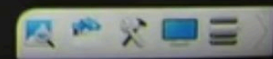
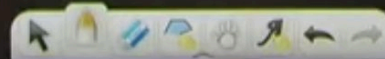
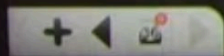
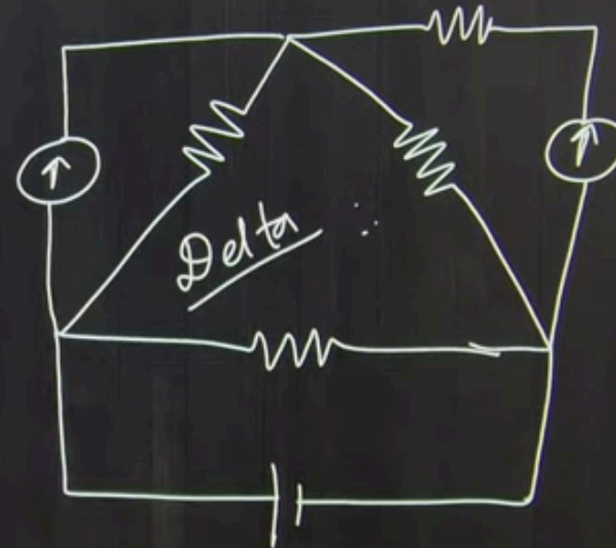
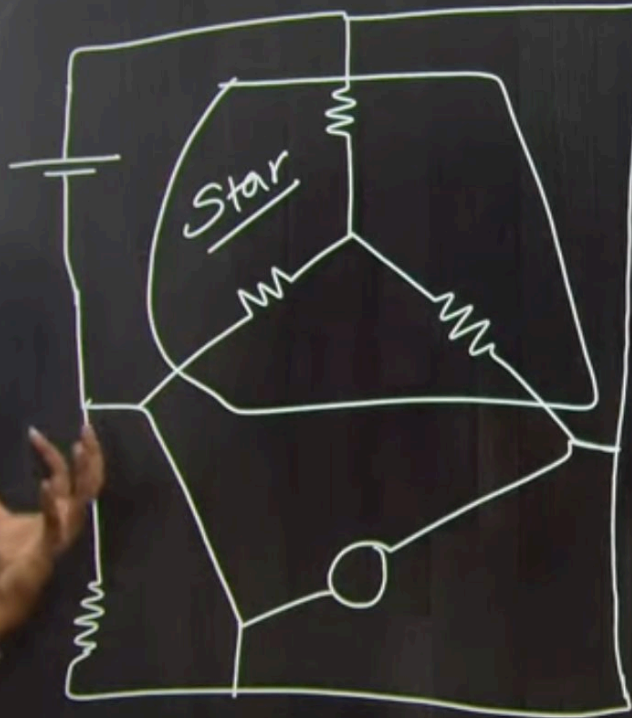
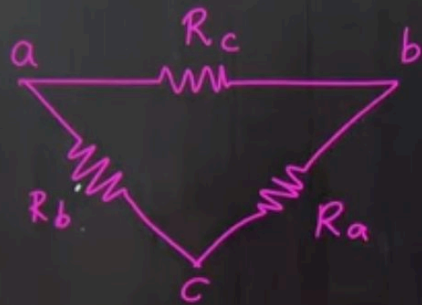


Star & Delta

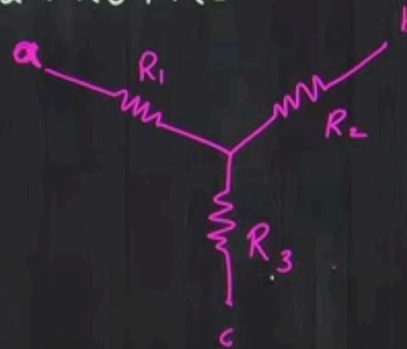
10:09



Delta to star transformation.



