```
Dt: 1/10/2024(Day-6)
Ex:
Construct JDBC Application to read Customer-details from Console input and insert into
DB Table(Customer67)
Program: DBCon2.java
package test;
import java.util.*;
import java.sql.*;
public class DBCon2 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
    try(s;){
       System.out.println("Enter the Cust-phNo:");
       long phNo = Long.parseLong(s.nextLine());
       System.out.println("Enter the Cust-Name:");
       String cName = s.nextLine();
       System.out.println("Enter the Cust-City:");
       String cCity = s.nextLine();
       System.out.println("Enter the Cust-MailId:");
       String mld = s.nextLine();
       Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
       Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection
```

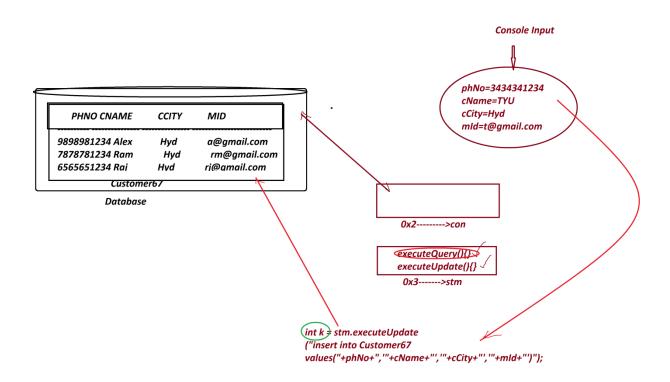
("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe","system","tiger");

```
Statement stm = con.createStatement();
       int k = stm.executeUpdate
        ("insert into Customer67 values("+phNo+",""+cName+"',""+cCity+"',""+mId+"')");
       System.out.println("The value in k : "+k);
        if(k>0) {
               System.out.println("Customer details inserted Successfully....");
       }
       con.close();
    }
    catch (SQLIntegrity Constraint Violation Exception\ sicve)\ \{
        System.out.println("Customer details already available...."),
    }catch(Exception e) {
        System.out.println(e.toString());
    }
       }
}
o/p:
Enter the Cust-phNo:
3434341234
Enter the Cust-Name:
TYU
Enter the Cust-City:
Hyd
Enter the Cust-MailId:
T@gmail.com
```

## The value in k:1

Customer details inserted Successfully....

## Diagram:



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Ex:

Construct JDBC Application to display Customer details based on PhoneNo.

Program: DBCon3.java

package test;

import java.util.\*;

import java.sql.\*;

```
public class DBCon3 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
   try(s;){
         System.out.println("Enter the Cust-PhNo to display details:");
         long phNo = s.nextLong();
         Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
         Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection
                         ("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe", "system", "tiger");
         Statement stm = con.createStatement();
         ResultSet rs = stm.executeQuery
                         ("select * from Customer67 where phno="+phNo+"");
         if(rs.next()) {
                 System.out.println(rs.getLong(1)+"\t"+rs.getString(2)+"\t"+
            rs.getString(3)+"\t"+rs.getString(4));
         }else {
                 System.out.println("Invalid Customer Phone No....");
         }
         con.close();
   }catch(Exception e) {
         System.out.println(e.toString());
   }
       }
```

}

o/p:
Enter the Cust-PhNo to display details:
9898981234
9898981234 Alex Hyd a@gmail.com
Assignment-2:
Construct JDBC Application read BookDetails from Console Input and insert into DB Table
BookDetails67.
Assignment-3:
Construct JDBC Application to display BookDetails based on bookCode.
*imp
2.PreparedStatement:
=>'PreparedStatement' is an interface from java.sql package and which is used to execute
normal queries with IN-Parameters.
=>we use prepareStatement()-method from 'Connection-Interface' to create implementation
object for 'PreparedStatement-Interface'
=>This prepareStatement()-method internally holding 'Anonymous Local InnerClass as
implementation class of PreparedStatement-Interface'.
Method Signature of prepareStatement():
public abstract java.sql.PreparedStatement prepareStatement(java.lang.String)throws
java.sql.SQLException;
syntax:
PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement("query-structure");

```
=>The following are two important methods of PreparedStatement:
    (i)executeQuery()
    (ii)executeUpdate()
(i)executeQuery():
  =>executeQuery()-method is used to execute select queries.
  Method Signature of executeQuery():
  public abstract java.sql.ResultSet executeQuery() throws java.sql.SQLException;
  syntax:
  ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
(ii)executeUpdate():
  =>executeUpdate()-method is used to execute Non-Select queries.
  Method Signature of executeUpdate():
  public abstract int executeUpdate() throws java.sql.SQLException;
  syntax:
  int k = ps.executeUpdate();
```