e)
- 37.“Here is coming (a) my friends!” (b) said Manju when (c)she was anxious(d) no error
- 38.He advised me (a) to do as he did (b) but I did not pay any attention(c) to his advice. (d) No Error(e)
- 39.By this time next year he has had (a) settled himself (b) in London . (d) No Error(e)
- 40.It is about time (a) you have taken (b) your children (c) to school. (d) No Error(e)
- 41.I had hoped(a) that I would see(b) you the other day, but (c) unfortunately I fell ill. (d)No Error(e)
- 42.The thief was caught(a) after he has disposed of(b) the stolen goods. (d) No Error(e)
- 43.Sushma arrived here, (a) did all the preparation (b) and then has called(c) on one of her intimate friends (d). No Error(e)
- 44.I could not recall (a) what she has told (b) me about her (c) concern with Moti. (d)No Error(e)
- 45.That two and two (a) always made (b) four cannot(c) be doubted. (d) No Error(e)
- 46.Nobody knows (a) when death (b)will knock at(c) his door (d) No Error(e)
- 47.Dipu hopes to become (a) an officer after (b) he will complete (c) his higher education.(d) No Error(e)
- 48.Meenu along with her parents (a) is going to Mumbai tonight(b) because her eldest brother (d) is ill there. No Error(e)
- 49.My friends (a) said to me, (b) “when have (c) you come here?” (d) No Error(e)
- 50.He would not have (a) done all this (b) if he had not been (c) instigated by his wife. (d) No Error(e)

If you're following **comprehension** method (120 Marks – SSC Mains) then it's easier to solve PQRS, Cloze Test, Passage, Fill up the blanks, Sentence Improvement, option elimination in vocabulary part.

And

If you're following grammar & vocabulary (80 Marks – SSC Mains), then it's a guessing game. You hit sometimes and you miss many times.

Adverb

1. Although she is my mother (a)/ I cannot ask him for (b)/ money without any (c)/ vividly reason (d) No error (e)
2. Abha was well paid (a) for how skilful she received (b) the inquiries and followed (c) them up. (d) No error (e)
3. The Boss came (a) presently but I (b)/ can't say where he has (c)/ slipped out unnoticed (d) No error (e)
4. They were exceptional good (a)/ leaders so all of us (b)/ listened to them (c)/ very attentively (d) No error (E)
5. He has been trying (a)/ to persuade her for months(b)/ but he has (c)/ not still succeeded (d) / No Error (e)
6. The amount which the company (a)/ has paid to the family (b)/ of the worker (c)/ was fairly unjustified (d)/ No error (e)
7. He is almost quite competent (a)/ for the post of Manager(b)/ , he can lead the company to its goal(c)/ No error (e)
8. The products (a)/ which she sells are (b)/ enough costly to allow the pocket (c)/ of an ordinary man.(d)/ No error(e)
9. The child requested his father (a)/ to be enough kind to grant (b)/ him five thousand rupees for (c)/ the educational tour. (d) No error (e)
10. I met that lady (a)two years ago and have (B)remembered her (c)ever for (d)/ No Error (e)
11. His essay was unmatched (a)/ so he was awarded the best prize (b)/ in the form of a shield (c) with precious stones (d)/ No Error (e)
12. The leaders of the striking (a)/ teachers called on the Chief Minister (b)/ for negotiation and (c)/ returned happily. (d)/ No Error (e)
13. Sania played very careful (a)/ from the beginning of the match (b)/ in order to (c)/ win the match. (d) No Error (e)
14. Although he only earns (a) nine hundred rupees a month (b)/ he manage to feed (c)/ his family. (d) No Error (e)
15. Only by talking to (a)/ the person concerned (b)/ they will make out the hidden (c)/ implications of the agreement. (d) No Error (e)
16. We will execute (a)/ this plan so skilfully (b)/ that our boss (c)/ will feel surprised. (d) No Error (e)
17. I came across (a)/ her in Delhi last month (b)/ and invited her (c)/ to come to my home. (d) No Error (e)
18. Hardly she likes (a)/ to hear my name (b)/ after the tension which occurred (c)/ between her and me. (d) No Error (e)
19. This house is very (a)/ beautiful but too much (b)/ small to accommodate (c)/ all of us. (d) No Error (e)
20. He was fortunately (a)/ not present on (b)/ the stage when (c)/ the actor was shot dead. (d) No Error (e)
21. He does (a)/ not know to make (b)/ friends so he leads (c)/ a lonely life. (d) No Error (e)
22. I liked that moment (a)/ where the workers proved their might (b)/ to take the risk (c)/ and succeeded. (d) No Error (e)
23. Zahid was very (a)/ tired (b)/ so he said that he was (c)/ sorry to accompany us. (d) No Error (e)
24. He is a teacher (a)/ and always tries to (b)/ make his students (c)/ speak English correctly. (d) No Error (e)
25. Being much contented with the sincerity (a)/ of the members (b)/ he said that we (c)/ needed sincere men like them. (d) No Error (e)
26. When the he saw the girl (a)/ he cried out that he had (b)/ never seen such (c)/ a beautiful lady before. (d) No Error (e)
27. When offered he (a)/ took tea (b)/ and said that it (c)/ tasted sweetly. (d)/ No Error (e)

28. The old man is blindly (a) so don't think him a liar when (b)/ he says that he (c)/ can't feel the difference. (d) No Error (e)
29. Problems will (a)/ not stop him nothing never (b)/ did this is why he is progressing (c)/ by leaps and bounds. (d) No Error (e)
30. Not only swimming (a)/ but also walking (b)/ is very useful (c)/ to health. (d) No Error (e)
31. If you ask me (a)/ Shyam is quite all right (b)/ but I can't tell you (c) much about Ram. (d) No Error (e)
32. My friend said (a)/ that he was only too glad (b)/ to hear the result (c)/ of his wife. (d) No Error (e)
33. Nobody should try (a)/ to disturb ne (b)/ without any urgency „(c)/ the Doctor said to his assistants. (d) No Error (e)
34. Who will believe (a)/ that she was not (B) hardly -hit by her (C) husband's death. (d) No Error (e)
35. Somebody reported to (A) the contractor (B)that his partner had only died (c)/ a week before. (d) No Error (e)
36. He asked me to (A) completely forget her (B)but only I know (C)how easy it is to say so. (d) No Error (e)
37. When carefully examined (A)it will give us (B)a clue to the mystery of (C)the case. (d) No Error (e)
38. She looked (A)at him lovely (B)but he did not (C)respond to her. (d) No Error (e)
39. He never liked (A)to tried his brothers friendly (B)that 's why he could not (C)win their love and favour. (d) No Error (e)
40. They are very senior (A)to me (B)so I dare not play a joke (C)on them. (d) No Error (e)
41. I hardly ever (A)see him because (B)in my opinion he is not (C)a man to be admired. (d) No Error (e)
42. Before the game she felt surely (A)of winning , but after five minutes (B)she realized that it was not (C)going to be so easy. (d) No Error (e)
43. I know that eventually (A) he will succumb to me (B) and confess that he (C) has committed a crime. (d) No Error (e)
44. Where else (A) did you go besides (B) the office ?"(C) she asked her husband. (d) No Error (e)
45. He said that the examination was bad (A) and added that he could not answer(B) questions enough (C) to pass it. (d) No Error (e)
46. Every member (A) of the family is (B) addicted to drinking (C) and so Tom is.
47. The eastwards wind helped (A) the boat from (B) the western bank to the eastern (C) bank of the river.
48. Not only we lost (A) what we had on our disposal (B)but we also(C)lost our patience. (d) No Error (e)
49. Under no circumstances (A) we can help (B)you in this illegal (C)work „,said the Manager. (d) No Error (e)
51. Under a tree (A) was sitting the saint (B) whom we had seen (C) somewhere else. (d)/ No Error (e)
52. I don't like (A) such nasty (B) things (C)Nor he does. (d)/ No Error (e)

Non-Finites

1. Taken into consideration of (a)/ the advice of his (b)/ friends, he decided (c)/ to stay here. (d)/ NE
2. Carry a bag (a)/ in his hand (b)/ he slipped (c)/ out unnoticed. (d)/ NE
3. Suraj said that (a)/ he would rather (b)/ fail than copying (c)/ in the examination. (d)/ NE
4. I have told Sushil (a)/ that it will not be possible (b)/ for me carry on (c)/ this kind of work.(d)/ NE
5. In the absence of (a)/ clear instructions (b)/ on cannot be expected (c)/ to be functioned effectively. (d)/ NE
6. All his relatives (a)/ expect his daughter (b)/ have gone on (c)/ a month's vacation tour. (d)/ NE
7. Amita was to about (a)/ tell her teacher (b)/ the truth when her (c)/ friend interrupted her. (d)/ NE
8. The firemen could not (a)/ succeed in rescue the (b)/ child although they (c)/ could put out the fire. (d)/ NE
9. He could make (a)/ them accepted his proposal (b)/ because he was quite (c)/ familiar with their practice. (d)/ NE
10. What was his response (a)/ when you tried (b)/ to got some (c)/ information from him? (d)/ NE
11. Being a cold morning, (a)/ I decided not to go for my morning walk. (d)/ NE
12. By virtue of his (a)/ great abilities, he (b)/ has been able (c)/ to got various positions. (d)/ NE
13. He being the best (a)/ student in the class (b)/ Nitin was chosen to participate in the competition. (d)/ NE
14. He does not (a)/ fail to come (b)/ to my help (c)/ whenever I am in trouble. (d)/ NE
15. The proper assessment of (a)/ the training needs to be allowed (b)/ for meaningful follow up (c)/ of the training activity. (d)/ NE
16. We decided not to tell to (a)/ the patient about (b)/ the disease he was (c)/ suffering from. (d)/ NE
17. Having his breakfast finish (a)/ he rushed quickly (b)/ to the station to receive (c)/ the honourable guests. (d)/ NE
18. I am looking forward (a)/ to meet (b)/ you (c)/ soon. (d)/ NE
19. I can hear (a)/ the conversation inside, (b)/ but nobody is coming (c)/ to opening the door. (d)/ NE
20. They wanted money (a)/ to purchase certain things (b)/ for themselves and (c)/ for donated to their colleagues. (d)/ NE
21. My friend cannot afford (a)/ for buying pens (b)/ this time because (c)/ they are very expensive. (d)/ NE
22. To arrive at a decision (a)/ all the interesting parties (b)/ should be invited (c)/ and involved to discussion. (d)/ NE
23. What was his response (a)/ when you tried (b)/ to get some (c)/ information from him? (d)/ NE
24. Children visiting the (a)/ park are amused (b)/ at the monkeys, (c)/ play in the cages. (d)/ NE
25. Payal was one person (a)/ who could somehow manage (b) to working in that section (c)/ for such a long time. (d)/ NE
26. Having her breakfast finish (a)/ she rushed quickly (b)/ to the station to receive (c)/ the honourable guests. (d)/ NE

27. The book was so (a)/ advanced that even (b)/ graduates in the discipline (c)/ found it difficult to understand. (d)/ NE
28. I can't (a)/ afford for buying books (b)/ for this course because (c)/ they are very expensive. (d)/ NE
29. Being a pleasant morning (a)/ I decided (b)/ to go out for a walk. (c)/ NE
30. I asked for choice, (a)/ Neha would prefer (b)/ spending the holidays in (c)/ villages to crowded cities.
31. Rani is so busy (a)/ in her current (b)/ assignments as to take (c)/ up some new ones. (d)/ NE
32. Having failed to (a)/ got good results (b)/ in her first attempt, (c)/ she did not try again. (d)/ NE
33. When I was not (a)/ able to showing (b)/ my cricket, the checker made (c)/ my buy another. (d)/ NE
34. He came (a)/ from abroad (b)/ for seeing me (c)/ NE
35. He went inside (a) / the burning house (b)/ even though I advised (c)/ him to do not go. (d)/ NE
36. He can see through (a) his sudden friendliness, (b)/ he wants to look after (c)/ his dog when he is away. (d)/ NE
37. Rakesh does not (a)/ know to swim (b)/ so he is (c)/ afraid of water. (d)/ NE
38. He would certainly (a)/ have been drowned (b)/ if he did not know to swim. (c)/ Ne
39. The kind did not mind (a)/ for putting the old people to death (b)/ because he was young himself. (c)/ NE
40. Taken into consideration (a)/ the advice of his colleagues (b)/ he decided to stay in the Institute. (c)/ NE
41. Before he becoming (a)/ chief pilot in the aviation services (b)/ he had undergone (c)/ rigorous training for eight years. (d)/ NE
42. The great danger (a)/ to ships entered the harbour (b)/ is strong currents (c)/ and sudden storms. (d)/ NE
43. A small piece (a)/ of bread is (b)/ certainly better than (c)/ being nothing to eat. (d)/ NE
44. The shopkeeper was pleased (a)/ when we told him (b)/ this kinds of mangoes (c)/ were very delicious. (d)/ NE
45. It is not safe (a) to drive (b)/ in Kolkata in the rush hour (c)/ NE
46. I need cleaning (a)/ my shoes (b)/ with soap and water. (c)/ NE
47. Do you mind (a)/ help me (b) / to the task (c)/ NE
48. I made him (a)/ to do (b)/ the project against his wishes (c)/ NE
49. You should avoid (a)/ to travel (b)/ in the rush hour. (c)/ NE
50. He denied (a)/ to have (b)/ been there. (c)/ NE

Conjunction

1. No sooner did (a)/ he announce the (b)/ tour the children (c)/ screamed with great joy. (d)/ No error
2. He is (a)/ known for (b)/ both his hard (c)/ work and intelligent. (d)/ No error
3. She is so lazy as (a)/ she cannot do this work (b)/ properly and cannot co-operate (c)/ us in our scheme. (d)/ No error (e)
4. The future is (a)/ yet to come (b)/ but you have a (c)/ right to shape it. (d)/ No error
5. For he cannot do (a)/ a lot of work (b)/ at a time, he rejects (c)/ many offers. (d)/ No error
6. Avinash is not so (a)/ good a batsman to (b)/ be selected for the (c)/ national cricket team. (d)/ No error
7. He insisted (a)/ but neither Soni or her brother (b)/ is ready to (c)/ work on a holiday. (d)/ No error
8. You cannot withdraw (a)/ all your money (b)/ unless you do not (c)/ give a prior notice. (d)/ No error (e)
9. No sooner did (a)/ she reach (b)/ the station when (c)/ it started raining. (d)/ No error
10. No sooner did (a)/ Minakshi reach (b)/ the station when (c)/ it started raining. (d)/ No error
11. You cannot be (a)/ granted admission (b)/ unless you do not submit (c)/ all the certificates in original. (d)/ No error
12. Money not only satisfies (a)/ the basic psychological needs (b)/ but also the (c)/ higher order psychological needs. (d)/ No error
13. The driver (a)/ was thrown out (b)/ of the car and fortunately (c)/ he was not hurt seriously. (d)/ No error
14. Be smart (a)/ not only (b)/ in dress (c)/ and also in action. (d)/ No error

15. Either he nor his brother (a)/ was informed about (b)/ the venue of the (c)/ meeting of your society. (d)/ No error
16. He not only believes (a)/ in hard work but (b)/ also in honesty (c)/ of the highest order. (d)/ No error (e)
17. Until he does not discipline (a)/ himself and try hard (b)/ he will not learn (c)/ swimming or anything for that matter. (d)/ No error
18. It was very unfortunate (a)/ that he had failed in history also (b)/ beside the other (c)/ more difficult subjects. (d)/ No error
19. This book is a primer (a)/ for managers who have (b)/ no formal training (c)/ or a refresher for experienced managers. (d)/ No error
20. This laboratory of physics is (a)/ not only equipped with (b)/ all states of the art instruments (c)/ but also with outstanding physicists. (d)/ No error
21. Each of the girls (a)/ is not only talented (b)/ in her studies (c)/ but also beautiful. (d)/ No error
22. Abha locked the (a)/ cupboard provided that (b)/ her jewellery might (c)/ not get stolen. (d)/ No error
23. No sooner did (a)/ the thief come out (b)/ of the room then (c)/ women attacked him. (d)/ No error (e)
24. The amount of (a)/ compensation was (b)/ not acceptable to (c)/ either Sunil and Rahul. (d)/ No error
25. Both (a)/ the structure or (b)/ the chemical composition of (c)/ lamellae are complex. (d)/ No error
26. No sooner did (a)/ we reach the station (b)/ when the train had (c)/ started moving out of the station. (d)/ No error
27. He was a great man (a)/ he left only impression (b)/ on our constitution (c)/ but also on our social life. (d)/ No error

28. No sooner the advertisement (a)/ in the newspaper (b)/ than there was a rush (c)/out the booking window. (d)/ No error
29. No sooner does the teacher (a)/ enter the class (b)/ then the students stand up. (c)/ No error
30. Although my car is expensive, (a)/ I have had (b)/ a lot of trouble with it. (c)/ No error
31. Although winter in Kashmir is cold (a)/ but is pleasant (b)/ in many ways. (c)/ No error
32. An animal (a)/ can be just as unhappy in a vast area (b)/ or in a small one. (c)/ No error
33. A free pass is not only a privilege (a)/ but also an organic necessity (b)/ in a free society. (c)/ No error
34. Pappu works (a)/ too hard so that he does not (b)/ fail in the examination. (c)/ No error
35. In spite the difficulties (a)/ on the way (b)/ they enjoyed their (c)/ trip to Gangotri. (d)/ No error
36. He speaks (a)/ not only Tamil (b)/ but Telgu as well. (c)/ No error (d)
37. Not only the bandits robbed (a)/ the traveller of his purse (b)/ but also wounded him grievously. (c)/ No error
38. The old man has had the best medical facilities available (a)/ but she will not be cured (b)/ unless she does not have a strong desire to live. (c)/ No error
39. He told the policeman (a)/ that he would rather (b)/ starve to stealing to get. (c)/ what he has been aspiring for. (d)/ No error
40. The man who is (a)/ perpetually hesitating (b)/ which of the two things (c)/ he will do first, will ultimately do either. (d)/ No error
41. Money not only satisfies (a)/ the basic physiological needs, (b)/ but also the (c)/ higher order psychological needs. (d)/ No error
42. All I know is that (a)/ I won't be at peace (b)/ with myself, (c)/ unless I do not go there. (d)/ No error
43. Sooner that he had arrived 9a)/ than his friends arranged a reception (b)/ in this honour in (c)/ the best hotel in town (d)/ No error
44. Today, the cost of living 9a)/ is such higher that many (b)/ people find it difficult to (c)/ keep their health burning. (d)/ No error
45. The agitating students had taken (a)/ a vow not to return to their (b)/ classes until their demands were not (c)/ accepted by the Principal. (d)/ No error
46. On hearing from you (a)/ I will come not only (b)/ to the airport but will (c)/ also help in customs clearance. (d)/ No error (e)
47. As soon as I will (a)/ reach Patna I will (b)/ send you the letters (c)/ you have asked for. (d)/ No error
48. He is not only eminent (a)/ for his writing in English (b)/ but also for his (c)/ paintings on spiritual themes. (d)/No error
49. Scarcely had I (a)/ finished washing the car (b)/ than the master came (c)/ and asked me to clean the floor of the house. (d)/ No error
50. Rangesh is not only involved (a)/ in organising conferences and seminars (b)/ but also in conducting (c)/ adult literacy programmers. (d)/ No error

