



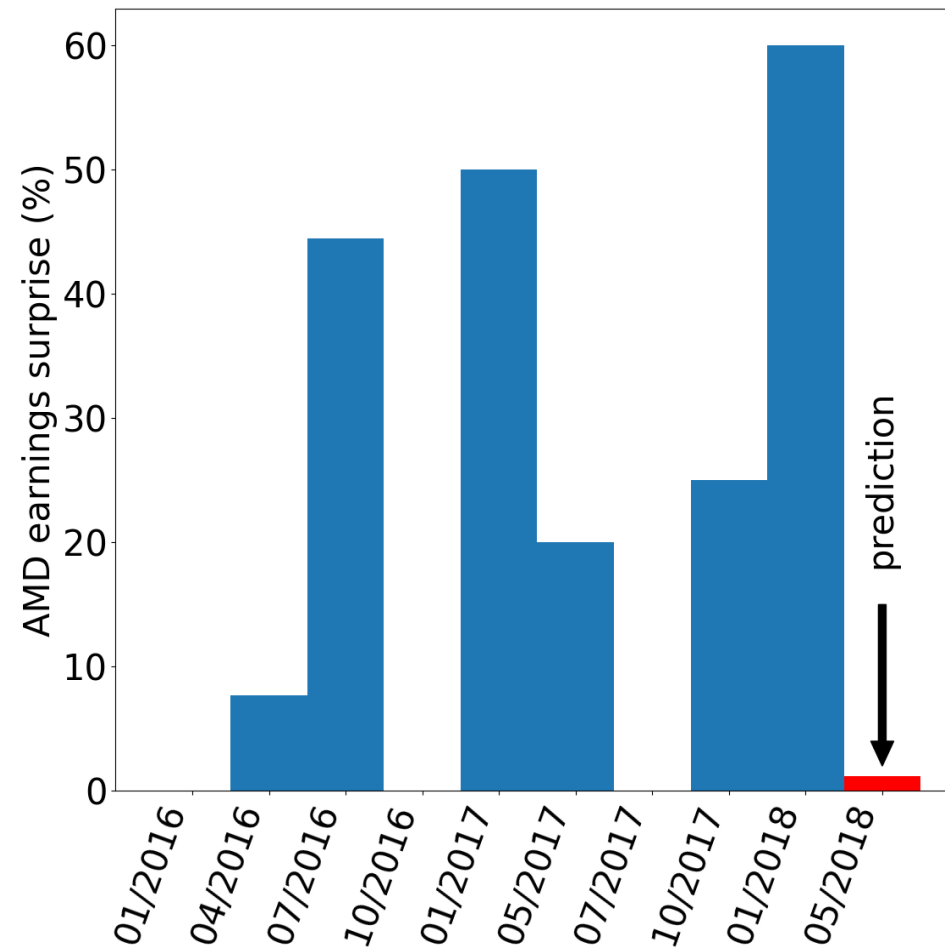
MACHINE LEARNING FOR FINANCE IN PYTHON

Machine learning for finance

Nathan George

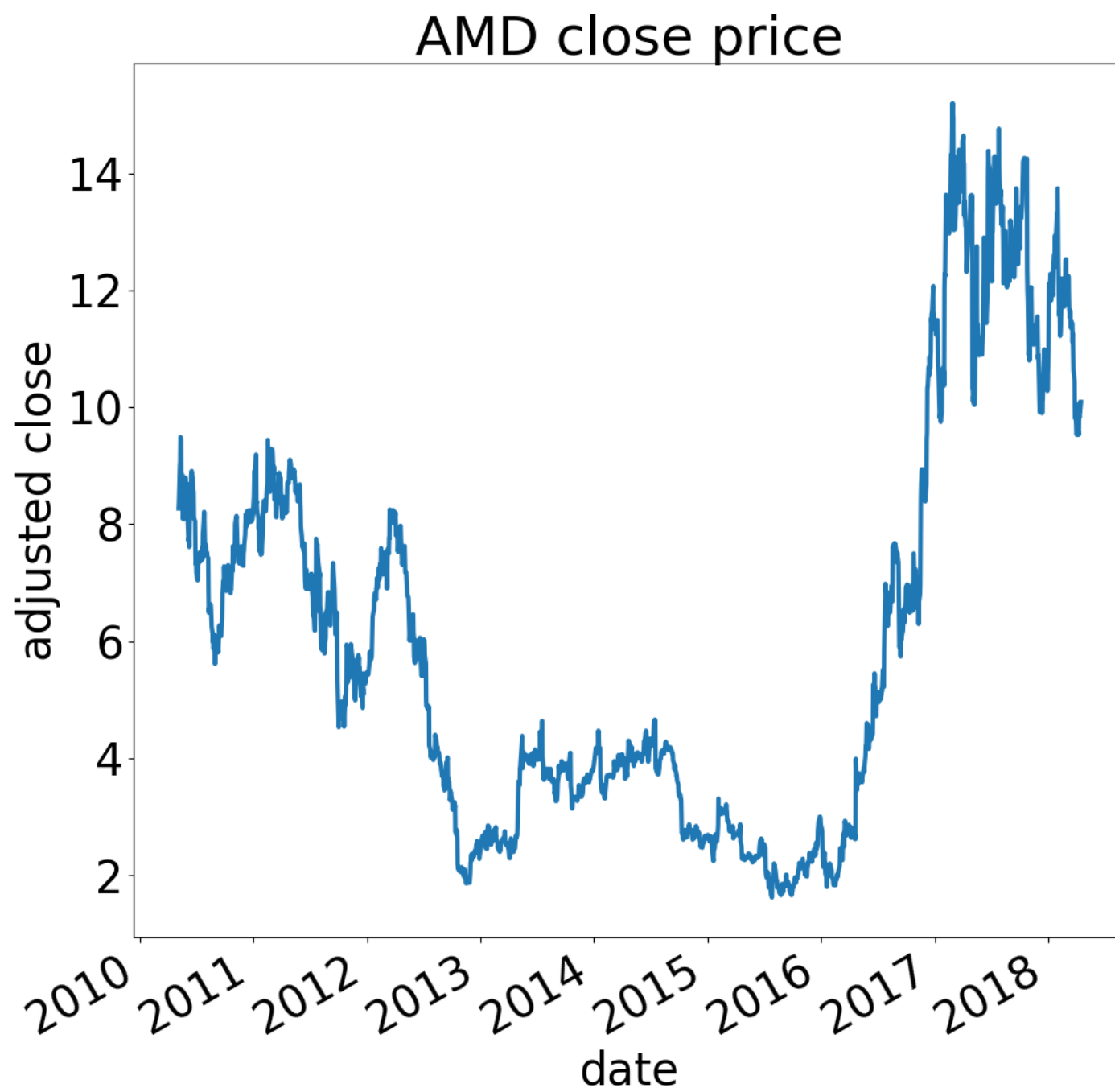
Data Science Professor

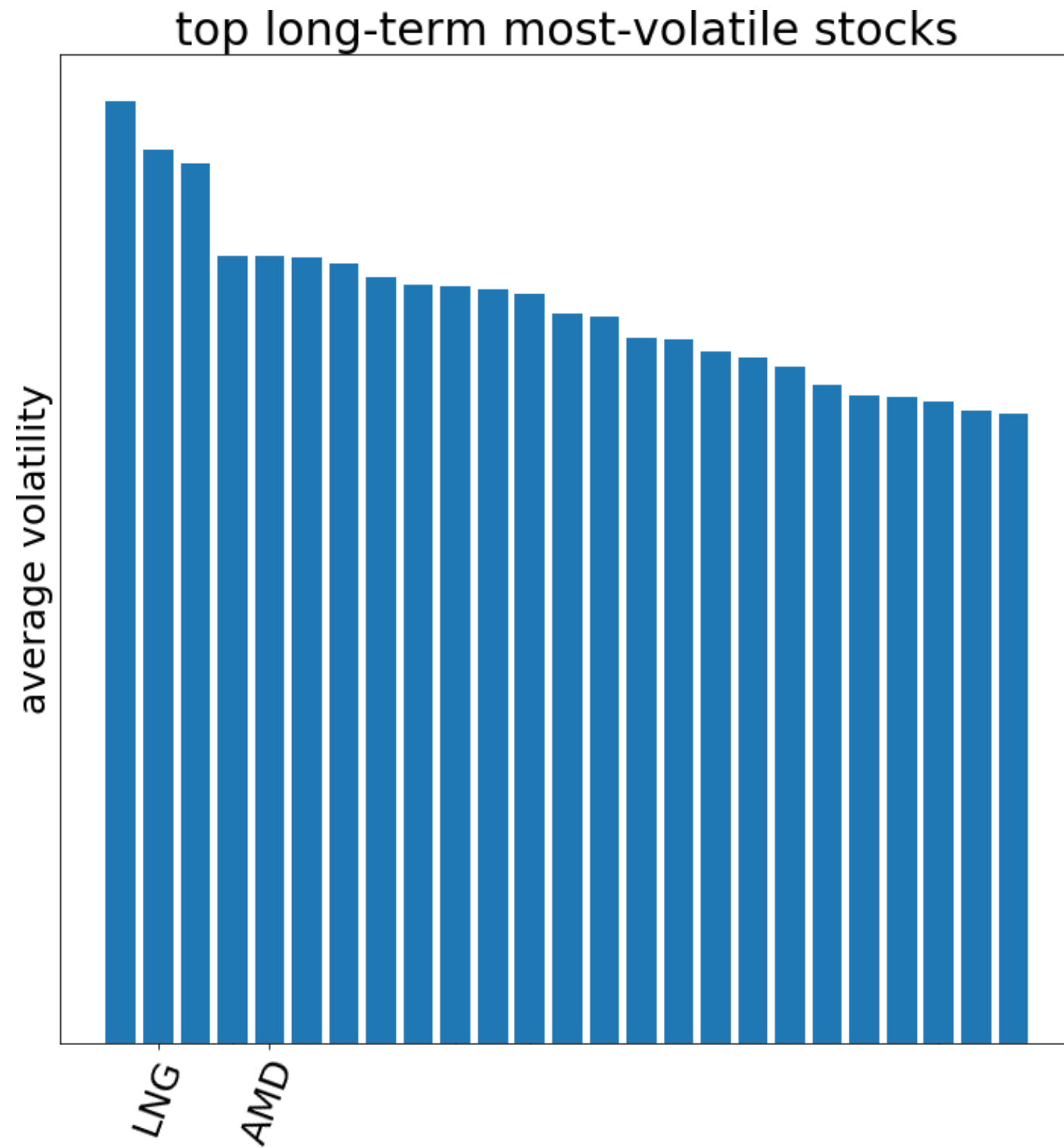
