

Department of Information Science & Engineering

LABORATORY MANUAL

(FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2019-2020)

MICROCONTROLLERS LAB - ISL48

MICROCONTROLLERS LABORATORY

Course Code: ISL48

Credits: 0:0:1

Prerequisite: Nil

Contact Hours: 14P

Course Coordinator: Mr. George Philip C

Exercises

1. Familiarizing the Keil MicrovisionV IDE

- a. Create a project, Edit an ASM file, Build, and Debug. Observe Disassembly window, Register and Memory contents in Step mode and in Run Mode.
- b. Execute a sample ARM Assembly Language Program to add two numbers in registers and store the sum in a register.

2. ARM Assembly Language Programming Practice using Keil MicrovisionV # I

- a. ALP to add first 5 natural numbers. Store sum in register.
- b. ALP to add first 10 odd numbers. Store sum in register.
- c. ALP to compute sum of 5 terms of an arithmetic progression. First term is 3, common difference is 7. Store sum in register.
- d. ALP to compute sum of squares of 5 numbers starting from 1. Write and use procedure SQU. Store sum in register.

3. ARM Assembly Language Programming Practice using Keil MicrovisionV # II

- a. ALP to add the first n even numbers. Store the result in a memory location.
- b. ALP to generate a geometric progression with a limit n. Display the results in memory.

4. ARM ALP # I

- a. ALP to find the arithmetic progression with a=3, d=7.
- b. ALP to find the sum of cubes of the first n natural numbers.

5. ARM ALP # II

- a. ALP to count the number of zeroes and ones in a binary number.
- b. ALP to find the average of ten 16-bit numbers stored in memory.

6. ARM ALP # III

- a. ALP to find the factorial of a number.
- b. ALP to generate the first n Fibonacci numbers.

7. ARM ALP # IV

- a. ALP to find the sum of digits of a number.
- b. ALP to convert BCD number to binary.

8. ARM ALP # V

- a. ALP to find nCr.
- b. ALP to find nPr.

9. ARM ALP # VI

- a. ALP to implement Bubble Sort on an array of integers.
- b. ALP to implement Binary Search on an array of integers.

10. ARM ALP # VII

- a. ALP to check whether the given number is palindrome.
- b. ALP to count the number of times a substring is repeated in the string.

11. ARM C Programming Practice using Keil MicrovisionV # I

a. C program to toggle the lowest pin of Port 0 with a delay between the two states. Observe and record the waveform obtained using the Logic Analyzer in the Keil simulator.

12. ARM C Programming # I

- a. C program to generate an asymmetric square wave of 120Hz and having a duty cycle of 25% using the Timer0 module.
- b. C program to generate a square wave using Timer0 in the interrupt mode.

13. ARM C Programming # II

a. C program to make a LED glow at different brightness levels (low to high) with brightness levels varying over duration of 2s. Demonstrate using logic analyzer window.

14. ARM C Programming # III

a. C program to display the string 'I LOVE ISE' in the serial window of UART1.

Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, students will be able to-

- 1. Write assembly language programs for the ARM7 ISA. (PO-1,2,3) (PSO-1,2)
- 2. Write C programs for interfacing peripherals to the ARM7 MCU. (PO-1,2,3) (PSO-1,2)
- 3. Execute and Debug assembly language and C programs using a simulator. (PO-1,2,4,5) (PSO-1,2)

a)

List all the steps.

b)

AREA PROG1,CODE,READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R0,#0x78 MOV R1,#0x21 ADD R3,R1,R0 B STOP

STOP B

a) addition of first five natural numbers

AREA PROG2, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R0,#0

MOV R1,#0

BACKK ADD R0,R0,#1

> ADD R1,R1,R0 CMP R0,#5 **BNE BACKK**

GO В GO

END

b) add first ten odd numbers

AREA PROG3, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R1,#1

MOV R2,#9 MOV R3,#1

BACKK ADD R3,R3,#2

ADD R1,R1,R3 SUBS R2,R2,#1 **BNE BACKK**

GO В GO

END

c) sum of 5 terms in AP

AREA PROG4, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R3,#0

MOV R1,#3

MOV R2,#0

BACKK ADD R3,R3,R1

> ADD R1,R1,#7 ADD R2,R2,#1 CMP R2,#5 **BNE BACKK**

В GO

GO

d) sum of squares of 5 numbers

AREA PROG5,CODE,READONLY

ENTRY

GO

MOV R7,#0 MOV R2,#1

LOOP BL SQU

ADD R7,R7,R4 ADD R2,R2,#1 CMP R2,#6 BNE LOOP B GO

SQU MUL R4,R2,R2

MOV PC,LR

a) add first n even numbers

AREA PROG6, CODE, READONLY

N RN 1
RESULT RN 2
EVEN_NUMBER RN 3

ENTRY

MOV N,#5

MOV RESULT,#0

MOV EVEN_NUMBER,#2

MOV R4,#0x40000000

LOOP ADD RESULT, RESULT, EVEN_NUMBER

ADD EVEN_NUMBER, EVEN_NUMBER, #2

SUBS N,N,#1 BNE LOOP

STR RESULT,[R4]