Question Tag

1. You (a)/ will be sixteen (b)/ on your next birthday, (c)/ won't you be? / (d)/ No error (e)
2. He (a)/ should help (b)/ his poor brother, (c)/ shouldn't he? (d)/ No error (e)
3. Most of them (a)/ voted (b)/ against the proposal, (c)/ didn't we? (d)/ No error (e)
4. There (a)/ was not (b)/ a single seat vacant, (c)/ was it? (d)/ No error (e)
5. It (a)/ was (b)/ a horrible accident, (c)/ was it? (d)/ No error (e)
6. My wife (a)/ easily loses (b)/ her temper, (c)/ don't I? (d)/ No error
7. They (a)/ couldn't attend (b)/ the meeting, (c)/ couldn't they? (d)/ No error
8. He (a)/ flew from (b)/ Patna to Rajgir, (c)/ didn't he? (d)/ No error (e)
9. Our publisher (a)/ smokes (b)/ too many cigarettes, (c)/ don't we? (d)/ No error
10. The students (a)/ haven't paid (b)/ their fees, (c)/ has he? (d)/ No error
11. Your friend (a)/ didn't pass (b)/ the examination, (c)/ did they? (d)/ No error
12. The publisher (a)/ gave me (b)/ permission to write this book, (c)/ didn't it? (d)/ No error
13. Mohan, (a)/ Vijay's brother, (b)/ is feeling better today, (c)/ aren't they? (d)/ No error
14. We (a)/ shall fly (b)/ to Delhi next year, (c)/ shall not we? (d)/ No error
15. This book (a)/ is for the young learners (b)/ of the English language, (c)/ isn't this? (d)/ No error
16. She has (a)/ little knowledge (b)/ of music, (c)/ hasn't she? (d)/ No error (e)
17. At last the tired traveller (a)/ came upon (2)/ a fertile place in the desert, (3)/ didn't they? (d)/ no error
18. Farmers (a)/ should know (b)/ the modern ways of cultivation, (c)/ shouldn't he? (d)/ No error
19. One should (a)/ always mind (b)/ one's own business, (c)/ shouldn't he? (d)/ No error
20. He would not (a)/ return the money (b)/ that he borrowed, (c)/ will he? (d)/ No error
21. The captain as well as (a)/ five other members (b)/ of the team was present, (c)/ weren't they? (d)/ No error
22. Each of the students (a)/ has done (b)/ well in the Annual examination, (c)/ haven't they? (d)/ No error
23. The old lady (a)/ can hardly walk (b)/ and is now confined to her house, (c)/ can't she? (d)/ No error
24. There are not (a)/ any good restaurants (b)/ in this part of the town, (c)/ are they? (d)/ No error
25. Give me (a)/ three thousand (b)/ rupees, please. (c)/ will you? (d)/ No error

Preposition

1. Nobody can deny(A) that Gandhi's ideas(B) are different than(C)Anna's(D) No error(E)
2. He was not in his house (A)in his work when the thieves(B)entered into his house(C)and took away a lot of things(D) No error(E)
3. While she was returning(A) her home(B)a goon attacked (C) on her with a dagger (D) No error(E)
4. The decline of her moral (A) was caused by a lot (B) of factors that were (C)once fascination to her(D) No error (E)
5. Two of my friends (A) called on me (B) on yesterday when I was (C) in college library.(D) No error(E)
6. Shreyas took me to a hotel (A) and ordered for (B) two cups of coffee(C) which the waiter brought instantly. (D) No error (E)
7. The students complained (A) to the principal against(B) the warden and the(C) poor management of the hostel(D) No error (E)
8. Without considering (A) for a moment he(B) entrusted me in(C) all the important work(D) No error(E)
9. Somebody reported to me (A) that Suman had fallen in(B) the well and nobody had (C) tried to save him (D)No error (E)
10. There are certain animals (A) that can live without (B) any effort both in water and land (D) No error(E)
11. The plan was to go for (A) the cinema but(B) own to certain hindrances it failed(D) No error(E)
12. The angry boatman(A) threw the cracked oar(B) into the river and returned home(D) No error (E)
13. My friends proposed me (A) that we should go to (B) the movies and then have(C) dinner are a hotel (D) No error (E)
14. She became able (A) to free(B) herself(C) with her debts by working day and night(D) No error (E)
15. My brother said that (A) he preferred the white(B) shirt than the black one(C) which I usually wore(D) No error(E)
16. He always insists (A) that he prefers(B) to go home(C) to stay anywhere at nigh(D)t No error(E)
17. Glimpse to(A) the religious side of his(B) nature appear in (C) the majority of his plays (D) No error(E)
18. Hardly had we settled down(A) for the night's rest when (B) we were startled(C)by the loud noise being made outside the house(D) No error(E)
19. There appears(A) to be very little (B) liaison among (C) the two wings of the party(D) No error (E)
20. Sedimentary rocks(A)largely comprised of (B) minute fragments derived from (C)the disintegration of existing rocks (D)No error (E)
21. Found guilty (A) on murder the accused (B) men were sentenced(C) to life imprisonment (D)No error(E)
22. Today he revealed (A) the fact that he was (B) angry on me because (C) had not helped him(D) No error(E)
23. He looked upon me (A) level eyed for a(B) few moments before he(C) started speaking(D) No error(E)
24. The girl said(A) that she preferred (B) the blue gown than(C) the black one(D) No error(E)
25. The smuggler yielded (A)for the temptation(B) and fell into the police trap from(C) which escape was impossible (D) No error (E)
26. Numerous people in India(A) are dying from huger(B) but the Government seems (C) to be ignorant of this fact(D) No error(E)

27. The man who(A) was blind with the right (B) eye was a(C) notorious criminal of this area(D) No error(E)
28. Some persons(A) get jobs even if(B) they are not worthy for them(D) No error(E)
29. The poet describes about(A) the beauty of a landscape (B). in a very(C) attractive way(D) No error(E)
30. During his tour(A) to the north he visited(B) not only to Delhi (C) but also Agra (D) No error (E)
31. Rakesh Sharma the Indian space(A)hero is much sought (B) after by college(C)students and is invited for various functions(D)No error (E)
32. His father is(A) sick but he does not(B) look for him (C) (D) No error(E)
33. I advised(A) him to consult with a doctor(B) but he refused(C) to do so(D) No error(E)
34. Ordinarily when in difficulty (A) Renu prefers keeping her counsel (B) rather than going about here and there for advise (D) No error(E)
35. Those who are(A) suffering from diabetes(B) are advised to substitute(C) saccharine by sugar(D) No error
36. This book deals (A) in the burning problems (B) our country is facing (C) at present(D) No error (E)
37. The debacle of the Party admits no other explanation (A) than its(C) poor performance (D) No error(E)
38. In spite of being very(A) busy at domestic work(B) she saves time (C) to the visitors(D) No error(E)
39. My father has the reputation for(A)being the sort of (B)manager who is at least willing to listen to(C)anyone who wants to raise a point(D)No error(E)
40. Despite of the best efforts(A) made by the Government(B) the condition of the country is(C)going from bad to worse(D)No error(E)
41. The captain distributed (A) the sweets among out(B) friends who(C) had invited him(D) No error (E)
42. The bride said (A) that she would not (B) marry the man over(C) thirty -five(D) No error(E)
43. The invitation card (A) says that Satish (B) marries with(C) Sunita next month (D) No error(E)
44. The constitution of India comprises of(A)three wings (B)the legislature the judiciary(C)and the executive and each is independent in its own way(D) No err(E)
45. The council does(A) not hold itself responsible(B) for the loss or damage (C) o any article(D) No error(E)
46. When he was (A) under house arrest(B) he was debarred to send(C) a letter even to his wife (D) No error (E)
47. We may have to await for(A) a new political(B) order to restructure closer to our economy by adopting a modal of(C)
development closer to our needs (D) No error(E)
48. Government should refrain(A)to associate themselves with anything(B)that tends to affect the (C)secular character of four state(D) No error(E)
49. It was apparent for (A) everyone present that if (B) the patient did not receive medical (C) attention fast he would die (D)No error (E)
50. She looked very (A) different from(B) the photograph(C) I had of her(D) No error (E)
51. In his concluding(A) remarks he said(B) almost nothing (C) worth listening to(D) No error(E)

English Syllabus for CGL Mains & Bank

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Newspaper + Dictionary (Eng to Eng)

Note: It has been assumed that the candidate who has cleared the pre-exam has already gone through grammar part. Going after that doesn't make much sense.

Work Out I

1. The repetition (a) / of these sounds stir (b) the emotions. (c) No Error (d)
2. Unemployment (a) as well as (b) poverty influence the votes. (c) No Error (d)
3. Tonsillitis (a) is among those (b) diseases that is curable (c) No Error (d)
4. This is the only one of the (a) local newspapers (b) that print such news. (c) No Error (d)
5. Each of these (a) companies had their (b) account books audited. (c) No Error (d)
6. Ten rupees seem (a)/ too much for (b) such a leather bag. (c)/ No Error (d)
7. These days (a) news are travelling (b) faster than before. (c) No Error (d)
8. My best friend (a) and advisor have (b)/ made this suggestion. (c) / No Error (d)
9. Rakesh was one of the only players (a)/ who have not participated (b)/ in this match. (c)/ No Error (d)
10. I have ceased worrying (a)/ because I heard (b)/ no more rumours. (c)/ No Error (d)/
11. Having climbed the mountain, (a)/ they have felt (b)/ a real sense of achievement. (c)/ No Error(d)
12. When I had been (a)/ at camp, I heard (b)/ that my application was accepted. (c)/ No Error (d)
13. Measles is among (a) those diseases that is (b)/ curable now. (c) No Error (d)
14. Every member and the office bearer (a)/ were aware (b)/ of this move. (c)/ No Error (d)
15. Sunita was the better (a)/ of the two (b)/ in Sociology. (c)/ No Error (d)
16. Yesterday one of (a)/ the teacher was called (b)/ by the office. (c)/ No Error (d)
17. The timing of these strikes (a) were poorly planned (b)/ by union. (c)/ No Error (d)
18. Neither the manager nor (a)/ the accountant were able to report (b)/ on the company's progress. (c)/ No Error (d)
19. Either the president or (a)/ the secretary have an (b)/ option to donate funds. (c)/ No Error (d)
20. He is the only one (a)/ of the men who are (b)/ making this survey. (c)/ No Error (d)
21. Our mill is the only (a)/ of the mills which (b)/ have shown a profit this year. (c)/ No Error (d)
22. No sooner had he entered (a)/ the hall when the lights went out (b)/ and everybody began to scream. (c)/ No Error (d)
23. His wife and mother (a)/ were standing (b)/ behind him. (c)/ No Error (d)
24. We judge our friends (a)/ both by what (b)/ they say and their actions. (c)/ No Error (d)
25. Virat Kohli runs faster than (a)/ any cricket player (b)/ in the team. (c)/ No Error (d)
26. This is not the first time (a)/ I am heard (b)/ of your insubordination. (c)/ No Error (d)
27. I want to know as to why (a)/ you did not (b)/ attend the office yesterday. (c)/ No Error (d)
28. What to speak of shorthand, (a)/ he does not know (b)/ even typewriting. (c)/ No Error (d)
29. Due to bad weather she (a)/ cannot come to the (b)/ office today. (c)/ No Error (d)
30. He went there (a)/ with a view to find (b)/ out the truth about yesterday's happening. (c)/ No Error (d)
31. You'll be (a)/ going to Shimla (b)/ soon for the vacations. (c) No Error (d)
32. My mother (a) is very ill, I hope (b)/ she will soon die. (c) No Error (d)
33. I am sure you will get (a)/ through (b)/ in the examination. (c) No Error (d)
34. The objections of my secretary (a)/ to accompany me to Bangalore (b)/ are meaningless. (c) No Error (d)

35. Today I met a lady (a)/ who was my teacher (b)/ fifteen years ago. (c) / No Error (d)

36. What to speak (a)/ of proper medical treatment (b)/ even first aid was not given to him. (c) No Error (d)

37. The reason why she is (a)/ absent today (b)/ is because her husband is ill. (c) No Error (d)

38. I never remembered to have met (a)/ this gentleman (b)/ in Baroda. (c) No Error (d)

39. Don't worry, I shall be back (a)/ in a few minutes (b)/ and join you. (c) No Error (d)

40. You are wrong, I never spoke to her (a)/ on telephone (b)/ on telephone this morning. (c) No Error (d)

41. The scenery of Kodaikanal (a)/ are not doubt (b)/ very beautiful. (c) No Error (d)

42. All the gentries were invited (a)/ to the college (b)/ annual day function. (c) No Error (d)

43. She has been advised to (a)/ live on vegetables (b)/ and fruits. (c) No Error (d)

44. They have purchased many (a)/ items of furnitures (b)/ for their new bungalow. (c) No Error (d)

45. Dozen of apples were (a)/ distributed among the boys (b)/ by the class teacher. (c) No Error (d)

46. They had to face much troubles (a) during their journey to (b)/ West Bengal. (c) No Error

47. Most of the five-years plans (a)/ of India have (b)/ been successful. (c) No Error (d)

48. One of my student (a)/ tells me that (b)/ she has failed in English. (c) / No Error (d)

49. She is more cleverer (a)/ than any other girl of (b)/ her age. (c) No Error (d)

50. Harder you work (a)/, the better division (b)/ you get. (c) / No Error (d)/



Work Out II

1. We threw out some old furniture (a)/ so that the new television set (b)/ has enough space. (c)/ No Error (d)
2. This small table (a)/ will collapse (b)/ if you will stand on it. (c)/ No Error (d)
3. Children often (a)/ quarrel on (b)/ petty issues. (c)/ No Error (d)
4. To transport goods by sea (a)/ is cheaper (b)/ than land. (c)/ No Error (d)
5. *Meatless days* (a)/ have been made (b)/ in to a film. (c)/ No Error (d)/
6. He didn't eat the apple (a)/ because it tasted bitterly (b)/ and was slightly rotten. (c)/ No Error (d)
7. When she arrived, (a)/ I was pretty fed up (b)/ because it was been a horrible weather since eight O' clock in the morning. (c)/ No Error (d)
8. He went on committing crime after crime (a)/ but in spite of my best efforts (b)/ I could not prevent him to do so. (c)/ No Error (d)
9. Of the two thesis submitted for the degree of the Ph. D in English (a)/ neither was found suitable (b)/ by the examiners for the award of the degree. (c)/ No Error (d)/
10. The doctor advised us (a)/ not to told the patient (b)/ about his disease. (c)/ No Error (d)
11. As sooner did he (a)/ return from school (b)/ than he was told to go to the shop. (c)/ No Error (d)
12. All teachers agree (a)/ that Prakash is the (b)/ more intelligent of all the boys in his class. (c)/ No Error (d)
13. But for some (a)/ anxious moments, our expedition (b)/ in the Himalayas was enjoyable. (c)/ No Error (d)
14. Jay had not forgotten (a)/ the incident and could (b)/ clear remember all the details. (c)/ No Error (d)
15. Whether you agree (a)/ or not (b)/ I have to send you at Bombay. (c)/ No Error (d)
16. How close the ball (a)/ will come depends (b)/ on how forcefully It was hit. (c)/ No Error (d)
17. In spite of the help (a)/ offered to him (b)/ he refuses to accept and I decided to leave him alone. (c)/ No Error (d)
18. If my father (a)/ will approve (b)/ I will go to Bombay. (c)/ No Error (d)
19. Bread and butter (a)/ is (b)/ wholesome food. (c)/ No Error (d)
20. It is high time (a)/ that we send (b)/ the answer. (c)/ No Error (d)
21. The angry man ran hurried (a)/ into the crowded room (b)/ and shouted loud at the guests. (c)/ No Error (d)
22. Hardly he had arrived (a)/ when the house caught fire (b)/ and everything was reduced to ashes. (c)/ No Error (d)
23. Interviews for (a)/ the post of lecturer will (b)/ begin from Monday. (c)/ No Error (d)
24. Good night. (a)/ I am glad (b)/ to see you of. (c)/ No Error (d)
25. We all (a)/ take vegetable (b)/ and fruit. (c)/ No Error (d)
26. As there are only one taxi available (a)/ I have no other alternative (b)/ but to pay the fare demanded by the driver. (c)/ No Error (d)
27. Prayag and Parag used (a)/ to work for almost twelve hours in the factory (b)/ is were working earlier. (c)/ No Error (d)
28. Whenever they go out (a)/ for shopping (b)/ they take their pet dog with them. (c)/ No Error (d)
29. Monisha was to about (a)/ tell her teacher the (b)/ truth when her friend interrupted her. (c)/ No Error (d)

30. The children were (a)/ playing with a ball (b)/ and run around when her friend interrupted her. (c)/ No Error (d)
31. Avinash is not so (a)/ good a batsman to (b)/ be selected for the national cricket team. (c)/ No Error (d)
32. He ran so fastly (a)/ that he reached (b)/ the destination in just two minutes. (c)/ No Error (d)
33. The fireman could not (a)/ succeed in rescue the (b)/ child although they could put out the fire. (c)/ No Error (d)
34. Anjali's performance in the (a)/ drama was best than (b)/ Deepali's but not as good as Vaishali's. (c)/ No Error (d)
35. Although he is usually (a)/ rude with everyone (b)/ he behaved nice with all of us today. (c)/ No Error (d)
36. The police man (a)/ started firing the crowd (b)/ when the striking workers got violent. (c)/ No Error (d)
37. Of all the friends (a)/ I have had, he is the most helpful (b)/ and less arrogant. (c)/ No Error (d)
38. Supposing if you (a)/ are arrested (b)/ what will you do? (c)/ No Error (d)
39. Although we are free (a)/ for the last forty-five years or so (b)/ yet we continue to be economically backward. (c)/ No Error (d)
40. Satyajit Ray, who conceived, co-authored (a)/, and directed a number of good films, was (b) one of India's most talented film maker. (c)/ No Error (d)
41. Neither the famine (a)/ or the subsequent fire (b)/ was able to destroy the spirit of the people. (c)/ No Error (d)
42. The lawyer told his client (a)/ that he would represent him (b)/ only if he pays his fee. (c)/ No Error (d)
43. The signpost at the gate (a)/ of the garden read (b)/ : Trespassers will be prosecuted. (c)/ No Error (d)
44. One of the drawbacks (a)/ of modern education are (b)/ that it does not encourage original thinking. (c)/ No Error (d)
45. He was (a)/ acquitted from (b)/ the charges. (c)/ No Error (d)
46. This watch is (a)/ more superior and (b)/ more expensive than that. (c)/ No Error (d)
47. Some people (a)/ consider wealth (b)/ superior than wisdom. (c)/ No Error (d)
48. Judging by what he tells me, (a)/ I don't think he has made a good impression (b)/ to the manager of the company where he works. (c)/ No Error (d)
49. He told me that he couldn't buy (a)/ the painting which he wants (b)/ very much because he didn't have enough money. (c)/ No Error (d)
50. There was great difference (a)/ of opinion between (b)/ the members of the Board. (c)/ No Error (d)

Work Out III

1. I can speak Gujarati (a)/ a little but not well (b)/ as you do. (c) No Error (d)
2. He hesitated to accept the past (a)/ as he did not think the salary would not be (b)/ enough for a man with a family of ten. (c) No Error (d)
3. Finally, after long years of hardship (a)/ he succeeded (b)/ which completely altered his outlook on life. (c) No Error (d)
4. While I was travelling (a)/ in a train (b)/ piece of luggage fell on my head. (c) No Error (d)
5. Will the bank loan (a)/ me money (b)/ if I pledge my land? (c) No Error (d)
6. No sooner did the teacher (a)/ enter the class (b)/ then the students stand up. (c) No Error (d)
7. Although my car is expensive (a)/ I have had (b)/ a lot of trouble with it. (c) No Error (d)
8. He asked Ramu (a)/ why your father (b)/ had lost his temper. (c) No Error (d)
9. What to speak of milk (a), even water (b)/ was not available there. (c) No Error (d)
10. My father asked me (a)/ to go to the fair (b)/ and enjoy there. (c) No Error (d)
11. Although winter in Kashmir is cold (a)/ but it is pleasant (b)/ in many ways. (c) No Error (d)
12. Hari was unhappy (a)/ that he would (b)/ not attend the wedding of his friend yesterday. (c) No Error (d)
13. Rama could not (a)/ go to the picnic (b)/ for his mother was not well. (c) No Error (d)
14. Sarita was popular (a)/ with her classmates that (b)/ she always had someone or the other coming to her house.
15. The programme which (a)/ came on television (b)/ these days in the evenings is very interesting. (c) No Error (d)
16. Prakash was leading (a)/ a happy and leisurely (b)/ life after his retirement from service. (c) No Error (d)
17. Elections to American (a)/ President take place (b)/ every fourth year in November. (c) No Error (d)
18. Guru Ram Das was (a)/ the fourth Guru of Sikhs (b)/ between 1674 to 1681. (c) No Error (d)
19. Alexander was (a)/ the first European invasion (b)/ to set foot on the Indian soil. (c) No Error (d)
20. Brazil is (a)/ the largest country (b)/ in South America. (c) No Error (d)
21. Mercury is (a)/ the best conductors (b)/ of heat and is used in thermometers. (c) No Error (d)
22. We are (a)/ fortunate in being able to (b)/ visit Puri because there is many who can't go there. (c) No Error (d)
23. If a man joins a post and do (a)/ not work he is (b)/ asked to resign the post. (c) No Error (d)
24. After Independence (a) people have say (b)/ many things about the national language (c)/ No Error
25. Us (a)/ may stay (b)/ in Darjeeling until the monsoon starts. (c) No Error (d)
26. There will be (a)/ increased emphasis on (b)/ heavy industry in planning. (c) No Error (d)
27. Due to the explosion the (a)/ walls bursted apart (b)/ and the roof was blown off. (c) No Error (d)
28. The selection board will (a)/ call only those (b)/ candidates whom have the proper qualifications. (c) No Error (d)
29. In the high school, girls often do (a)/ as good as boys (b)/ if not better than the boys. (c) No Error (d)

30. The authorities states (a)/ that the students are (b)/ responsible for the lack of discipline in the colleges. (c)/ No Error (d)
31. No employees are (a)/ permitted to act on (b)/ behalf of the company in financial matters. (c)/ No Error (d)
32. She denied (a)/ that (b)/ she did not (c)/ commit the crime. (c)/ No Error (d)
33. I prefer (a)/ punishment (b)/ than insult. (c)/ No Error (d)
34. My friend always prefers (a)/ reading short stories (b)/ than voluminous novels. (c)/ No Error (d)
35. It has been unbearable hot (a)/ for (b)/ the last two months. (c)/ No Error (d)
36. On the occasion, (a)/ a tribal chieftain boldly asserted that any one of his boys could kill a tiger (b)/ with his bare hands. (c)/ No Error (d)
37. It's time (a)/ we do something to check (b)/ the incidence of this infectious disease. (c)/ No Error (d)
38. Neither John or Jim was able to tell me (a)/ who had visited our place (b)/ in the evening in my absence. (c)/ No Error (d)
39. Neither of the contestant was (a)/ in a proper physical condition (b)/ to do his best work. (c)/ No Error (d)
40. No everything (a)/ that a daily newspaper prints (b)/ is intended to be read for its educational value. (c)/ No Error (d)
41. It was now six (a)/ and he was tired (b)/ because he has been working since dawn. (c)/ No Error (d)
42. A report of the meetings, (a)/ and a list of the new officers (b)/ are printed on the third page. (c)/ No Error (d)
43. Why you worry me (a) when this problem of yours (b)/ can be solved by your brother? (c)/ No Error (d)
44. When you have written your essay (a)/, read it over carefully (b)/ to correct possible mistakes. (c)/ No Error (d)
45. If you will let me try (a)/ I will make this engine go (b)/ but you had better get out of the way first. (c)/ No Error (d)
46. Being a very hot day (a)/ I stayed at home (b)/ and prepared for my examination. (c)/ No Error (d)
47. He told me (a)/ the same old story (b)/ in great details. (c)/ No Error (d)
48. The two brothers have never been (a)/ on good terms (b)/ to each other. (c)/ No Error (d)
49. The man disappeared (a)/ after he has committed (b)/ a murder in the running train. (c)/ No Error (d)
50. This carpenter is the most skilled (a)/ of all other carpenters (b)/ in our workshop. (c)/ No Error (d)

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Sentence Improvement

Exercise – 1

Directions: Which of the phrases (a),(b),(c) and (d) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold type to make the sentence grammatically correct ? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (e) as the answer.