$$R_1 = \frac{R_c \cdot R_b}{R_a + R_b + R_c}$$

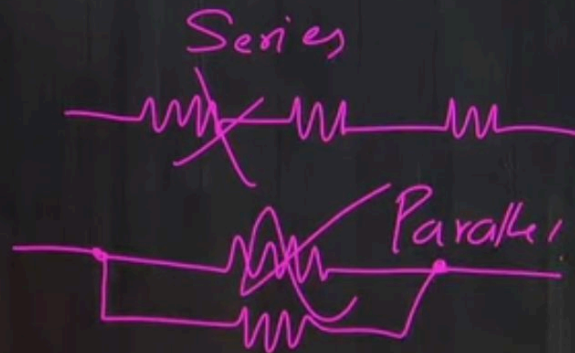
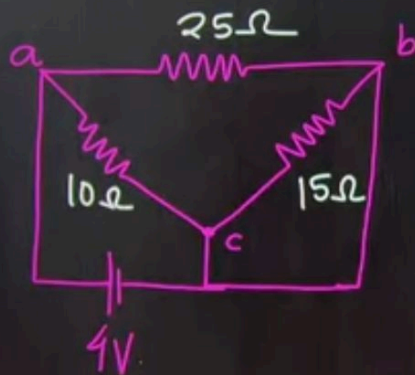


$$R_2 = \frac{R_c \cdot R_a}{R_a + R_b + R_c}$$

$$R_3 = \frac{R_b R_a}{R_a + R_b + R_c}$$

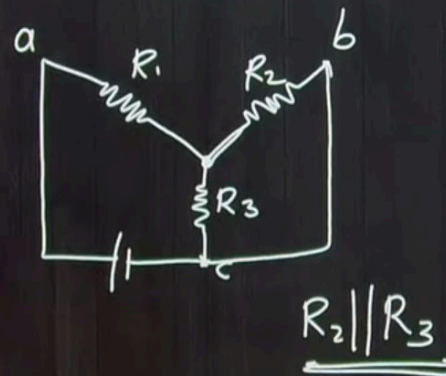
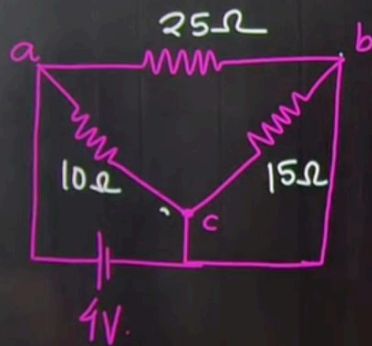
Convert the following circuit
in order to find total
current.

10:21

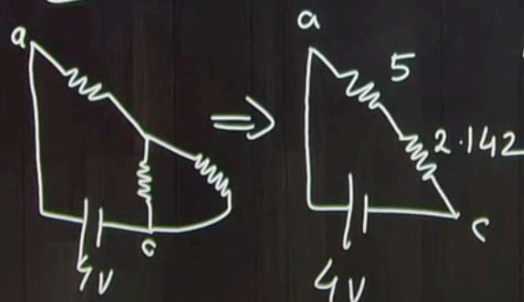
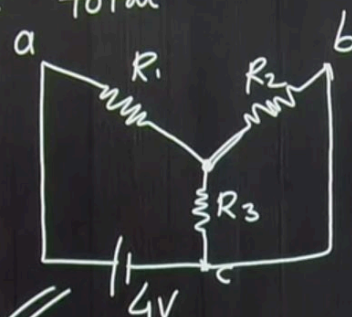
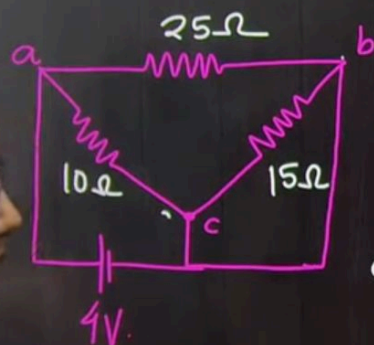


Convert the following circuit
in order to find total
current.