Machine Learning in Finance



source: <https://www.zacks.com/stock/quote/AMD>

JPM report: <http://valuesimplex.com/articles/JPM.pdf>



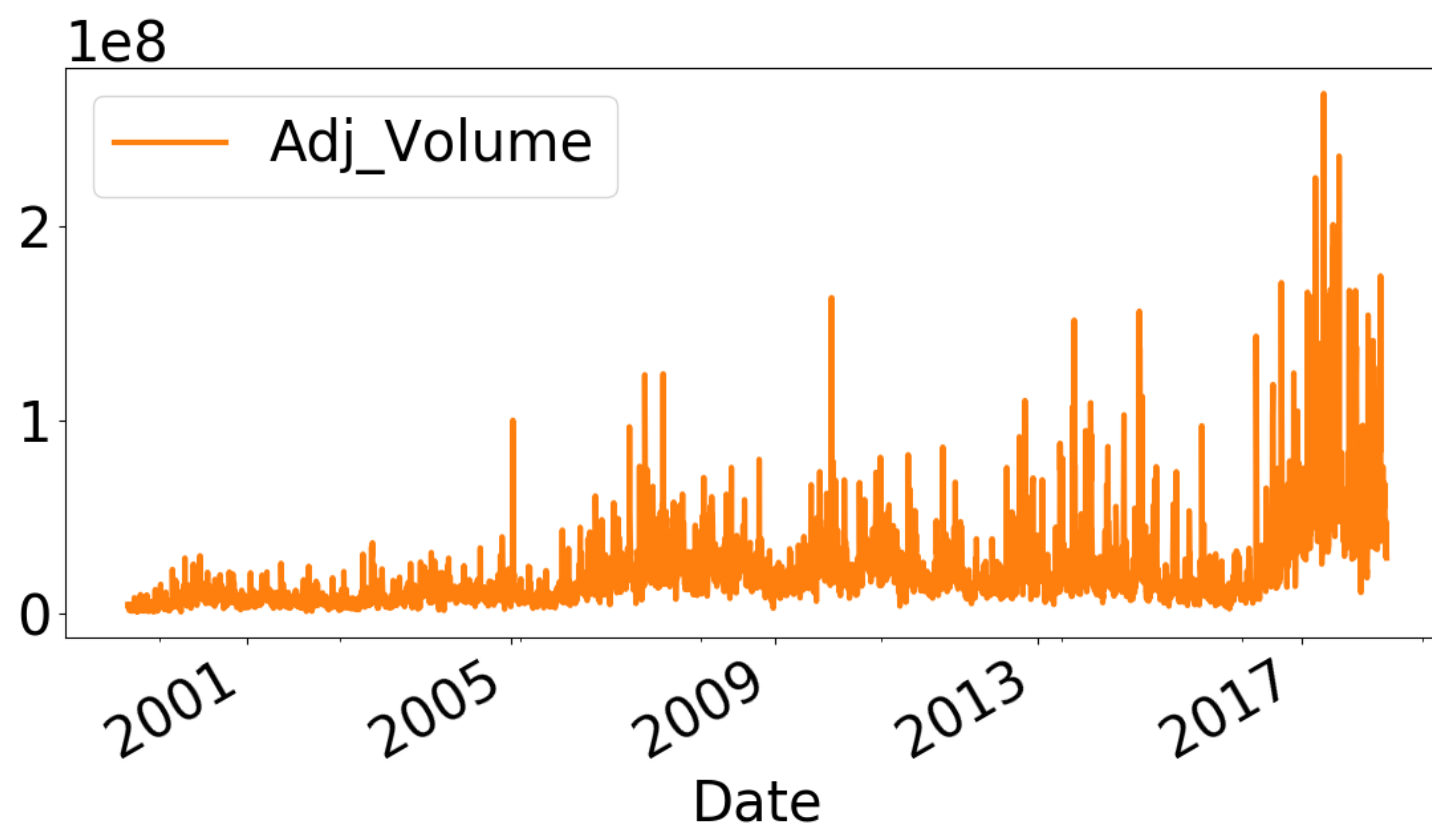
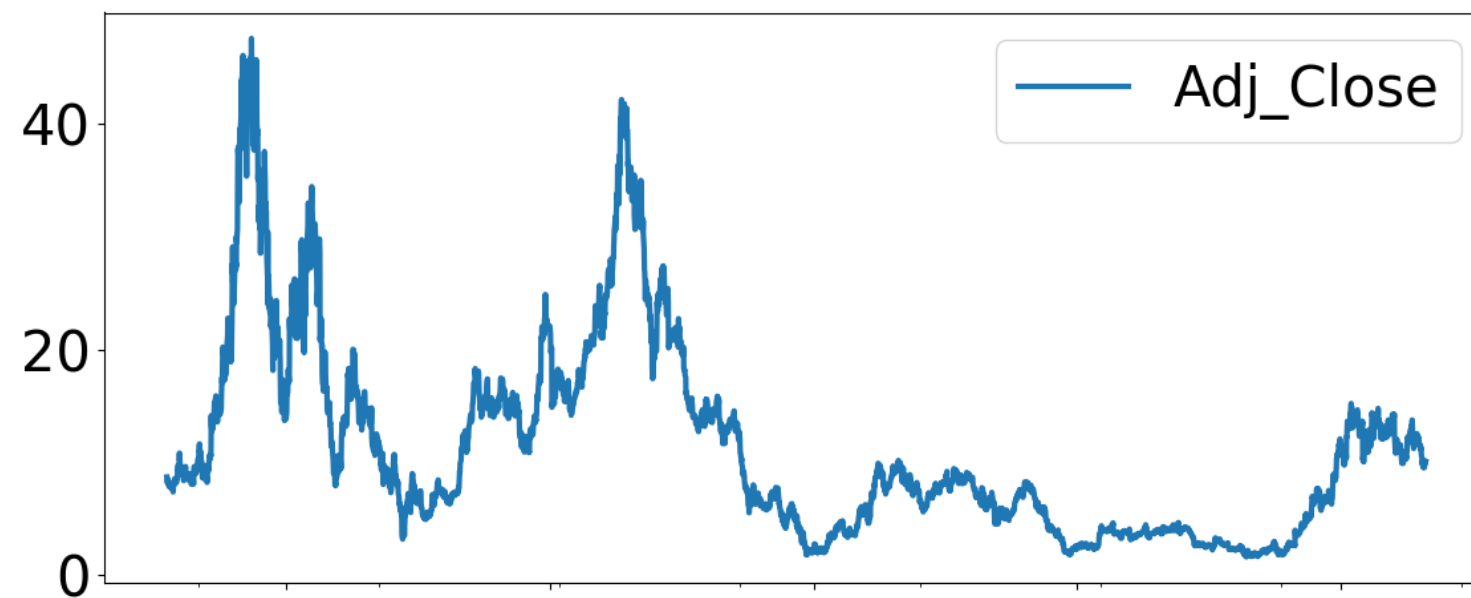




