

Dt : 10/10/2024(Day-14)

**imp*

Creating and Executing Function on Database Product:

step-1 : Construct function to display balance of Customer based on accNo

create or replace function RetrieveBalance67

(acno number) return number as bl number;

begin

select bal into bl from BankCustomer67 where accno=acno;

return bl;

end;

/

step-2 : Construct JDBC Application to execute function.

Program : DBCon10.java

```
package test;
import java.util.*;
import java.sql.*;
public class DBCon10 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
        try(s){
            Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection
                ("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe","system","tiger");
            CallableStatement cs = con.prepareCall
                ("{call ?:=RetrieveBalance67(?)})");
            System.out.println("Enter the Cust-AccNo to retrieve balance:");
            Long accNo = s.nextLong();

            cs.registerOutParameter(1, Types.FLOAT);
```

Transaction Management in JDBC:

define Transaction?

=>set-of-statements executed on a resource or resources using ACID Properties

is known as Transaction.

A - Atomicity

C - Consistency

I - Isolation

D - Durability

A - Atomicity

=>Atomicity means executing all statements in transaction at-a-time or not-at-all.

C - Consistency

=>The process in which the selected state of resources must remain same until the transaction is completed,is known as Consistency.

I - Isolation

=>The process in which multiple users are executed independently is known as Isolation.

D - Durability

=>The process in which the transaction details are stored and available,is known as Durability.

Transaction : Book Tickets using BookMyShow

- 1.Login process***
- 2.Region***
- 3.Select Movie***
- 4.Select data***
- 5.Select Show time***
- 6.No of tickets***
- 7.Select the tickets(Block the tickets)***
- 8.Payment***
 - (i)...***
 - (ii)...***
- 9.If Payment Successful,then tickets confirmed***
- 10.Message(Mobile,Mail)***
- 11.Logout***

define Transaction Management?

=>The process of controlling the transation from starting to ending is known as Transaction Management.

=>we use the following methods in Transaction Management:

- (a)getAutoCommit()***
- (b)setAutoCommit()***
- (c)setSavepoint()***
- (d)releaseSavepoint()***
- (e)commit()***
- (f)rollback()***

(a)getAutoCommit():

=>getAutoCommit()-method is used get commit-status

syntax:

boolean k = con.getAutoCommit();

(b)setAutoCommit():

=>setAutoCommit()-method is used to set the commit-status to "true" or "false".

syntax:

con.setAutoCommit(false);

(c)setSavepoint():

=>setSavepoint()-method is used set a save-point for transaction rollback.

syntax:

Savepoint sp = con.setSavepoint();

(d)releaseSavepoint():

=>releaseSavepoint()-method is used to delete the save-point.

syntax:

con.releaseSavepoint();

(e)commit():

=>commit()-method is used to save permanently to database.

syntax:

con.commit();

(f)rollback():

=>rollback()-method is used to re-set the transaction when transaction failed.

syntax:

con.rollback(sp);

Venkatesh Maipathii