10:24



Convert the following circuit
in order to find total
current.



$$R_1 = \frac{25 \times 10}{25 + 10 + 15} = 5 \Omega$$

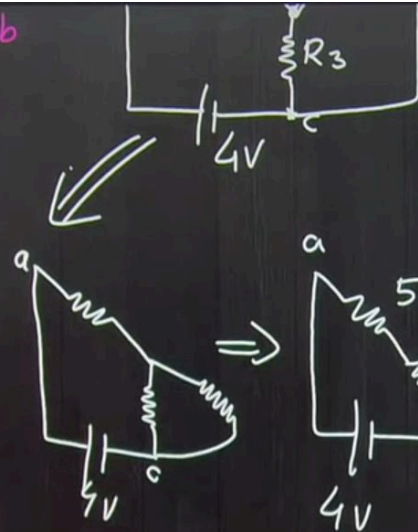
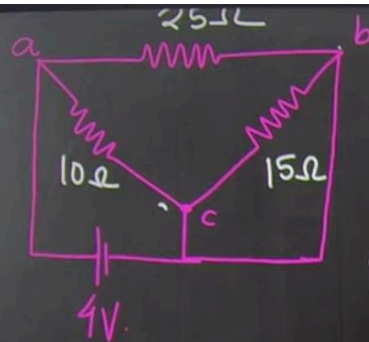
$$R_2 = \frac{25 \times 15}{25 + 10 + 15} = 7.5 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = \frac{10 \times 15}{25 + 10 + 15} = 3 \Omega$$

Here $R_2 \parallel R_3$

$$\frac{1}{7.5} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{R_p} \quad , \quad \frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$R_p = 2.142$$



$$R_3 = \frac{10 \times 15}{25 + 10 + 15} = 3 \Omega$$

Here $R_2 \parallel R_3$

$$\frac{1}{7.5} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{R_p} \quad ; \quad \frac{1}{R_p} = \frac{7}{15}$$

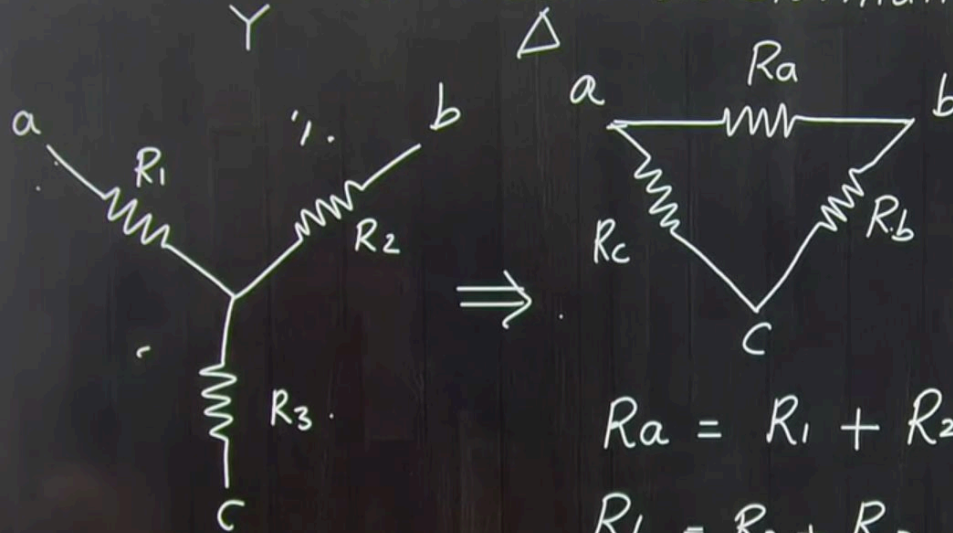
$$R_p = 2.142$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_T &= \frac{V}{R} \\ &= \frac{4}{5 + 2.142} \\ &= 0.56A \end{aligned}$$

10:31

Star to Delta transformation.