1. Alok **hesitated to listen to** what his brother was saying.
 - a. Listened to hesitate
 - b. hesitate listened to
 - c. hesitate to listening
 - d. is hesitated to listen to
 - e. No Improvement
 2. Sita was asked that **why she had not** attended the prayer.
 - a. why had she not
 - b. that why had she not
 - c. why she was not
 - d. why she had not
 - e. No Improvement
 3. This is one of the most important **inventions of this century**.
 - a. invention of this century
 - b. inventions of these centuries
 - c. inventions of centuries
 - d. inventions of the centuries
 - e. No Improvement
 4. Can you tell me **why did you not speak** the truth ?
 - a. why did not you speak
 - b. that why did you not speak
 - c. why you did not speak
 - d. why did you not spoke
 - e. No Improvement
 5. They **are not beware of** all the facts.
 - a. are not aware for
 - b. are not aware of
 - c. are not to be aware
 - d. must not beware for
 - e. No Improvement
 6. Why **did you not threw** the bag away ?
 - a. did you not throw
 - b. had you not threw
 - c. did you not thrown
 - d. you did not thrown
 - e. No Improvement
 7. You can always **dependent of them**.
8. If he has to spend five hours in the queue, it **was really a wastage**.
 - a. is really a wastage
 - b. is a real wastage
 - c. has really a wastage.
 - d. is really a wastage
 - e. No Improvement
 9. The moment they saw me, **they were delight**.
 - a. they had delighted
 - b. they were delighted
 - c. they are delighted
 - d. they have been delighted
 - e. No Improvement
 10. The small child does whatever his father **was done**.
 - a. has done
 - b. did
 - c. does
 - d. had done
 - e. No Improvement
 11. She asked him that **why he was** unwilling to go with her.
 - a. why he was
 - b. why that he was
 - c. why was he
 - d. that why he had been
 - e. No Improvement
 12. May I know **who did accompany you** to railway station ?
 - a. whom did accompany you
 - b. whom did you accompany
 - c. whom accompanied you
 - d. whom you accompanying
 - e. No Improvement
 13. The fast train **came a halt to** before crossing the bridge.
 - a. came before to a halt
 - b. came to halt before a
 - c. came before a halt to
 - d. came to a halt before
 - e. No Improvement

- a. depend on them
- b. by dependant with them
- c. dependant upon them
- d. be depend on them
- e. No Improvement

14. He was one of the greatest **astrologers of his times.**
- astrologer of his times
 - astrologers of its times
 - of astrologer in his times
 - of his time astrologer
 - No Improvement
15. **Why did you not spoken** to me earlier?
- were you not spoken
 - did you not speak
 - you did not speak
 - did you not spoke
 - No Improvement
16. he doesn't hesitate to do whatever his friend **does.**
- will do
 - would do
 - shall do
 - should do
 - No Improvement
17. Sanjay assured amrita that he **would look** at her work while she was on leave.
- will look
 - would look down upon
 - would look after
 - would over look
 - No Improvement
18. They were delighted to see **him fully recover.**
- him fully recovered
 - he fully recovered
 - his fully recovery
 - him fully recovery
 - No Improvement
19. I can always **count on him** in times of difficulty.
- count with him
 - count him on
 - count on he
 - count him
 - No Improvement
20. If you have paid only twenty five rupees for his bag , it **has really cheap.**
- is real cheap
 - is really cheap
 - has cheapest
 - has been really cheapest
 - No Improvement
21. The police have so **far succeeded in recovering** only a part of the stolen property.
- Thus far succeeded for recover
 - So far succeed in the recovery of
 - As far as succeeded in recovery of
 - So far succeed to recover
 - No Improvement
22. The easiest **of the thing to do** is to ask the address of the postman.
- Of the things to do
 - Among the things did
 - Of the things to be done
 - Of all the things done
- e. No Improvement
23. Why **should the candidates be** afraid of english language is not clear.
- The candidates should be
 - Do the candidates be
 - Should be the candidates
 - Are the candidates
 - No Improvement
24. Hardly **does the sun rise** when the stars disappeared.
- Have the sun rose
 - Had the sun risen
 - Did the sun rise
 - The sun rose
 - No Improvement
25. Sumeet is **as tall if not** taller than amit.
- Not as tall but
 - Not so tall but as
 - As it not
 - As tall as, if not
 - No Improvement
26. Our misunderstanding **could clear** only after subsequent experiences.
- Could have cleared
 - can be clear
 - could be cleared
 - can clear
 - No Improvement
27. Mediation **has used** in every part of the world.
- Has useful
 - has been used
 - has had uses
 - may have used
 - No Improvement
28. Most of us **know perfect well** that worrying is a futile exercise.
- Know perfectly well
 - knowing perfect well
 - knows perfectly well
 - known well properly
 - No Improvement

29. We advised them **to go to** a hill station during the summer vacation.
- For going to
 - That they go to
 - That they should have to go to
 - On going
 - No Improvement
30. In every democratic set up, people **should have** freedom of expression.
- Might have b. may have
 - would have had d. should had
 - No Improvement
31. The registrar of co-operative societies **have recently conducted** an internal enquiry.
- Have conducted recently
 - Conducted have recently
 - Has been recently conducted
 - Has recently conducted
 - No Improvement
32. Records have shown that the scam **has been going on** for at least ten years.
- went on b. had gone on
 - has been gone on d. has been going upon
 - No Improvement
33. They **would have been appreciated** your efforts if you had informed them.
- would have appreciated
 - would have appreciated of
 - would be appreciated
 - should have been appreciated
 - No Improvement
34. He took a longer time to read the text for he wanted to **go about it carefully**.
- go about it hastily
 - go at it casually
 - go through it carefully
 - go through it hurriedly
 - No Improvement
35. He won't tell you his problem unless you **agree of helping** him.
- do not agree to help
 - agree to help
 - agree for help
 - do not agree of help
 - No Improvement
36. It was so dark that the children **were terribly frightened**.
- had terrible frightened
 - were terribly frightening
 - had been terrible frightening
 - were terrible frightened
- e. No Improvement
37. He **had afraid of** the strange sound of the waves.
- was afraid of b. had been afraid at
 - had afraid by d. was afraid by
 - No Improvement
38. The stolen gun **was found laying** under the banyan tree.
- had found laying
 - had been finding laying
 - was found laying
 - is found laying
 - No Improvement
39. They **had been taking** the same medicine for the last three years.
- have take b. have been taking
 - were taking d. had been taken
 - No Improvement
40. The ladder **will be collapse** if you push the wall with both the hands.
- will collapse
 - will have collapsed
 - will have been collapsing
 - should collapsed
 - No Improvement
41. I told him clearly that he **had not ought to do** that to me.
- ought not has done
 - has not ought to do
 - ought not to have done
 - ought not done
 - No Improvement
42. **Having had** in the foreign services for a long time, Mr. Verma has met many prominent personalities.
- had he been
 - having been
 - he has been
 - having
 - No Improvement

43. Saurav **would have been looked** smart in traditional cloths.
- would have looked
 - was looked
 - would be looked
 - had looking
 - No Improvement
44. Md. Anwar Rashid **had occupying** this house for over 25 years and has no intention of vacating it now.
- has been occupying
 - was to occupy
 - will occupy
 - is occupying
 - No Improvement
45. He has cooked that meal so often he can do it with his **eyes closed**.
- hands full b. eyes close
 - mind blank d. hands closed
 - No Improvement
46. The three musketeers **have been written** by Dumas.
- are written b. are being written
 - has been written d. is to written
 - No Improvement
47. By temperament **the English** are reserved, so they prefer to live in solitary houses.
- English people b. English
 - some English d. a few Englishes
 - No Improvement
48. Do take an umbrella with you **lest you do not get wet**.
- lest you should get wet
 - lest you should not get wet
 - lest you might not get wet
 - lest you will get wet
 - No Improvement
49. In a few minutes' time, when the clock strikes six, **I would be waiting** here three quarters of an hour.
- shall be waiting
 - shall have waiting
 - will have waited
 - may waited
 - No Improvement
50. Navneet enjoys **to tell** stories to children.
- how to tell
 - telling
 - to narrate
 - memorising
 - No Improvement
51. Purchasing at this place now depends on **they coming** here.
- them coming
 - they come
 - their coming
 - theirs coming
 - No Improvement
52. Can you imagine what a space system **would be looked like?**
- should have been looking
 - would look like
 - should be looked
 - was to be looked
 - No Improvement
53. We **have not attended** any class since the term began.
- had no attended
 - have not been attending
 - have been not attended
 - have not be attend
 - No Improvement
54. Although the driver **threw out of** the car, he was not seriously.
- was throwing out of
 - had thrown out of
 - was thrown out by
 - was thrown out of
 - No Improvement
55. They were requested to take their belongings and **left their** house quickly.
- leave their
 - lived in their
 - left in their
 - left in its
 - No Improvement
56. The doctor **has advice** him to give up smoking.
- was advised
 - had been advised
 - has advised
 - has to advised
 - No Improvement

57. They **have been playing** chess whenever they are free.
- have played
 - play
 - had played
 - had been playing
 - No Improvement
58. The fundamental issue **can't resolve** by merely discussing them with the people.
- could be solve
 - cannot be resolve
 - could not be resolve
 - cannot be resolved
 - No Improvement
59. Why **people fight among** themselves on trivial aspects is mystery.
- do people fight amongst
 - do people fight among
 - people did fight amongst
 - had people fought amongst
 - No Improvement
60. He forgot that he **had gone** the office before time, but now it was too late.
- Had to got
 - Had been going to
 - Was going to
 - Was being blame by
 - No correction required
61. He felt sad because he **had blamed to** other's misdeeds.
- Had blamed by
 - Was blaming for
 - Had been blamed for
 - Was being blame by
 - No correction required
62. The man **was in a spot** having lost money in cards.
- Borrowed
 - Was troubled
 - Was in grief
 - Has less cash
 - Was in debt
63. In rescuing the drowning child, the villager **added another feather to his cap.**
- Was gifted with precious thing
 - Was crowned and rewarded
 - benefitted a lot
 - made a significant achievement
 - praised the child
64. The man **took to his heels** when the woman shouted for help.
- disappeared
 - ran away
 - kicked
 - fell down
 - hide
65. The boy **beat about the bush** when his mother questioned his absence.
- told the truth
 - avoided telling the truth
 - hesitated
 - was not clear
 - was quiet
66. he **held** a party when he got his B.A. degree.
- prepared to give
 - planned
 - gave
 - promised
 - paid for
67. When the police officer asked you your salary, you provided wrong information, **haven't you ?**
- have you not
 - aren't you
 - didn't you
 - don't you
 - No correction required
68. I shall not forgive you **for having broke** your promise.
- With having broke
 - For having broken
 - For breaking up
 - Because of breaking up
 - No correction required
69. Most unwillingly, I agreed **to go to** Andmans and staying there for a month.
- to going to
 - going to
 - for going
 - to going for
 - No correction required
70. **There have been** a spurt in the number of cases of atrocities on women during the last months.
- It had been
 - there are
 - there has been
 - there were
 - No correction required
71. This is the one of the most remarkable stories **that has been told** so far.
- Which has been told
 - That has been telling
 - That have been told
 - Which are told
 - No correction required

72. He decided to **leave the job quietly**.
 a. Quietly leave the job
 b. Leaving the job quietly
 c. Quietly leaving the job
 d. Leave quietly the job
 e. No correction required
73. If we **had been** one more good batsman in our team, we would have won the match.
 a. had had b. would have been
 c. would have d. would have had
 e. No correction required
74. No sooner did I reach the station than the train **departed**.
 a. had departed b. was departed
 c. had been departed d. did depart
 e. No correction required
75. As soon as I **will reach** Bangalore , I will repay the loan.
 a. I shall reach b. I should reach
 c. I would reach d. I reach
 e. No correction required
76. The nation – wide survey **has brought up** in interesting finding which is published.
 a. had brought up
 b. has brought out
 c. had been brought up
 d. will bring up
 e. No correction required
77. If Indian people are united, this nation **can become a source of** strength for the entire world.
 a. Could become a resource of
 b. Can become resourceful for
 c. Would be a source in
 d. Can become a source with
 e. No correction required
78. All their efforts **were direct to** promote harmony among various groups of people.
 a. were directing to
 b. were directed at
 c. have directed for
 d. were directed to
 e. No correction required
79. **What did happen** there in the first place is not a matter of our concern.
 a. What happens
 b. What would have happened
 c. What happened
 d. What should have happened
- e. No correction required
80. The speaker highlighted the contribution of women **for bringing about** social changes.
 a. for bringing in
 b. in bringing of
 c. for the brought over
 d. in bringing about
 e. No correction required
81. Such inequalities **can be founded** enshrined in the constitutions other countries also.
 a. could have been founded
 b. can be found
 c. could be founded
 d. could have founded
 e. No correction required
82. The local authorities **were never bothering** **to** care about the unfortunate happenings.
 a. were never bothered to
 b. never bothered to
 c. never were bothering to
 d. was never bothering to
 e. No correction required
83. India's outlook of the world **is composing of** these various elements.
 a. is composed of
 b. is composed by
 c. is composing with
 d. has been composing at
 e. No correction required
84. How religious intolerance can bring social peace and harmony can be gauged from events **take place around** the globe.
 a. taken place over
 b. taking place around
 c. took place around
 d. taken place in
 e. No correction required

85. This exploitation of the helpless tribals **need to be condemned.**
- needs to be condemned
 - needs condemnation
 - needs to be condemnation
 - need to condemnation
 - No correction required
86. The fact finding team **which had been to** find villagers were giving information to police.
- which had been for
 - that led to
 - which led to
 - that has been to
 - No correction required
87. The new facts he has discovered **could not change** my opinion.
- had not changed
 - could not be changed
 - can not be changed
 - may not be changed
 - No correction required
88. On firm ground he tent **had held in** place by pegs drive into the ground.
- had been held at
 - was held in
 - was being held with
 - should be held at
 - No correction required
89. All **you really need is** a mask, a tube and a spear gun.
- you really need are
 - you real need are
 - you real need is
 - you really needed is
 - No correction required
90. By contrast the construction of great temples which **had seemingly have presented** great engineering difficulties was relatively easy.
- had seemingly been presented
 - had been seemed present
 - was seemingly presented
 - would seemingly have presented
 - No correction required
91. I was shocked to learn that no one **was knowing** where the files were kept.
- had been knowing
 - had been known
 - knew
 - was known
 - No correction required
92. There was a pause when we have finished and then **a strangely subdued** voice broke the silence.
- The strange subduing
 - A strange subduing
 - The strange subdued
 - A strange and subduing
 - No correction required
93. In the midst of his laborious work **come a stroke of** good fortune.
- Comes a strike of
 - Come a strike of
 - A strike comes of
 - Come a strike for
 - No correction required
94. Tourists **have still come** to Egypt and are probably still inscribing their names on the old stones.
- Are still coming
 - Have come still
 - Still have come
 - Will have still come
 - No correction required
95. I overheard him saying something to me when **I was quit.**
- I was almost quit
 - I was about tom quit.
 - I had about to quit
 - I had been quitting
 - No correction required
96. We had **not only helped them with** money but also with new machinery and raw material.
- Not only helped them by
 - Helped them not only with
 - Helped not only to them with
 - Not only been helped them by
 - No correction required

97. The modification made by them in the draft were so drastic that the entire emphasis **had been shifted**.

- a. Shall have been shifted
- b. Had shifted
- c. Was being shifted
- d. Had been shifting
- e. No correction required

98. The novel ideas suggested by the employee **were appreciated by** the management.

- a. Have appreciated by
- b. Have been appreciated for
- c. Were appreciative of
- d. Had appreciated by
- e. No correction required

99. Despite their best efforts, they could not convince the members **by changing their** decision.

- a. And changed their
- b. To change their
- c. With changing their
- d. In changing his
- e. No correction required

100. He has now **succeeded in overwhelming** the grief.

- a. Successful in overwhelm
- b. Successful to overwhelming
- c. Succeeded to overwhelm
- d. Succeeded in overwhelming
- e. No correction required

101. The two brothers were **so much similar in** appearance that nobody believed that they were twins.

- a. Very much similar in
- b. So much similar at
- c. So different in
- d. So different from
- e. No correction required

102. The sight of the accident was **so frightened that** the bystanders could not utter a single word.

- a. So very frightening because
- b. So frightening that
- c. Extremely frightening as
- d. Extremely frightened
- e. No correction required

103. The police **break down** the trunk and found the looted jewellery.

- a. Broke opened b. broke open
- c. break opened d. breakingly opened
- e. No correction required

104. The advertisement offered a reward for reward for information **relating to the** activities of the terrorists.

- a. Relative to this
- b. As related to the
- c. Which relate to
- d. Regarding to the
- e. No correction required

105. He travelled by bus but **would have travelled** by train to save time.

- a. Must have travelled
- b. Should be travelling
- c. Could be travelling
- d. Should have travelled
- e. No correction required

106. It **is reliable to learn** that there is no substantial evidence to prove his innocence.

- a. Is reliably learnt
- b. Reliable to learn
- c. Was reliable to learn
- d. Has been reliable learning
- e. No correction required

107. **Finishing his breakfast**, he started working on the problem that had been awaiting disposal for a long time.

- a. His breakfast finished
- b. His breakfast having finished
- c. Having finish his breakfast
- d. Having finished his breakfast
- e. No correction required

108. **One of the function of** a teacher is to spot cases of maladjustment.