Understanding the data

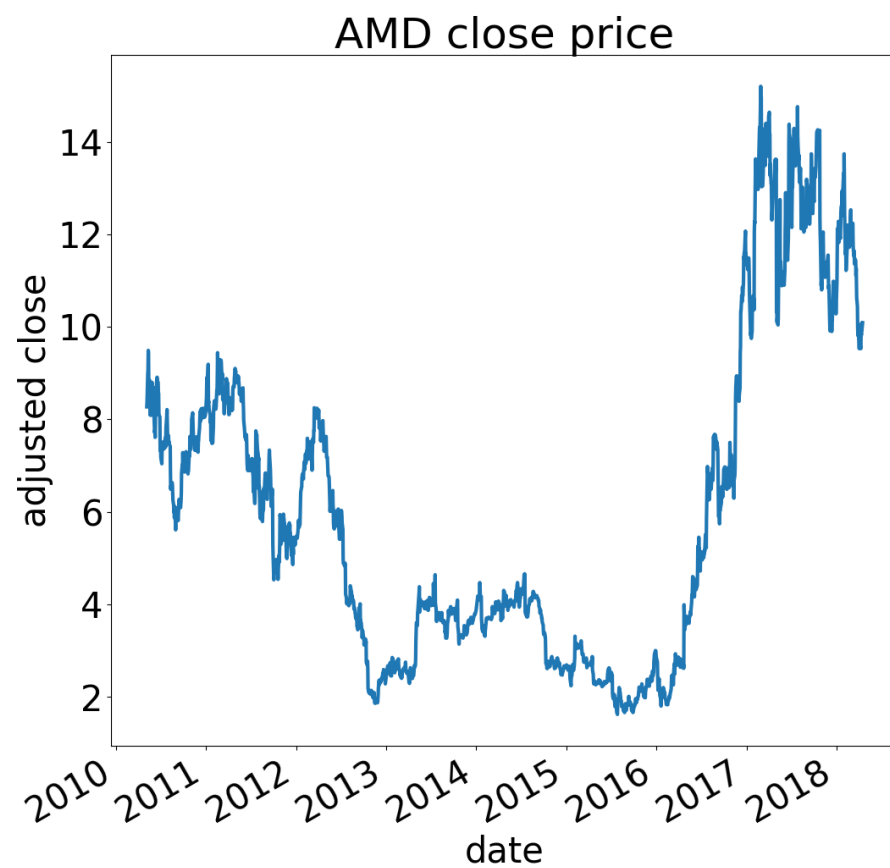
```
print(amd_df.head())
```

Date	Adj_Close	Adj_Volume
1999-03-10	8.690	4871800.0
1999-03-11	8.500	3566600.0
1999-03-12	8.250	4126800.0
1999-03-15	8.155	3006400.0
1999-03-16	8.500	3511400.0

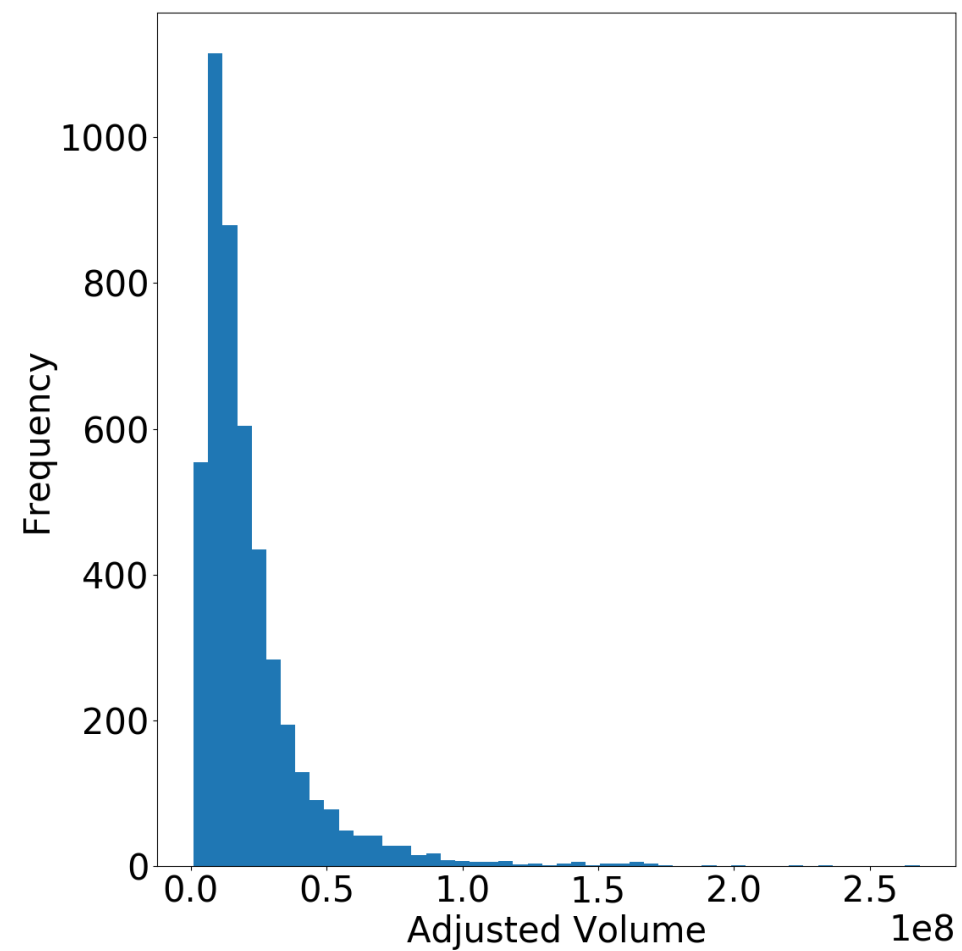


EDA plots

```
amd_df['Adj_Close'].plot()  
plt.show()
```



```
plt.clf() # clears the plot area  
vol = amd_df['Adj_Volume']  
vol.plot.hist(bins=50)  
plt.show()
```