10:37

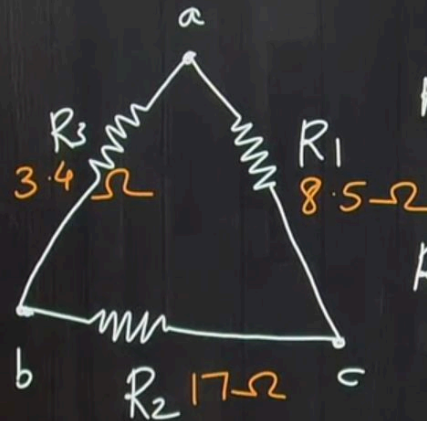
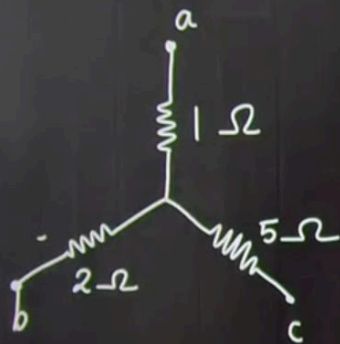


$$R_a = R_1 + R_2 + \frac{R_1 \times R_2}{R_3}$$

$$R_b = R_2 + R_3 + \frac{R_2 \times R_3}{R_1}$$

$$R_c = R_1 + R_3 + \frac{R_1 \times R_3}{R_2}$$

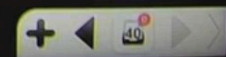
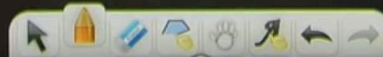
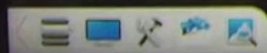
Convert the star fig.
into delta.



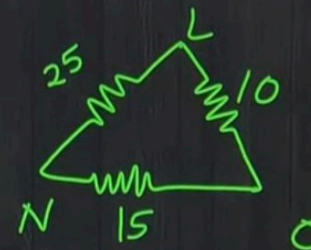
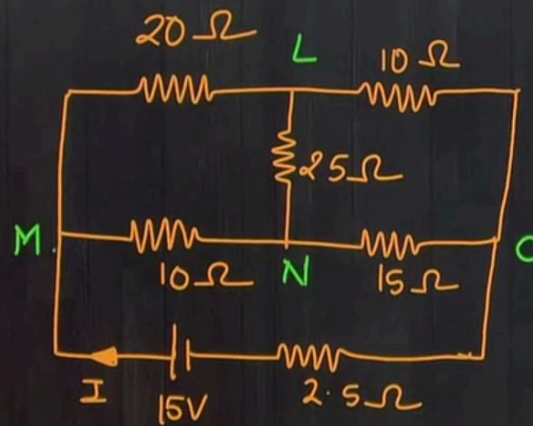
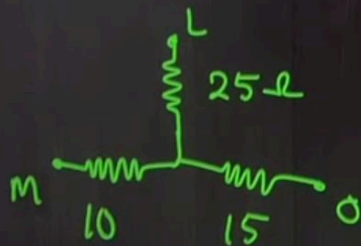
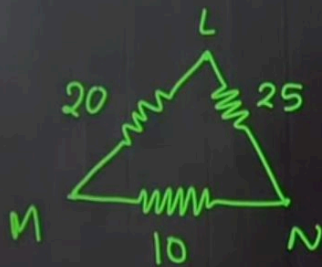
$$R_1 = 1 + 5 + \frac{1 \times 5}{2} = 8.5\ \Omega$$

$$R_2 = 2 + 5 + \frac{2 \times 5}{1} = 17\ \Omega$$

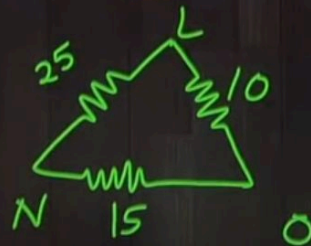
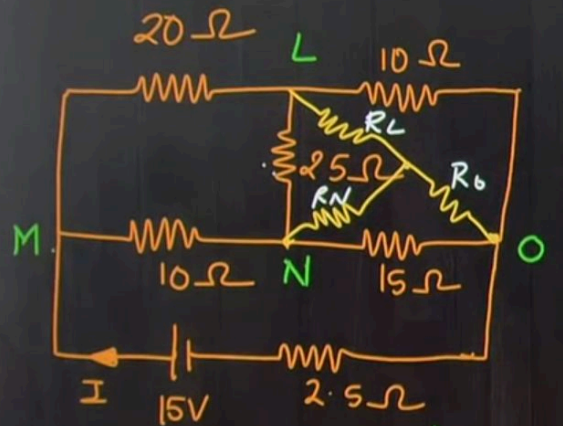
$$R_3 = 1 + 2 + \frac{1 \times 2}{5} = 3.4\ \Omega$$