- a. One of the functions of
- b. Most of the functions
- c. Some of the functions of
- d. One of the functions by
- e. No correction required

109. In our friend's circle it is customary for each of the members **to buy their own tickets.**
- buying their own tickets
 - are buying their own tickets
 - buying his own tickets
 - to buy his own ticket
 - No correction required
110. Where the distance is not too much, I prefer walking on foot **than waiting for a bus.**
- than wait for the
 - than to waiting for
 - to waiting for a
 - than to wait for a
 - No correction required
111. **Being a pleasant morning,** he went out for a walk along the seashore.
- With a pleasant morning
 - It being a pleasant morning
 - Being a pleasant morning
 - As a pleasant morning
 - No correction required
112. We are happy to recommend that his son **to be considered for** the post.
- considered for
 - be considered with
 - be considered for
 - may consider for
 - No correction required
113. A majority of the students believes that the examinations **are unnecessary.**
- have been not necessary
 - have unnecessary
 - are being unnecessary
 - were being unnecessary
 - No correction required
114. **No sooner the advertisement appeared** in newspapers than there was a rush on the booking window.
- No sooner had the advertisement appear
 - The advertisement no sooner having appeared
 - The advertisement no sooner have appeared
115. May I know **whom I am talking** to?
- who I am talking
 - to whom I am talking
 - whom I talk
 - who I have talked
 - No correction required
116. I **am working** on this job since last Monday.
- was working
 - have been working
 - being worked
 - were to have worked
 - No correction required
117. Due to fatigue the activity of body and mind **slow down.**
- will slow
 - will slow down
 - will be slowed down
 - slows down
 - No correction required
118. Till man rises higher in the process of evolution, the world situation **will continue** to remain fuelled up.
- will be continued
 - would have continued
 - should have continued
 - continued
 - No correction required
119. Mankind has a habit of surviving the worst catastrophes **created by their** own errors or by nature.
- created by its
 - created by him
 - created from its
 - created for their
 - No correction required

120. Almost every country **has plagued by** power seekers and power brokers.

- a. has plagued that
- b. is plagued by
- c. was plagued at
- d. is plagued at
- e. No correction required

121. In several parts of Africa when **the rain do not come** the tribal chief conducts the ritual dance.

- a. the rain does not come
- b. the rain do not come
- c. the rains do not come
- d. the rains will not come
- e. No correction required

122. It is with a heavy heart that I pen these few lines to **condole for you on** the death of your beloved mother.

- a. condole with you in
- b. condole upon you on
- c. condole with you on
- d. condole for you with
- e. No correction required

123. He is one of the best players **that has ever lived.**

- a. that would have ever lived
- b. that have ever lived
- c. that would have been ever lived
- d. that would ever lived
- e. No correction required

124. The teacher told us that the prize **would be presented the next day.**

- a. will be presented tomorrow
- b. would have been presented the next day
- c. shall be presented tomorrow
- d. should be presented tomorrow
- e. No correction required

125. **Men have been known** how important the sun is to them.

- a. Men have long known
- b. Men have to know long
- c. Men had long known
- d. Men have long know
- e. No correction required



Exercise-2

Directions: Which of the phrases (a),(b),(c) and (d) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold type to make the sentence grammatically correct ? If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (e) as the answer.

1. Deepak's **unshakable faith on** good values is appreciable.
 - a. Unshakan faith on
 - b. Unshakable faith in
 - c. Unshaking faith about
 - d. Unshakable faith for
 - e. No correction required
2. Vinay is very likely to lose **unless he practiced** rigorously.
 - a. Unless he does practise
 - b. Unless he practise
 - c. Unless he practises
 - d. Until he practised
 - e. No correction required
3. Though Navneet is **junior to** all his colleagues he has learnt the complete procedure.
 - a. Has been junior than
 - b. Being junior to
 - c. Was junior than
 - d. Is junior than
 - e. No correction required
4. None of the employee **is complying for** your requirements.
 - a. Will comply at
 - b. Is complying with
 - c. Are complying for
 - d. Can be complying for
 - e. No correction required
5. We will certainly help them **if they will approach us.**
 - a. If they approach us
 - b. If they approached us
 - c. If they have approached us
 - d. Unless they do not approach us
 - e. No correction required
6. The pending cases have not **been proper dealing with.**
 - a. been at proper dealing
 - b. been properly dealing for
 - c. been proper dealing at
 - d. been properly dealt with
 - e. No correction required

7. Do you know what time **the train will depart.**
 - a. would be the train departed
 - b. will the train depart
 - c. would be the train to depart
 - d. will depart the train
 - e. No correction required
8. **By the time they reach** the hall, the concert was over.
 - a. By the time they were reaching
 - b. Before they would be reaching
 - c. Just about they reached
 - d. By the time they reached
 - e. No correction required
9. Rakesh will be shocked if he **is knowing of** his failure.
 - a. knows of
 - b. was to know of
 - c. is know for
 - d. is in knowledge for
 - e. No correction required
10. Anwar had to postpone his trip **for the wanting of** foreign exchange.
 - a. because of his want for
 - b. as he wanted of
 - c. as for the want of
 - d. for want of
 - e. No correction required
11. They will be happy if you **will recognize their** work.
 - a. will be recognizing them at
 - b. would be recognized their
 - c. would have recognized their
 - d. recognized their
 - e. No correction required
12. He behaved exactly in the same manner as **I had expected him to.**
 - a. had expected him for
 - b. would be expected him to
 - c. would have been expected him to
 - d. had been expected of him
 - e. No correction required

13. The train was extremely crowded, **yet he managed to** board it.
- despite his managing with
 - yet he could be managed to
 - yet he manages to
 - although he manages to
 - No correction required
14. He boasts of **being excessive generous.**
- being excessively generous
 - having excessively generosity
 - having excessive by generous
 - being excessively generosity
 - No correction required
15. They clarified that all of them **have submitted their** worksheets.
- have submitted his
 - were submitted their
 - had submitted their
 - would have been submitted their
 - No correction required
16. Khoosboo went to the blast site to save her colleague **who was stranding** there.
- has to strand
 - had been stranded
 - has been stranding
 - was being stranding
 - No correction required
17. When **I receive the letter**, the date for the interview was already over.
- the letter I had received
 - I had to receive the letter
 - I was receiving the letter
 - I received the letter
 - No correction required
18. **Everyone is requested** to attend the dinner party hosted by president.
- will request to
 - is to request to
 - is requesting to
 - is requested for
 - No correction required
19. The chairman approved the recommendations **to the committee with** partial modifications.
- of the committee with
 - to the committee by
 - by the committee for
 - at the committee in
 - No correction required
20. Had the opportunity been given to him he **will have proved** successful.
- will be proving
- b. would have proved
c. would have proven
d. will have prove
e. No correction required
21. In the meeting **hold last month** all other members were present except vinay.
- held in the last month
 - last month's holding
 - held by last month
 - was held by the last month
 - No correction required
22. Hardly had she reached the station, then **it started rain.**
- as it started raining
 - when it started rain
 - than it started raining
 - when it started raining
 - No correction required
23. A committee comprising eminent members from various technically institutions **was set up.**
- was set
 - was being set
 - has set up
 - had been set
 - No correction required
24. **As compared with** last year, the production of this factory has not been satisfactory.
- as compared to
 - as compared in
 - compared as to
 - compared as with
 - No correction required
25. The person **whom do you met** yesterday is one of my best friends.
- you met to whom
 - whom did you meet
 - whom you met
 - who meets you
 - No correction required

26. He **firmly believes that** a radical change in the structure of our various departments is necessary.
- that firmly believes in
 - a firmly belief that
 - firmly belief that
 - is believing that
 - No correction required
27. Gandhi's life was a saga **of dedication in the** cause of social reforms in india.
- of dedication to the
 - for dedication at the
 - of having dedicated in the
 - of dedicated in the
 - No correction required
28. When do you **intent to return back to** your home?
- intend for a return of
 - intend to turn back for
 - intend to return to
 - intention of returning to
 - No correction required
29. **I had been in** your place, I would not have granted him any relief.
- had been in
 - if I had been in
 - had I been with
 - I had been with
 - No correction required
30. I spoke to Naresh yesterday but **was forget to** mention this point.
- forgot to
 - have forgotten to
 - had been forgotten to
 - forgot at
 - No correction required
31. The unskilled **class of workers are** the most exploited class under the present labour contract system.
- class of workers is
 - classes of workers are
 - class for workers are
 - class of workers is
 - No correction required
32. The issue **were so that critical** they could hardly be resolved in such a limited time.
- were so critical that
 - were being so critical as
 - had so critical that
 - were so critically that
 - No correction required
33. The conference **is to start at** 9:30 am. with the introductory speech by the minister.
- has been started by
 - will have start at
 - is to start for
 - will be start by
 - No correction required
34. No sooner did Juhi reach the station **then it started raining.**
- then it starts to rain
 - than it started raining
 - when it started raining
 - than it starts to rain
 - No correction required
35. Disability **can classified by** two groups, namely mental and physical.
- can classify into
 - will be classified between
 - can be classified into
 - will be classified by
 - No correction required
36. I am glad to hear that you narrowly escaped **being run over by** a speeding car yesterday.
- run over down by
 - being over run by
 - to run over by
 - by being run over by
 - No correction required
37. It is with a heavy heart that I pen these few lines to **condole for you on** the death of your beloved mother.
- condole with you on
 - condole for you with
 - condole upon on you
 - condole with you in
 - No correction required
38. You should visit France when you **had been to England.**
- go to England
 - had gone to England
 - should have gone to England
 - were going to England
 - No correction required

39. Kapil is the one of the best players **that has ever lived.**
- that would ever live
 - that would have been ever lived
 - that would have ever lived
 - that have ever lived
 - No correction required
40. He asked me if he **did shut the window.**
- should shut the window
 - might shut the window
 - can shut the window
 - will shut the window
 - No correction required
41. The teacher told us that prize **would be presented the next day.**
- would have been presented the next day
 - shall be presented tomorrow
 - will be presented tomorrow
 - should be presented tomorrow
 - No correction required
42. Jaya's speech was optimistic, but at the end of the **stroke a note of caution.**
- stricked a note of caution
 - struck a note of caution
 - stricks a note of caution
 - struct for a note of caution
 - No correction required
43. **Men have been long known** how important the sun is to them.
- Men have long know
 - Men had long known
 - Men have long known
 - Men have to know long
 - No correction required
44. I didn't like comments on my paper but I had no **alternative as I have agreed to keep quiet.**
- I have agreed for keeping quiet
 - I have to agree for keeping quiet
 - I have to agree to keep quiet
 - I had agreed to keep quiet
 - No correction required
45. Please do not give him any food **if his temperature will rise.**
- If his temperature would rise
 - If his temperature rises
 - Unless his temperature rises
 - If his temperature shall rise
 - No correction required
46. It is only in the 1980's that **a new kind of unity appeared among** the capitalist powers.
- the kind of new unity appeared among
 - a new kind of unity appeared with
 - a new kind of unity was appeared among
 - a kind of new unity appeared among
 - No correction required
47. Changes in agricultural growth and rural prices are **determinations of important changes** in rural poverty.
- important determinations of changes
 - important for determining of changes
 - changes of important determinations
 - important changes of determinations
 - No correction required
48. It is easy to prove the **guilt but not innocent** of a person.
- guilty and not innocent
 - guilt and not innocent
 - guilt but not innocence
 - guilty but not innocent
 - No correction required
49. As a professional economist he **had throughout pre-occupied with** the basic problems of Indian society.
- had been pre-occupied throughout
 - was throughout pre-occupied by
 - is pre-occupied throughout by
 - was throughout pre-occupied with
 - No correction required
50. Census reports in India have voice **concerned over the declining** trends in the sex ratios.
- voiced concerned over the declining
 - voiced concern over the declining
 - voiced concern by the declined
 - voice concerned by the declined
 - No correction required
51. The cost of living has increased so much that he finds it difficult **to make each end meet.**
- to make both ends meet
 - to make either end meet
 - to make both end meet
 - to make all ends meet
 - No correction required

52. Rangesh insisted on his orders being carried out **with the letter**.
- into the letter
 - by the letter
 - for the letter
 - to the letter
 - No correction required
53. I **take exception of** your remark about the behaviour of Nikhil.
- take exception to
 - take exception in
 - take exception against
 - take exception for
 - No correction required
54. He is not worthy **his salt** if he fails at this juncture.
- in his salt
 - worth his salt
 - for his salt
 - able for his salt
 - No correction required
55. He is **hand and glove** with my cousin for this new factory project.
- hand in glove
 - hand with glove
 - hand on glove
 - hand against glove
 - No correction required
56. They didn't pay any heed to their superior's instructions, **I did neither**.
- I either did
 - Nor did I
 - Either I did not
 - Neither didn't I
 - No correction required
57. Every poet **gives voice to** his anger and his compassion through his poems.
- voiced to gives
 - gives voice for
 - gave voice against
 - voice at giving
 - No correction required
58. The police nabbed a notorious criminal who **had been terrorizing builders and extorted** money from them for the past two years.
- was terrorizing builders and extorted
 - had not been terrorized builders and extorted
 - had been terrorizing builders and extorting
 - had terrorized builders and extorted
 - No correction required
59. Please take delivery of the material **acknowledgement at the earliest**.
- send acknowledging at the earliest
 - acknowledge at the earliest
 - acknowledge the earliest
 - early acknowledgement
 - No correction required
60. The Officer had triggered a controversy **by charging his superiors by ignoring** his warning.
- by charging his superiors and ignoring
 - with charging his superiors by ignoring
 - by charging his superiors after ignored
 - for charging his superiors on ignoring
 - No correction required
61. Had we been alone we would have contended ourselves with any plain food **that give us strength**.
- that give us strength
 - that gave us strength
 - which give us strength
 - which give strength to us
 - No correction required
62. We **are looking forward for** good rains this year.
- are looking forward to
 - have looked forward for
 - have been looking forward at
 - should look forward with
 - No correction required
63. From among various alternatives we should choose the one which **viable and consumes less** time and energy.
- is viable and consuming lesser
 - is viality and consumes less
 - being viable and consumes less
 - has viable and consuming less
 - No correction required
64. Managers frequently encounter situations where they need **to help others solved** problems.
- to helping others loved
 - help others solved
 - to help others solve
 - help others solving
 - No correction required

65. There is full justification to close down the units **which are neither profitable or serving** any social cause.
- which are not profitable or serve
 - which are neither profitable nor serving
 - which have neither profitable nor serve
 - which are neither profitable or serve
 - No correction required
66. **No person except** Raghu come forward to help me in the matter of my difficulties.
- No person excepting
 - No other person except
 - Not a person except
 - No excepting person
 - No correction required
67. Their captain **wishes I play** for their team.
- wishes to me to play
 - wishes me to play
 - wished that I have played
 - wishes that me to play
 - No correction required
68. I forgot **to hand you to over** the key of my locker.
- handing you to over
 - to be handed over to you
 - to hand over to you
 - handling to you over
 - No correction required
69. All the participants received token gift **for their participated** in the discussions.
- for their participating
 - by their participants
 - because they participation
 - for their participation
 - No correction required
70. I **have never been hearing** of him since he left this city.
- was never heard
 - have never been heard
 - had never been heard
 - have never heared
 - No correction required
71. Last summer the students went to the village and **to help the** farmers.
- for helping the
 - to help
 - helped the
 - had to help the
 - No correction required
72. He was so learned that he **had seemed to know** everything.
- seemed to know
 - was seemed to be known
 - was seemed knowing
 - seemed to be known
 - No correction required
73. **Had he started** five minutes earlier, Santosh would have reached on time.
- If had he started
 - If he starts
 - If he would have started
 - Had he been started
 - No correction required
74. **Having tired of** play he sat down to rest.
- Having tired with
 - Having tired by
 - Being tired of
 - Having been tiring by
 - No correction required
75. However intelligent **you may be**, you cannot succeed without hard work and perseverance.
- you are
 - you should be
 - you could be
 - might you be
 - No correction required
76. Her angry words jolted him out of the belief **that she loves** him.
- that she loved
 - of that she loved
 - how she loves
 - that she had to love
 - No correction required
77. She showed courage in advocating policies which were not **common acceptability then**.
- Commonly accepted than
 - then common acceptability
 - common in acceptability than
 - commonly acceptable then
 - No correction required

78. For keeping good health one **must abstain of smoking.**
- should be abstained from
 - must abstain from
 - should abstain of
 - should be abstained of
 - No correction required
79. Travelers met **in a lone** forest and agreed to travel through it together.
- with a lone
 - in a lonely
 - a lonely
 - to a lonely
 - No correction required
80. **unless you don't be** persistent in your efforts you will not be able to succeed.
- Unless you are
 - Until you don't be
 - it you didn't be
 - unless you should be
 - No correction required
81. He came out of the water and **gasped for** breath.
- gasped with
 - was gasping
 - gasped over
 - started gasping with
 - No correction required
82. many of his principles **were violated** by his followers.
- have been violating by
 - have violated by
 - were violated with
 - were of violation by
 - No correction required
83. The servant **is cleaning** house since 8 O'clock in the morning but my mother is not satisfied with her work.
- should be cleaning
 - has cleaned
 - has been cleaning
 - has nicely cleaned
 - No correction required
84. Since **I have assumed** charge he came here on at least eight occasions.
- had assumed
 - assumed
 - have been assumed
 - had been assuming
 - No correction required
85. Their plan **was beset of** difficulties from the beginning.
- was beset off
 - was beset with
 - has been beset of
 - is growing up
 - No correction required
86. The habit of smoking **has been grow upon** the youngsters.
- has grown up
 - has been grown up
 - has been growing up
 - is growing up
 - No correction required
87. Initially the hijackers seemed determined not to sumit but ultimately they **were given in.**
- has been given up
 - had been given in
 - gave in
 - were given up
 - No correction required
88. The social workers **has championed the cause for the** weak and oppressed for the last four decades.
- has championed the cause for
 - has been championing the cause for
 - had been championing the cause for
 - has been championing the cause of
 - No correction required
89. The quality of domestic magtapes **compares favourable with** the reputed international brands.
- compares favourable by
 - compares favourably with
 - compares with favour of
 - compares due to favouritism of
 - No correction required
90. He claims that his proposal is **preferable than that of** any employee.
- preferable to of
 - preferable than by
 - preferably to that of
 - preferably more than that
 - No correction required
91. Our business firms **were full aware of** the problems they were going to face on the threshold of the year 2000.
- were fully aware into
 - had been fully aware at
 - were fully aware of
 - have been fully aware of
 - No correction required

92. Everyone of us must have experienced how people **have to put with a good deal of** discomfort while travelling.
- are putting up with a good deal with
 - have to put up a good deal with it
 - have been putting up a good deal with
 - have to be put with a good deal of
 - No correction required
93. Disputes are mainly maintained by those **who are nothing else to do.**
- have nothing else to do
 - are nothing to do else where
 - had nothing to be done
 - do not have nothing else to do
 - No correction required
94. The judge noticed that the two statements made by the accused **were not consistent for** each other.
- were not consistent with
 - had not been consistent for
 - were being inconsistent at
 - were not being inconsistent for
 - No correction required
95. The economic reforms initiated in 1991 **have borne fruit.**
- have born fruit
 - have burnt fruit
 - have been borne fruit
 - have been bearing fruits
 - No correction required
96. The panel of judges **acquitted him with** his crime.
- would by acquitted himself
 - acquitted him for
 - acquitted him of
 - acquitters him for
 - No correction required
97. They would not **have so early gone** if you had request them politely.
- be so early going
 - have gone so early
 - have so early been gone
 - have been gone so early
 - No correction required
98. We **had measured the** dimensions of the room and recorded them.
- were measured the
 - had been measuring
 - were having measured
 - had the measurement
 - No Improvement
99. What **could we had done** without your help?
- we could be done
 - could we had been doing
 - can we had done
 - could we have done
 - No Improvement
100. His father was full **with admiration for** the way he had so quickly solved the problem.
- of admiration for
 - with admiring of
 - for admiration with
 - with admiration by
 - No Improvement

**Reading English makes learning
easier.**

ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION

1. A country ruled by two country - Condominium
2. A dramatic performance - Masque
3. A lady's purse - Reticule
4. A man of odd habits - Eccentric
5. A man who dances to the tunes of his wife - Henpecked
6. A nation engaged in war - Belligerent
7. A person behind time - Antiquated
8. A person who wishes to throw his establishment - Anarchist
9. A place of good climate - Sanatorium
10. A place of washing dishes adjoining kitchen - Scullery
11. A religious song - Hymn
12. A remarkable talent - Prodigy
13. A short but amusing story - Anecdote
14. A verse letter - Epistle
15. Act of killing one's wife - Uxoricide
16. An animal story with a moral - Fable
17. An instrument for viewing objects at a distance - Telescope
18. An unknown person - Anonymous
19. Animals living on land and in water - Amphibian
20. Appointment by two parties to settle a dispute - Arbiter
21. Art of cutting tree and bushes into ornamental shape - Topiary
22. At the same time - Contemporary
23. Award given after death - Posthumous
24. Borrow ideas and steal others words is called - Plagiarism
25. Care taker of a public building - Custodian
26. Change one's mind too quickly - Vacillation
27. Congratulate somebody in formal manner - Felicitate
28. Contempt of God - Blasphemy
29. Creature having both male and female organs - Hermaphrodite
30. Cure for all disease - Panacea
31. Custom of having many husbands - Polyandry