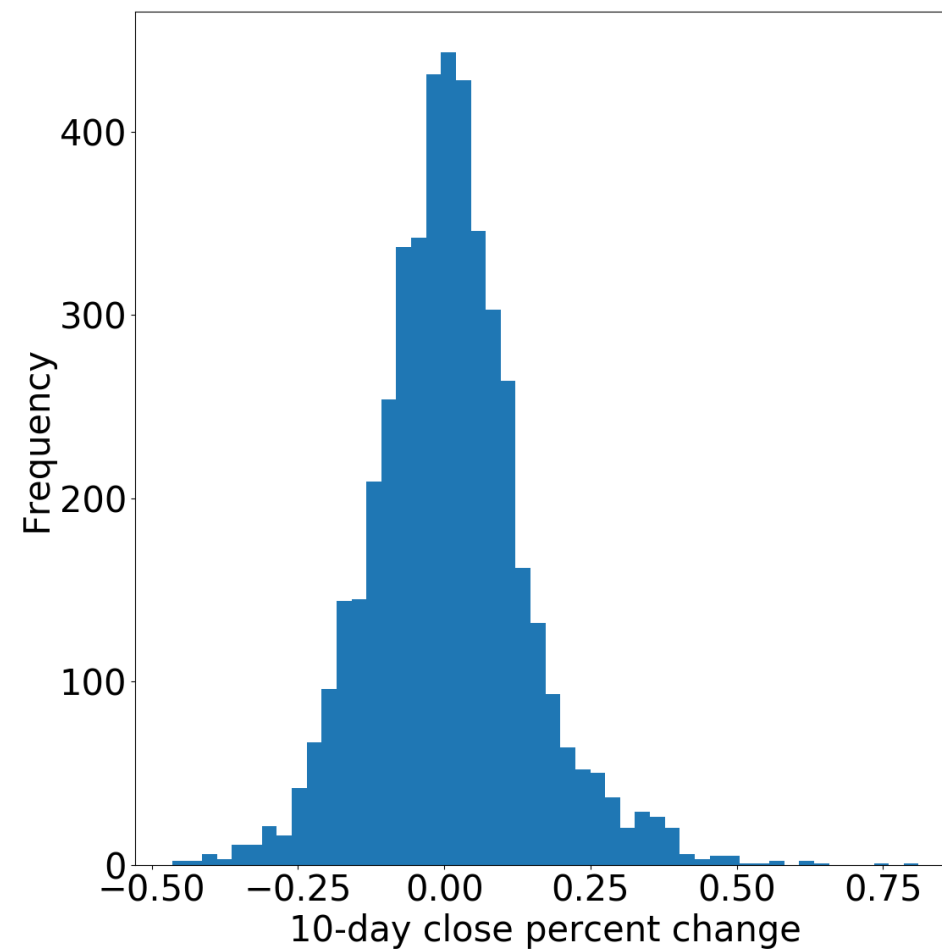




Price changes

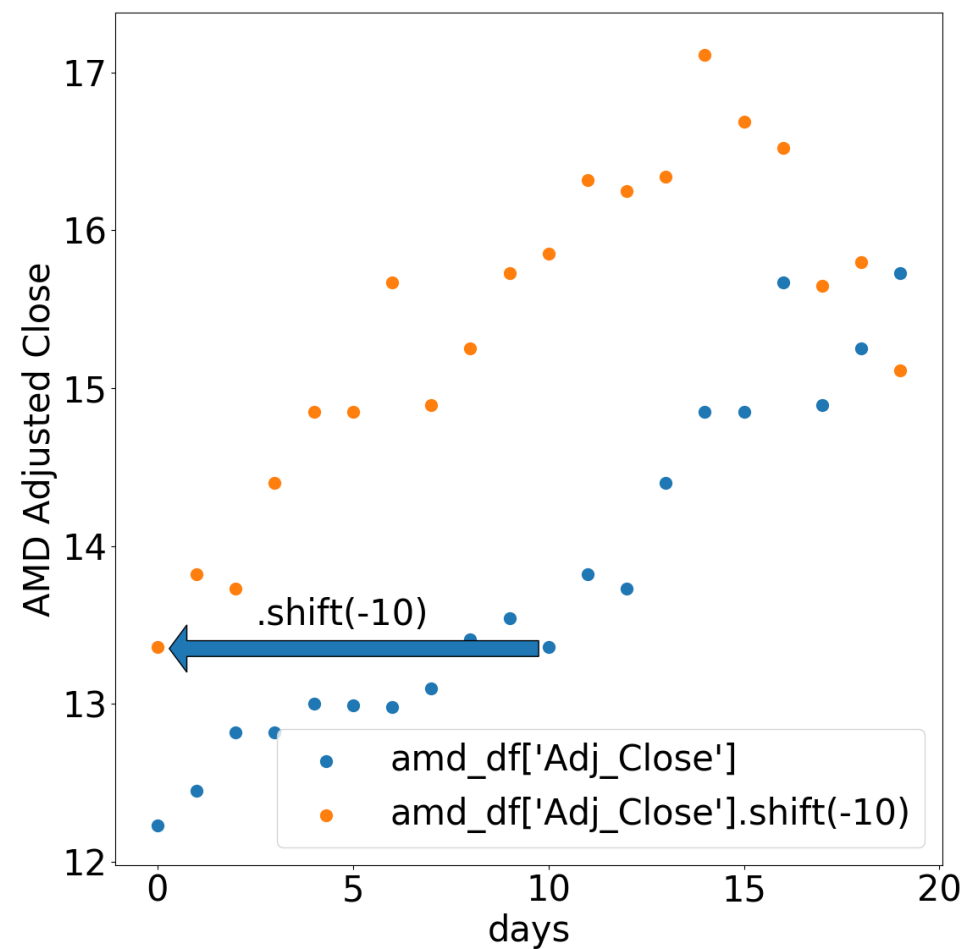
```
amd_df['10d_close_pct'] = amd_df['Adj_Close'].pct_change(10)

amd_df['10d_close_pct'].plot.hist(bins=50)
plt.show()
```



Shift data

```
amd_df['10d_future_close'] = amd_df['Adj_Close'].shift(-10)
amd_df['10d_future_close_pct'] = amd_df['10d_future_close'].pct_change(10)
```



