# Learning

# Basic

# Grammar

Start learning about the 8 parts of speech, nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, conjunctions, and interjections

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# 1

# What is Grammar?

Here's an old children's rhyme about the eight parts of speech of English grammar. It gives you an idea of what grammar is about. Read and remember it.



Every name is called a **noun**,

As *field* and *fountain*, *street* and *town*.

In place of noun the **pronoun** stands,

As *he* and *she* can clap their hands.

The **adjective** describes a thing,

As *magic* wand or *bridal* ring.

Most verbs mean action, something done,

To *read* and *write*, to *jump* and *run*.

How things are done the adverbs tell,

As quickly, slowly, badly, well.

The **preposition** shows relation,

As *in* the street or *at* the station.

**Conjunctions** join, in many ways,

Sentences, words, *or* phrase *and* phrase.

The **interjection** cries out, "Heed!

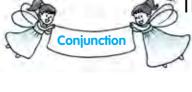
An exclamation point must follow me!"





Interjection







# 2

# **The Capital Letter**

The **capital letter** is also called a **big letter** or **upper-case** letter, or sometimes just a **capital**.

ABCDEFGHIJKLM NOPQRSTUVWXYZ

When do you use a capital letter?

Use a capital letter for the first letter in a sentence:

The dog is barking.

Come here!

Always use a capital letter for the word I: I am eight years old. Tom and I are good friends.

Use a capital letter for the names of people: Alice, Tom, James, Kim, Snow White

- Use a capital letter for the names of places:
   National Museum, Bronx Zoo, London, Sacramento
- Use a capital letter for festivals, holidays, days of the week, months of the year:
   New Year's Day, Christmas, Labor Day, Mother's Day, Sunday, Monday, Friday, January, May, July, October





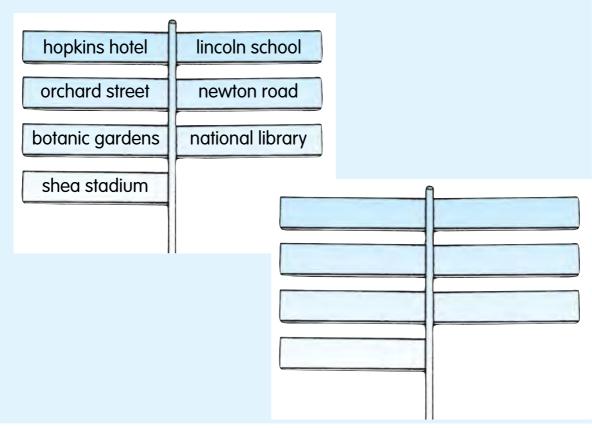


Circle the letters that should be CAPITALS. Then write the correct letter in the space above them.

- 1 peter and i are good friends.
- 2 we are going to chicago during our summer vacation.
- 3 there is an interesting football game on sunday.
- 4 jason lives on thomson avenue.
- 5 january is the first month of the year.

### **Exercise 2**

Look at the signs on the left. Can you find the mistakes? Write the names correctly.



# 3 Nouns

# **Common Nouns**

**Nouns** are divided into **common nouns** and **proper nouns**. **Common nouns** are words for people, animals, places, or things.

These are words for people. They are common nouns.



artist

#### Word File

Here are more words for people:

actor lawyer aunt judge baby man

baker nurse

cook police officer

dentist singer doctor soldier giant teacher



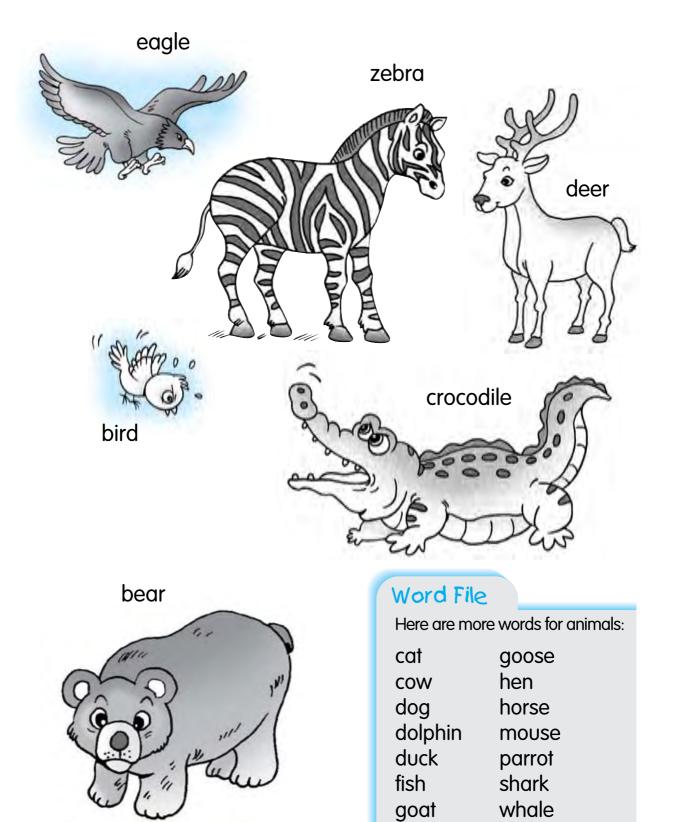
astronaut



Another word for **astronaut** is **spaceman** or **spacewoman**.



# These are words for animals. They are common nouns.



# These are words for places. They are common nouns.



beach



park



## shop



## Word File

Here are more words for places:

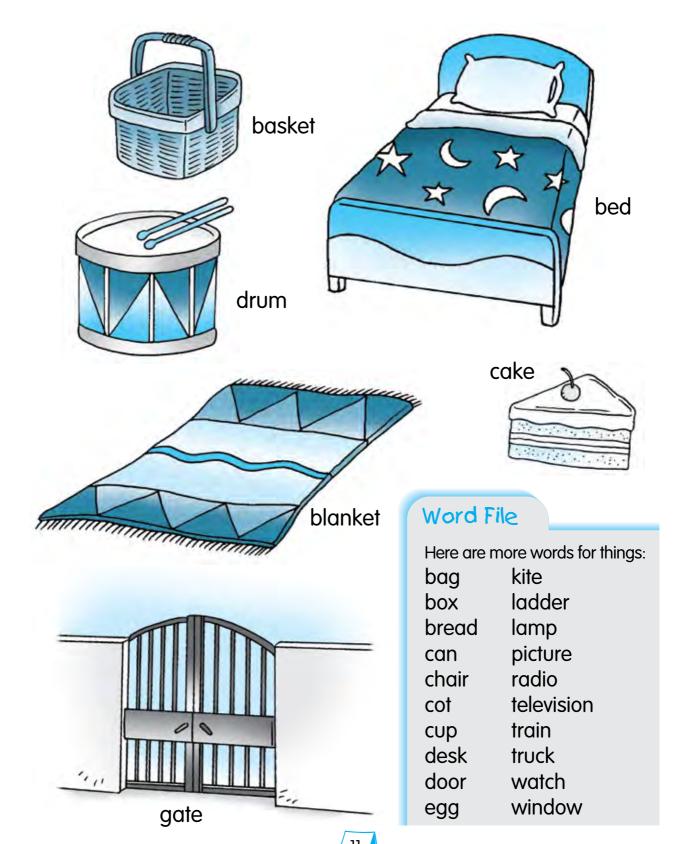
airport market cave mountain church playground farm restaurant

hill school hospital seashore hotel stadium

house supermarket

island temple mall zoo

# These are words for things. They are common nouns.



## Underline the common nouns in these sentences.

- 1 There's a little bird in the garden.
- 2 Who is your teacher?
- 3 Don't eat that rotten apple.
- 4 Kate has a lovely doll.
- 5 I like reading stories.
- 6 My father is a doctor.
- 7 Every child has a dictionary.
- 8 Rudy hates bananas.
- 9 The phone is ringing.
- 10 Here's a book for you.