32. Custom of having many wives - Polygamy
33. Dealing of counterfeit things - Forgery
34. Disease which is spread by contact - Contagious
35. Doctor who treats children - Pediatrician
36. Equal in rank - Peer
37. Fault that may be forgiven - Venial
38. Favouring own kith and kin - Nepotism
39. Fear of bathing - Ablutophobia
40. Fear of becoming bald - Phalacrophobia
41. Fear of being robbed - Harpaxophobia
42. Fear of cockroaches - Katsaridaphobia
43. Fear of crowd - Ochlophobia
44. Fear of darkness - Lygophobia
45. Fear of death - Nicrophobia
46. Fear of dentist - Dentophobia
47. Fear of disease - Pathophobia
48. Fear of failure - Atychiphobia
49. Fear of foreigners - Xenophobia
50. Fear of God - Zeusophobia
51. Fear of going to bed - Clinophobia
52. Fear of height - Acrophobia
53. Fear of making decisions - Decidophobia
54. Fear of poverty - Peniaphobia
55. Fear of property - Orthophobia
56. Fear of radiation - Radiophobia
57. Fear of riding a car - Amaxophobia
58. Fear of school - Scolionophobia
59. Fear of sex - Genophobia
60. Fear of speaking - Lalophobia
61. Fear of speed - Tachophobia

61. Fear of water	Hydrophobia	1. Murdering of Brother
62. Fear of words	Logophobia	Fratricide
63. First speech	Maiden	2. Murdering of husband by his wife
64. Food agrees with one's taste - Palatable		Maricide
65. Funny imitation of a poem - Parody		3. Murdering of the king
66. Giving up throne by the king - Abdication		Regicide
67. Go back and forth - Shuttle		4. Murdering of tyrant
68. Government by a single person		Tyrannicide
Autocracy		5. Old age when a man behaves like a fool -
69. Government by the Gods	Theocracy	Dotage
70. Government run by a dictator	Autocracy	6. One who believes one is God
71. Group of three novels	Trilogy	Theomania
72. Incapable of being wounded		7. One who believes that everything is pre-
Invulnerable		destined - Fatalist
73. In-charge of museum /Pitch		8. One who believes that pleasure is the chief
Curator		good - Hedonist
74. Indifference to pleasure or pain	Stoicism	9. One who betrays one
75. Instruments which makes smaller objects		Traitor
larger	Microscope	10. One who collects coins
		Numismatist
76. Intentional destruction of racial group -		11. One who comes from a village and considered
Genocide		stupid
77. Interval between two events		Bumpkin
Interlude		12. One who compiles dictionary
78. Just punishment for wrong doing	Nemesis	Lexicographer
79. Killing of another human being	Homicide	13. One who cuts precious stones
80. Language difficult to understand	Jargon	Lapidist
81. Large scale departure of people	Exodus	14. One who deserts his religion
82. List of explanation of words		Apostate
Glossary		15. One who does not care for literature -
83. List of goods with their price		Philistine
Invoice		16. One who does not respect something sacred
84. Longing for something	Nostalgia	or holy - Blasphemy
85. Loop of rope is called	Noose	17. One who does not take definite stand- Evasive
86. Loud talk or speech		18. One who draws maps and charts -
Harangue		Cartographer
87. Man having the qualities of woman -		19. One who eats everything
Effeminate		Omnivorous
88. Man of lax moral	Licentious	20. One who eats human flesh
89. Man whose wife has been unfaithful to him		Cannibal
Cuckold		
90. Mania for setting fires	Pyromania	
91. Mania for stealing things	Kleptomania	21. One who fights for the sake of money-
92. Mania for talking	Logo mania	Mercenary
93. Mania for travel	Dromomania	22. One who forsakes religion
94. Mania of being important	Megalomania	Renegade
95. Medicine which lessens pain		23. One who has many talents
Anodyne		Versatile
96. Member of a band of robbers		24. One who has suddenly gained new wealth
Brigand		- Parvenu
97. Morning prayer	Matin	25. One who has unreasoning enthusiasm for the
98. Murdering of a family	Familicide	glorification of one's country
99. Murdering of an infant	Infanticide	Chauvinism
		26. One who hates knowledge and learning
		- Misologist

27. One who is bad in spelling Cacographic
 28. One who is guilty of firing property - Arsonist
 29. One who is more interested in himself - Introvert
 30. One who is more interested in others - Extrovert
 31. One who is neither intelligent nor dull Mediocre
 32. One who is not the citizen of country Alien
 33. One who is talkative Garrulous
 34. One who is the most powerful Omnipotent
 35. One who is very careful and particular Meticulous
 36. One who is very well versed in any subject - Connoisseur
 37. One who lends money at high rate - Usurer
 38. One who loves all and sundry - Philanthropist
 39. One who loves books Bibliophile
 40. One who passes through the gate without taking permission - Trespasser
41. One who pays too much attention to his clothes and appearance - Dandy
 42. One who plays a game for pleasure not professionally - Amateur
 43. One who pretends illness to escape duty Malingerer
 44. One who reads only books - Bookworm
 45. One who sacrifices his life for country - Martyr
 46. One who sneaks into a country Infiltrator
 47. One who speaks many languages Polyglot
 48. One who studies skin and its diseases Dermatologist
 49. One who studies the formation of the earth Geologist
 50. One who talks continuously - Loquacious
 51. One who thinks human nature is evil - Cynic
 52. One who totally abstain from alcohol - Teetotaler
 53. One who travels from place to place - Itinerant
 54. One who treats female problems - Gynecologist
 55. One who wants to see others unhappy - Sadist
 56. One who works in return for being taught the trade - Disciple
 57. One who works without getting any salary - Honorary
58. One whose attitude is to eat, drink and merry - Epicurean
 59. Opposing arguments Rebut
 60. Out of date things Obsolescent
61. Paper written in one's own handwriting Manuscript
 62. Part of a church in which bells are hung Belfry
 63. People in rowdy scene - Rabble
 64. Person different to pleasure and pain - Stoic
 65. Person obsessed with one idea or subject Monomaniac
 66. Person pretending to be somebody he is not Imposter
 67. Person who believes God is everything - Ban theist
 68. Person who believes others - Credulous
 69. Person who does not believe in any religion Pagan
 70. Person who enjoys sensuous enjoyments Epicure
 71. Person who has long experience Veteran
 72. Person who hates women Misogynist
 73. Person who holds scholarship at a university - Bursar
 74. Person who is against ordinary society especially dressing - Hippy
 75. Person who is always dissatisfied - Malcontent
 76. Person who is made to bear the blame - Scapegoat
 77. Person who kill others for political reason - Assassin
 78. Person who lives alone and avoids other people - Recluse
 79. Person who loves nature Aesthete
 80. Person who makes love for amusement- Philanderer

81. Person who pretends to have more knowledge
Charlatan
82. Person who regards the whole world as his country - Cosmopolitan
83. Person with a beautiful handwriting
Calligrapher
84. Person without manners Rustic
85. Persuasive and fluent speech Eloquence
86. Physician who delivers babies
Obstetrician
87. Place where birds are kept Aviary
88. Place where cows are sheltered Byre
89. Place where govt. records are kept - Archives
90. Place where women dwelled (Ancient time)
Harem
91. Place which provides both board and lodging - Inn
92. Plants and vegetation Flora
93. Poem narrating a popular story Ballad
94. Poem written on the death of someone loved and lost Elegy
95. Policy of political party Manifesto
96. Power of reading thoughts of others - Telepathy
97. Public building where weapons are made and stored Arsenal
98. Responsible according to law Legitimate
99. Ride on someone else back
Piggyback
100. Ridiculous use of words Malapropism

1. Room leading into a large room Anteroom
2. Room with toilet facilities Lavatory
3. School for infants and children Kindergarten
4. Seat on elephant's back Howdah
5. Send unwanted person out of the country Deport
6. Short journey made by a group of persons together
Excursion
7. Short remaining end of cigarette Stub
8. Short walk for pleasure or exercise - Stroll
9. Slow witted person Duffer
10. Song sung at burial Dirge
11. Speech by an actor at the end of play Epilogue
12. Speech without preparation Extempore
13. Stage between boyhood and youth - Adolescence
14. Statement which cannot be understood Incomprehensible
15. Stories of old time Gods and heroes Legend
16. Story that cannot be believed Incredible
17. Study of ancient science Archaeology

18. Study of birds Ornithologist
19. Study of human body Anatomy
20. Study of mankind Anthropology
21. Study of statistics of birth, death and diseases Demography
22. Sudden rush of winds Gust
23. Thing that bring gentle and painless death from incurable death
Euthanasia
24. Thing that cannot be touched or felt Palpable
25. Thing that destroys the effect of poison Antidote
26. Thing through which light cannot pass Opaque
27. Thing which cannot be done without Indispensable
28. Things that can be seen and touched Tangible
29. Things that cannot be understood Unintelligible
30. To do away with a rule Abrogate
31. To explain a spiritual truth Parable
32. To spread troops for battle Deploy
33. Tumour which is not likely to spread Benign
34. Unexpected stroke of good luck Windfall
35. Using of new words Neology
36. Views which are not of one's liking Irritating
37. Walking in sleep Somnambulism
38. Which cannot be rectified Irreparable
39. Woman who has extra marital relationship Adultery
40. Work which involves too much official formalities Red-Tapism

One Word Practice Exercises

Exercise 1

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. One who is out to subvert a government | (A) Gullible |
| 2. One who is recovering from a serious illness | (B) Omnipresent |
| 3. One who is all powerful | (C) Pauper |
| 4. One who is present everywhere | (D) Convalescent |
| 5. One who knows everything | (E) Turncoat |
| 6. One who is easily deceived | (F) Infallible |
| 7. One who does not make mistakes | (G) Anarchist |
| 8. One who can do anything for money | (H) Omniscient |
| 9. One who has no money | (I) Mercenary |
| 10. One who changes sides | (J) Omnipotent |

Exercise 2

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. One who works for free | (A) Agnostic |
| 2. One who loves books | (B) Bilingual |
| 3. One who can speak two languages | (C) Bibliophile |
| 4. One who loves mankind | (D) Optimist |
| 5. One who hates mankind | (E) Pessimist |
| 6. One who looks on the bright side of things | (F) Philanthropist |
| 7. One who looks on the dark side of things | (G) Misanthrope |
| 8. One who doubts the existence of god | (H) Indefatigable |
| 9. One who pretends to be what he is not | (I) Volunteer |
| 10. One incapable of being tired | (J) Hypocrite |

Exercise 3

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 1. One who helps others | (A) Epicure |
| 2. One who copies from other writers | (B) Eccentric |
| 3. One who hates women | (C) Samaritan |
| 4. One who knows many languages | (D) Stoic |
| 5. One who is fond of sensuous pleasures | (E) Plagiarist |
| 6. One who thinks only of himself | (F) Polyglot |
| 7. One who thinks only of welfare of women | (G) Effeminate |
| 8. One who is indifferent to pleasure or pain | (H) Misogynist |
| 9. One who is quite like a woman | (I) Feminist |
| 10. One who has strange habits | (J) Egoist |

Exercise 4

Match the following:

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| 1. One who speaks less | (A) Valetudinarian |
| 2. One who goes on foot | (B) Intestate |
| 3. One who believes in fate | (C) Pedestrian |
| 4. One who dies without a will | (D) Reticent |
| 5. One who always thinks himself to be ill | (E) Fatalist |
| 6. A government by the people | (F) Oligarchy |
| 7. A government by a king or queen | (G) Plutocracy |
| 8. A government by the officials | (H) Democracy |
| 9. A government by the rich | (I) Monarchy |
| 10. A government by the few | (J) Bureaucracy |

Exercise 5

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. Rule by the crowd | (A) Opaque |
| 2. That through which light can pass | (B) Honorary |
| 3. That through which light cannot pass | (C) Inevitable |
| 4. That through which light can partly pass | (D) Inimitable |
| 5. A sentence whose meaning is unclear | (E) Indescribable |
| 6. A place where orphans live | (F) Translucent |
| 7. That which cannot be described | (G) Ambiguous |
| 8. That which cannot be imitated | (H) Transparent |
| 9. That which cannot be avoided | (I) Orphanage |
| 10. A position for which no salary is paid | (J) Mobocracy |

Exercise 6

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Practice of having several wives | (A) Cynic |
| 2. That which is not likely to happen | (B) Glutton |
| 3. People living at the same time | (C) Colleagues |
| 4. A book published after the death of its author | (D) Biography |
| 5. A book written by an unknown author | (E) Posthumous |
| 6. A life history written by somebody else | (F) Anonymous |
| 7. People who work together | (G) Contemporaries |
| 8. One who eats too much | (H) Polygamy |
| 9. That which cannot be satisfied | (I) Improbable |
| 10. One who questions everything | (J) Insatiable |

Exercise 7

Match the following:

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| 1. A grass eating animal | (A) Celibate |
| 2. One who lives in a foreign country | (B) Neophyte |
| 3. To transfer one's authority to another | (C) Exonerate |
| 4. One who is a newcomer | (D) Herbivorous |
| 5. One who is unmarried | (E) Immigrant |
| 6. A study of man | (F) Ethnology |
| 7. A study of races | (G) Ornithology |
| 8. A study of birds | (H) Archaeology |
| 9. A study of ancient things | (I) Anthropology |
| 10. To free somebody from all blame | (J) Delegate |

Exercise 8

Match the following:

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| 1. A study of derivation of words | (A) Sacrilege |
| 2. To write under a different name | (B) Obsolete |
| 3. A thing no longer in use | (C) Epitaph |
| 4. A handwriting that cannot be read | (D) Idiosyncrasy |
| 5. Words written on the tomb of a person | (E) Etymology |
| 6. One who is greedy for money | (F) Predator |
| 7. A person's peculiar habit | (G) Illegible |
| 8. An animal who preys on other animals | (H) Avaricious |
| 9. Violating the sanctity of a church | (I) Felony |
| 10. A serious crime | (J) Pseudonym |



**When life gives you two choices,
don't go for the easy one.
Learning grammar is easy but
reading is not.**

9.

Synonyms

- | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1. Façade | 10. Propriety | | |
| (a). front of a building (b). haughtiness
(c). complexity (d). hypocrisy | (a). rightness
(c). cultivated land | (b). brand name
(d). market share | |
| 2. Pall | 11. Cavil | | |
| (a). to anger (b). to frighten
(c). to become boring (d). to darken | (a). to play
(c). cavort | (b). to complain
(d). to cut a joke | |
| 3. Spleen | 12. Evince | | |
| (a). surface (b). lustre
(c). bad temper (d). smoothness | (a). to learn
(c). to resist | (b). to exhibit
(d). to become infirm | |
| 4. Swathe | 13. Incense | | |
| (a). to soothe (b). to wrap
(c). to sweep (d). to wash | (a). to become angry
(c). to become relevant | (b). to support someone
(d). to warp | |
| 5. Countervailing | 14. Attenuate | | |
| (a). argumentative (b). compensating
(c). crying (d). complaining | (a). to weaken
(c). to store | (b). to celebrate
(d). to swim | |
| 6. To debilitate | 15. Ascetic | | |
| (a). to outlaw (b). to support
(c). to weaken (d). to honor | (a). fashionable
(c). articulate | (b). austere
(d). athletic | |
| 7. Ferret | 16. Arable | | |
| (a). steal (b). search
(c). forget (d). fight | (a). tolerable
(c). likeable | (b). suitable for ploughing
(d). ardent | |
| 8. Pecuniary | 17. Secede | | |
| (a). pertaining to money
(b). pertaining to politics
(c). pertaining to geography
(d). pertaining to history | (a) . to stop
(c). to flow | (b). to arrest
(d). to withdraw | |
| 9. Reprisal | 18. Proffer | | |
| (a). loneliness (b). retaliation
(c). remuneration (d). pleasure | (a). to apologize
(c). to disappear | (b). to appoint
(d). to offer | |
| 20. Peculate | 19. Prevaricate | | |
| | (a). to evade
(c). to steal | (b). to work hard
(d). to demonstrate | |
| | (a). to embezzle
(c). to study deeply | (b). to guess
(d). to store | |

Antonyms

1. Parsimony	(a). closely held (c). acting apishly	(b). free spending (d). poorly expressed	11. Profusion	(a). travesty (c). scarcity	(b). validity (d). retraction
2. Perspicacity	(a). homelike ambience (c). vague memory	(b). precise meaning (d). partial fulfilment	12. Temperate	(a). aged (c). truncated	(b). unlimited (d). inebriated
3. Preposterous	(a). complaisant (c). apologetic	(b). conceited (d). credible	13. Mitigation	(a) aggravation (c). obscenity	(b). verdancy (d). restriction
4. Sanctimonious	(a). proud (c). wealthy	(b). stubborn (d). devout	14. Iniquity	(a). fairness (c). peace	(b). rectitude (d). apostasy
5. Extirpate	(a). preserve (c). ingratiate	(b). inseminate (d). enter	15. Protuberance	(a). cadence (c). ingrowth	(b). habitation (d). attachment
6. Capricious	(a). redoubtable (c). phlegmatic	(b). constant (d). solitary	16. Effulgence	(a). murky (c). mercenary	(b). harshness (d). quiet
7. Casuistry	(a). resultant (c). sediment	(b). interior (d). verity	17. Ameliorate	(a). increase (c). clasp	(b). worsen (d). dissemble
8. Contumely	(a). willingness (c). praise	(b). sporadically (d). augmented	18. Benign	(a). sick (c). damaged	(b). poor (d). malignant
9. Sedulous	(a). vociferous (c). concomitant	(b). derelict (d). itinerant	19. Salutary	(a). noxious (c). moderate	(b). objectionable (d). farewell
10. Imperturbable	(a). militant (c). conical	(b). cynical (d). agitated	20. Alienate	(a). go native (c). make friends	(b). say clearly (d). give freely

10.

Synonyms

1. Peckish
 (a). angry (b). impudent
 (c). hungry (d). smart
2. Running
 (a). jogging (b). escaping
 (c). standing (d). functioning
3. Made
 (a). built (b). earned
 (c). fixed (d). prepared
4. Means
 (a). method (b). unkind
 (c). averages (d). signs
5. Assumes
 (a). imagines (b). loses
 (c). expects (d). acquires
6. Way
 (a). road (b). door
 (c). hierarchy (d). mode
7. Emulating
 (a). criticizing (b). condemning
 (c). imitating (d). neglecting
8. Vain
 (a). idle (b). very good
 (c). cruel (d). weak
9. Shriek
 (a). dreadful sound (b). sharp scream
 (c). hue and cry (d). disco music
10. Partially
 (a). divided into parts (b). logically
 (c). completely (d). not completely
11. Despot
 (a). pragmatic person (b). knowledgeable historian
 (c). cruel ruler (d). hermit
12. Musty
 (a). tiring (b). deserted
 (c). swanky (d). obsolete
13. Pernickety
 a. highly talented b. futuristic
 c. fussy d. extravagant
14. Rosette
 a. badge b. wild jungle
 c. exhibition d. palatial building
15. Ornate
 a. Dimension b. ancient
 c. richly decorated d. vigour
16. Diaphanous
 a. cylindrical b. almost transparent
 c. complicated d. steep climb
17. come-uppance
 a. retribution b. lenience
 c. leisure d. competitive nature
18. Unscathed
 a. unstinting b. unsociable
 c. unspeakable d. unharmed
19. Epaulette
 a. ammunition b. shoulder ornament
 c. equipment d. cockpit
20. Expiation
 a. expansion b. atonement
 c. explanation d. addition

Antonyms

- | | | | |
|----------------|--|------------------|--|
| 1. Drollery | a. firm warning b. serious statement
c. incredible threat d. witty aside | 11. Sybaritic | a. foolish b. obdurate
c. consistent d. austere |
| 2. Retaliate | a. maintain serenity b. stand tall
c. turn the other cheek d. improve relations with | 12. Prosaic | a. fulsome b. mundane
c. extraordinary d. creative |
| 3. Analysis | a. dialysis b. electrolysis
c. parenthesis d. synthesis | 13. Tender | a. Difficult b. leonine
c. tepid d. hardened |
| 4. Peremptory | a. humble b. resistant
c. weak d. indulgent | 14. Inadequate | a. Glossy b. rapid
c. aspiring d. sufficient |
| 5. Salacious | a. expensive b. decent
c. empty d. religious | 15. Non-striated | a. marked b. striped
c. plagued d. stippled |
| 6. Insolvent | a. physically pure b. financially stable
c. metaphysically correct d. chemically active | 16. Scrutinize | a. question b. leer
c. sensitize d. disregard |
| 7. Homogeneous | a. parsimonious b. consciousness
c. variegated d. loquacious | 17. Lofty | a. assessed b. beneath
c. general d. intrusive |
| 8. Amalgamate | a. recriminate b. procrastinate
c. scintillate d. segregate | 18. Colourless | a. red b. black
c. flamboyant d. vicious |
| 9. Temerity | a. imbroglio b. diffidence
c. cognomen d. effervescence | 19. Celerity | a. depression b. postponement
c. slowness d. choler |
| 10. Mutation | a. constancy b. decency
c. adolescent d. clangourous | 20. Furious | a. medium b. exhilarated
c. ticklish d. disjointed |

11.

