## **EXP:15**

## OTHER DATABASE OBJECTS

**ROLL NO: 231901043** 

1. Create a sequence to be used with the primary key column of the DEPT table. The sequence should start at 200 and have a maximum value of 1000. Have your sequence increment by ten numbers. Name the sequence DEPT ID SEQ.

Create Sequence dept id sequence start with 200 increment by 10 maxvalue 1000;

## Sequence created.

| SEQUENCE_NAME        | MIN_VALUE | MAX_VALUE                  | INCREMENT_BY | CYCLE_FLAG | ORDER_FLAG | CACHE_SIZE | LAST_NUMBER |
|----------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| DEMO_CUST_SEQ        | 1         | 99999999999999999999999999 | 1            | N          | N          | 20         | 21          |
| DEMO_ORDER_ITEMS_SEQ | 1         | 99999999999999999999999999 | 1            | N          | N          | 20         | 61          |
| DEMO_ORD_SEQ         | 1         | 99999999999999999999999999 | 1            | N          | N          | 20         | 11          |
| DEMO_PROD_SEQ        | 1         | 99999999999999999999999999 | 1            | N          | N          | 20         | 21          |
| DEMO_USERS_SEQ       | 1         | 99999999999999999999999999 | 1            | N          | N          | 20         | 21          |
| DEPT_ID_SEQUENCE     | 1         | 1000                       | 10           | N          | N          | 20         | 200         |

2. Write a query in a script to display the following information about your sequences: sequence name, maximum value, increment size, and last number

SELECT sequence\_name, max\_value,increment\_by AS increment\_size,last\_number FROM user\_sequences WHERE sequence\_name = 'DEPT\_ID\_SEQUENCE';

| SEQUENCE_NAME    | MAX_VALUE | INCREMENT_SIZE | LAST_NUMBER |
|------------------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| DEPT_ID_SEQUENCE | 1000      | 10             | 200         |

3. Write a script to insert two rows into the DEPT table. Name your script lab12\_3.sql. Be sure to use the sequence that you created for the ID column. Add two departments named Education and Administration. Confirm your additions. Run the commands in your script.

Insert into departments values(dept\_id\_sequence.nextval,'HR',111,1010,'US','United States'); Insert into departments values(dept\_id\_seq.nextval,'Admin',112,1011,'IN','India');

| 200 | HR    | 111 | 1010 | US | United States |  |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----|---------------|--|
| 210 | Admin | 112 | 1011 | IN | India         |  |

4. Create a nonunique index on the foreign key column (DEPT\_ID) in the EMP table.

Create index emp\_dept\_index on Employees(department\_id);

| EMPLOYEE INDEX | NORMAL | VISHWAK16 | EMPLOYEES | TABLE | NONUNIQUE | DISABLED | 4 | USERS | 2 |
|----------------|--------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|----------|---|-------|---|

5. Display the indexes and uniqueness that exist in the data dictionary for the EMP table.

SELECT index name, uniqueness FROM user indexes WHERE table name =

'Employees';

Output:

NAME: HARINI.D.S ROLL NO: 231901009

 $Index\_name: EMPLOYEE\_INDEX$ 

Uniqueness: NONUNIQUE