## **Exercise 2**

Here's a mixed bag of words. Put each word under its correct heading.

swimmer letters mountain granny	snail flag fox taxi	fire engine river hotel gardener	clown barber parrot camel
People	Animals	Places	Things

# **Proper Nouns**

**Proper nouns** are names for particular people, places or things. They always begin with a capital letter.





## Word File

Here are some more names of people:

Ali Baba

Florence Nightingale

Derek Jeter

Pauline

Johnny Depp

**Patrick** 

**Harry Potter** 

Pinocchio

Robin Hood





Your own name and the names of your friends are proper nouns too.



The names of countries and their people are also proper nouns.



14

**Pakistan** 

**Thailand** 

**France** 

**Pakistanis** 

the French

**Thais** 

India

Italy

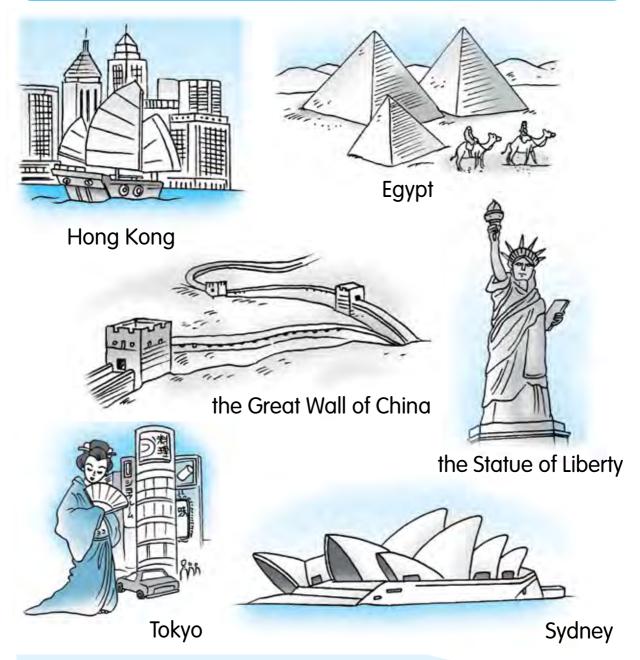
Japan

**Indians** 

**Italians** 

the Japanese

The names of towns, cities, buildings and landmarks are proper nouns.



Bangkok Ne London De New York Ce Paris th Beijing Bi

New Delhi Denver Central Park the Eiffel Tower Big Ben

the Grand Canyon the Leaning Tower of Pisa Brooklyn Bridge Pike's Peak

15

The days of the week and months of the year are proper nouns.

#### Days March March March March Sunday Δ Monday Wednesday Sunday Monday Tuesday Tuesday Wednesday March March March **Thursday** 6 Friday Friday Thursday Saturday Saturday **February** March Ignuary April July **August**

June

October

## **Months**

January February March **April** May June July **August** September October November December



January is the first month of the year.

December

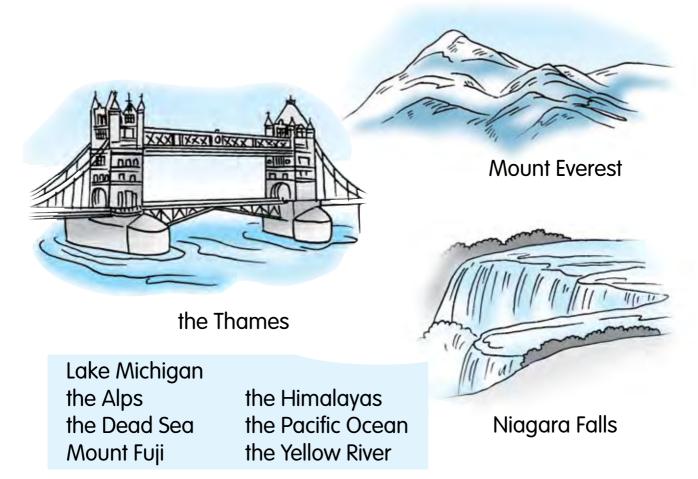
**Sunday** is the first day of the week.

November

A table that shows the months, weeks days



The names of mountains, seas, rivers and lakes are proper nouns.





You often use **the** before names of oceans, rivers, seas and ranges of mountains.

Mount means mountain.

It is often used in the names of mountains.

For example: Mount Everest

Mount St. Helens

The written short form for **Mount** is **Mt**.