Synonyms

1. Protagonist
 (a) talented child (b) reserved person
 (c) leading (d) fearless
2. Passé
 (a) lukewarm (b) old -fashioned
 (c) energy (d) fraud
3. Vituperation
 (a) questionable (b) resistance
 (c) absurdity (d) bitter criticism
4. Vaunt
 (a) boast (b) desire
 (c) ineptitude (d) joke
5. Nimble
 (a) clamorous (b) scrap
 (c) nippy (d) urbane
6. Morose
 (a) humble (b) morsel
 (c) sullen (d) repugnant
7. Bamboozle
 (a) musical (b) mystify
 (c) thrash (d) relinquish
8. Canard
 (a) story (b) humid
 (c) prison (d) rumour
9. Innuendo
 (a) enquiry (b) indirect reference
 (c) innovation (d) inorganic
10. Debonair
 (a) bed- ridden (b) candid
 (c) elegant (d) thrifty
11. To Assuage
 (a) to assume (b) to forget
 (c) to resolve (d) to mitigate
12. To Browbeat
 (a) to bully (b) to chase
 (c) to give a hint (d) to revive old friendship
13. Bee in one's bonnet
 (a) sickness (b) obsession
 (c) misery (d) freshness
14. The worse for wear
 (a) worrisome (b) financially poor
 (c) hostile (d) shabby from
15. To Jettison
 (a) to go on trekking (b) to sail
 (c) to abandon (d) to fire a gun
16. Vicarious
 (a) ambitious (b) not experienced personally
 (c) nostalgic (d) vindictive
17. Forty winks
 (a) a studious person (b) a short nap
 (c) a person beyond 40 years of age
 (d) ordeals of life
18. Craven
 (a) greedy (b) cowardly
 (c) flattering (d) restless
19. Abstemious
 (a) affable (b) belligerent
 (c) intimidating (d) moderate
20. Mirth
 (a) anger (b) merriment
 (c) audacity (d) blunder

Antonyms

1. Overpower

- a. Succumb
- b. twinge
- c. oust
- d. betray

2. Palace

- a. manse
- b. dwelling
- c. skyscraper
- d. hovel

3. Suspend

- a. turn on
- b. resume
- c. switch
- d. spend

4. Mutter

- a. please oneself
- b. resolve conflict
- c. speak clearly
- d. digress randomly

5. Transparent

- a. indelicate
- b. neutral
- c. opaque
- d. sombre

6. Ensemble

- a. complement
- b. cacophony
- c. coordination
- d. solo

7. Retain

- a. allocate
- b. distract
- c. relegate
- d. discard

8. Radiate

- a. approach
- b. cool
- c. absorb
- d. tarnish

9. Epicure

- a. a person ignorant about art
- b. a person dedicated to a cause
- c. a person motivated by greed
- d. a person indifferent to food

10. Prevarication

- a. tact
- b. consistency
- c. veracity
- d. silence

11. Amortize

- a. loosen
- b. denounce
- c. suddenly increase one's indebtedness
- d. wisely cause to flourish

12. Emaciation

- a. invigoration
- b. glorification
- c. amelioration
- d. inundation

13. Unalloyed

- a. destabilised
- b. unregulated
- c. assimilated
- d. adulterated

14. Minatory

- a. reassuring
- b. genuine
- c. creative
- d. obvious

15. Fluctuate

- a. work for
- b. flow over
- c. follow from
- d. remain steady

16. Apposite

- a. inappropriate
- b. right
- c. direct
- d. indirect

17. Anonymous

- a. signed
- b. defined
- c. written
- d. balanced

18. Amicable

- a. Unfriendly
- b. ugly
- c. abject
- d. compromising

19. Harmony

- a. discrepancy
- b. accordance
- c. Discord
- d. in flight

20. Summit

- a. climb
- b. base
- c. ride
- d. swim

12.

Synonyms

1. Profane

a. artistic	b. clean	a. over fussiness	b. good taste		
c. concealment	d. obscene			c. purest part	d. vanity
		c. purest part	d. vanity		
2. Sanguine

a. patriotic	b. picturesque	a. wicked	b. satirist		
c. optimistic	d. secular			c. relating to dress	d. favourable
		c. relating to dress	d. favourable		
3. Prodigal

a. abusive	b. extravagant	a. injury	b. repartee		
c. gifted	d. modest			c. new shape	d. strength
		c. new shape	d. strength		
4. Sparse

a. extremely cold	b. not dense	a. irresponsible, eccentric; lacking a fixed purpose erratic behaviour	b. spotless; pure		
c. redundant	d. sparkling			c. to lose self-confidence; to confuse, put to shame	d. to guess
		c. to lose self-confidence; to confuse, put to shame	d. to guess		
5. Contiguous

a. tedious	b. quarrelsome	a. approval	b. dismay, shock		
c. arduous	d. adjoining			c. wise saying; proverb	d. substance that removes sensation with or without loss of consciousness
		c. wise saying; proverb	d. substance that removes sensation with or without loss of consciousness		
6. Armistice

a. weapon	b. truce	a. eagerness; cheerful promptness	b. unsound; misleading		
c. cleverness	d. enmity			c. government by the best people; a privileged class	d. a garland of flowers, leaves, etc., hung between two points
		c. government by the best people; a privileged class	d. a garland of flowers, leaves, etc., hung between two points		
7. Imperiousness

a. fame	b. arrogance	a. a place where bees are kept	b. serving as an aid or accessory; auxiliary		
c. vacuum	d. impenetrability			c. horrified	d. adjust to climate
		c. horrified	d. adjust to climate		
8. Egregious

a. affluent	b. outrageous	a. accidental	b. likely to occur soon		
c. redundant	d. expensive			c. origin	d. inequality; difference in image, quantity, character, or rank
		c. origin	d. inequality; difference in image, quantity, character, or rank		
9. Disport

a. to be wasteful	b. to get rid of	a. a budding film actor	b. a contagious disease		
c. to brag	d. to amuse			c. mutually destructive	d. intermixed
		c. mutually destructive	d. intermixed		
10. Internecine

a. a budding film actor	b. a contagious disease	c. mutually destructive	d. intermixed
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11. Decadent

a. deceased	b. characterized by deterioration	c. evil	d. adjunct
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12. Immure

a. to sink	b. to enclose within walls	c. to deny	d. to oppose
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13. Quintessence
14. Sartorial
15. Riposte
16. Abash
17. Approbation
18. Fallacious
19. Apiary
20. Imminent

Antonyms

1. Refractory
- a. refreshing b. burdensome
c. privileged d. manageable
2. Adroit
- a. deterred b. skilful
c. foolish d. awkward
3. palliate
- a. apologize b. hesitate
c. wait impatiently d. worsen
4. Vilify
- a. sing the praises of
b. show satisfaction with
c. regard with distrust
d. welcome with glee
5. Irascible
- a. placid b. fortuitous
c. shameless d. entrancing
6. Gelid
- a. chilly b. solid
c. mature d. boiling
7. Condign
- a. unavoidable b. unsatisfactory
c. unguarded d. undeserved
8. Punctilious
- a. tardy b. correct
c. careless d. apathetic
9. Feckless
- a. spotted b. fatuous
c. fawning d. strong
10. Insolent
- a. sullen b. rich
c. determined d. affable
11. Random
- a. calm b. deliberate
c. flat d. evil
12. Fetid
- a. in an embryonic state
b. easily enraged
c. acclaimed by peers
d. having a pleasant odour
13. Apparent
- a. nimble b. realistic
c. ideal d. underrated
14. Grim
- a. gay b. sweet
c. wealthy d. responsive
15. Deceptive
- a. broken b. effacious
c. truthful d. destructive
16. Devitalize
- a. debilitate b. fortify
c. introduce d. conclude
17. Diverse
- a. loud b. parallel
c. loose d. circle
18. Primitive
- a. polite b. naïve
c. weak d. sophisticated
19. Partition
- a. solidify b. unify
c. parse d. enjoin
20. Fraudulent
- a. crafty b. genuine
c. false d. tricky

13.

Synonyms:

1. Allure

- (a) easy to approach; obtainable
- (b) entice; attract (c) shapeless
- (d) addition; appendix to a book

2. Delinquent

- (a) burdensome and clumsy
- (b) an offender (c) to scatter
- (d) quick to find fault about trifles

3. Abstolve

- (a) pardon(an offence) (b) improve
- (c) irregularity (d) hard; strenuous

4. Epigram

- (a) decisive or critical; difficult
- (b) plentiful (c) a brief pointed saying (d)
- possessing similar interests and tastes; able to get well with other

5. Abase

- (a) subordinate possessions
- (b) lower; degrade (c) secret; mysterious
- (d) payments made to an ex-spouse after divorce

6. Chastise

- (a) to punish; discipline
- (b) a collection or mixture of various things
- (c) strong; bulky (d) similarity; correlation

7. Apothecary

- (a) noble ambition (b) druggist
- (c) one who abandons his religious faith or political beliefs
- (d) prove genuine

8. Bastion

- (a) to grow together
- (b) having to do with conversation; informal speech
- (c) a fortified place or strong defense
- (d) very formal or proper

9. Adjuration

- (a) estimation; appraisal
- (b) precede
- (c) controlling influence
- (d) solemn urging

10. Burly

- (a) strong; bulky
- (b) kind; generous
- (c) a rude person
- (d) the distance from one side to another

11. Ambrosia

- (a) with reference to; regarding
- (b) wise saying; proverb
- (c) food of the gods
- (d) attach

12. Compatible

- (a) in agreement with; harmonious
- (b) any mysterious change of substance or nature
- (c) harmful, malign
- (d) to hate

13. Antecedent

- (a) preceding events or circumstances that influence what comes later; early life
- (b) drug that relieves pain; opiate
- (c) hard ; stiff
- (d) diligent attention

14. Avidity

- (a) apathy
- (b) enthusiasm
- (c) indifference
- (d) regard

15. Conjure

- (a) to move toward one point (opposite: diverge)
- (b) changeable; fickle
- (c) with no shape; unorganized
- (d) to call upon or appeal to; to cause to be, appear, come

16. Anecdote

- (a) mixture as of metals
- (b) short account of an amusing or interesting event
- (c) acute pain; extreme suffering
- (d) convenient feature; courtesies

17. Consecrate

- (a) friendly
- (b) indebted to
- (c) to bring into being
- (d) to declare sacred; to dedicate

18. Adage

- a. solemnly ordered
- b. an old saying now accepted as being truthful
- c. Harshness d. not yielding, firm

19. Distort

- a. beauty
- b. deform
- c. enhance
- d. appeal

20. Accost

- a. approach and speak first to a person
- b. effective; distinct
- c. Hostile; opposed
- d. able to walk

Antonyms

1. Phlegmatic	a. hoarse c. oral	b. voluntary d. effusive	11. Acrimonious a. legal c. cursive	b. severe d. harmonious
2. Manumit	a. throw c. promise	b. lock d. enslave	12. Skeptic a. cryptic c. support	b. believer d. eminent
3. Lively	a. factitious c. insipid	b. vain d. colourful	13. Undubitable a. wavering c. unmitigated	b. aesthetic d. questionable
4. Opportune	a. surprisingly agreeable b. closely berthed c. badly shaped d. poorly timed		14. Deleterious a. impulsive c. Pathetic	b. salubrious d. inclusive
5. Petulant	a. pliable c. uncouth	b. equable d. abnormal	15. Puissance a. ignorance c. impotence	b. approbation d. repudiation
6. Savoury	a. sad c. lost	b. hidden d. unpalatable	16. Sycophancy a. speak harmoniously b. shout harshly c. push forcefully d. advice candidly	
7. Fulfilled	a. satirical c. gorgeous	b. dry d. needy	17. Aberration a. typical behaviour c. straight aim	b. correct manners d. full truthfulness
8. Reclusive	a. joined c. gregarious	b. obscure d. urban	18. Anomalous a. capacious c. connected	b. vicious d. usual
9. Courteous	a. flaccid c. insolent	b. emollient d. scrupulous	19. Cognisance a. idiom c. abeyance	b. ignorance d. anecdote
10. Usurp	a. rise rapidly c. produce quickly	b. use fully d. own rightfully	20. Quiescent a. restless c. malignment	b. exempt d. mendicant

Two Ways to learn English

1. Comprehension

2. Grammar + Vocab

After six months of learning

Comprehension = 30+

Grammar + Vocab = 10-25

Choose wisely !!!

14.

Synonyms

1. Commiserate

- (a) a call to assemble
- (b) to show sympathy for
- (c) to beauty; pertaining to taste in art and beauty
- (d) praise in excess

2. Affidavit

- (a) written statement made under oath
- (b) make amends for; pay for (c) fitness; talent
- (d) person with power to decide a matter in a dispute; judge

3. Baneful

- (a) extravagant ;ornate
- (b) deadly or causing distress, death
- (c) very formal or proper
- (d) the act or process of voluntarily refraining from any action or practice; self control

4. Tenebrous

- a. inviting
- b. exciting
- c. lucid
- d. unclear

5. Complaint

- a. of the worst or lowest degree
- b. not clear; uncertain
- c. complying; obeying
- d. a state of temporary suspension or inactivity

6. Annihilate

- a. destroy
- b. diligent
- c. suspended action
- d. washing

7. Allusion

- a. peak; pinnacle
- b. indirect reference
- c. upward
- d. refer to

8. Addle

- a. artificial; pretended
- b. come about by addition
- c. convenient features; courtesies
- d. muddle; drive crazy

9. Anaesthetic

- a. substance that removes sensation with or without loss of consciousness
- b. hard; strenuous
- c. place where different varieties of trees and shrubs are studies and exhibited.
- d. fearful; discerning

10. Antecede

- a. study of artefacts and relics of early mankind

- b. precede
- c. wasting away
- d. small planet

11. Anthropoid

- a. fitness; talent
- b. without guile; open and honest
- c. appropriate; fitting
- d. manlike

12. Append

- a. disjoin
- b. take away
- c. separate
- d. adjoin

13. Advert

- a. move faster
- b. indirect reference
- c. refer to
- d. pertaining to land or its cultivation

14. Allocate

- a. counterfeit; of doubtful authorship or authenticity
- b. distant in interest; reserved
- c. changeable; fickle
- d. set aside; designate

15. Aver

- a. carefully attentive; industrious
- b. conferring benefits; kindly
- c. to affirm as true
- d. ceasing ; a stopping

16 . Abase

- a. To degrade; humiliate
- b. Expert; authority
- c. Skilled; practiced
- d. Beauty; attractiveness in appearance or behaviour

17. Anchorage

- a. quality
- b. tasting sour; harsh in temper
- c. quantity
- d. something that can be relied on

18. Annul

- a. state of being nameless; anonymousness
- b. examination of accounts
- c. resemblance to remote ancestors rather than to parents; reversion to an earlier type
- d. make void

19. amok

- a. causing insensitivity to pain
- b. nook; recess
- c. in a state of rage
- d. fitness; talent

Antonyms

1. Eschew

- a. traduce b. invite
c. use d. emanate

2. Taciturn

- a. dubious b. garrulous
c. strategic d. pleasant

3. Recondite

- a. miniature b. philosopher
c. arable d. obvious

4. Redundant

- a. dilatory b. apocryphal
c. astute d. necessary

5. Restitution

- a. inflation b. cataclysm
c. deprivation d. constitution

6. Perspicacity

- a. homelike ambiance
b. precise meaning
c. vague memory d. constitution

7. Parsimony

- a. closely held b. free spending
c. acting apishly d. poorly expressed

8. Preposterous

- a. complaisant b. conceited
c. apologetic d. credible

9. Sanctimonious

- a. proud b. stubborn
c. wealthy d. devout

10. Redeem

- a. forfeit b. regain
c. restore d. help

11. Capricious

- a. redoubtable b. constant
c. phlegmatic d. solitary

12. Casuistry

- a. resultant b. interior
c. sediment d. verity

13. contumely

- a. willingness b. sporadically
c. praise d. augmented

14. Terminate

- a. confine b. initiate
c. define d. cancel

15. Imperturbable

- a. militant b. cynical
c. conical d. agitated

16. Profusion

- a. travesty b. validity
c. scarcity d. retraction

17. Temperate

- a. aged b. unlimited
c. truncated d. inebriated

18. Mitigation

- a. aggravation b. verdancy
c. obscenity d. restriction

19. Iniquity

- a. fairness b. rectitude
c. peace d. apostasy

20. Protuberance

- a. cadence b. habitation
c. indentation d. attachment

15.

Synonyms

1. Abstract

- a. theoretical; not concrete
- b. group of closely located islands
- c. absorb; cause to become homogenous
- d. ascribe; explain

2. Apocryphal

- a. untrue; made up b. friendship
- c. highly excited; intensely curious
- d. supporter; follower

3. Annals

- a. records; history
- b. the state of having contradictory or conflicting emotional attitudes
- c. addition; appendix to book
- d. collection; heap

4. Recant

- a. abrogate
- b. public records; place where public records are kept
- c. addition; appendix to book
- d. insult; offend

5. Ape

- a. imitate or mimic b. calm; pacify
- c. accidental; casual
- d. testify; bear witness

6. Acclivity

- a. daring; bold b. manlike
- c. pacify; soothe d. sharp upslope of a hill

7. Affirmation

- a. skilful
- b. payments made to an ex-spouse after divorce
- c. correct; change, generally for the better
- d. positive assertion; confirmation

8. Astronomical

- a. renounce; give up
- b. enormously large or extensive
- c. hard, inflexible d. contrast

9. Apprehensive

- a. renounce; give up b. washing
- c. fearful; discerning d. fit for plowing

10. Artisan

- a. correct; change, generally for the better
- b. pithy maxim
- c. a manually skilled worker
- d. one who abandons his religious faith or political beliefs

11. attenuate

- a. make thin; weaken
- b. one who abandons his religious faith or political beliefs
- c. shorten d. in a state of rage

12. Allude

- a. refer indirectly b. sun's corona; halo
- c. stinging, caustic d. state without proof

13. Arcade

- a. study of artefacts and relics of early mankind
- b. precede
- c. iron block used in hammering out metals
- d. a covered passageway, usually lined with shops

14. Adamant

- a. fit for plowing b. hostile feeling or intent
- c. hard, inflexible
- d. preventing infection; having a cleansing effect

15. Anguish

- a. acute pain; extreme suffering
- b. agreement b. attach
- c. drug that relieves pain; opiate

16. Appraise

- a. something attached to but holding an inferior position
- b. gully c. estimate the value of
- d. in a state of rage

17. Apprise

- a. substance that removes sensation with or without loss of consciousness
- b. inform
- c. state strongly or positively; insist on or demand recognition of (rights, claims, etc.)
- d. calm; pacify



**You've tried the grammar method.
Did you succeed???
If not, try
*comprehension.***

Idioms & Proverbs

1. **A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush-** Having something that is certain is much better than taking a risk for more, because chances are you might lose everything.
2. **A blessing in disguise-** Something good that isn't recognized by first
3. **Bull in china shop-** One who causes damage
4. **A chip on your shoulder-** Being upset for something that happened in the past
5. **A damp squib-** Complete failure
6. **A dime a dozen-** Anything that is common and easy to get
7. **A doubting Thomas-** A skeptic who needs physical or personal evidence in order to believe something
8. **A drop in the bucket-** A very small part of something big or whole
9. **A fool and his money are easily parted-** It's easy for a foolish person to lose his/ her money
10. **A gentleman at large-** An unreliable person
11. **A green horn-** Inexperienced
12. **A house divided against itself cannot stand-** Everyone involved must unify and function together or it will not work out.
13. **A leopard can't change his spots-** You cannot change who you are
14. **A lost cause-** A hopeless case, a person or situation having no hope of positive change.
15. **A man of straw-** A weak person
16. **A mare's nest-** A false invention
17. **A penny saved is a penny earned-** By not spending money, you are saving money (little by little)
18. **A picture paints a thousand words-** A visual presentation is far more descriptive than words

