Making Spring Rest Producer App Sending XML Response body to Client App Consumer App (@RestController)

- => Based on given request type, making producer App sending different type of content with the specified content type is techically called Content negotiation.
- => For this we need to use "Accept" request header specifying content type like "JSON", "XML" and etc.. This make producer application giving content in response in the requested format .. Through'Accept" is request header, it makes the Producer/server/service provider App sending

its content in required format like JSON, XML and etc..

=>By default every method in Producer App sends palin text response if the return type is

ResponseEntity<String> otherwise (for RespinseEntity<non-String> it sends JSON response) sends JSON format content

Making Producer Application Sending XML response

=========

=>For this the Client app/consume App must set "Acccept" request header to "application/xml" (default is */*)

Accept: application/xml tells to producer App give me response content as xml content

Accept: */* tells to Producer Apps give me response in any format (what u want, that u can give) =>We need to add the following addtional depenency(jar file) to the project for converting Object data to xml format data

<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.fasterxml.jackson.dataformat/jackson-

dataformat-xml -->

<dependency>

<groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.dataformat</groupId> <artifactId>jackson-dataformat-xml</artifactId>

<version>2.12.5</version>

</dependency>

Consumer App side

req heåer Accept :: */*

(default)

req header accept:: */* (or) application/JSON

req header accept :: application/XML

collect from mvnrepository.com

non-string::

Producer App side

Response format of producer App

text content

三權

Rest opration method's return type ResponseEntity<T> generic type is <String> Rest opration method's return tyre ResponseEntity<T> generic type is <non-string> Rest opration method's return type ResponseEntity<T> generic type is <non-string>

ResponseEntity<T> generic type is <non-string> **JSON Content XML** Content Model class or collection or array or collection of Model class objs Client App (Cosumer Appl **Http Request GET** Accept: application/xml **HEAD** (request header) **Producer App** (@RestContoller) @GetMapping("</path>") public RT <method>(){ (other than String) return object; Jackson-dataformat-xml must be added to CLASSPATH **Http Response** } http 1.1 200 OK **HEAD** object to xml xml content as the response <>..... </> (xml body) **Body Example App**

```
step1) create Spring Boot starter project having
following starters, dependencices (spring web, lombok, jackson-dataformat-xml)
step2) Develioe the Model class
//Model class
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor @AllArgsConstructor
public class Customer {
private Integer cno;
private String cname;
private String cadd;
private Float billamt;
(starters)
(dependencies)
}
step3) Develop Producer as @RestController having method with other String Return type.
//Producer App
package com.nt.controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.GetMapping; import
org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import com.nt.model.Customer;
@RestController
public class CustomerOperationsController {
@GetMapping("/report")
public Customer showData() {
Customer cust=new Customer(1001,"raja","hyd",44545.77f); return cust;
(or)
step4) Run the Application
(RunAs --- Run on server)
Default response status code 200 will be taken
@GetMapping("/report")
public ResponseEntity<Customer> showData() {
Customer cust=new Customer(1001,"raja","hyd",44545.77f); return new
ResponseEntity<Customer>(cust,HttpStatus.OK);
Taking ResponseEntity<T> as Return is recomanded becoz it gives control on response status code.
step5) Give Request from POSTMAN Tool by setting "Accept" header with the value "application/xml"
(a)
```

```
GET
http://localhost:3030/Spring Boot RestProj04-XML Response/report (b)
Params Authorization Headers (7) Body
(f)
Host
(c)
Pre-request Script Tests Settings <calculated when request is sent>
Cookies
✓ User-Agent
Accept (deslect) (d)
Accept-Encoding
< Connection
PostmanRuntime/7.28.4
gzip, deflate, br
keep-alive
Accept
(e)
application/xml
Response
Body Cookies Headers (5)
Test Results
Pretty Raw
Preview
Visualize
XML
1
<Customer>
2
<cno>1001</cno>
(g)
<cname>raja</cname>
<cadd>hyd</cadd>
```

```
Activate Wir
Go to Settings t
=>if we send the above request with out placing Accept: application/xml request header then Accept:*/* will
be taken
as default value and we get Json response as show below
Body Cookies Headers (5) Test Results
Pretty Raw
Preview
Visualize
JSON
1
"cno": 1001,
"cname": "raja",
"cadd": "hyd",
"billamt": 44545.77
Activate Wir
Go to Settings to
=>In the above setup where we asking for XML response using "Accept:application/xml" request header, if
we are not placing "jackson-dataformat-xml" then we get 406 (Media Type Not Acceptable) Error
406 Not Acceptable 127 ms
```