For example: Mt. Everest, Mt. Fuji



The names of festivals, some special events and holidays are proper nouns, too.



Valentine's Day



Father's Day



Halloween



Word File

Here are more names of festivals and holidays:

Christmas Mother's Day
Memorial Day April Fool's Day
Labor Day Thanksgiving Day
Independence Day St. Patrick's Day

New Year's Day

# Underline the *proper nouns* in the following sentences.

- 1 July is often the hottest month in summer.
- 2 One day Ali Baba saw the forty thieves hiding in a cave.
- 3 Shawn and Ashley are going to the beach for a swim.
- 4 Mr. Lee is reading a book.
- 5 "I am your fairy godmother," said the old woman to Cinderella.
- 6 Uncle Mike is a lawyer.
- 7 Next Tuesday is a public holiday.
- 8 Many children enjoyed the movie Lion King.

## **Exercise 2**

Look at the words in the box. Which ones are *common* nouns and which ones are *proper nouns*? Put each word under its correct heading.

Lisa	bank	President Hotel	United Bank
Januar	ry beach	White Sand Beach	hotel
doctor	month	Dr. Wang	girl
Comn	non Nouns	Pr	oper Nouns

Write **C** for *common* or **P** for *proper* on the blank before each noun.

1	 the White House
2	 the green dress
3	 the tall building
4	 the Empire State Building
5	 the Yellow River
6	 the muddy river
7	 the governor
8	 Governor Parker
9	 the Oregon Trail
10	 the winding trail

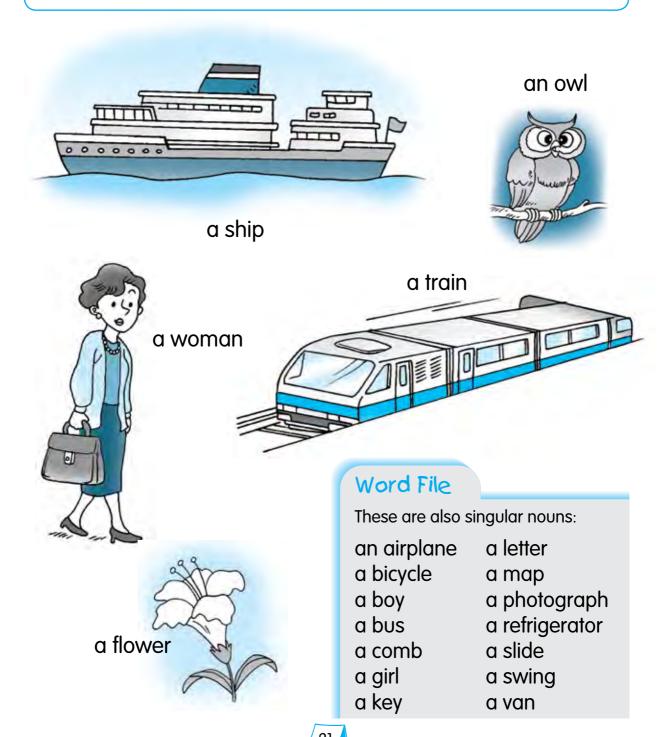
### **Exercise 4**

Underline the nouns that should be capitalized. Circle the nouns that should *not* be capitalized.

- 1 Robert louis Stevenson wrote treasure island.
- 2 The Capital of illinois is Springfield.
- 3 My Friends and I prefer Glittergums toothpaste.
- 4 Their Family visited Yellowstone national Park.
- 5 Juan and maria attend kennedy Middle school.
- 6 We had a Surprise Party for aunt Helen.
- 7 Spring and Fall are my favorite Seasons.
- 8 The Manager scolded his lazy Employees.

# Singular Nouns

Nouns can be **singular** or **plural**. When you are talking about one person, animal, place, or thing, use a singular noun.