19. **A piece of cake-** A task that can be accomplished very easily
20. **A slap on the wrist-** A very mild punishment
21. **A stalking horse-** Pretence
22. **A steal-** Very inexpensive, a bargain
23. **A taste of your own medicine-** When you are mistreated the same way you mistreat others
24. **A toss-up-** A result that is still unclear and can go either way
25. **A wolf in sheep's clothing-** A dangerous person pretending harmless
26. **ABC: Very common knowledge about to-** Ready to, just going to
27. **Above all-** Mainly, especially
28. **Above board-** Fair and honest
29. **According to-** In the order of; on the authority of
30. **Actions speak louder than words-** It's better to actually do something than just talk about it
31. **Add fuel to the fire-** Whenever something is done to make a bad situation even worse than it is
32. **Against the clock-** Rushed and short on time
33. **All (day, week, month, year) long-** The entire day, week, month, year
34. **All along-** All the time, from the beginning (without change)
35. **All and sundry-** Without making any distinction
36. **All bark and no bite-** When someone is threatening and/ or aggressive but not willing to engage in a fight
37. **All greek to me-** Meaningless and incomprehensible like someone who cannot read, speak, or
38. **All in all-** Considering everything
39. **All in the same boat-** When everyone is facing the same challenges

40. **All of a sudden**- Suddenly, without warning (All at once)
41. **All right**- Acceptable, fine; yes, okay
42. **Alpha and omega**- First and last letter of Greek alphabet, means beginning and end
43. **An arm and a leg**- Very expensive, A large amount of money
44. **An axe to grind**- To have a dispute with someone
45. **An eye wash**- A pretence
46. **An iron hand**- By force
47. **Apple to my eye**- Someone who is cherished above all others
48. **As a matter of fact**- Really, actually (also: as to)
49. **As for**- Regarding, concerning (also: as to)
50. **As high as a kite**- Anything that is high up in the sky
51. **As soon as**- Just after, when
52. **As usual**- as is the general case, as is typical
53. **At all**- To any degree (also: in the least)
54. **At heart**- Basically, fundamentally
55. **At last**- Finally, after a long time
56. **At least**- A minimum of, no fewer (or less) than
57. **At odds**- In dispute
58. **At sixes and sevens**- Persons who are having different opinions
59. **At the drop of a hat**- Willing to do something immediately
60. **Back and call**- At the service
61. **Back and forth**- In a backward and forward motion
62. **Back seat driver**- People who criticize from the sidelines, much like someone giving unwanted advice
63. **Back to square one**- Having to start all over again
64. **Back to the drawing board**- When an attempt fails and it's time to start all over
65. **Bag and baggage**- with all goods
66. **Baker's dozen**- Thirteen
67. **Bank on**- Depend on, count on
68. **Barking up the wrong tree**- A mistake made in something you are trying to achieve
69. **Bated breath**- In anxiety, expectancy
70. **Beat a dead horse**- To force an issue that has already ended
71. **Beating around the bush**- Avoiding the main topic, not speaking directly about the issue
72. **Bend over backwards**- Do whatever it takes to help. Willing to do anything
73. **Between a Rock and a Hard place**- Stuck between two very bad options
74. **Between Scylla and Charybdis**- Choice between two unpleasant alternatives
75. **Between the cup and the lips**- On the point of achievement
76. **Bite off more than you can chew**- To take on a task that is a way to big
77. **Bite your tongue**- To avoid talking
78. **Black and white**- In writing
79. **Blood is thicker than water**- The family bond is closer than anything else
80. **Blow hot and cold**- Having no stand, shows favour at one time and unfavour at another
81. **Blue moon**- A rare event or occurrence
82. **Body and soul**- Entirely
83. **Break a leg**- A superstitious way to say 'Good Luck' without saying 'Good Luck'
84. **Buy a lemon**- To purchase a vehicle that constantly gives problems or stops running after you drive it
85. **By & by**- Gradually
86. **By all means**- Certainly, definitely, naturally (also: of course); using any possible way or method
87. **By far**- By a great margin, clearly
88. **By fits and starts**- Irregularly
89. **By heart**- By memorizing
90. **By hook or by crook**- By any means

91. **By leaps and bound**- speedily
 92. **By oneself**- Alone, without assistance
 93. **By the way**- Incidentally
 94. **Call a spade a spade** - Straight talks
 95. **Can't cut the mustard**- Someone who isn't adequate enough to compete or participate
 96. **Cast iron stomach**- Someone who has no problems, complications or ill effects with eating anything
 97. **Cats and bull story**- Untrue story
 98. **Cats and dogs**- Heavy rain
 99. **Charley horse**- stiffness in the leg/ A leg cramp
 100. **Chew someone out**- Verbally scold someone
 101. **Chip on his shoulder**- Angry today about something that occurred in the past
 102. **Chow down**- To eat
 103. **Clear- cut**- Clearly stated, definite, apparent
 104. **Close but no cigar**- To be near and almost accomplish a goal, but fall short
 105. **Close call**- A situation involving a narrow escape from danger
 106. **Cock and bull story**- An unbelievable tale, untrue story
 107. **Come hell or high water**- Any difficult situation or obstacle
 108. **Crack someone up**- To make someone laugh
 109. **Cross your fingers**- To hope that something happens the way you want it to
 110. **Cry wolf**- Intentionally raise a false alarm
 111. **Cup of joe**- A cup of coffee
 112. **Curtain lecture**- A reproof by wife to her husband
 113. **Cut and dried**- Ready made form
 114. **Cut to the chase**- Leave out all the unnecessary details and just get to the point
 115. **Dark horse**- One who was previously unknown and is now prominent
 116. **Day in and day out**- Continuously, constantly
 117. **Dead Ringer**- 100 % identical, a duplicate
 118. **Devil's advocate**- Someone who takes a position for the sake of argument without believing in that
119. **Dog days of summer**- The hottest day of the summer season
 120. **Don't count your chickens before they hatch**- Don't rely on it until you are sure of it
 121. **Don't look a gift horse in the month**- When someone gives you a gift, don't be ungrateful
 122. **Don't pull all your eggs in one basket**- Do not pull all your resources in one possibility
 123. **Doozy**- Something outstanding
 124. **Down to the wire**- Something that ends at the last minute or last few seconds
 125. **Drastic times call for drastic measures**- When you are extremely desperate you need to take extremely desperate actions
 126. **Drink like a fish**- To drink very heavily, drinking anything
 127. **Dry run**- Rehearsal
 128. **Egg on**- To urge somebody
 129. **Eighty six**- A certain item is no longer available. Or this idiom can also mean, to throw away
 130. **Elvis has left the building**- The show has come to an end. It's all over
 131. **Ethnic cleansing**- Killing of a certain ethnic or religious group on a massive scale
 132. **Ever and anon**- Now and then
 133. **Every cloud has a silver lining**- Be optimistic, even difficult times will lead to better days
 134. **Every other (one)**- Every second (one), alternate (ones)
 135. **Everything but the kitchen sink**- Almost everything and anything has been included

136. **Excuse my French**- Please forgive me for cussing
137. **Fabian policy**- Policy of delaying decisions
138. **Face-to-face**- Direct, personal; directly, personally (written without hyphens)
139. **Fair and wide**- Equal opportunity to all
140. **Far and wide**- Every where
141. **Few and far between**- Not frequent, unusual, rare
142. **Field day**- An enjoyable day or circumstance
143. **Fifty- fifty**- Divided into two equal parts
144. **Finding your feet**- To become more comfortable in whatever you are doing
145. **Finger licking good**- To become more comfortable in whatever you are doing
146. **Fire and brimstone**- A very tasty food or meal
147. **Fire and fury**- Fearful penalties
148. **First and foremost**- Extreme enthusiasm
149. **Fishy: doubtful**- Highest priority
150. **Fixed in your ways**- Not willing or wanting to change from your normal way of doing something
151. **Flash in the pan**- Something that shows potential or looks promising in the beginning but fails to deliver
152. **Flea market** - A swap meet. A place where people gather to buy and sell inexpensive goods
153. **Flesh and blood**- This idiom can mean living material of which people are made of, or it can refer to human nature
154. **Flip the bird**- To raise your middle finger at someone
155. **Foam at the mouth**- To be enraged and show it
156. **Fools' Gold**- Iron pyrites, a worthless rock that resembles real gold
157. **Foot the bill**- Bear expenses
158. **For good**- Permanently, forever
159. **For once**- This one time, for only one time
160. **For sure**- Without doubt (also: for certain)
161. **For the time being**- Temporarily (also: for now)
162. **Free and easy**- Natural and simple
163. **French kiss**- An open mouth kiss where tongues touch
164. **From now on**- From this time into the future
165. **From rags to riches**- To go from very poor to being very wealthy
166. **Fuddy- duddy**- An old-fashioned and foolish type of person
167. **Full monty**- This idiom can mean either, "The whole thing" or "Completely nude"
168. **Funny farm**- A mental institutional facility
169. **Gall and wormwood**- Source of irritation
170. **Get down to brass tacks**- To become serious about something
171. **Get over it**- To move beyond something that is bothering you
172. **Get up on the wrong side of the bed**- Someone who is having a horrible day
173. **Get your walking papers**- Get fired from the job
174. **Gird up the loin**- To be ready
175. **Give and take**- Compromise, cooperation between people
176. **Give him the slip**- To get away from, to escape
177. **Give in**- Surrender
178. **Go down like a lead balloon**- To be received badly by an audience
179. **Go for broke**- To gamble everything you have
180. **Go out on a limb**- Put yourself in a tough position in order to support someone/ something
181. **Go the extra mile**- Going above and beyond whatever is required for the task at hand

182. **Good Samaritan**- Someone who helps others when they are in need, with no discussion for
183. **Graveyard shift**- Working hours from about 12:00 am to 8.00
184. **Great minds think alike**- Intelligent people think like each other
185. **Green room**- The waiting room, especially for those who are about to go on a TV or radio show
186. **Gut feeling**- A personal intuition you get, especially when feel something may not be right
187. **Had better**- Should, ought to, be advisable to
188. **Hand a gloves**- Very intimate friends
189. **Hard and fast**- Certain
190. **Hard of hearing**- Partially deaf, not able to hear well
191. **Haste makes waste**- Quickly doing things results in a poor ending
192. **Hat Trick**- When one player scores three goals in the same hockey game.
193. **Haughty and naughty**- Arrogant and naughty
194. **Have an axe to grind**- To have a dispute with someone
195. **Have got**- To have, to possess
196. **Have got to**- Must (also: have to)
197. **He lost his head**- Angry and overcome by emotions
198. **Head and shoulder**- Superior
199. **Head over heels**- Very excited and/or joyful, especially when in love
200. **Heart and soul**- With full devotion
201. **Hell in a hand basket**- Deteriorating and headed for complete disaster
202. **Helter Shelter**-Here and there
203. **Herculean task**- A tedious job
204. **High five**- Slapping palms above each others heads as celebration gesture
205. **High on the Hog**- Living in luxury
206. **Hit below the belt**- Contrary the principles of fairness
207. **Hit the books**- To study, especially for a test or exam
208. **Hit the hay**- Go to bed or go to sleep
209. **Hit the nail on the head**- Do something exactly right or say something exactly right
210. **Hit the sack**- Go to bed or go to sleep
211. **Hither and thither**- Here and there
212. **Hocus Pocus**- In general, a term used in magic or trickery
213. **Hold your horses**- Be patient
214. **Hole and corner policy**- A secret policy for an evil purpose
215. **Hornet's nest**- Raise controversy
216. **Hue and cry**- Great noise
217. **Hush money**- A bribe
218. **Icing on the cake**- When you already have it good and get something on top of what you already have
219. **Idle hands are the devil's tools**- You are more likely to get in trouble if you have nothing to do
220. **If it's not one thing, it's another**- When one thing goes wrong, then another, and another...
221. **Ill at ease**- Uncomfortable or worried in a situation
222. **In a hurry**- Hurried, rushed (also: in a rush)
223. **In case**- In order to be prepared if the meaning is in order to be prepared if something happens
224. **In hand**- Under firm control, well managed
225. **In like Flynn**- To be easily successful, especially when sexual or romantic
226. **In no time**- Very quickly, rapidly
227. **In the bag**- To have something secured
228. **In the buff**- Nude
229. **In the heat of the moment**- Overwhelmed by what is happening in the moment
230. **In the long run**- Eventually, after a long period of time
231. **In the worst way**- Very much, greatly
232. **In time to**- Before the time necessary to do something

233. **In touch**- Having contact
234. **In vain**- Useless, without the desired result
235. **In your face**- An aggressive and bold confrontation
236. **Ins and outs**- Full detail
237. **Inside out**- With the inside facing the outside
238. **Intents and purposes**- Practically
239. **It figures**- It seems likely, reasonable, or typical
240. **It takes two to tango**- A two person conflict where both people are at fault
241. **It's a small world**- You frequently see the same people in different places
242. **It anyone's call**- A competition where the outcome is difficult to judge or predict
243. **Ivory tower**- Imaginary world
244. **Ivy league**- Since 1954 the Ivy league has been the following universities: Columbia, Brown, Cornell
245. **Jaywalk**- Crossing the street (from the middle) without using the crosswalk
246. **Joshing me**- Tricking me
247. **Keep an eye on him**- You should carefully watch him. Keep an eye on
248. **Keep body and soul together**- To earn a sufficient amount of money in order to keep yourself alive
249. **Keep your chin up- To remain joyful in a tough situation**
250. **Kick the bucket**- Die
251. **Kith and kin**- Blood relatives
252. **Kitty-corner**- Diagonally across. Sometimes called Catty-corner as well
253. **Knock on Wood**- Knuckle tapping on wood in order to avoid some bad luck
254. **Know the ropes**- To understand the details
255. **Last but not least**- An introduction phrase to let the audience know that the last person mentioned is also very important
256. **Last straw**- The final event in a series of unacceptable actions
257. **Latin and Greek**- Unable to understand
258. **Leave no stone unturned**- Make all possible efforts
259. **Lend me your ear**- To politely ask for someone's full attention
260. **Length and breadth**- All over
261. **Let along**- and certainly not (also: not to mention, to say nothing of)
262. **Let the cat out of the bag**- To share a secret that wasn't suppose to be shared
263. **Level playing field**- A fair competition where no side has an advantage
264. **Life and soul**- Main support
265. **Like a chicken and its head cut off**- To act in a frenzied manner
266. **Liquor someone up**- To get someone drunk
267. **Little by little**- Gradually, slowly (also: step by step)
268. **Live-wire**- Energetic
269. **Loaves and fish**- Material interests
270. **Lock and key**- In safe place
271. **Long in the tooth**- Old people (or horses)
272. **Loose cannon**- Someone who is unpredictable and can cause damage if not kept in check
273. **Make no bones about**- To state a fact so there are no doubts or objections
274. **Method to my madness**- Strange or crazy actions that appear meaningless but in the end are done for a good reason
275. **Might and main**- With all enthusiasm
276. **Milk and water**- Weak
277. **More or less**- Approximately, almost, somewhat, to a certain degree
278. **Mumbo Jumbo**- Nonsense or meaningless speech
279. **Mum's the word**- To keep quiet, To say nothing
280. **Narrow-minded**- Not willing to accept the ideas of others

There are two kinds of vocabulary

- 1. Daily Use**
- 2. Exam Related**

Note: First master the daily use vocabulary with uses.

Answer Key

30 Day SSC Program

- Utmost care has been taken while preparing this answer key.
- If you have any issue with a answer, Whatsapp to 9783238686 for clarification. We'll reply within 24 hours.
- Answers for Vocab Section aren't provided.
- Answers for test papers are also provided. These can be provided only after 20th July.



It's easier than you think

Best of luck

30 Day Program for SSC CGL 2017 – Answers

Basic Grammar Exercises:

a) Auxiliary verbs

Ex - 1

1)a 2)c 3)b 4)a 5)a 6)c 7)c 8)a 9)b 10)a

Ex - 2

1)a 2)b 3)a 4)c 5)c 6)a 7)a 8)c 9)b 10)b

Ex - 3

1) a 2) b 3) a 4) c 5) c 6) a 7) b 8) b 9) c 10) b

b) Causative Structures

Ex - 1

1)a 2)b 3)c 4)b 5)a 6)b 7)c 8)b 9)a 10)b

Ex - 2

1)a 2)b 3)c 4)b 5)a 6)b 7)c 8)b 9)a 10)a

c) Irregular Verbs

Ex - 1

1)b 2)b 3)a 4)a 5)a 6)b 7)a 8)a 9)b
10)b

Ex - 2

1)a 2)b 3)b 4)a 5)a 6)b 7)a 8)b 9)b
10)b

d) Tense

Ex - 1

1. have bought, are building
2. are going, have been looking forward to
3. watches, helps
4. broke/was driving/ would have fixed / had known/ had
5. founded/ had already written
6. happened/ hit/ was riding/ opened/ saw/ interrogated
7. retire/ would spend
8. didn't sleep / was listening
9. saw/ didn't enjoy/ had already read/ hadn't read/ would probably have enjoyed
10. robbed
11. had been standing / told
12. was/ lost/had fallen
13. she has not seen/ started
14. was sleeping
15. would not be able / was
16. have just seen/ have you seen/ haven't / read
17. is flying/ will arrive/ am leaving
18. sells
19. was waiting/ was/ gone/ came/ were not able
20. used/ broke / have not skied

Ex - 2

1. have seen 2. Saw 3. Rose 4. Was shining 5. Will not tell 6. Was taking 7. Go 8. Had not slept 9. is listening 10. Was already raining 11. Is leaving 12. Will be taking/ will take 13. get/slept/didn't get 14. Am not wearing 15. has been 16. Are leaving 17. Was sleeping 18. has been living 19. Had made 20. will have landed 21. Quit 22. Has not graduated 23. Didn't send 24. Goes 25. Were talking 26. Was happening 27. Will be 28. made 29. Didn't win

Ex - 3 – Present perfect simple or continuous

1. Have you been studying
2. has he been working
3. 've lost 4. 've been reading haven't finished
5. Have you heard 's broken.
6. have you written
7. have you been doing; 've been waiting
8. have been playing
9. 've known
10. has been marking hasn't read

Ex - 4 Past perfect or Past Simple

1. has she studied/has she been studying
2. did he begin 3. wrote
4. Did you visit 5. hasn't been 6. have gone
7. happened 8. has had; fell
9. has won; has won 10. made
11. have just remembered 12. Have you replied
13. worked 14. has lived 15. never had

e) conditionals

Ex - A

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 1. visit | will go |
| 2. rains | will eat |
| 3. don't pass | will / can |
| 4. will lose | don't stay |
| 5. won't catch | doesn't hurry |
| 6. will telephone | need |

B

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. did | would / might fee1 |
| 2. would you do | won |
| 3. came | would / might be |
| 4. were | would / might learn |
| 5. would understand | explained |
| 6. would / might be | lost |

C

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. hadn't missed | wouldn't have met |
| 2. wouldn't have failed | had worked |

3. had driven wouldn't have had
 4. would have won had been
 5. would you have done had seen
 6. had bought would have won

D

1. d 2. f 3. g 4. b 5. j 6. i
 7. h 8. e 9. a 10. C

f) Gerund and infinitives

Exercise – 1

1. drinking 2. to reach 3. to get
 4. opening 5. to get 6. getting
 7. smoking 8. Studying 9. to have
 10. to have 11. to buy 12. to pick up
 13. locking 14. Learning 15. to bring
 16. going 17. to bring 18. eating
 19. to tell 20. Telling

Exercise 2

1. going 2. telling 3. to come
 4. having 5. talking 6. to speak
 7. giving 8. to carry 9. cooking
 10. to study 11. waiting 12. to come
 13. to help 14. going 15. to bring
 16. taking 17. to visit 18. going
 19. to start 20. to leave

Exercise 3

1. getting 2. to speak 3. to help
 4. going 5. doing 6. to arrive
 7. stealing 8. to work 9. to buy
 10. being 11. laughing 12. to be
 13. moving 14. speaking 15. to finish
 16. waiting 17. to buy 18. being
 19. to come 20. to go

Exercise 4

1. to be 2. to go 3. to be
 4. living 5. smoking 6. arriving
 7. negotiating 8. stealing 9. to be
 10. to be 11. seeing 12. to rain
 13. meeting 14. going 15. to go
 16. being 17. to come 18. to get
 19. painting 20. to meet

G) Participle

Exercise 1

1. They called a lawyer living nearby.
 2. We broke the computer belonging to my father.

3. The man wearing a blue jumper is in the garden.
 4. We found a doctor working at a hospital in Madrid.
 5. People arriving late will not be allowed to enter.
 6. Don't wake the baby sleeping in the next room.
 7. Who is that boy walking in the forest?
 8. The man wanting coffee is over there.
 9. Those books lying on the table were mine.
 10. Julia is on the train arriving at Platform 3.