STOP B STOP

END

b) generate GP with limit n

AREA PROG7, CODE, READONLY

A RN 1 D RN 2 N RN 3

ENTRY

MOV A,#1 MOV D,#2 MOV N,#10

MOV R5,#0x40000000

LOOP MUL R6,A,D

MOV A,R6 STR A,[R5],#4 SUBS N,N,#1

BNE LOOP

STOP B STOP

AREA PROG8, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R1,#3

MOV R2,#1

LDR R3,=PRO

STR R1,[R3]

ADD R1,R1,#7

BACKK STR R1,[R3,#4]!

ADD R1,R1,#7 ADD R2,R2,#1 CMP R2,#10

BNE BACKK

GO B GO

AREA PROGRESSION, DATA, READWRITE

PRO SPACE 10

END

b)

AREA PROG9, CODE, READONLY

N RN 1 NPLUSONE RN 2 TEMP RN 3 RESULT RN 4

ENTRY

MOV R5,#0x40000000

LDR N,=3

ADD NPLUSONE,N,#1

MUL TEMP,N,NPLUSONE MOV TEMP,TEMP,LSR #1 MUL RESULT,TEMP,TEMP

STR RESULT,[R5]

STOP B STOP

a) count no of zeros and ones in binary no

AREA PROG10, CODE, READONLY

NUMBER RN 1 NUMONES RN 10 NUMZEROES RN 11

ENTRY

MOV R5,#0x40000000

LDR NUMBER,=0xA MOV NUMONES,#0

MOV NUMZEROES,#0

LOOP LSRS NUMBER,#1

ADDCS NUMONES,#1 ADDCC NUMZEROES,#1

CMP NUMBER,#0

BNE LOOP

STR NUMONES,[R5]

STR NUMZEROES,[R5,#4]

STOP B STOP

END

b) average of 10 16-bit number

AREA PROG11, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

LDR R7,=TABLE

MOV R0,#9

LDRH R1,[R7]

BACKK LDRH R2,[R7,#2]!

ADD R1,R1,R2 SUBS R0,R0,#1 BNE BACKK

MOV R3,#10 MOV R4,#0

MOV R5,R1

BACKK1 SUBS R5,R5,R3

ADDPL R4,R4,#1

BPL BACKK1

ADDMI R5,R5,R3

GO B GO

TABLE DCW 1000,2564,8936,344,5667,908,786,654,9871,456

a)

AREA PROG12, CODE, READONLY

N RN 1

FACT RN 2

ENTRY

MOV N,#10

MOV FACT,#1

LOOP MUL FACT,N,FACT

SUBS N,N,#1

BNE LOOP

STOP B STOP

END

b)

AREA PROG13,CODE,READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R1,#1

LDR R2,=TABLE

LDR R3,=NUMFIBONACCI

LDRB R6,[R3]

STRB R1,[R2],#1

MOV R3,#0

MOV R4,#0

MOV R5,#1

SUB R6,R6,#1

BACKK ADD R4,R3,R1

STRB R4,[R2],#1

MOV R3,R1

MOV R1,R4

ADD R5,R5,#1

CMP R5,R6

BLS BACKK

GO B GO

NUMFIBONACCI DCB 0x0A AREA NUMBER,DATA,READWRITE

TABLE SPACE 60

a)

AREA PROG14, CODE, READONLY

DIVIDEND RN 1
DIVISOR RN 2
QUOTIENT RN 3
REMAINDER RN 4
RESULT RN 5

ENTRY

LDR DIVIDEND, =12345

MOV DIVISOR,#10 MOV RESULT,#0

LOOP BL DIV

ADD RESULT, REMAINDER, RESULT

CMP QUOTIENT,#0

MOVNE DIVIDEND, QUOTIENT

BNE LOOP

STOP B STOP

DIV MOV QUOTIENT,#0

LOOP2 SUBS DIVIDEND, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

ADDPL QUOTIENT, QUOTIENT, #1; QUOTIENT

BPL LOOP2

ADDMI REMAINDER, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

BX LR END

AREA PROG15, CODE, READONLY

RADIX RN0LOWERNIBBLEMASK RN 10 UPPERNIBBLEMASK RN 11 LOWERNIBBLE RN3 UPPERNIBBLE RN 4 **RESULT** RN 5 **NUMBYTES** RN₆ BYTE RN₂