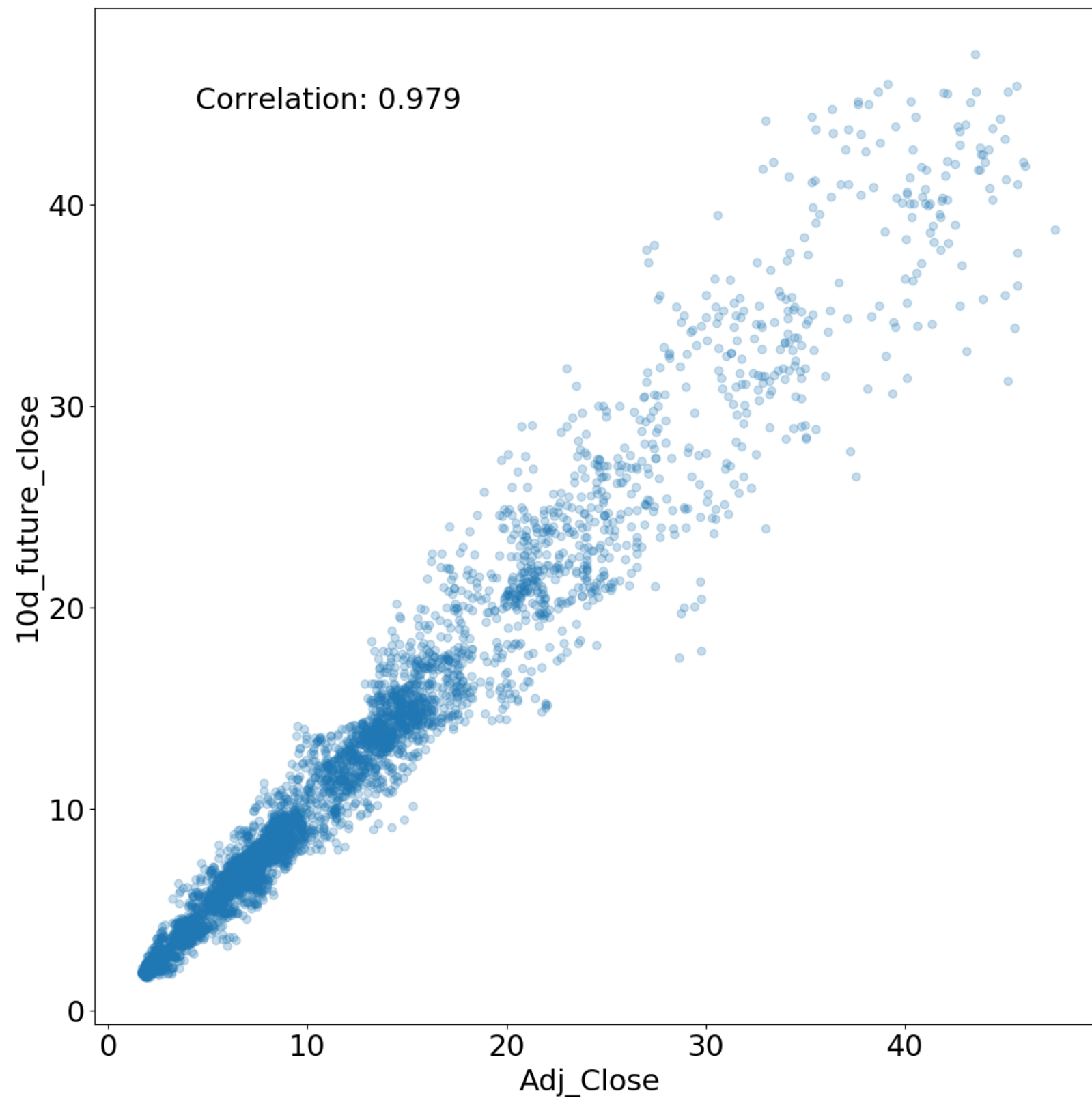


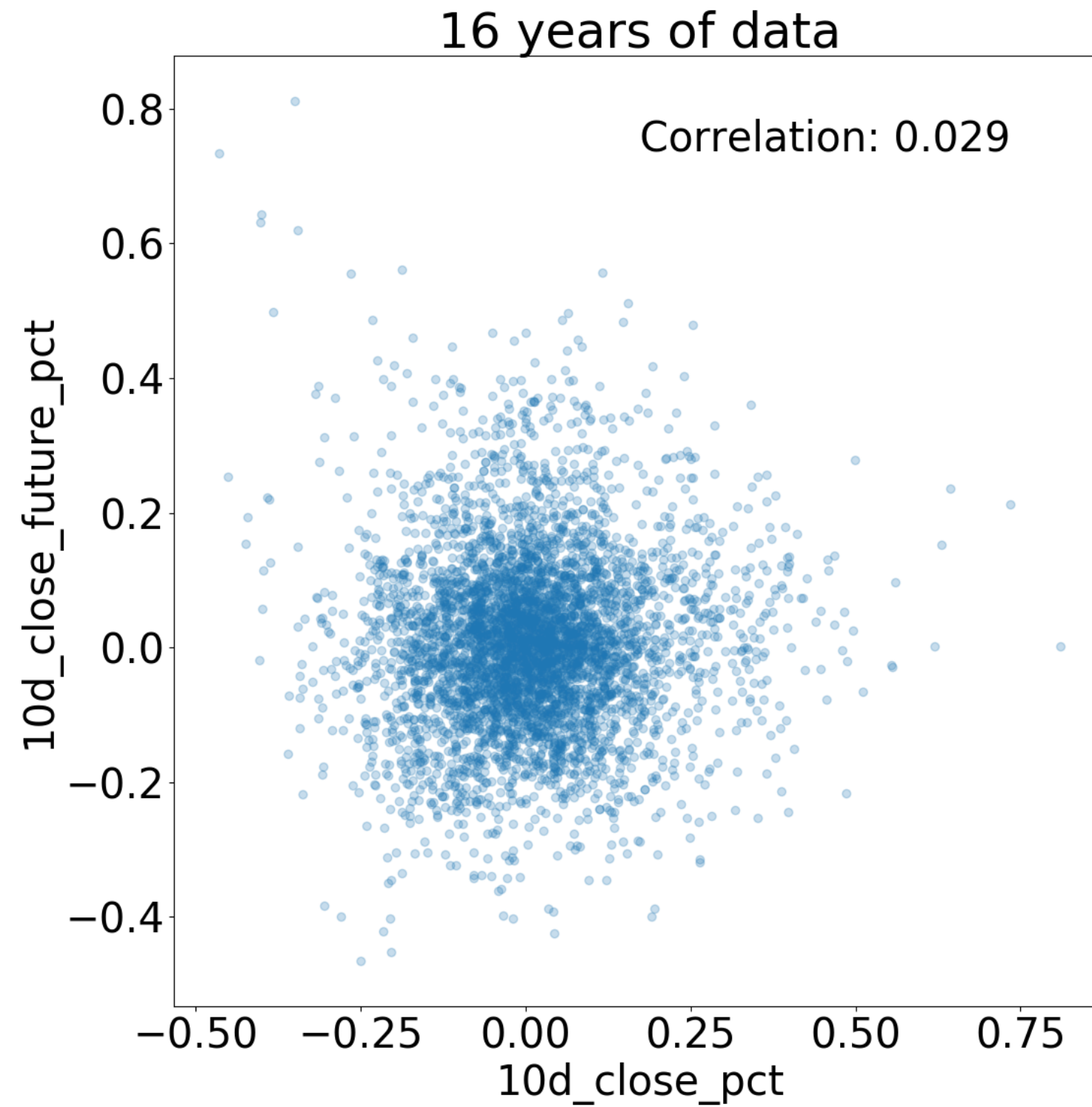
Correlations

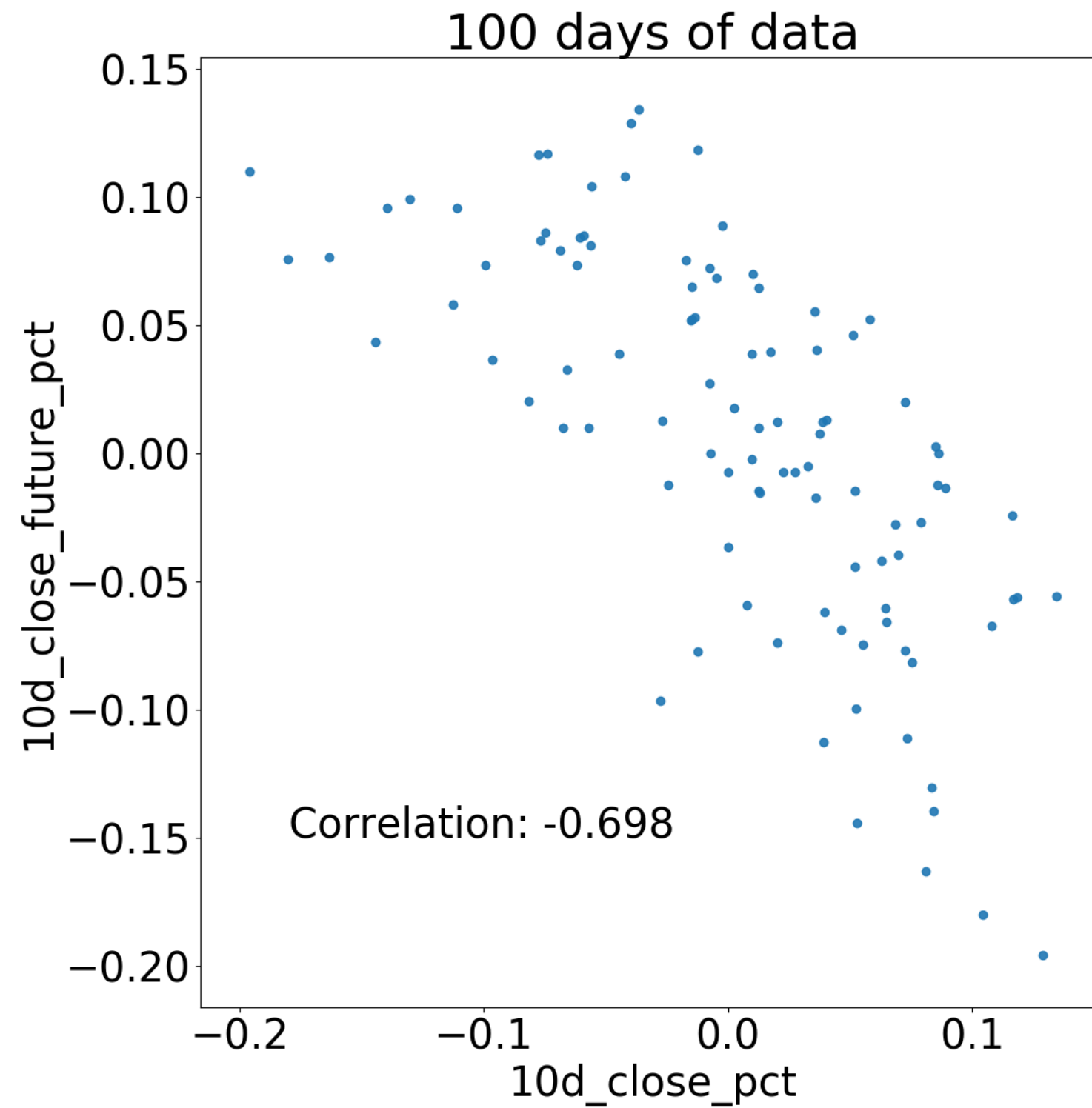
```
corr = amd_df.corr()
print(corr)
```

```
10d_future_close_pct  10d_future_close  10d_close_pct  \
10d_future_close_pct    1.000000    0.070742    0.030402
10d_future_close        0.070742    1.000000    0.082828
10d_close_pct           0.030402    0.082828    1.000000
Adj_Close               -0.083982    0.979345    0.073843
Adj_Volume              -0.024456   -0.122473    0.044537
```

```
Adj_Close  Adj_Volume
10d_future_close_pct -0.083982 -0.024456
10d_future_close      0.979345 -0.122473
10d_close_pct         0.073843  0.044537
Adj_Close             1.000000 -0.119437
Adj_Volume            -0.119437  1.000000
```









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Let's do some EDA!



MACHINE LEARNING FOR FINANCE IN PYTHON

Data transforms, features, and targets

Nathan George

Data Science Professor



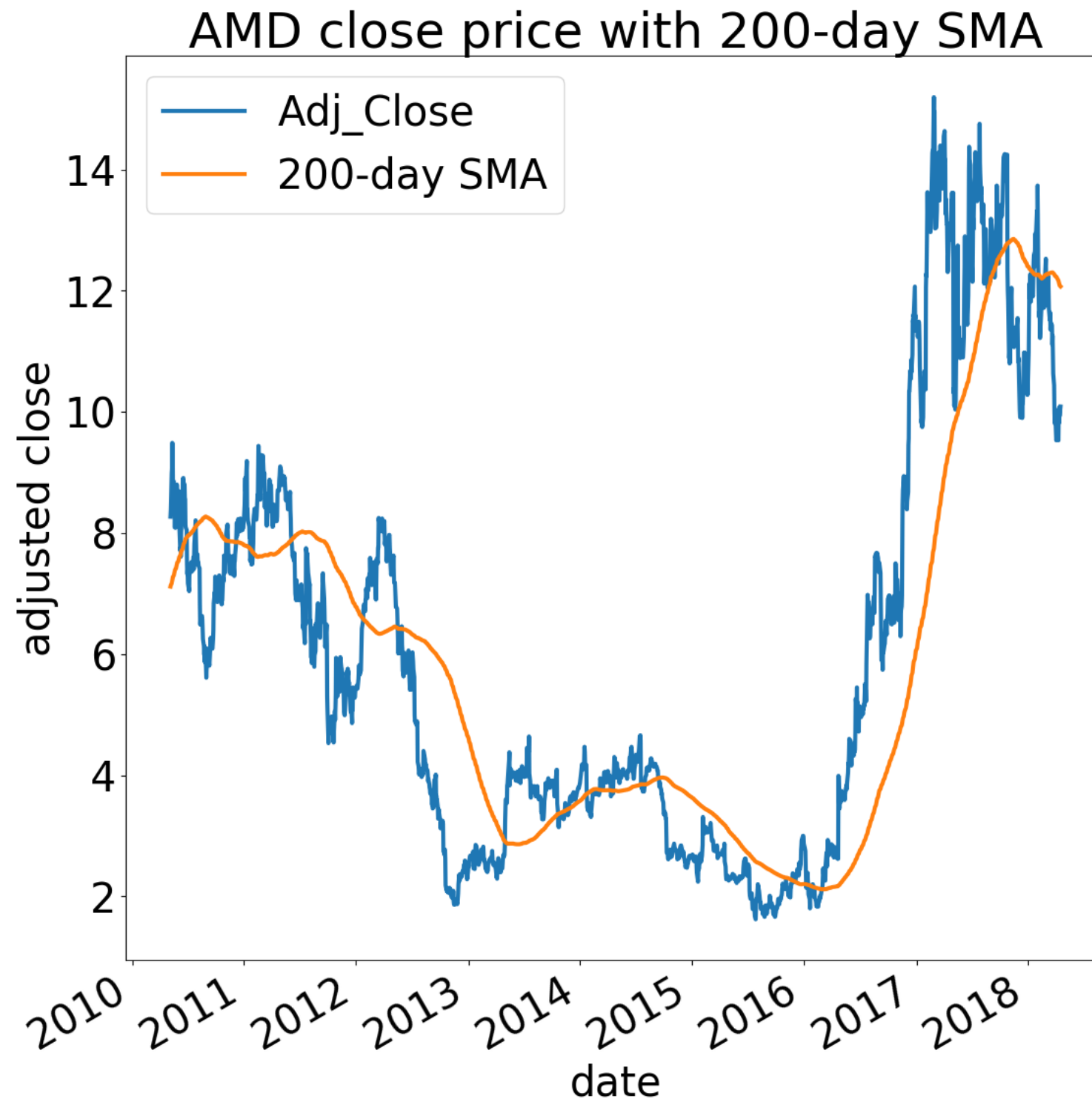
Making features and targets

```
features = amd_df[['10d_close_pct', 'Adj_Volume']]  
  
targets = amd_df['10d_future_close_pct']  
  
print(type(features))
```

```
pandas.core.series.DataFrame
```

```
print(type(targets))
```

```
pandas.core.series.Series
```

