## Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani Work Integrated Learning Programmes Division First Semester 2022-2023

# Mid-Semester Test (EC-2 Regular)

Course No. : SS ZG529
Course Title : Deep Learning
Nature of Exam : Open Book

Weightage : 30%
Duration : 2 Hours
Date of Exam : 23/09/2022

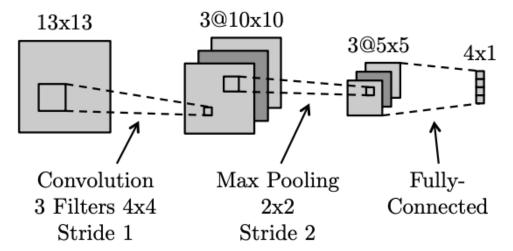
No. of Pages = 2 No. of Questions = 4

#### Note to Students:

- 1. Please follow all the *Instructions to Candidates* given on the cover page of the answer book.
- 2. All parts of a question should be answered consecutively. Each answer should start from a fresh page.
- 3. Assumptions made if any, should be stated clearly at the beginning of your answer.

#### Q1.

Below is a diagram of a small convolutional neural network that converts a 13x13 image into 4 output values. The network has the following layers/operations from input to output: convolution with 3 filters, max pooling, ReLu, and finally a fully-connected layer. For this network we will not be using any bias/offset parameters (b). Please answer the following questions about this network.



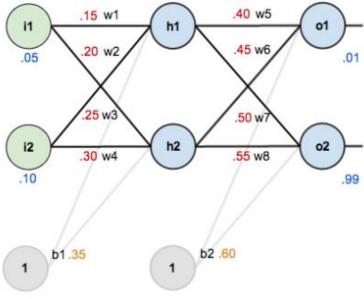
- a) How many weights in the convolutional layer do we need to learn? [2]
- b) How many ReLu operations are performed on the forward pass? [2]
- c) How many weights do we need to learn for the entire network? [2]
- d) Can a fully-connected neural network with the same size layers as the above network can represent any classifier that the above convolutional network can represent? [2]
- e) What are the disadvantages of a fully-connected neural network compared to a convolutional neural network with the same size layers? [2]

## Q2.

Train a perceptron using perceptron convergence algorithm to perform NOR logic operation. Choose initial weights such that the network goes through at least 1 weight update. (use a bias term) [8]

### Q3.

Consider the network below:



- (i1-h2=w3=.25, i2-h1=w2=.20, h2-o1=.45 and h1-o2=.50)
  - a) The network uses sigmoid activation function. Compute the total error that has to be back propagated through the network. [5]
  - b) Find the output at o1 and o2 if the activation function at the output layer is changed to Relu? [1]
  - c) Find the output of the network if a softmax layer is introduced after o1, o2 layer? [1]

Q4. The image C was obtained by convolving the image I with a  $2 \times 2$  kernel H.

| C = | 3  | 8  | 5 | 2  | 20 |
|-----|----|----|---|----|----|
|     | 15 | 22 | 6 | 9  | 9  |
|     | 10 | 7  | 3 | 3  | 2  |
|     | 7  | 4  | 6 | 12 | 19 |

|     | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|
|     | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| I = | 0 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
|     | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|     | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 |

- a) Find the four values of the kernel H. [2]
- b) What is the padding used? [1]
- c) What is the stride used? [1]
- d) Why is it so important to keep kernel size small? [1]