Use a or an before singular nouns.
 Use an before words beginning with vowels
 (a, e, i, o, u). For example, say:

an axean iglooan eggan orangean envelopean umbrellaan ice creaman uncle

But some words don't follow this rule. For example, use **a** (not **an**) before these words that begin with **u**:

a uniform

a university

Use a before words beginning with the other letters of the alphabet, called consonants. For example, say:

a basket
a bowl
a monster
a car
a pillow
a hill
a watch
a house
a zoo

But some words don't follow this rule. For example, use an (not a) before these words that begin with h:

an heir

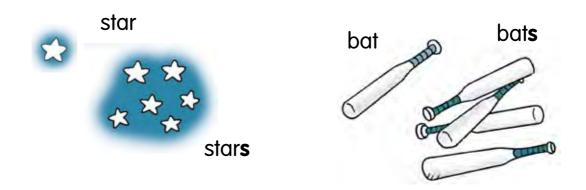
an honor

an hour

# **Plural Nouns**

When you are talking about two or more people, animals, places, or things, use plural nouns.

Most nouns are made plural by adding -s at the end.

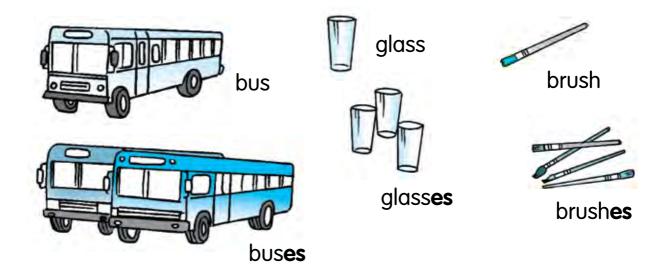


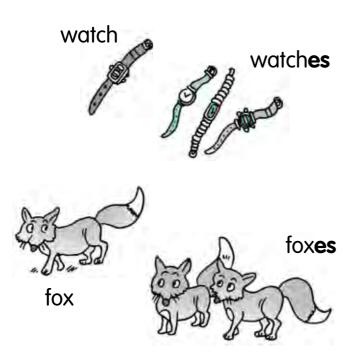
## Word File

Singular Plural bird birds broom brooms camel camels desk**s** desk doll dolls eggs egg flowers flower fork forks game**s** game lambs lamb nest nests pen pen**s** photo photos shirt shirts spoons spoon



# Some plural nouns end in -es.





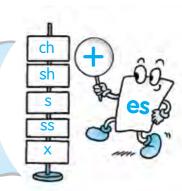
## Word File

witch

Singular **Plural** beach beach**es** branch branch**es** box boxes **bushes** bush churches church dish dish**es** dress dress**es** sandwich sandwich**es** 

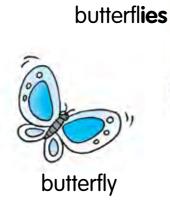


When the last letters of singular nouns are **ch**, **sh**, **s**, **ss** or **x**, you usually add **-es** to form the plural.



witches

# Some plural nouns end in -ies.











## Word File Singular

baby babies cherry cherries diary diaries

dictionary fairy family

flies fly lady ladies library librar**ies** 

puppy story

strawberry

## **Plural**

dictionaries

fairies **families** 

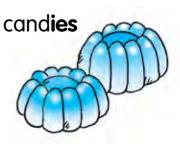
puppies stories

strawberries









lilies



Nouns like these are made plural by changing y to i, and adding -es.

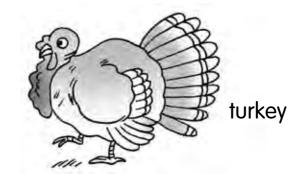


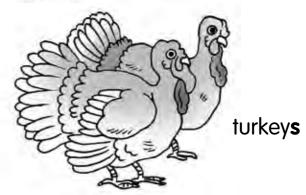
What if there is a vowel before the **y**? In that case, add -**s** to form the plural.

