

Ex.no: 13

WORKING WITH TRIGGER**Program 1**

Write a code in PL/SQL to develop a trigger that enforces referential integrity by preventing the deletion of a parent record if child records exist.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_parent_deletion
BEFORE DELETE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE   pl_dept_count NUMBER;
BEGIN SELECT
COUNT(*)
      INTO pl_dept_count
      FROM department
      WHERE dept_id = :OLD.employee_id;
      IF pl_dept_count > 0 THEN
          RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete employee record as department
records exist. '); END IF;
END;

DELETE FROM employees
WHERE employee_id = 70;
```



Program 2

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific column and raises an exception if found.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER prevent_duplicate_manager_id
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE    pl_count
NUMBER; BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO pl_count
    FROM employees
    WHERE manager_id = :NEW.manager_id AND employee_id
    != :NEW.employee_id;
    IF pl_count > 0 THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20003, 'Duplicate manager_id found: ' ||
:NEW.manager_id); END
    IF;
END;

INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (202, 'Jane', 'Smith',
'john006@gmail.com',7383922241,'11/9/2000','ST_CLERK',10000,0.15,400,80);
```



Program 3

Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that restricts the insertion of new rows if the total of a column's values exceeds a certain threshold.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER restrict_salary_insertion
```

```
BEFORE INSERT ON employees
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
DECLARE total_salary NUMBER; threshold
```

```
NUMBER
```

```
:= 100000; BEGIN
```

```
SELECT SUM(salary)
```

```
INTO total_salary
```

```
FROM employees;
```

```
IF (total_salary + :NEW.salary) > threshold THEN
```

```
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20004, 'Insertion denied: Total salary exceeds the
threshold of ' || threshold); END IF;
```

```
END;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
```

VALUES (203, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie203@gmail.com', '9122334455','03/01/2021', '#cb203',
5000, 0.20, 1000, 50);

```

Oracle SQL Developer
SQL Worksheet

SQL:
-- Insertion Error: Total salary exceeds the threshold of 100000
ORA-00012: at "EMP_AUDIT$PL$TRIGG1", SALARY_THRESHOLD", Line 10
ORA-00009: error during execution of trigger
BEGIN EMP_AUDIT$PL$TRIGG1.SALARY_THRESHOLD;

1. INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number,
hire_date, job_id, salary, commission_pct, manager_id, department_id)
VALUES (203, 'Charlie', 'Brown', 'charlie203@gmail.com',
'9122334455', '03/01/2021', '60000', 0.20, 1000, 50);

```

Program 4

Write a code in PL/SQL to design a trigger that captures changes made to specific columns and logs them in an audit table.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER audit_changes
AFTER UPDATE OF salary, job_id ON employees
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN

```

```

    IF :OLD.salary != :NEW.salary OR :OLD.job_id != :NEW.job_id THEN
        INSERT INTO employee_audit ( employee_id, old_salary,

```

AUDIT_ID	EMPLOYEE_ID	OLD_SALARY	NEW_SALARY	OLD_JOB_ID	NEW_JOB_ID	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	CHANGED_BY
1	20	50000	55000	Manager	Manager	15-OCT-24 10:00:00.000000 AM	admin
2	12	60000	65000	Manager	Manager	15-OCT-24 10:05:00.000000 AM	admin
3	25	45000	47000	Analyst	Senior Analyst	15-OCT-24 10:30:00.000000 AM	user1
22	18	75000	80000	HR005	ST_CLERK	15-OCT-24 04:25:06.252900 PM	APRX_PUBLIC_USER
8	8	70000	75000	Senior Developer	Lead Developer	15-OCT-24 10:41:00.000000 AM	user2
4	4	80000	85000	Team Lead	Project Manager	15-OCT-24 11:00:00.000000 AM	admin

6 rows returned in 0.00 seconds

new_salary, old_job_title,

new_job_title,
change_timestamp, changed_by)

```

VALUES (
    :OLD.employee_id,
    :OLD.salary,
    :NEW.salary,
    :OLD.job_id,