=> we run the same Application with the above setup (not adding jackson-dataformat-xml jar file) and with out chaging "Accept" header value to "applicaiton/xml" then we get JSON response fron producer App

5

6

</Customer>

200 OK 292 ms 275 B

dillamt>44545.77</billamt>

becoz the method return non-String type
Body Cookies Headers (5) Test Results

Pretty
Raw
Preview

```
1
2
"cno": 1001,
3
"cname": "raja",
4
"cadd": "hyd",
5
"billamt": 44545.77
6
Visualize
JSON
-+
200 OK
Av
GC
```

Q) Can we take return type of the rest opeation method with out ResponseEntity? Ans) possible, if the return typeString then we get text response and if the return type is other than String then we get either XML or JSON format response based on the "accept" req header value we send from the consumer app.

note:: Spring Rest Apps /Rest APIs/spring Rest provider apps

themselves do not present data using UI comps, the take inputs in the form of XML or JSON from the Rest API Provider App and sends output to front end app in the form of XML or JSON content (consumer app)

In @RestController class

```
@GetMapping("/cust_report")
```

public Customer reportCustomerData(){

This Rest operation method

returned response status code

always 200 and it can not

Customer cust=new Customer(1001,"raja", "hyd",90000.0); be changed.. return cust;

if we take the Return type as

}

To get better control on response status code and response headers while returning results from the endpoints of

the RestController/Provider App its good to take Response Entity<T>

the ResponseEntity<T> then we can as the return type of the end point method send result + response status code togather as the response.

note:: overall ResponseEntity<T> as the return type is always good (came along with the request) Working with @RequestBody to convert given XML/JSON content into Model class obj

request

=> if Client generated http request is having XML/JSON content as the body and if want to construct java class object having that data then we need to specify @RequestBody for the parameter of Producer method whose type (endpoint is Model class name/Java class name

Client App/Consumer

App

POST

HEAD

...

{k:v,k:v,..} (JSON body Body

Producer/Server App

=>GET, HEAD mode request does not contain

body part.. but they send little amount

of data as request param names and values in query String eg: url?param1=val1¶m2=val2

=> The response of GET mode request contains both HEAD, BODY part where the response of HEAD mode request does not contains BODY Oplect for class part.. So we use GET mode request to get Here JSON data from server and HEAD mode request data will be converted obj) to check wheather certain web comp is available or not (Debugging purpose)

(we can not to use GET mode here @PostMapping("</path>") becoz GET mode reuest does public <RT> <method>(@RequestBody contain body)

to

<Classname> param){

=>GET mode request carry the data

in the form of query string appended

to the url, so GET mode request does

not BODY in the request structure contain

=> POST mode request carry the data in the form of request body content i.e data will not be appended to the url as the query string.

}

(while working with this Application jackson-dataformatter-xml is optional)

@RequestBody and @ResponseBody annotations are called MediaType annotations becoz they to recognize the input,output types like JSON content,XML content and etc..

