

DEZG516/DMZG511 – S1-22

Assignment 2

Due date: April 27th, 11.59 pm

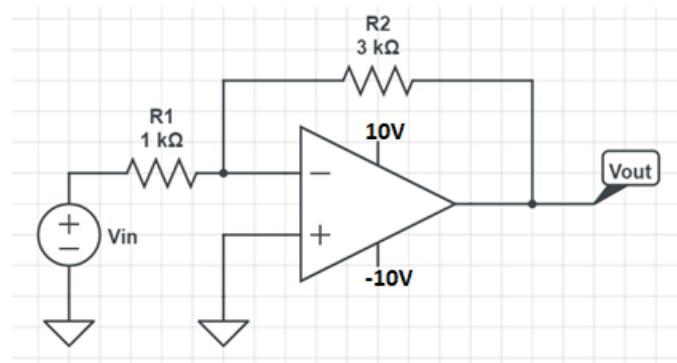
(No Late Submissions Accepted)

Total Points – 40 scaled to 5%

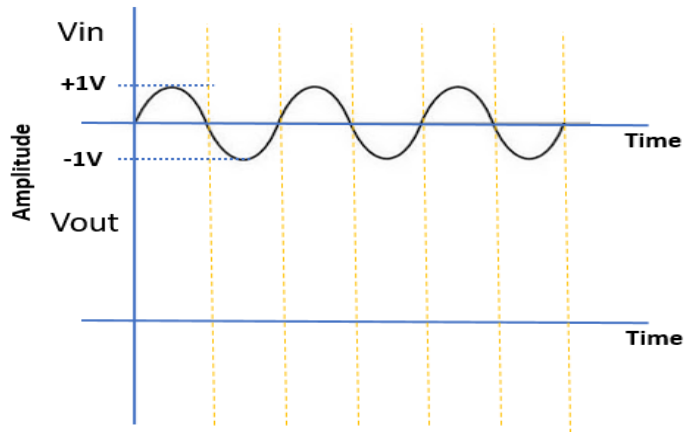
1) Referring to the datasheet provided (File Name: “Sensor Datasheet”), answer the following questions:

- What type of sensor is this? (1 pt)
- Describe in simple words the working principle of the given type of sensor. (2 pts)
- Which model specified in the datasheet would you choose if you want to measure 900 kPa? (1 pt)
- Can this sensor be operated at 160°C? (1 pt)
- What are the manufacturer recommendations if you want to solder the sensor onto the PCB? (2 pts)
- In the application circuit shown in the datasheet, what are the op-amp configurations used? (2 pts)
- What is the maximum pressure load in the model KPF201G03? (1 pt)

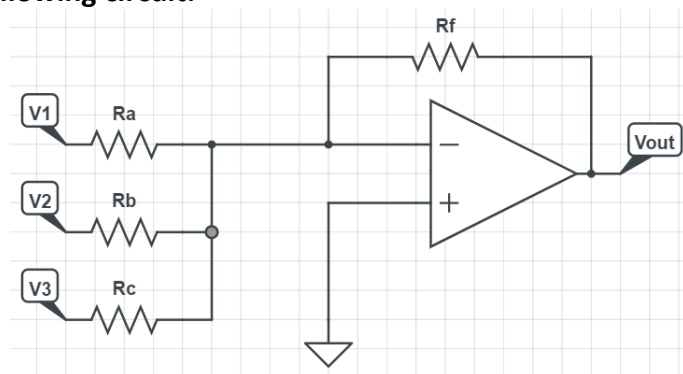
2) For the circuit shown, answer the following questions:



- What is the type of op-amp configuration in the above circuit? (2 pts)
- What are the minimum and maximum output voltage possible as per this circuit assuming an ideal op-amp? (2 pts)
- What is the gain in the above circuit? (2 pts)
- What are the minimum and maximum input voltage values that can be provided to the above circuit without saturating the output? (2 pts)
- Sketch the output waveform for the given input waveform. Mark the amplitude values. (2 pts)

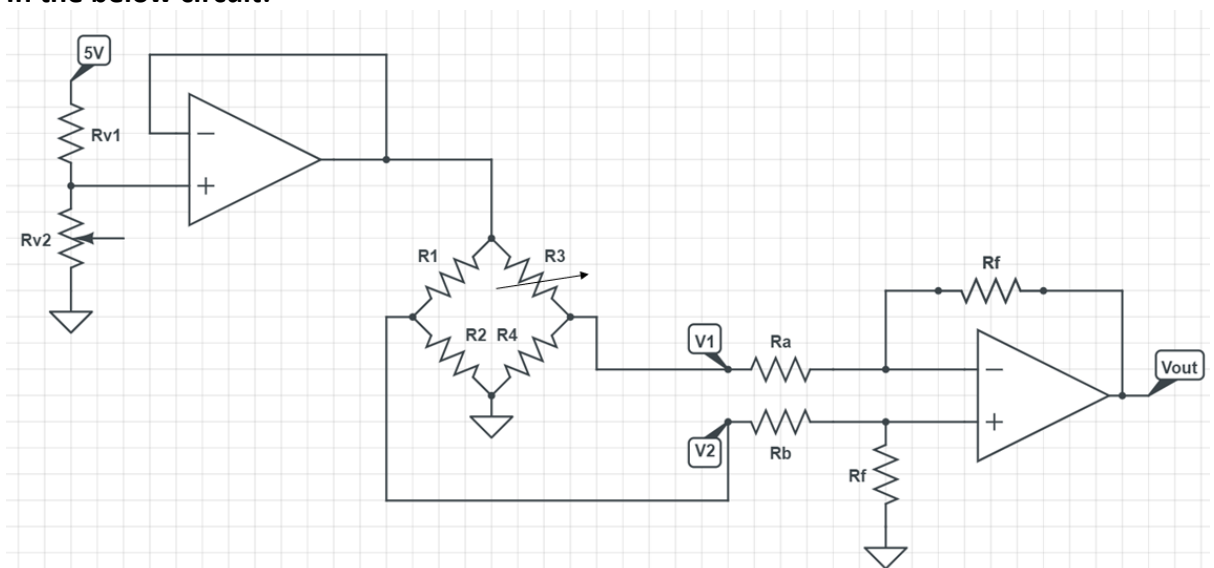


3) Consider the following circuit:



- Write an expression for V_{out} in the above circuit. (2 pts)
- Provide resistor values such that the weightage of V_1 , V_2 and V_3 are 0.2, 0.3 and 0.5 respectively. (3 pts)

4) In the below circuit:



- a) What are the two types of op-amp configurations in the above circuit? (2 pts)
- b) Derive the expressions for V_1 , V_2 and V_{out} in terms of R_a , R_b , R_f , R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 , R_{v1} and R_{v2} . (6 pts)
- c) If $R_{v1} = 40 \text{ k}\Omega$ and $R_{v2} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; $R_1 = R_2 = R_4 = 100 \text{ }\Omega$, $R_3 = 150 \text{ }\Omega$; calculate the values of V_1 and V_2 . (4 pts)
- d) Based on question 3c, if V_{out} should be 2V, calculate the values of R_a , R_b and R_f . (Note: R_a and R_b values can be equal). (3 pts)