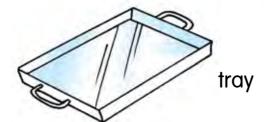


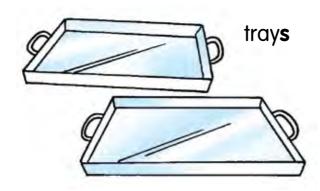












# Word File

Singular chimney cowboy day donkey jersey kidney monkey toy trolley

## chimneys cowboys days donkeys jerseys kidneys monkeys

**Plural** 

# If a noun ends in $-\mathbf{f}$ , you often change $\mathbf{f}$ to $\mathbf{v}$ , and add $-\mathbf{es}$ .

Singular
calf
elf

Plural calves

el**ves** 

halves

leaves

Singular loaf

shelf

thief

wolf

**Plural** 

loaves shelves

thie**ves** wolves





half

leaf

Often nouns that end in -f, just need -s to form the plural.



Singular

chef chefs chief chiefs cliff cliffs

Singular

sheriff

handkerchief roof

handkerchiefs. roofs sheriffs

Plural

For some words that end in -f, the plural can be spelled in two different ways.

Singular

**Plural** 

Plural

dwarf dwarfs or dwarves hoof hoofs or hooves scarf scarfs or scarves



With some words that end in - $\mathbf{fe}$ , you change  $\mathbf{f}$  to  $\mathbf{v}$ , and add - $\mathbf{s}$ .

Singular

knife life wife

**Plural** 

knives lives wives





But you only add -s to giraffe to form the plural.

# If a noun ends in -o, you just add -s to form the plural.





rhinos.







kangaroo**s** 

## Word File

Singular Plural
a hippo hippos
a video videos
a zoo zoos

But with some nouns that end in -o, you add -es to form the plural.





## Word File

Singular a tomato

a potato a hero

## **Plural**

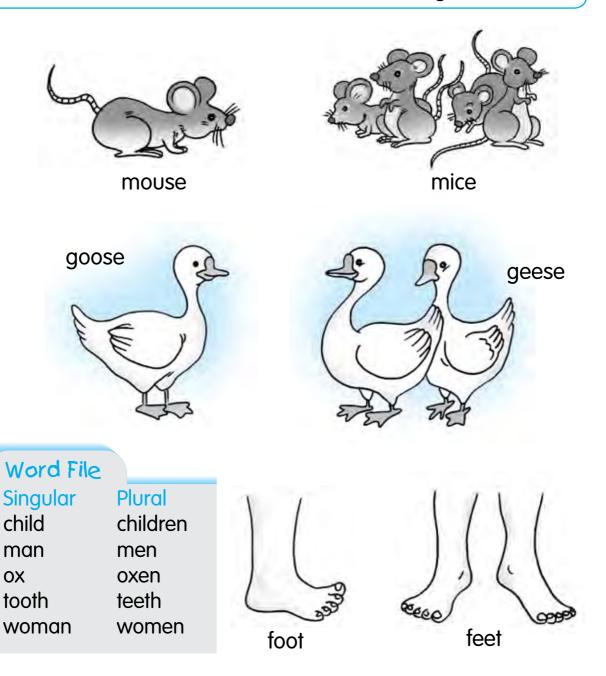
tomatoes potatoes heroes

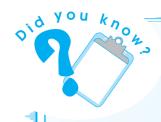


With some nouns that end in -o, you can add either -s or -es to form the plural.

Singular	Plural	Plural
a mango	mangoes	mangos
a mosquito	mosquitoes	mosquitos
a zero	zeroes	zeros
a buffalo	buffaloes	buffalos

Some plural nouns don't follow the -s rule. They don't end in -s, -es, -ies or -ves. Instead, the word changes form.

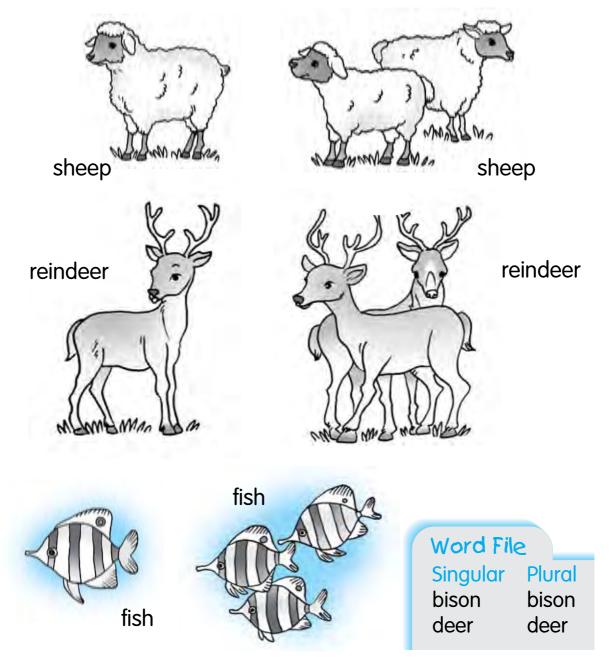




The plural of the **mouse** that you use with your computer is either **mice** or **mouses**.