@RequestBody is useful to convert the request related JSON/XML content to JAva class object

Rules with respect

to Deserilization activity

(Converting JSON doc content to

@ResponseBody is useful to convert rest operation method generated other than String

Model class object content) content to JSON/XML content

we do not use @ResponseBody separately, rather it will be applied automatically

```
on every rest operation method through @RestController kept on the class name
Syntax to use @RequestBody in method param
@RquestBody <ClassName> <paramName>
(no keys, values)
becomes obj name internally
=> if JSON body is comming as {} (Empty follower bracket) then the Object for class given in @RequestBody
will be ceated using O-param constructor with default values giverWM (0/0.0/null/false)
(Model class)
=> The keys in JSON body and the Property names in the giverclass of @RequestBody must match
Example App
in order to see Data binding to object.. if few keys and property names are matching and others not matching
then binding will happen only for few properties the remaining properties hold default values.
========
step1) Create spring Boot Project
adding the following starters, dependendencies
a) Lombok b) spring web c) jackson-dataformat-xml
(required for giving
step2) Develop the Model class xml content in request @RequestBody of spring Rest is very much similar to
//Model class
package com.nt.model;
body)
@ModelAttribute(-) of spring MVC
@ModelAttribute(-) is useful to bind IN MVC module
form data into Model class object @RequestBody is useful to bind JSON/XML data of request into Model
class object
import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor public class Customer { private Integer cno; private String cname; private String cadd;
private Float billAmt;
note :: we need to implement
java.io.Serializable interface
on Model class only if there
is a need of sending that Model
class object data over the network
```

```
step3)
Devleop Producer App as @RestController
or need of writing Model class obj data
to a file using Serialization cocepts
note: if want to use Model class obj to carry data between two layers of same Project then there is no need of
implementing java.io.Serializable(1) on it.
package com.nt.controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping; import
org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody; import
org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController; import com.nt.model.Customer;
@RestController
public class CustomerOperationsController {
@PostMapping("/register")
public String registerCustomer(@RequestBody Customer cust) {
return cust.toString();
}
step4) Run the Application
step5) Send the following request from POSTMAN
(a)
POST
http://localhost:3030/Spring Boot Rest Proj05-JSON-XMLRequestBody/register (b)
Params
Authorization Headers (8)
Body
Pre-request Script Tests Settings (c)
none
form-data
•x-www-form-urlencoded
raw • binary • GraphQL
JSON
(d)
{"cno":1001, "cname": "raja", "cadd": "hyd", "billAmt":5679.0}
type json body (e)
In Rest module
```

<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/com.fasterxml.jackson.dataformat/jackson-dataformat-xml --> <dependency> <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.dataformat</groupId> <artifactId>jackson-dataformat-xml</artifactId> </dependency> Version is not required for jackson jar file 200 OK 11 ms 220 B **Body Cookies** Headers (5) **Test Results** Pretty Raw Preview Visualize Text 1 Customer (cno=1001, cname-raja, cadd-hyd, billAmt=5679.0) (g) observe this output send => After taking request body as JSON/XML and if we do not correct format body content along with the HttpRequest then we get 400 error response (Bad Request) (no keys, values) => if JSON body is comming as {} (Empty follower bracket) then the Object for class given in @RequestBody will be ceated using O-param constructor with default values giver WM (0/0.0/null/false) if the model class is having java.time.LocalDateTime property then we can give value to that property in json doc in this pattern yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mm:ss example In Model class private LocalDateTime expiry; NTSPBMS616 / test5-req2 o **POST** A Save http://localhost:4040/BootRestProj05-JSON-XMLDataBindingToObjectUsing RequestBodyAnnotation/productapi/registe **Params**