ENTRY

MOV RADIX,#10

MOV LOWERNIBBLEMASK,#0x0F

MOV UPPERNIBBLEMASK,#0xF0

MOV RESULT,#0

MOV NUMBYTES,#4

LDR R1,=NUMBER

ADD R1,R1,NUMBYTES

SUB R1,R1,#1

LOOP LDRB BYTE,[R1]

SUB R1,R1,#1

AND LOWERNIBBLE, BYTE, LOWERNIBBLEMASK

AND UPPERNIBBLE, BYTE, UPPERNIBBLEMASK

LSR UPPERNIBBLE,#4

MLA RESULT, RADIX, RESULT, UPPERNIBBLE

MLA RESULT, RADIX, RESULT, LOWERNIBBLE

SUBS NUMBYTES, NUMBYTES, #1

BNE LOOP

STOP B STOP

NUMBER DCD 0x00000127

a)

AREA PROG16, CODE, READONLY

DIVIDEND RN 1
DIVISOR RN 2
QUOTIENT RN 3
REMAINDER RN 4
N RN 10
R RN 11
NDR RN 12

ENTRY

MOV N,#6 MOV R,#3

LDR R5,=0X40000000

SUB NDR,N,R

MOV DIVIDEND,N

BL FACT

MOV N,DIVISOR

MOV DIVIDEND, NDR

BL FACT

MOV DIVIDEND,N

BL DIV

STR QUOTIENT,[R5]

STOP B STOP

FACT MOV DIVISOR,#1

LOOP2 MUL DIVISOR, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

SUBS DIVIDEND, DIVIDEND, #1

BNE LOOP2

BX LR

DIV MOV QUOTIENT,#0

LOOP3 SUBS DIVIDEND, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

ADDPL QUOTIENT, QUOTIENT, #1

BPL LOOP3

ADDMI REMAINDER, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

BX LR END

AREA PROG17, CODE, READONLY

DIVIDEND RN 1
DIVISOR RN 2
QUOTIENT RN 3
REMAINDER RN 4
N RN 10
R RN 11
NDR RN 12

ENTRY

LDR R5,=0X40000000

MOV N,#6 MOV R,#3

SUB NDR,N,R

MOV DIVIDEND,N

BL FACT

MOV N,DIVISOR

MOV DIVIDEND,R

BL FACT

MOV R, DIVISOR

MOV DIVIDEND, NDR

BL FACT

MOV DIVIDEND,N

MUL DIVISOR, R, DIVISOR

BL DIV

STR QUOTIENT,[R5]

STOP B STOP

FACT MOV DIVISOR,#1

LOOP2 MUL DIVISOR, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

SUBS DIVIDEND, DIVIDEND, #1

BNE LOOP2

BX LR

DIV MOV QUOTIENT,#0

LOOP3 SUBS DIVIDEND, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

ADDPL QUOTIENT, QUOTIENT, #1

BPL LOOP3

ADDMI REMAINDER, DIVIDEND, DIVISOR

BX LR

a)

AREA PROG18, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

MOV R0,#13

LDR R1,=NUMS

LDR R2,=0X40000000

LOOP1 LDR R3,[R1],#4

STR R3,[R2],#4

SUBS R0,R0,#1

BNE LOOP1

MOV R12,#13

LDR R11,=0X40000000

LOOP3 MOV R1,R11;INITIALISING I

SUBS R12,R12,#1

MOVNE R0,R12

BEQ STOP

LOOP2 ADD R2,R1,#4

LDR R3,[R1]

LDR R4,[R2]

CMP R3,R4;

STRPL R3,[R2]

STRPL R4,[R1]

ADD R1,R1,#4

SUBS R0,R0,#1

BNE LOOP2

CMP R12,#0

BNE LOOP3

STOP B STOP

NUMS DCD 20,19,18,17,16,15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8

END

Bull

AREA PROG19, CODE, READONLY

Polland

ENTRY

STORAGE EOU 0X40000000

LDR SP, =STORAGE

LDR R3, =STORAGE + 200

NUM EQU 11 SIZE EQU 1

> ADR R6, ARRAY MOV R1, #0

MOV R2, #NUM - 1

MOV R5, #17 ;search value

STMDB R3!, {R6,R1,R2,R5, R0}

MAIN BL FINDIT

B MAIN

FINDIT

STMDB SP!, {R4,R7,R8,R9,R10,R11,R12,LR}

LDMFD R3!, {R11,R7,R8,R10, R0}

CMP R7, R8 BGT STOP

ADD R9, R7, R8 MOV R9, R9, ASR #1

LDR R12, [R11, R9,LSL #2]

