

Example App using Test annotations based on the code methods

How to write test cases for the code methods

```

//Service class
package com.mars;

import java.util.Date;

import com.mars.model.Student;

public class MarsOperationsService {

    //01.method1
    public boolean isPalindrome(String str) {
        if(str == null || str.length() == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        String reverseStr = new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString();
        if(str.equals(reverseStr)) {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    //02.method2
    public Date showDateByMonth(int month) {
        if(month < 1 || month > 12) {
            return null;
        }
        return new Date();
    }
}

```

The methods of the app, that execute automatically by underlying server (persistent) framework (J2EE) is called Life cycle method or Container Callback method



Life cycle methods of a Java EE component are: init(), destroy(), preDestroy(), postConstruct(), and postDestroy().

init() is a method that is called by the container when the component is initialized. destroy() is a method that is called by the container when the component is destroyed. preDestroy() is a method that is called by the container before the component is destroyed. postConstruct() is a method that is called by the container after the component is initialized. postDestroy() is a method that is called by the container after the component is destroyed.

How to write test cases for the code methods

```

//Service class
package com.mars;

import java.util.Date;

import com.mars.model.Student;

public class MarsOperationsService {

    //01.method1
    public boolean isPalindrome(String str) {
        if(str == null || str.length() == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        String reverseStr = new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString();
        if(str.equals(reverseStr)) {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    //02.method2
    public Date showDateByMonth(int month) {
        if(month < 1 || month > 12) {
            return null;
        }
        return new Date();
    }
}

```

Examples on assertTrue() and assertEquals() methods

```

//Service class
package com.mars;

import java.util.Date;

import com.mars.model.Student;

public class MarsOperationsService {

    //01.method1
    public boolean isPalindrome(String str) {
        if(str == null || str.length() == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        String reverseStr = new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString();
        if(str.equals(reverseStr)) {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    //02.method2
    public Date showDateByMonth(int month) {
        if(month < 1 || month > 12) {
            return null;
        }
        return new Date();
    }
}

```

Assignment : Write JUnit test cases for calculateCompoundInterestAmount() :- 1 method

```

//Service class
package com.mars;

import java.util.Date;

import com.mars.model.Student;

public class MarsOperationsService {

    //01.method1
    public boolean isPalindrome(String str) {
        if(str == null || str.length() == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        String reverseStr = new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString();
        if(str.equals(reverseStr)) {
            return true;
        }
        return false;
    }

    //02.method2
    public Date showDateByMonth(int month) {
        if(month < 1 || month > 12) {
            return null;
        }
        return new Date();
    }
}

```

Example App using Test annotation based Life cycle methods

=====

//BankService.java

```
package com.nt.service;

public class BankService {

}

public double calcintrestAmount(double pamt,double rate,double time) {
if(pamt<=0 || rate<=0 || time<=0)
try {
}
throw new IllegalArgumentException("invalid inputs");
Thread.sleep(30000);
catch(Exception e) {
}
e.printStackTrace();
//calculate the Simple Intrest amount
return pamt*rate*time/100.0f;
}
```

To write common logic only for 1 time for all test methods.. then place in @BeforeAll method.. similarly place cleanup logic for all test methods in @AfterAll method.. These methods must be taken as static methods

AppTest.java

```
public class AppTest
{
private static BankService bankService; @BeforeAll
public static void setUp() {
System.out.println("AppTest.setUp()");
bankService=new BankService();
}
```

The methods of the App, that executes automatically by underlying server /container/ framework/JRE is called Life cycle method or Container Callback method

```
}
```

@BeforeEach

```
public void beforeTest() {
System.out.println("AppTest.beforeTest()");
}
```

@Test

```
public void testCalcintrestAmountWithBigValues() {
double expected=287999.0;
```

```
double actual=bankService.calcIntrestAmount (1200000.0, 2.0, 12.0); assertEquals(expected, actual, 1.0f);
}
```

@Test

@BeforeAll

```
public static void setUpOnce() {
    System.out.println("TestBankLoanService.setUpOnce()");
    service=new BankLoanService();
}
```

@AfterAll

```
public static void clearOnce() {
    System.out.println("TestBankLoanService.clearOnce()");
    service=null;
}
```

Delta value ---> The acceptable difference value

between actual result and the expected result

(very useful while scientific business methods)

```
public void testCalcIntrestAmountWithSmallValues() {
    double expected=1200.0;
    double actual=bankService.calcIntrestAmount(10000.0, 1.0, 12.0); assertEquals(expected, actual);
}
}
```

JUNIT 5-LifeCycle

Call-back Annotation

@BeforeAll

@BeforeEach

@Test

Testcase 1

@AfterEach

@BeforeEach

@Test --- Testcase 2

Executes once before executing

all the test cases (@Test methods)

Executes before each

Test case

(@Test method)

executes after each

test case (@ Test method)

@AfterEach

@AfterAll

Executes once at the end of

the all the Test cases (for all @Test methods)

@AfterAll and @BeforeAll methods are TestCase class level one time executing methods test @BeforeEach and @AfterEach methods are each case level repeatedly executing blocks

as

if Testcase class is having 20 methods test methods

then

=>@BeforeAll, @AfterAll methods execute only for 1 time =>@BeforeEach, @AfterEach methods execute for 20 times on 1 per each test method basis

@Test

```
public void testCalcIntrestAmountWithZeroOrNegativeValues() {
```

```
    //The expected exception } );
```

```
    assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, ()->{
```

```
        bankService.calcIntrestAmount (120000,-1,-20);
```

```
    });
```

```
    //Usecase for
```

```
    //JUnit Life Cycle methods
```

```
}
```