```

```
        :NEW.job_id,  
        SYSTIMESTAMP,  
        USER  
    );  
    END IF;  
END;  
  
UPDATE employees  
SET salary = 55000, job_id = 'ST_CLERK'  
WHERE employee_id = 176;
```

```
SELECT * FROM employee_audit;
```

Program 5

Implement a trigger that records user activity (inserts, updates, deletes) in an audit log for a given set of tables.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_audit_employees  
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON employees  
FOR EACH ROW  
DECLARE v_old_values  
        CLOB; v_new_values  
        CLOB;  
BEGIN  
    IF INSERTING THEN v_old_values := NULL; v_new_values :=  
        'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, new_values)
```

```
VALUES ('INSERT', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_new_values);
```

```
ELSIF UPDATING THEN
```

```
v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
```

```
'employee_id: ' || :NEW.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
'first_name: ' || :NEW.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
'salary: ' || :NEW.salary;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values,  
new_values)
```

```
VALUES ('UPDATE', 'employees', :NEW.employee_id, USER, v_old_values, v_new_values);
```

```
ELSIF DELETING THEN
```

```
    v_old_values := 'employee_id: ' || :OLD.employee_id || ', ' ||
```

```
        'first_name: ' || :OLD.first_name || ', ' ||
```

```
        'salary: ' || :OLD.salary; v_new_values :=
```

```
NULL;
```

```
INSERT INTO audit_log (action, table_name, record_id, changed_by, old_values)
```

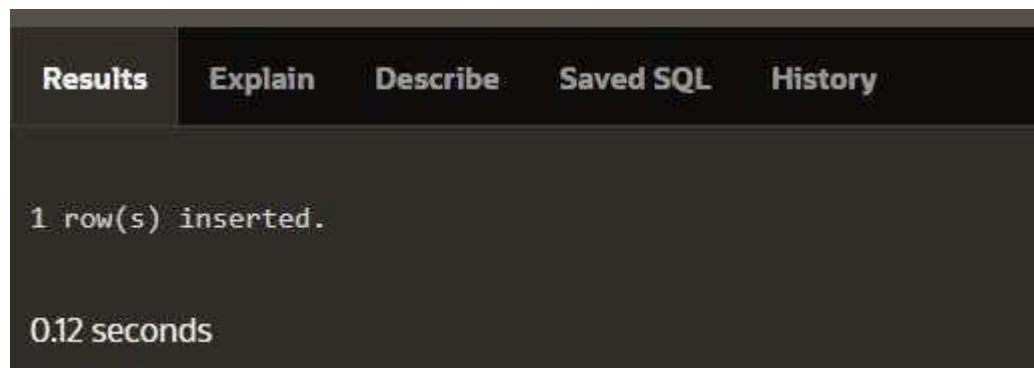
```
VALUES ('DELETE', 'employees', :OLD.employee_id, USER, v_old_values); END
```

```
IF;
```

```
END trg_audit_employees;
```

```
INSERT INTO employees (employee_id, first_name, salary)
```

```
VALUES (3, 'Ball', 50000);
```



```
UPDATE employees
```

```
SET salary = 55000
```

```
WHERE employee_id = 3;
```

```
1 row(s) updated.
```

```
0.06 seconds
```

```
DELETE FROM employees WHERE employee_id  
= 3;
```

```
SELECT * FROM audit_log;
```

AUDIT_ID	ACTION	TABLE NAME	RECORD ID	CHANGED BY	CHANGE_TIMESTAMP	OLD VALUES	NEW VALUES
1	INSERT	employees	3	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:39:07 PM	-	employee_id: 3, first_name: Dell, salary: 50000
2	DELETE	employees	3	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:41:40 PM	employee_id: 3, first_name: Dell, salary: 50000	-
3	UPDATE	employees	3	APEX_PUBLIC_USER	16-OCT-24 04:40:56 PM	employee_id: 3, first_name: Dell, salary: 50000	employee_id: 3, first_name: Dell, salary: 50000

3 rows returned in 0.00 seconds [Download](#)

Program 7

Implement a trigger that automatically calculates and updates a running total column for a table whenever new rows are inserted.