ADD R11, R9, LSL #2

MOV R0, R11

ADD R4, R9, LSL #1

CMP R12, R10 SUBGT R8, R9, #1 ADDLE R7, R9, #1 LDR R11, [R3, #-4]

STMFD R3!, {R11,R7,R8,R10, R0}

LDMIA SP!, {R4,R7,R8,R9,R10,R11,R12,PC}

MOV PC, LR

STOP B STOP

ARRAY DCD 3,6,8,12,17,22,45,67,99,2089,30001

a)

AREA PROG20, CODE, READONLY

ENTRY

LDR R1, = 12321

MOV R6,R1

MOV R2,#10

MOV R5,#0

MOV R10,#10

LOOP BL DIV

MLA R5,R10,R5,R4

CMP R3,#0

MOVNE R1,R3

BNE LOOP

CMP R5,R6

MOVEQ R7,#1

MOVNE R7,#0

STOP B STOP

DIV MOV R3,#0

LOOP2 SUBS R1,R1,R2

ADDPL R3,R3,#1

BPL LOOP2

ADDMI R4,R1,R2

BX LR

END

palina

AREA PROG21, CODE, READONLY

CNT RN 7

ENTRY

LDR R1,=M

LDR R2,=S

MOV R12,R2

MOV CNT,#0

LOOP LDRB R3,[R1]

LDRB R4,[R2]

CMP R4,#0

ADDEQ CNT,CNT,#1

MOVEQ R2,R12

BEQ LOOP

CMP R3,R4

ADDEQ R2,R2,#1

MOVNE R2,R12

ADD R1,R1,#1

BEQ LOOP

CMP R3,#0

BEQ STOP

BNE LOOP

STOP B STOP

M DCB "ABCABC",0

S DCB "ABC",0

END

frield

```
a)
#include<LPC214X.h>
void delay(int);
int main()
{
      IODIR0 = 0x00000001;
      while(1){
              IOSET0 = 0x00000001;
              delay(500);
              IOCLR0 = 0x00000001;
              delay(500);
              }
}
              void delay(int n)
      {
              inti =0;
              for(i = 0; i < n; i++);
       }
```

```
a)
#include<lpc214x.h>
//124373 * 0.25 = 31093 = 7975H
//124373 * 0.75 = 93280; 93280/2 = 46640 = B630
voidon_delay(void){
      T0MR0=0x7974;
      T0PR=0;
      T0TCR=1;
      while(T0TC!=T0MR0);
      T0TCR=2;
      T0TC=0;
}
voidoff_delay(void){
      T0MR0=0xB630;
      T0PR=1;
      T0TCR=1;
      while(T0TC!=T0MR0);
      T0TCR=2;
      T0TC=0;
}
int main(void){
      T0MCR=4;
      IODIR1=0x00010000;
      while(1){
            IOSET1=1<<16;
            on_delay();
            IOCLR1=1<<16;
            off_delay();
      }
}
```

```
#include<LPC214X.h>
unsigned int x = 0;
__irq void Timer0_ISR (void){
      x ^= 1;
      if(x)
             IOSET1 = 1 << 20;
      else
             IOCLR1 = 1 << 20;
             T0IR = 0x01;
             VICVectAddr = 0x000000000;
}
int main(){
      IODIR1 = 0x0FFFFFFF;
      TOMCR = 0x00000003;
      T0MR0 = 0x3456FF;
      VICVectAddr4 = (unsigned)Timer0_ISR;
      VICVectCntl4 = 0x00000024;
      VICIntEnable = 0x00000010;
      T0TCR = 1;
      for(;;);
}
```

```
a)
# include <lpc214x.h>
voidpwm_init(void)
PINSEL0|=0x00000002;
PWMPR = 0x2;
PWMPCR=0x00000200;
PWMMR0=0xC37F;
PWMMCR=0x00000002;
PWMTCR=0x00000009;
}
      int main()
{
      inti;
      pwm_init();
      while(1)
            { for(i=0;i<10;i++)
      {PWMMR1=0xFFF+(0xFF5*i);
      PWMLER=0x02;
      }}}
```

```
a)
#include<LPC214X.h>
voidinit()
{
      PINSEL0=0x05;
      U0FCR=0x07;
      U0LCR=0x83;
      U0DLL=0x5D;
      U0DLM=0x00;
      }
void delay()
{
      inti;
      for(i=0;i<250;i++);
}
int main()
{
      unsigned char p[]="I LOVE ISE\n";
      int z;
      init();
      for(z=0;z<=24;z++)
                           {
                                 U0THR=p[z];
                                 while(!(U0LSR&0x20));
                                 delay();
                           }
                          while(1);
}
```