@Test

```
public void testCalcIntrestAmount Timer() {
```

```
    assertTimeout(Duration.ofMillis(30015), ()->{bankService.calcIntrestAmount (100000.0,2.0, 12);});
```

```
}
```

The max time that method

@AfterEach

can complete the execution

```
public void afterTest() {
```

```
    System.out.println("AppTest.afterTest()");
```

```
}
```

@AfterAll

```
public static void tearDown() {
```

```
    System.out.println("AppTest.tearDown()");
```

```
    bankService=null;
```

```
}
```

com.nt.service

>

✓

JUnitProj02

src/main/java

> BankService.java

#src/test/java

com.nt.tests

> AppTest.java

JRE System Library [JavaSE-17]

Maven Dependencies

>junit-jupiter-api-5.10.0.jar - C:\Users\NATAR >opentest4j-1.3.0.jar - C:\Users\NATARA\m?

> junit-platform-commons-1.10.0.jar - C:\Use >apiguardian-api-1.1.2.jar - C:\Users\NATARA

>junit-jupiter-params-5.10.0.jar - C:\Users\N/

>

src

› target

@BeforeAll ----> To initialize Service class obj required in all the @Test methods @AfterAll ----> To nullify Service class obj ref used in all the @Test methods

---->

@BeforeEach Tgetach new jdbc con object from the jdbc con pool required in @Test method execution

@AfterEach----> To return/close jdbc con object back to jdbc con pool that is used in @Test method

pom.xml

}

dependencies in pom.xml file

<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.junit.jupiter/junit-jupiter-api --> <dependency>

<groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>

<artifactId>junit-jupiter-api</artifactId>

<version>5.10.0</version>

=> The Java class that contains the b.logic is called Service class

=> The Java class that contains the persistence is called DAO class

=> We do not write test cases (@Test methods) separately for DAO class

methods becoz DAO class methods are invoked from Service class methods So Testing service methods indirectly test DAO class methods

<scope>test</scope>

</dependency>

<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.junit.jupiter/junit-jupiter-params -->

<dependency>

<groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>

<artifactId>junit-jupiter-params</artifactId>

<version>5.10.0</version>

```
<scope>test</scope>
```

```
</dependency>
```

How to test private method of the service class?

ans) we can not test private methods of service class directly.. So call

them from public methods of the service class and write junit test cases on the public methods to perform the unit testing

Examples on assertTrue() and assertFalse() methods

```
=====
```

```
=====
```

```
=====
```

In Service class

```
public boolean isPallendrome(String str) {  
    if(str==null || str.length()==0 || str.equalsIgnoreCase("")) throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid  
    Input");  
    String reverseStr=new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString(); if(str.equalsIgnoreCase(reverseStr))  
    }  
    return true;  
    else  
    return false;
```

In Testcase class

```
=====
```

@Test

```
public void testIsPallendromeWithValidInputs() { assertTrue(service.isPallendrome("madam"));  
}
```

@Test

```
public void testIs PallendromeWithInvalidInputs() {  
    assertFalse(service.isPallendrome("madam1"));  
}
```

@Test

```
public void testIsPallendromeWithNoInputs() {  
    assertThrows (IllegalArgumentException.class,()->{ service.isPallendrome(""); });  
}
```

Assignment :: Write Junit test cases for calculateCompoundIntrestAmount(-,-,-) method

More example on assertXxx() methods

```
=====
```

//Service class

```
=====
```

```
package com.nt.service;
```

```

import java.util.Date;
import com.nt.model.Student;
public class More OperationsService {
//B.method1
=====

public boolean isPallendrome(String str) {
if(str==null || str.length()==0 || str.equalsIgnoreCase("")) throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid String
"); //reverse the string

String reveseStr=new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString(); if(reveseStr.equalsIgnoreCase(str))
return true;
else
return false;
}
}

// B.method2
public Date showDateByMonth(int month) {
if(month>=1 && month<=12)
else
}
return new Date();
return null;

// Test case Class
//MoreOpertionsService Test
package com.nt.service;

import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertFalse; import static
org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertNotNull; import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertNull; import
static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertTrue; import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertSame;
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertNotSame;

import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.util.Date;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.AfterAll;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.BeforeAll;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
public class More OperationsService Test {
private static MoreOperationsService service;
@BeforeAll
public static void setUpOnce() {
System.out.println("MoreOperationsServiceTest.setUpOnce()");

```

```

service=new More OperationsService();
}
}

@Test
public void testis PallendromeWithValidData() {
String msg="madam";
assertTrue(service.isPallendrome(msg));
}

@Test
public void testis PallendromeWithInvalidData() {
String msg="nit";
assertFalse(service.isPallendrome(msg));
}

@Test
public void testShowDate ByValidMonth() {
Date actual=service.showDateByMonth(1);
assertNotNull(actual);
}

@Test
public void testShowDateByInvalidMonth() {
Date actual=service.showDateByMonth(-1);
assertNull(actual);
}

@Test
public void testSingleton Runtime() {
Runtime time1=Runtime.getRuntime();
Runtime time2=Runtime.getRuntime();
assertSame(time1,time2);
}

@Test
public void testSingletonLocalTime() {
LocalTime time1=LocalTime.now();
LocalTime time2=LocalTime.of(10, 20);
assertNotSame(time1,time2);
}

@AfterAll
public static void tearDownOnce() {

```



```
System.out.println("MoreOperationsServiceTest.tearDownOnce()");  
service=null;  
}
```