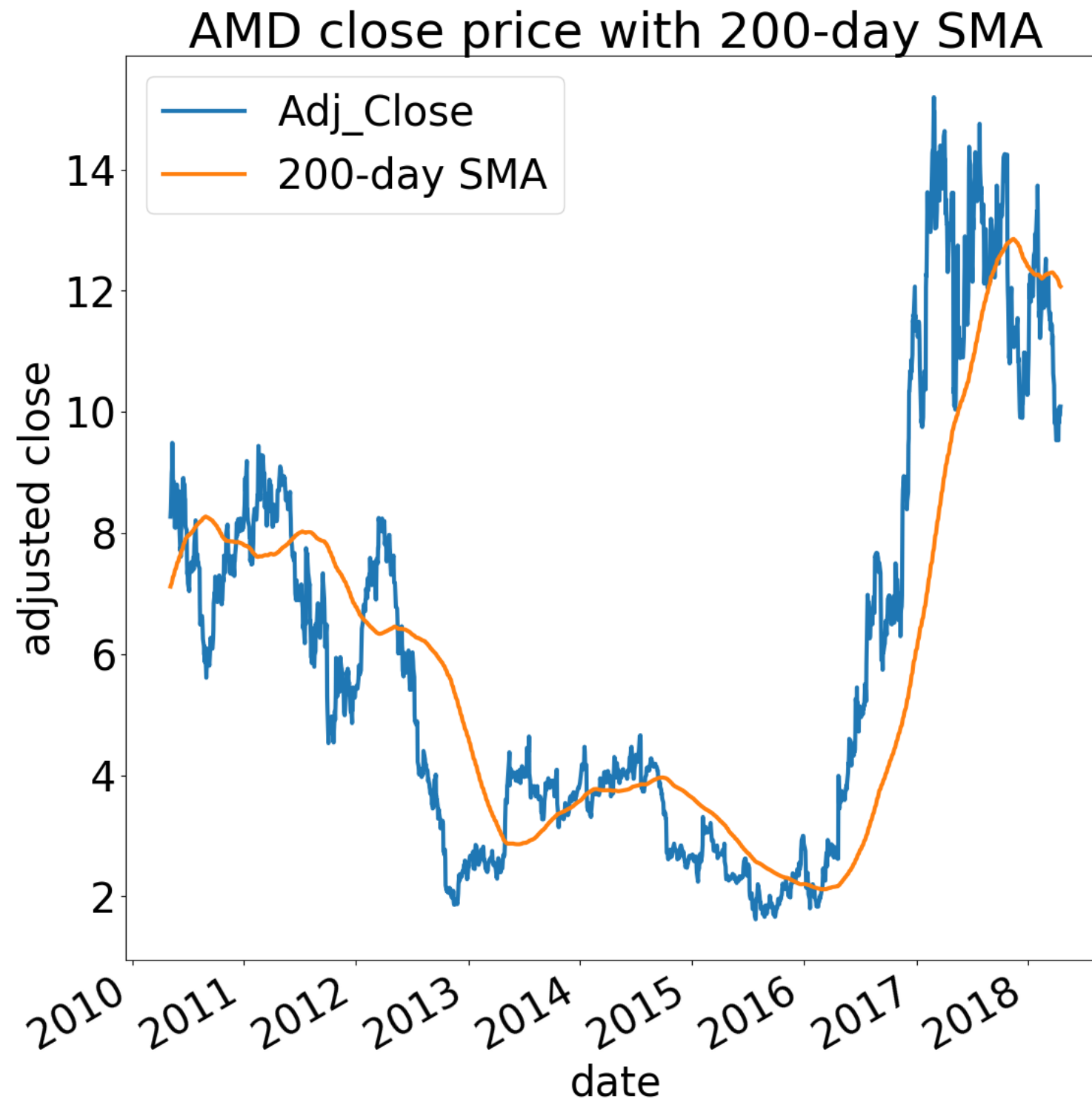



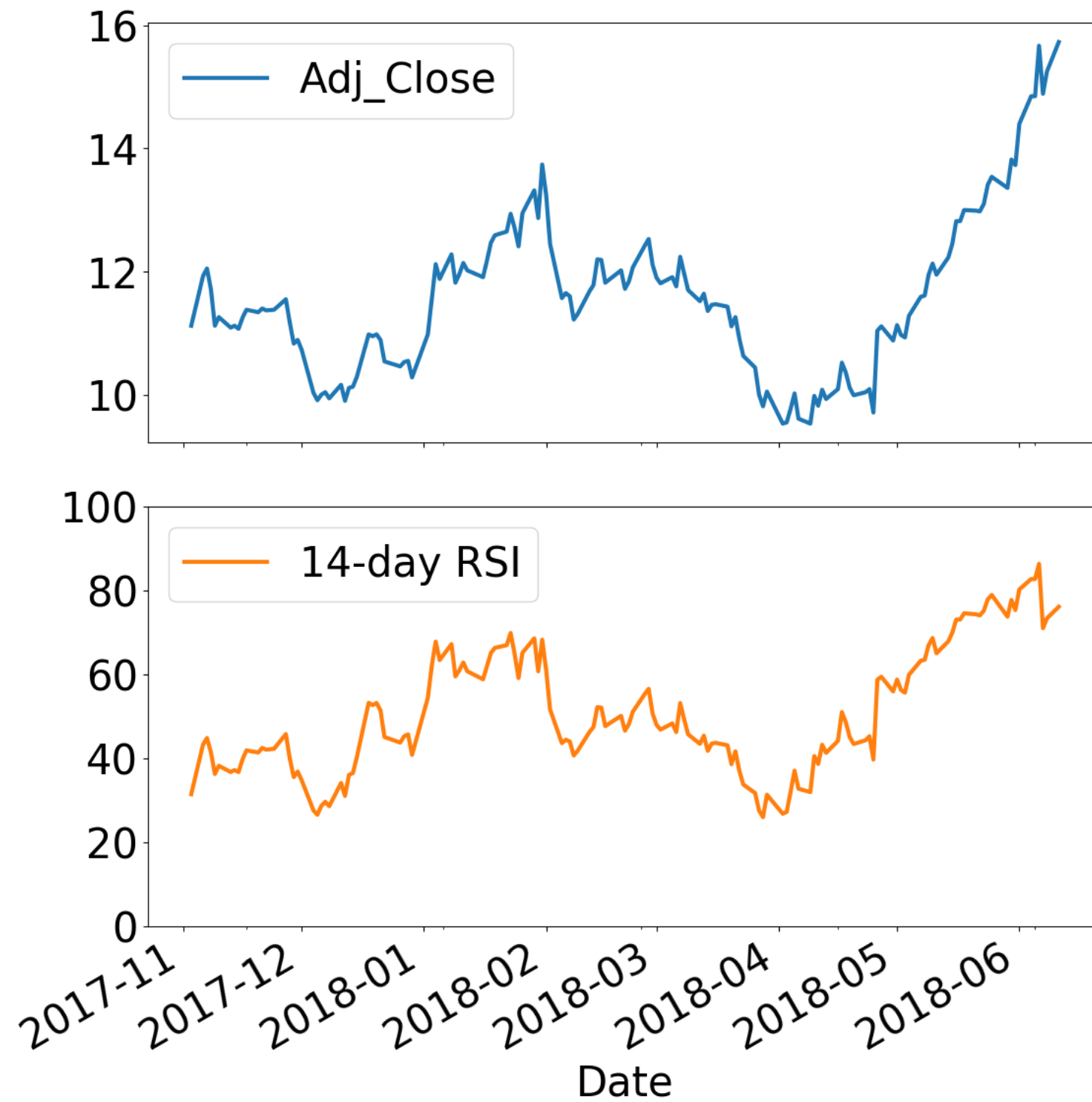


Moving averages

Moving averages:

- use n past days to get average
- common values for n : 14, 50, 200







RSI equation

$$RSI = 100 - \frac{100}{1 + RS}$$

$$RS = \frac{\text{Average gain over } n \text{ periods}}{\text{Average loss over } n \text{ periods}}$$



