

Encoder circuit for LBC (n,k)

lec 37: Encoder for (n, k) Linear Block code

Q Draw the encoder circuit for $(7, 4)$ Hamming Code with Generator matrix given by

$$G = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$m_1 m_2 m_3 m_4 P_1 P_2 P_3.$

$$\begin{bmatrix} P_1 & P_2 & P_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} m_1 & m_2 & m_3 & m_4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

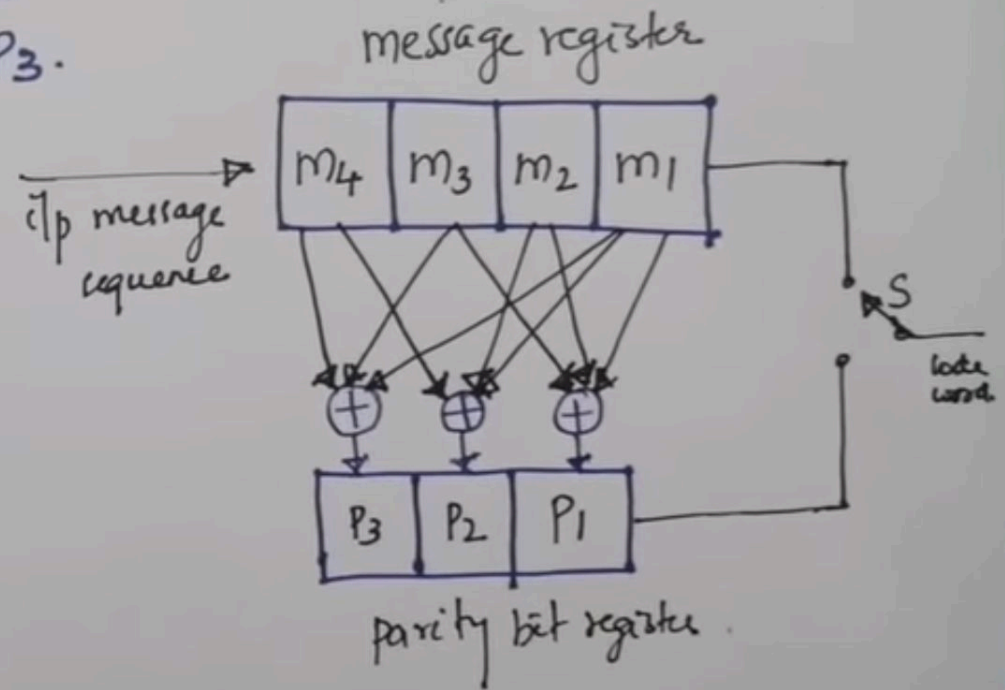
$$P_1 = m_1 \oplus m_2 \oplus m_3.$$

$$P_2 = m_1 \oplus m_2 \oplus m_4.$$

$$P_3 = m_1 \oplus m_3 \oplus m_4.$$

Format of codeword

$m_1 m_2 m_3 m_4 p_1 p_2 p_3$.



steps involved in the syndrome decoding

step 1 \rightarrow Find $S = rH^T$.

step 2 \rightarrow Check the row of H^T which is same as S .
obtained syndrome S .

step 3 \rightarrow If p^{th} row is obtained, then p^{th} bit is in error.
Now write the corresponding error vector e .

step 4 \rightarrow Correct code vector $C = r \oplus e$.

Syndrome Decoder for (n, k) Block code