# Some plural nouns are the same as the singular noun.





You can use **fishes** as the plural of **fish** when you are talking about different kinds of fish: all the **fishes** of the Pacific Ocean.



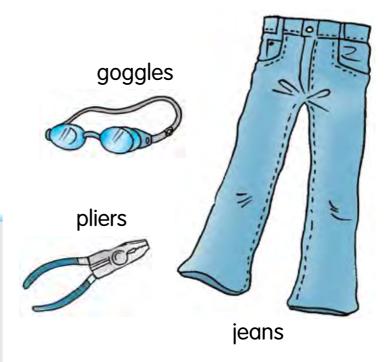
## Some nouns are always plural.

## binoculars



## Word File

pants scissors
pajamas sneakers
shorts slippers
trousers stockings
sandals





Another word for **spectacles** is **glasses**.





You can make these plural nouns singular by using **a pair of**:



a pair of shoes

- a pair of binoculars
- a pair of spectacles
- a pair of goggles
- a pair of jeans
- a pair of shorts
- a pair of pliers

Look at the words below. Do you know which ones are *singular* and which are *plural*? Put a checkmark (/) in the correct box.

	Singular	Plural
word		
pencils		
books		
fan		
hat		
children		
kites		
people		
crab		
foxes		

## **Exercise 2**

Do you add -s or -es to these singular nouns to make them plural? Write your answers on the lines.

Singular Plural	Singular Plural
1 desk	6 basket
2 class	7 peach
3 comb	8 belt
4 mug	9 taxi
5 bus	10 box

Do you change -y to -ies, or just add -s to make these singular nouns plural? Write your anwers.

	Singular	Plural		Singular	Plural
1	key		6	toy	
2	city		7	baby	
3	butterfly		8	party	
4	monkey		9	chimney	
5	fly		10	lady	

## **Exercise 4**

All these singular nouns end with -o. Add either -s or -es as you write the plurals on the line.

	Singular Plural	Singular	Plural
1	video	6 radio	
2	piano	7 hippo	
3	mango	8 zoo	
4	kangaroo	9 zero	
5	rhino	10 photo	

# **Collective Nouns**

**Collective nouns** are words for groups of people, animals or things.

These are nouns for groups of people.







## Word File

Here are some more groups of people:

an audience a gang a band a group a choir a team a class



Many **collective nouns** can be used with a singular or plural verb.

For example:

My family was happy to see me.

or

My family were happy to see me.

But the following collective nouns always take a plural verb: cattle people the police

Here are more collective nouns that are used for groups of people, animals or things.



a **band** of musicians



a **brood** of chickens



#### Word File

Here are some more collective nouns:

- a **bunch** of keys
- a class of pupils
- a **collection** of books
- a deck of cards
- a **fleet** of ships
- a flock of sheep
- a gaggle of geese
- a gang of robbers
- a herd of cattle
- a litter of cubs
- a **pod** of whales
- a pack of wolves
- a **pride** of lions
- a **set** of stamps
- a **swarm** of bees
- a **troupe** of actors



a team of players



Farmer John had *several different* kinds of animals on his farm. Write the correct *collective* noun for each group of his animals.



Farmer John had:

a	_ of geese
a	_ of sheep
a	_ of cattle
a	_ of horses

One day a \_\_\_\_\_\_ of coyotes tried to attack his animals. Farmer John yelled and waved a pitchfork to frighten them away.

# **Masculine and Feminine Nouns**

**Masculine nouns** are words for men and boys, and male animals.

**Feminine nouns** are words for women and girls, and female animals.