Calculating SMA and RSI

```
import talib

amd_df['ma200'] = talib.SMA(amd_df['Adj_Close'].values, timeperiod=200)

amd_df['rsi200'] = talib.RSI(amd_df['Adj_Close'].values, timeperiod=200)
```



Finally, our features

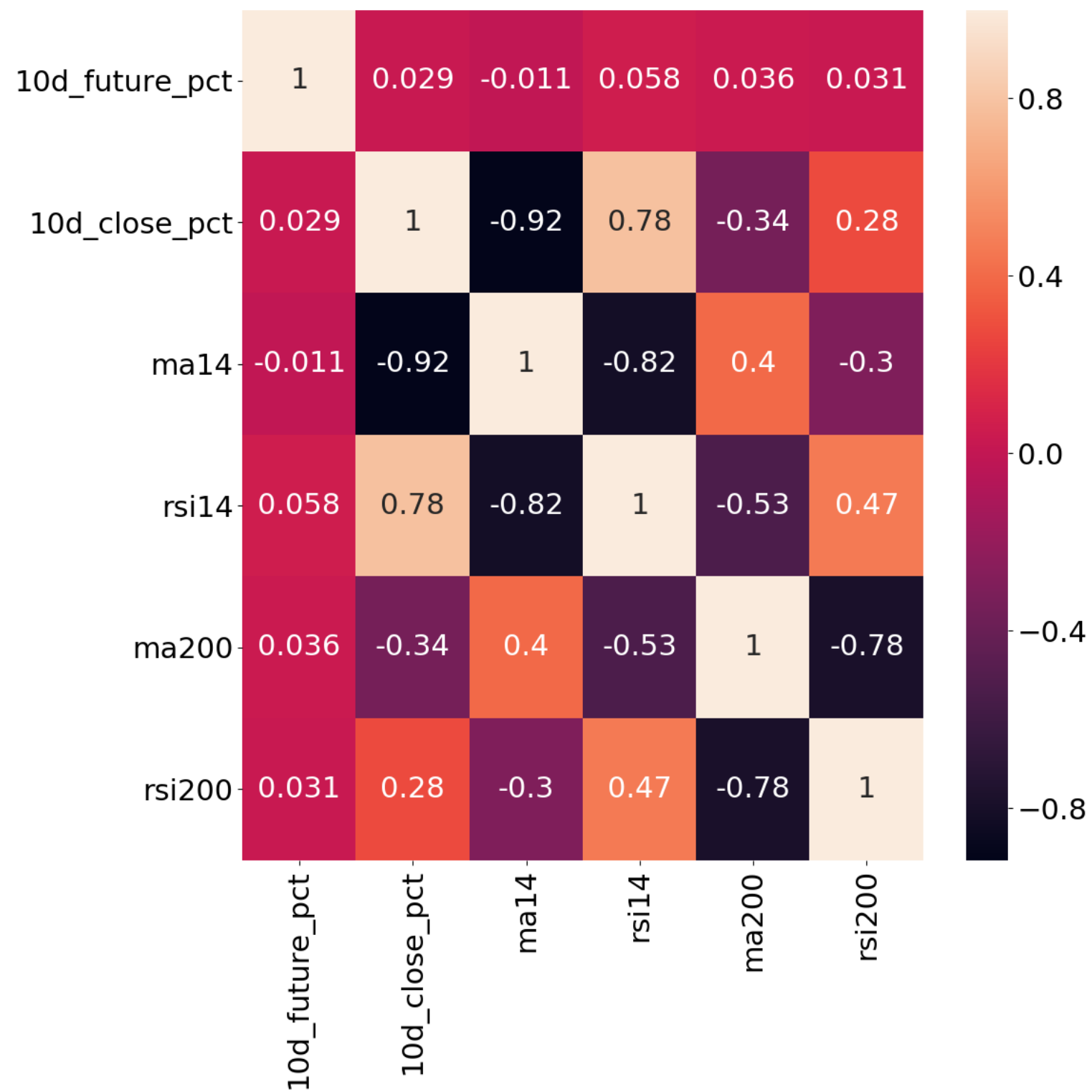
```
feature_names = ['10d_close_pct', 'ma200', 'rsi200']  
features = amd_df[feature_names]  
targets = amd_df['10d_future_close_pct']  
  
feature_target_df = amd_df[feature_names + '10d_future_close_pct']
```



Check correlations

```
import seaborn as sns

corr = feature_target_df.corr()
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True)
```



MACHINE LEARNING FOR FINANCE IN PYTHON

**Let's create features and
targets!**

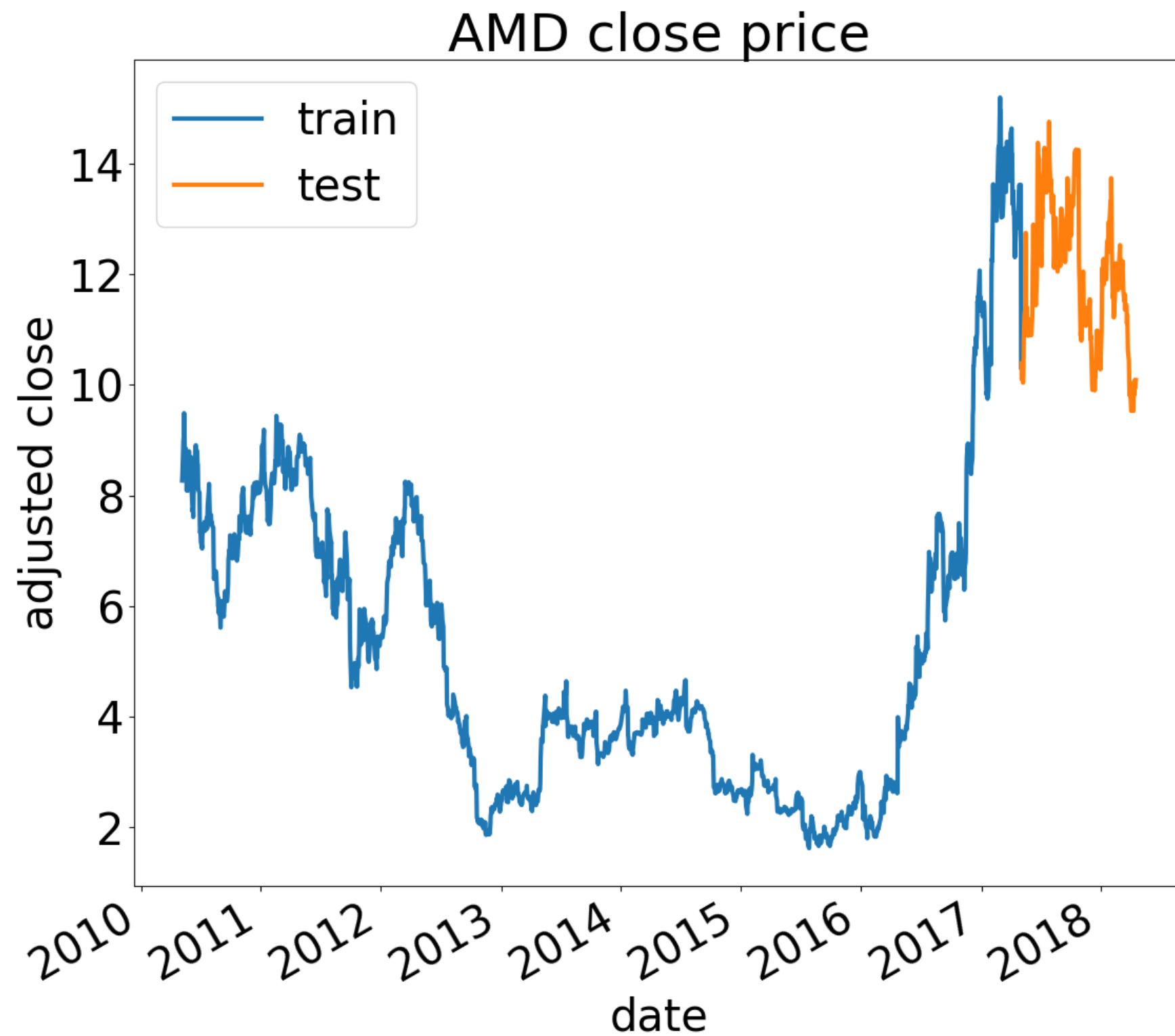


MACHINE LEARNING FOR FINANCE IN PYTHON

Linear modeling with financial data

Nathan George

Data Science Professor





Make train and test sets

```
import statsmodels.api as sm

linear_features = sm.add_constant(features)

train_size = int(0.85 * targets.shape[0])

train_features = linear_features[:train_size]
train_targets = targets[:train_size]
test_features = linear_features[train_size:]
test_targets = targets[train_size:]
```

```
some_list[start:stop:step]
```



Linear modeling

```
model = sm.OLS(train_targets, train_features)
results = model.fit()
```