Q. Determine total current I in given circuit.



Q. Determine total current
I in given circuit.



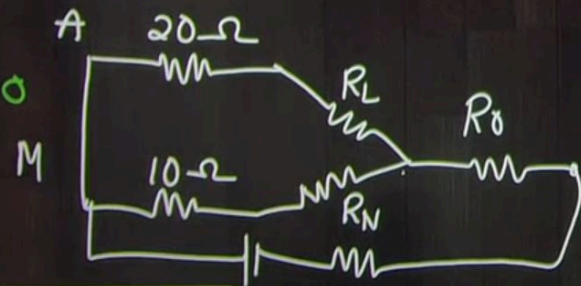
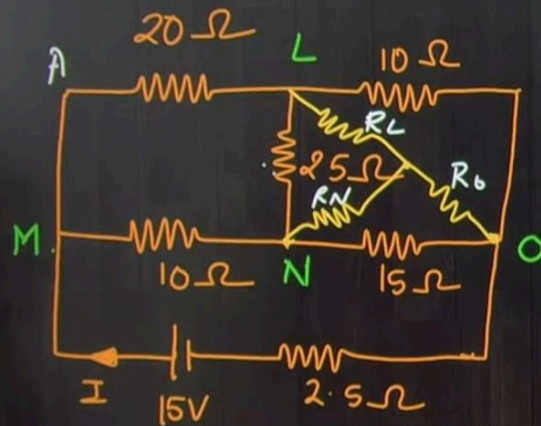
$$R_L = \frac{25 \times 10}{25 + 10 + 15} = 5 \Omega$$