```
CREATE TABLE transactions (  
    transaction_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, amount  
        NUMBER,    running_total  
        NUMBER  
);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_running_total  
FOR INSERT ON transactions  
COMPOUND TRIGGER
```



```
TYPE amount_array IS TABLE OF NUMBER INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER; new_amounts
amount_array;
```

```
BEFORE EACH ROW IS
```

```
BEGIN      new_amounts(:NEW.transaction_id)      :=
      :NEW.amount;
END BEFORE EACH ROW;
```

```
AFTER STATEMENT IS
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    DECLARE      v_total
    NUMBER;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    SELECT NVL(MAX(running_total), 0)
    INTO v_total
    FROM transactions;
```

```
    FOR i IN new_amounts.FIRST .. new_amounts.LAST LOOP v_total :=
        v_total + new_amounts(i); UPDATE transactions
        SET running_total = v_total
        WHERE transaction_id = i;
    END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

```
END AFTER STATEMENT;
```

```
END update_running_total;
```

```
INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount) VALUES
```

(1, 10000);

INSERT INTO transactions (transaction_id, amount)

VALUES (2, 20000);

TRANSACTION_ID	AMOUNT	RUNNING_TOTAL
1	10000	10000
2	20000	30000

2 rows returned in 0.01 seconds. Download

Program 8

create a trigger that validates the availability of items before allowing an

order to be placed, considering stock levels and pending orders.

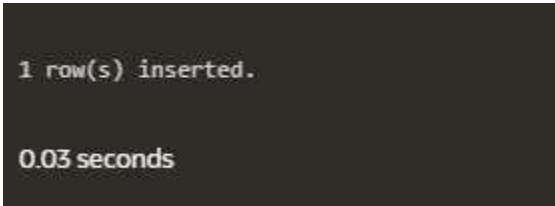
```
CREATE TABLE inventory ( item_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY, item_name  
VARCHAR2(100), stock_level NUMBER
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE orders ( order_id NUMBER  
PRIMARY KEY, item_id NUMBER,  
quantity NUMBER,  
order_status VARCHAR2(20),  
CONSTRAINT fk_item FOREIGN KEY (item_id) REFERENCES inventory(item_id)  
);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE  
TRIGGER
```

```
validate_stock_before_order
BEFORE      INSERT      ON
ordersDECLARE v_stock_level
            NUMBER;
v_pending_orders NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT stock_level
    INTO v_stock_level
    FROM inventory
    WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id;
    SELECT NVL(SUM(quantity), 0)
    INTO v_pending_orders
    FROM orders
    WHERE item_id = :NEW.item_id
    AND order_status = 'Pending';
    IF (:NEW.quantity + v_pending_orders) > v_stock_level THEN
        RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient stock for item: ' || :NEW.item_id);
    END IF;
END;
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status) VALUES (1, 101,
5, 'Pending');
```



```
1 row(s) inserted.
```

```
0.03 seconds
```

```
INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');
```

```

ORA-20001: Insufficient stock for item: 103
ORA-06512: at "WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER", line 15
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger
'WKSP_SHRIRAM154.VALIDATE_STOCK_BEFORE_ORDER'

```

```

1. INSERT INTO orders (order_id, item_id, quantity, order_status)
2. VALUES (2, 103, 20, 'Pending');

```

ITEM_ID	ITEM_NAME	STOCK_LEVEL
101	Big Bottle	50
102	Keyboard	20
103	Mouse	5

Query returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

ORDER_ID	ITEM_ID	QUANTITY	ORDER STATUS
1	101	5	Pending

Query returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)