Linear modeling

```
print(results.summary())
```

Linear modeling

OLS Regression Results

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          10d_future_pct    R-squared:                0.157
Model:                  OLS              Adj. R-squared:           0.146
Method:                 Least Squares     F-statistic:             15.55
Date:                  Thu, 19 Apr 2018   Prob (F-statistic):      4.79e-14
Time:                  11:41:05          Log-Likelihood:          336.53
No. Observations:      425              AIC:                    -661.1
Df Residuals:          419              BIC:                    -636.8
Df Model:              5
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====
```

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	1.3305	0.323	4.117	0.000	0.695	1.966
10d_close_pct	0.0906	0.098	0.927	0.355	-0.102	0.283
ma14	0.3313	0.209	1.585	0.114	-0.080	0.742
rsi14	-0.0013	0.001	-1.044	0.297	-0.004	0.001
ma200	-0.4090	0.053	-7.712	0.000	-0.513	-0.305
rsi200	-0.0224	0.003	-6.610	0.000	-0.029	-0.016

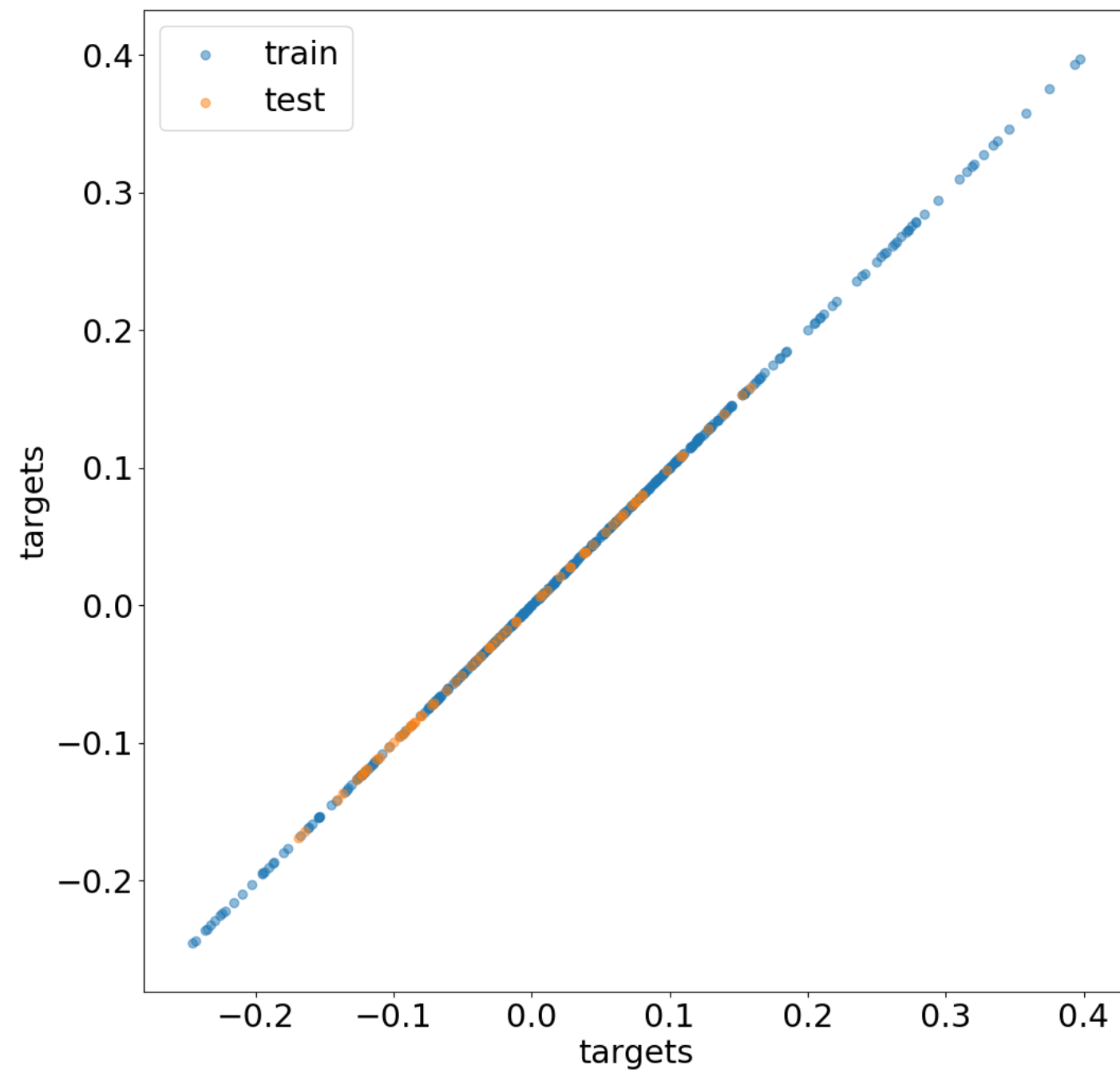
```
=====
Omnibus:                3.571    Durbin-Watson:           0.209
Prob(Omnibus) :         0.168    Jarque-Bera (JB) :       3.323
Skew:                   0.202    Prob(JB) :               0.190
Kurtosis:               3.159    Cond. No.                 5.47e+03
=====
```

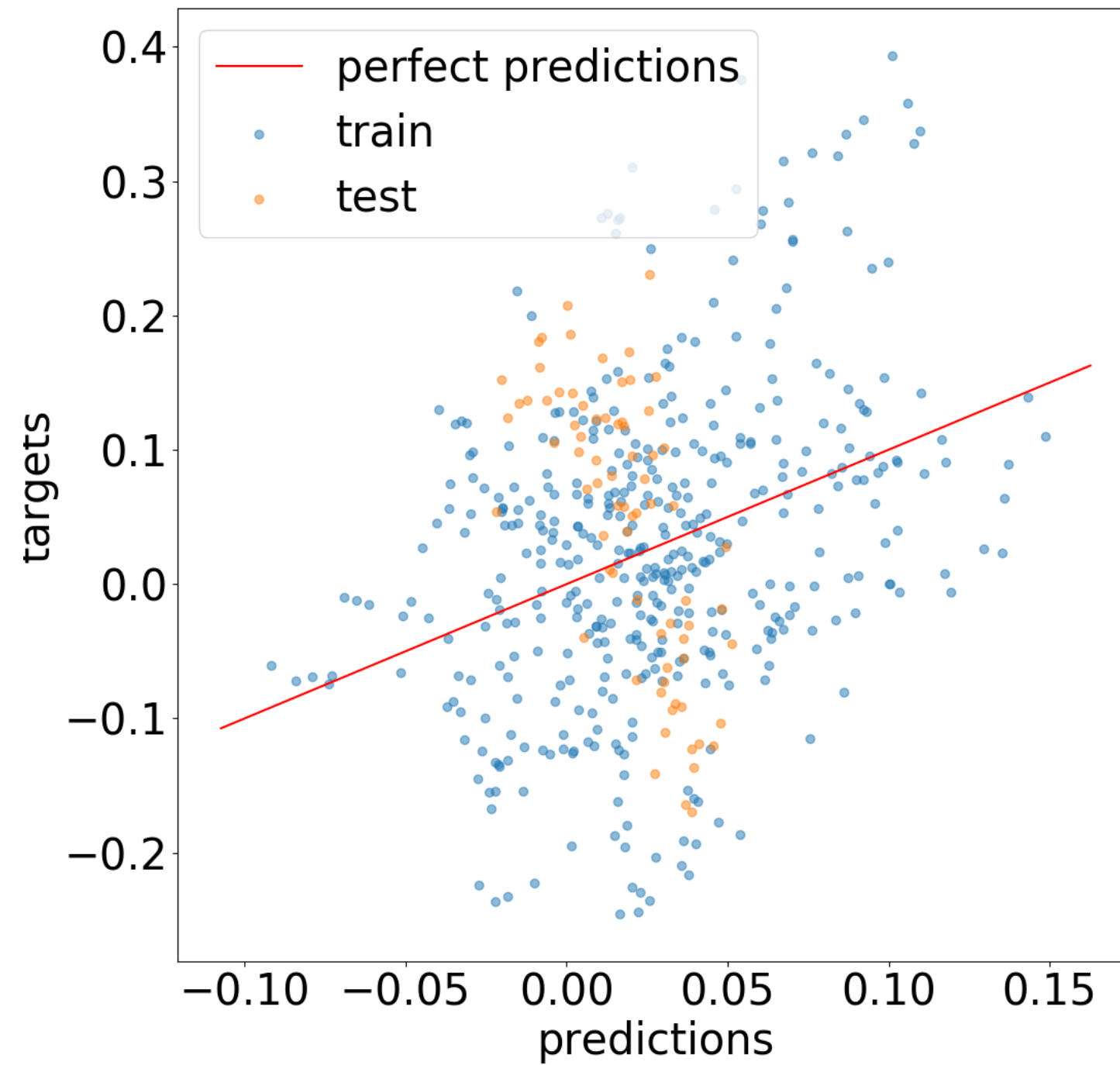



p-values

```
print(results.pvalues)
```

```
const          4.630428e-05  
10d_close_pct  3.546748e-01  
ma14           1.136941e-01  
rsi14          2.968699e-01  
ma200          9.126405e-14  
rsi200         1.169324e-10
```







MACHINE LEARNING FOR FINANCE IN PYTHON

Time to fit a linear model!