Exercise – 2

1. relaxed 2. Frightening 3. Frustrated
 4. Terrifying 5. Interesting 6. Overwhelmed
 7. relaxing 8. Tired 9. Interested
 10. Overwhelming 11. Satisfied 12. Tiring
 13. thrilling 14. Surprised 15. Shocked
 16. terrified 17. Thrilled 18. Satisfying
 19. shocking 20. Surprising

H) Adjective/ Adverb

Exercise -1

1. nicely 2. Beautifully 3. Sick 4. Bad 5. Lately
 6. in a friendly way 7. Nearly 8. Highly
 9. brightly 10. Loud 11. Awful 12. Sleepy
 13. fast 14. Hardly 15. Easily 16. Happily
 17. angry 18. Wonderful 19. Quickly
 20. well 21. Hard 22. Short 23. Silently
 24. closely 25. Late 26. Bad 27. Expensive
 28. regularly 29. Well 30. Calm / looked
 31. early/ early 32. Interestingly 33. Lately
 34. mysteriously 35. Good 36. Wrong
 37. seriously 38. Terribly 39. Sadly
 40. friendly / unexpectedly

Exercise 2

1. angrily 2. Happily 3. Badly/ worse
 4. unexpectedly 5. Good/perfectly/slowly
 6. terribly 7. Well 8. Well
 9. more comfortable/ cheaper /cheap
 10. most valuable 11. Excellent
 12. hard /hardly 13. Great 14. Less
 15. separately 16. Natural 17. Obviously
 18. highly 19. Heavily 20. Nearest
 21. worst 22. Violent 23. Terrible 24. Terribly
 25. surprisingly

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Noun

1. the roof of the building
2. son's raising 3. India's
4. No error 5. of the poor (remove 's from poor)
6. the falling down of the wall 7. staff's coming
8. remove 's from Gandhi 9. one's goal
10. No Error 11. Son-in-law's
12. Government's dubious 13. his wits' end
14. two ten-rupee notes
15. at the front (remove side)
16. Jaya's walking 17. poetry
18. the secretary of Govinda, the actor
19. innings 20. a pair of scissors
21. the wheel of the cart 22. five thousand runs
23. No Error 24. No Error 25. a ten-rupee note
26. they are 27. thousands of rupees
28. A - The crew 29. A- linguistics
30. A- Machinery 31. A- poetry
32. D - Sheep 33. D - phenomenon
34. C - a good criterion 35. B - women doctors
36. A - five-man 37. D - Many crises
38. A- Hindus & brethren 39. B - men servants
40. A- peoples 41. hundred-rupee
42. D - advice 43. C - goods
44. B - passers-by 45. D - hangers-on
46. B - information 47. No Error
48. A - thousands of people 49. C - lives
- 50 . A - customs

Pronoun

1. No Error
2. **their** success to **their** parents
3. **its** overwhelming
4. **his** verdict on the scam
5. is costly in **its** appearance
6. **his** cap
7. Management of **their** school
8. Done **our** duty
9. It was **she**
10. Let **us be** the bidders
11. As much as **he**
12. But her **her** to look after
13. Than **his cow**
14. Larger than **that of college.**
15. No Error
16. Each has **his own**
17. Forget what **one** was
18. **Either** of the two ministers **was** not
19. Neither of the ways **is**
20. **Each of the women** performed puja.
21. A house **whose rooms**
22. No Error but this can also be written as ---
The way **in which** he tackles –

23. Coldest day **that** we ever ----that after superlative degree
24. Same man **that** was ---- use 'that' after 'same'
25. Remove that
26. Child **who** does not like
27. With his luggage **which was heavy with clothes** left the town. –relative pronoun close to its precedent
28. You, who **love** ...for you, singular verb will be used
29. Remove 'but'
30. I don't care for your words **uttered by you** who **do not** know what **you** say.
31. Gave **her** version
32. No Error – after 'only' before noun...the precedent will be in 'singular verb'
33. **Who** they say is the --- Here 'who' is the subject of the verb 'is'
34. **Who** do you believe
35. Remove he after student
36. No Error
37. Upon **his signing**
38. If I were **he**
39. Best players that **have**
40. He prides **himself**

Adjective

1. **that** kind of rumours
2. remove the most
3. **A** living dog is better than **a** dead lion.
4. No Error
5. Was **lesser** than that of
6. Remove article a after that
7. No error
8. His is **the** widest
9. It was **the** force of ---add the
10. With **a** cheerful look
11. Drinks tea **hot**
12. **Both of his friends**
13. **A** well-furnished
14. This **before** coming ---
15. Even of **the** little
16. No Error
17. As well as **verbal** ones
18. Many place **worth seeing**
19. Been for **mutual** understanding
20. **The** footballer in him
21. **The** players of this
22. Give me **some** money
23. **The** industrious are
24. Remove 'the'
25. Remove article 'a' before little
26. The **authority concerned**
27. **Many** of the
28. **The coldest and driest** or the cold and dry
29. **The** Prince of Wales

30. They have won **every** game
31. No Error
32. Remove 'A'
33. With the **latest** trends
34. **An** action will be taken
35. **That** sort of excuses
36. **Each** one of you
37. **Which**
38. **Any** chance
39. What **an** innings
40. **Either of the children was**
41. Month of **the** year
42. **Either of the**
43. The **historic** occasion
44. The **highest** peak
45. It is **a** best-of-five match
46. He felt **lonely** in the
47. This house is **more comfortable**
48. Ram is **older to**

Article

1. And **the** women in particular
2. Remove 'a' before great philosopher
3. **The** tax evaders
4. Remove 'a' before scientist
5. It being **a** rainy day
6. Minds of **the** people
7. Remove 'the' before greater
8. **The** knowledge of
9. ----
10. Ramesh is **the** student
11. **The/A** writer is not
12. He is **the** better
13. I live on **the** top floor
14. Civil dress was **a** police officer
15. No Error
16. From **a** public call box
17. No Error
18. To post **the** letter
19. No Error
20. Remove 'the' before next week
21. Remove 'a' before profitable advice
22. **The** families **who** are
23. Shanta is **the** student
24. Such **a** large number of
25. Remove 'an' before education

Verb

1. But **curse** his fate
2. What is wanted **is**
3. Leaves **fell**
4. Than **study**
5. No Error

6. And **hanged** herself
7. **Considering** the proposal
8. Other team members **have** refused
9. Remove no after will
10. He saw **me** laughing
11. Never **has** taken
12. The hen **laid** eggs
13. tired **of playing**
14. **was** not satisfactory
15. deny the statement **categorically**
16. hoped to win
17. **seems** to outdo
18. never **has gone**
19. but loiter
20. **Are** your brothers
21. It is **he**
22. **It** being a nice day
23. **is** at the door
24. hardly ever **work**
25. remove 'to' after sooner
26. **has** come
27. infested **with** flies
28. Learn **to respect**
29. **Has** no answer
30. Remove 'not' after was
31. Remove 'to' before commit
32. Bench **was** divided
33. Time **gone** by
34. To **improving** your English
35. **Is** a big
36. Today **were** the last
37. To **see**
38. News **is**
39. I **see**
40. **From entering** the system
41. **Make**
42. Shall **have been**
43. Remove 'to' before take
44. **Makes**
45. Passengers **were** wailing
46. Put 'Deliberately' at the end of the sentence
47. Either **she or they**
48. He **had**
49. Except **drinking**
50. Boys **is**

Tense

1. A. Delete will
2. A. he comes
3. A. it appears
4. B. has been living
5. C. he gets up
6. A. delete will
7. C. Has come
8. B. you read
9. C. delete has
10. D. has arrived yet

11. D. it rains
 12. B. delete will
 13. A. I am thirty
 14. C. I heard
 15. B. delete had
 16. A. I have known
 17. A. He studies
 18. No Error
 19. D. Delete will
 20. A. If he had done this
 21. No Error
 22. B. He had seen
 23. A. The judge didn't give
 24. A. He has been living + about his whereabouts
 25. No Error
 26. A. If we had had Ram
 27. D. I had expected
 28. A. If I were you
 29. D. Keep it in hall
 30. B. Had tried to tell us
 31. A. My wife had got
 32. A. has been with
 33. A. I have adored
 34. NO Error
 35. C is growing
 36. A. tell
 37. A here comes
 38. No Error
 39. A. He will have
 40. B. you took
 41. No Error
 42. B. he had disposed off
 43. C. delete has
 44. B. She had told
 45. B. Makes
 46. No Error
 47. C. He has completed
 48. No Error
 49. C. When did
 50. No Error
14. A. earns only
 15. A. By talking only
 16. No Error
 17. No Error
 18. Hardly does she like
 19. B. much too small
 20. A. Fortunately He was
 21. B. How to make
 22. B. when the workers
 23. No Error
 24. B. So he always tries to
 25. No Error
 26. A. delete the
 27. D tasted sweet
 28. A. the old man is blind
 29. B. Nothing ever
 30. No Error
 31. B. delete all
 32. No Error
 33. B. Disturb me
 34. C. Hard-hit
 35. C. Died only
 36. B. forget her completely
 37. A. when examined carefully
 38. B. in a lovely manner
 39. B. treat his brothers in a friendly manner
 40. A. much senior ex. Much better
 41. No Error
 42. A. felt sure
 43. No Error
 44. A. Delete else
 45. No error
 46. D. So is tom
 47. A. eastward
 48. A. Not only did we lose
 49. B. can we (inversion)
 50. -
 51. No Error
 52. D. Nor does he

Non- Finites

1. A. taking into consideration
2. A. carrying a bag
3. C. than copy
4. C. for me to carry
5. C. one cannot d. to function
6. C. to go on
7. B. to tell
8. B. in rescuing
9. B. them accept (bare infinitive after make)
10. C. to get
11. A. It being a cold
12. D. to get
13. A. delete He
14. No Error
15. No Error

Adverb

1. D. Vivid reason
2. B. Skillfully
3. B. remove presently
4. A. exceptionally
5. D. remove yet use still
6. D. Rather unjustified
7. A. remove almost
8. C. costly enough
9. B. kind enough
10. D. ever since
11. No Error
12. No Error
13. A. very carefully

16. A. Delete to after tell
 17. A. Having finished his breakfast
 18. B. to meet
 19. D. to open
 20. D. for donating
 21. B. to buy
 22. B. all the interested parties
 23. No Error
 24. D. Playing
 25. C. to work
 26. A. having finished his breakfast
 27. No Error
 28. B. afford to buy
 29. A. it being a
 30. C to spend
 31. No Error
 32. B. get
 33. B. to show
 34. C. to see
 35. D. not to go
 36. C. He wants me
 37. B. how to swim
 38. C. how to swim
 39. A. the king B. remove for
 40. A. having considered
 41. A. delete he
 42. B. ships entering
 43. D. having
 44. C. this kind
 45. NO Error
 46. A. need to clean
 47. B. helping
 48. B. delete to (bare infinitive after make)
 49. B. to travel
 50. B. denied having been there

Conjunction

1. C. than the children
2. D. intelligence
3. A. so lazy that
4. C. and you
5. No Error
6. B. good as a batsman
7. B nor
8. C. delete not
9. C. than
10. C. than
11. C. delete not (we don't use not after unless, until, lest)
12. A. satisfies not only
13. C. but fortunately
14. D. but
15. A. neither
16. A. believes not only
17. A. remove not
18. C. besides

19. D. and a refresher
20. B. equipped not only
21. No Error
22. D. remove not
23. C. than
24. D. Sunil and Rahul
25. B structure and
26. C. than
27. B. impression not only
28. A. No sooner did the advertisement appear
29. A. No sooner did C. than
30. NO Error
31. B. yet is pleasant
32. B. unhappy as in
33. No Error
34. B. So hard that
35. In spite of
36. C. but also Telgu
37. A. robbed not only
38. C. remove not
39. C. starve than steal
40. D. do neither
41. A. satisfies not only
42. D. remove not
43. No sooner had he
44. B. so high that
45. C. remove not
46. B. will not only come
47. A. remove will
48. A. eminent not only
49. C. before the master came
50. A. involved not only

Question Tag

1. D. Remove be
2. No Error
3. D. didn't they?
4. D. was there?
5. D. wasn't it?
6. D. doesn't she?
7. D. could they
8. No Error
9. D. Doesn't he?
10. D. have they?
11. D. did he?
12. Didn't he?
13. D. Isn't he?
14. D. Shan't we?
15. D. isn't it?
16. D. has she?
17. D. didn't he?
18. D. shouldn't they?
19. D. Shouldn't one?
20. D. would he?
21. D. wasn't he?
22. D. haven' they?
23. D. Can she?

24. D. Are there?
25. D. Won't you?

Preposition

1. C. different from
2. C. Remove into
3. D. remove on
4. A. Decline in her moral
5. C. remove on
6. B. remove for
7. C. warden of the
8. C. entrusted me with
9. B. fallen into
10. D. and on land
11. A . plan was to go to
12. D. in the river
13. A. proposed to me
14. D. from her debts
15. C. shirt to
16. C. rather than go
17. A. glimpse of
18. D. at the loud noise
19. C. among
20. B. remove of
21. B. of murder
22. C. angry with me
23. A. he looked at me
24. C. blue gown to
25. B. to the temptation
26. B. dying of hunger
27. B. blind in
28. D. not worthy of them
29. A. remove about
30. C. Remove to
31. D. invited to
32. C. look after
33. No Error
34. C. to going about
35. D. for sugar
36. B. with the burning
37. A. admits of no other
38. D. to the visitor
39. A. reputation of
40. A. remove of
41. B. among our friends
42. C. man above
43. C. remove with
44. A. remove of
45. C. loss of damage to any
46. C. from sending
47. A. remove for
48. B. from associating
49. A. apparent to
50. D. remove to

Work Out I

1. B. stirs
2. C. influences
3. C. that are
4. C. that prints
5. B. had its
6. A. ten rupees seems
7. B. news is
8. B. advisor has
9. B. who has
10. B. because have heard
11. B. they felt
12. C. application had been
13. B. that are
14. B. was aware
15. ----No Answer (No error But this question needs to discussed.
16. B. the teachers
17. B. was poorly
18. B. the accountant was
19. B. has an
20. B. who is
21. C. has shown
22. B. than
23. A. his mother
24. C. by their
25. B. any other cricketer
26. B. I have heard
27. A. remove as to
28. A. Not to speak of
29. A. owing to
30. B. to finding
31. No Error
32. B. I expect
33. C. remove in
34. B. to accompanying
35. B. who had been
36. A. Not to speak
37. C. is that her husband is ill
38. A. I don't remember
39. B. shall come back
40. A. I haven't spoken
41. B. is no doubt
42. A. gentry
43. C. fruit
44. B. furniture
45. A. Dozens
46. A. face much trouble
47. A. five-year plan
48. A. one of my students
49. A. remove more
50. A. the harder you work

Work Out II

1. C. had enough space
2. C. delete will
3. B. quarrel over
4. C than the land
5. B. has been made
6. B. tasted bitterly
7. C. because it has been
8. C. prevent him from doing so
9. A. of the two theses (plural of thesis)
10. B. not to tell the patient
11. A. No sooner did he
12. C. most intelligent of all
13. No Error
14. C. clearly remember
15. C. send you to Bombay
16. C. it has been hit
17. C. and I have decided to leave
18. B. delete will
19. No Error
20. B. that we sent an answer
21. C. shouted loudly
22. A. hardly had he
23. No Error
24. C. see you off
25. No Error
26. A. there is only one
27. C. they were working earlier. Delete is
28. B. delete for (go out + leisure activity)
29. A. was about to
30. C. and running around
31. B. good a batsman as to
32. A. so fast
33. B. In rescuing
34. B. better than
35. C. behaved nicely
36. B firing at the crowd
37. C. the least
38. A. Suppose you
39. A. we have been free
40. C. film makers
41. B. nor the subsequent
42. C. he paid
43. No Error
44. B. modern education is
45. B. acquitted of
46. B. superior to and
47. C. superior to
48. C. on the management
49. B he wanted
50. B. among

Work out III

1. B. not as well
2. A. the post & B. delete not
3. No Error
4. C. a piece of
5. A. bank lend
6. C. **than** the students **stood** up
7. B. yet I have had
8. B. his father
9. A. Not to speak of
10. C. enjoy myself there
11. B. yet it is pleasant
12. B. that he could not
13. No Error
14. A. was so popular
15. B. comes on
16. No Error
17. B. presidency
18. C. from 1674 to
19. B. invader
20. No Error
21. B. the best conductor
22. C. there are many
23. A. and does
24. B. people said
25. A. we
26. B. an increased emphasis
27. A. owing to & B. burst
28. C. who have the proper
29. No Error
30. A. state
31. A. No employee is
32. C. remove not
33. C. to insult
34. C. to voluminous novels
35. A. unbearably hot
36. No Error
37. B. we did something
38. A nor Jim was
39. To perform best – remove work
40. A. Not everything
41. C. had been working
42. No Error
43. A. Why do you worry me
44. C. to correct mistakes
45. A. remove will
46. A. it being a
47. C. in great detail
48. C. with each other
49. B. after he had
50. B. remove other

Sentence Improvement

Exercise 1:

1	E	26	C	51	C	76	B*	101	C
2	D*	27	B	52	B	77	E	102	B
3	E	28	A	53	E	78	D	103	B
4	C	29	E	54	D	79	C	104	E
5	B	30	E	55	A	80	D	105	D
6	A	31	D	56	C	81	B	106	A
7	A	32	E	57	B	82	A	107	D
8	A	33	A	58	D	83	A	108	A
9	B	34	C	59	E	84	B	109	D
10	C	35	B	60	A*	85	A	110	C
11	A	36	E	61	C	86	E	111	B
12	C*	37	A	62	B	87	E	112	C
13	D	38	C*	63	D	88	B	113	E
14	E	39	B	64	B	89	B	114	D
15	B	40	A	65	B	90	A	115	E
16	E	41	C	66	C	91	C	116	B
17	C	42	B	67	C	92	A	117	D
18	A	43	A	68	B	93	E	118	E
19	E	44	A	69	A	94	A	119	A
20	B	45	E	70	C	95	B	120	B
21	E	46	B	71	C	96	B*	121	A
22	A	47	E	72	E	97	E	122	C
23	A	48	A	73	A	98	E	123	B
24	B	49	B	74	E	99	B	124	E
25	D	50	B	75	d	100	E	125	A

2. Underline that also – we don't use two conjunction together.
 12. C. who accompanied you.
 38. was found **lying**
 60. Had to go
 76. Brought out an interesting finding
 96. Was about to quit

Exercise 2

1	B	26	E	51	A	76	A
2	C	27	A	52	D	77	D
3	E	28	C	53	A	78	B
4	B	29	B	54	B	79	E
5	A	30	A	55	A	80	A
6	D	31	A	56	B	81	E
7	B	32	A*	57	E	82	E
8	D	33	E	58	C	83	C
9	A	34	B	59	B	84	A
10	D	35	C	60	A	85	B
11	D	36	E	61	B	86	C
12	E	37	A	62	A	87	C
13	E	38	A	63	E	88	D
14	A	39	D	64	C	89	B
15	C	40	A	65	B	90	C
16	B	41	E	66	B	91	C
17	D	42	B*	67	B	92	E
18	E	43	C	68	C	93	A
19	A	44	D	69	D	94	A
20	B	45	B	70	D	95	E
21	A	46	E	71	C	96	C
22	D	47	A	72	A	97	B
23	E	48	C	73	E	98	E
24	A	49	D	74	C	99	A*
25	c	50	b	75	A	100	A

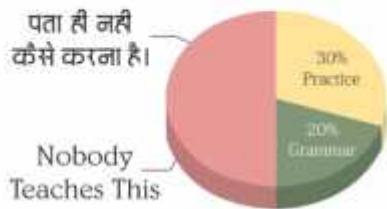
32. was so critical that
 42. at the end struck a note of caution
 99. What we could have done

Most English experts believe that....

- Ideal Strategy To Prepare ENGLISH Should Be Like This.



- What Do Students Do ?



What coachings provide you.

- ✓ Grammar
- ✗ Practice
- ✗ Comprehension

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- ✓ Grammar
- ✓ Practice