$$R_N = \frac{25 \times 15}{25 + 10 + 15} = 7.5 \Omega$$

$$R_O = \frac{15 \times 10}{25 + 10 + 15} = 3 \Omega$$

11:01

Q. Determine total current I in given circuit.

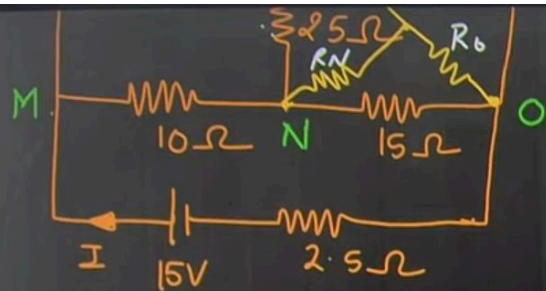


$$R_L = \frac{25 \times 10}{25 + 10 + 15} = 5 \Omega$$

$$R_N = \frac{25 \times 15}{25 + 10 + 15} = 7.5 \Omega$$

$$R_0 = \frac{15 \times 10}{25 + 10 + 15} = 3 \Omega$$

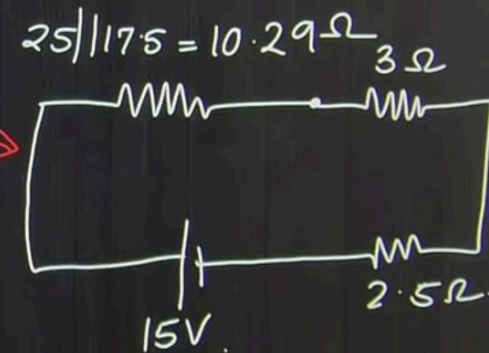
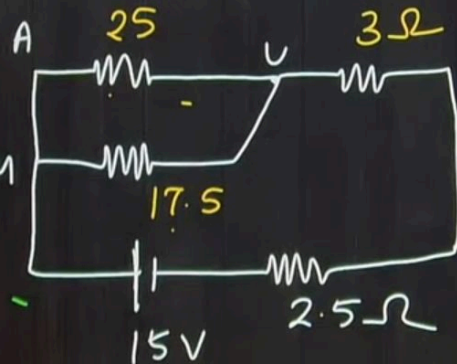
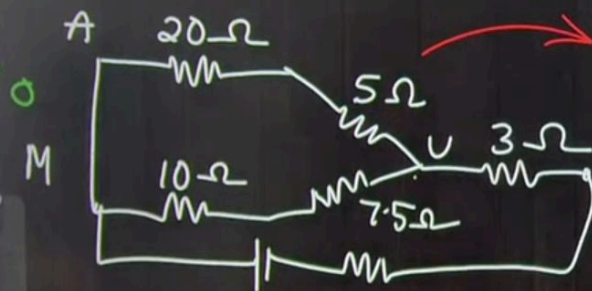
11:02

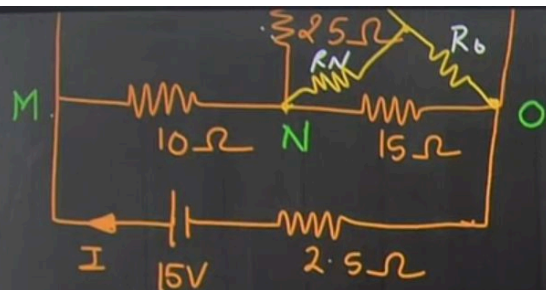


$$25 + 10 + 15 = 50$$

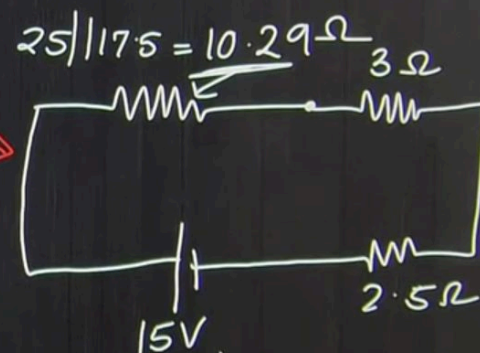
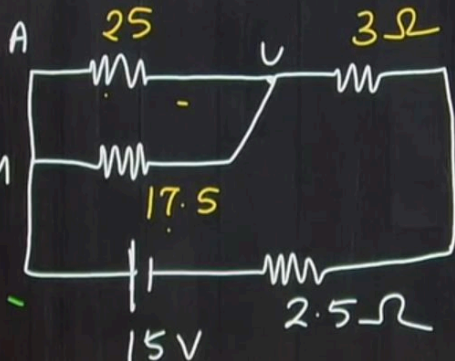
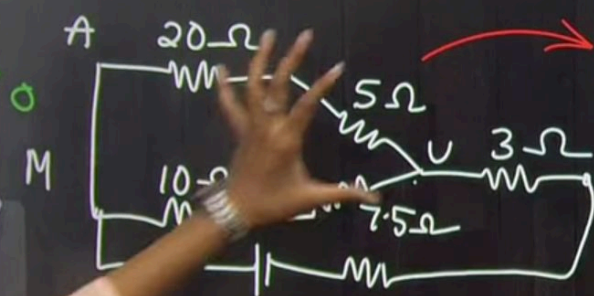
11:06

Here 20Ω & 5Ω are in series & 10Ω and 7.5Ω are in series. Then $25\Omega || 17.5\Omega$.





Here 20Ω & 5Ω are in series & 10Ω and 7.5Ω are in series. Then $25\Omega || 17.5\Omega$.



Here 10.29Ω , 3Ω & 2.5Ω are in series.

$$R_T = 10.29 + 3 + 2.5 = 15.79$$

$$I_T = \frac{V}{R_T} = \frac{15}{15.79} = 0.949 = 0.95A$$