Authorization
Headers (8)
Body

```
none form-data
x-www-form-urlencoded
raw
Pre-request Script binary
Tests Settings

    GraphQL

JSON
1
3
Body Cookies Headers (5)
Test Results
Pretty
Raw
Preview
Visualize
Text ✓
1
In JSON document
"expiry":"2023-11-23T17:25:34"
POST
http://localhost:3131/Boot Rest Proj05-ProviderApp-RequestBody-JSON/customer-api/register
Params Authorization Headers (8) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
Cookies
none
form-data
Ox-www-form-urlencoded
Beautify
1 {
Meeting Chat
-"cno":101,
no error
4
```

```
Status: 201 Created Time: 5 ms Size: 247 B
"cname": "raja",
Murali Krishna to You (
"cadd": "hyd",
yes sir clear
"billAmt":987878,
Mohit Chotalia to You (
7
-"doBlling": "2024-03-10T10:11:34"
sir tomorrow
class
8
9
Product (pid=null, pname=null, price=null, qty=null, expiry=null) is registered
Sending Xml data as the request body along with
using @RequestBody
Client App/Consumer POST
App
HEAD
<>...</> (xml body)
(we can not to use GET mode here becoz GET mode reuest does
contain body)
_____
Producer/Server App object for
class
Cookies
O raw
O binary GraphQL JSON
Beautify
ody Cookies
```

```
Headers (5)
Test Results
Pretty Raw
Preview
Visualize
Text
(Here Xml data will be converted obj)
@PostMapping("</path>") public <RT> <method>(@RequestBody
(while working with
this Application
jackson-dataformatter-xml is
<Classname> param){
Example App (same as above)
but make sure that Jackson data fromat -xml jar file is added to the build path
Test the App using Post Main as show below
POST (a) http://localhost:3030/SpringBoot RestProj05-JSON-XMLRequestBody/register (b) Authorization Headers
(8) Body
Params
none form-data •x-www-form-urlencoded
Pre-request Script Tests Settings
(c)
naw binary

    GraphQL XML

(d)
<cno>456</cno>
<cname>rajesh</cname>
1
<customer>
2
3
4
5
</customer>
<cadd>vizag</cadd>
```

O raw O binary O GraphQL

```
</customer>...
Headers (5) Test Results
Raw
Preview
Visualize
Text
Body
Cookies
200 OK 6 ms
Pretty
(g) get this output
Go to Se
http://localhost:3030/SpringBootRestProj05-JSON-XMLRequestBody/register
Params
Authorization
Headers (8) Body Pre-request Script Tests Settings
x-www-form-urlencoded
raw binary
GraphQL XML
2
<cno>456</cno>
3
<cname>rajesh</cname>
4
<cadd>vizag</cadd>
5 <billAmt>5678</billAmt>
6 </customer>
Body
Cookies
Headers (5) Test Results
(Response)
Pretty
Raw Preview
Visualize
Text
```

```
Ę
(1)
send
(http request
200 OK
21 ms
234 B
1 Customer (cno=null, cname=null, cadd=null, billAmt=null, doBlling=null)
with Body generated)
(3)
HandlerMapping
on
(2)(11)
DispatcherServlet
(6) gets details from
HandlerMapping
(7) Based @ReqeustBody
param, it uses different api
(5) gets registerCustomer(-)
signature +@RestController bean id (CustomerOperationsController)
(8) invokes the
the method of controller having Customer
to convert xml content of
obj as the arg value
request to customer class obi data
Customer obj(cust)
1 Customer(cno=456, cname=rajesh, cadd-vizag, billAmt=5678.0) (12)
@RestController
public class CustomerOperationsController {
@PostMapping("/register")
(9)
(4?) search for Post mapping method with /register as reuest path +POST mode
public String registerCustomer(@RequestBody Customer cust) { return cust.toString(); (10)
}
=> if request body content type is XML and the producer is not having
jackson-datafromatter-xml iar file in the build path the we get
```

415 error

(415 Unsupported Media Type)

conclusion

to get

(request header)

406 :: we want Xml response through "Accept:application/xml" but jackson-dataformatter-xml jar is Problem towards

(Not acceptablenot added in the producer application (related @ResponseBody)

reflects the problem related

marshalling activity

to data rendering

415 ::

we want to send xml body along with request to store into Object using @RequestBody

Problem towards

Reflects the problem related to data binding

(unsupported Media)

but jackson-dataformatter-xml jar is not added in the producer application unmarshalling activity

Send

Cookies

Beautify

A Save as example

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