



---

## JpaRepository methods

```
<S extends T> List<S>
```

the

```
findAll(Example<5> example, Sort sort)
```

Returns records as List<T> objects by taking non-null values of given Example obj. based Entity object and sorts the selected records according

*to sort object info. uses only non-null values of given entity obj as the criteria values with and clause conditions*

=>Example obj\_ is spring data supplied object containing other object .. It is like Optional object of Java8..

Example obj Doctor obj

Example example=Example.of(doctor);

... contains data

=> All methods of pre-defined Repositories

Example object and Optional object both hold other object .. but their utilization is different.

can search/delete/update the records only by taking

id value as the criteria value.. where as findAll(Example example) method can search and get the records by taking all Entity obj's non-null property values as the criteria values

Example class in spring data api is given

by inspiring from hibernate api

-

much d

findAll(Example example) is very use in real project when ever there is a need of generating select query with dynamic conditions

usecases :: Searching products in e-commerce app by applying 0 or more filters

eg:: mobiles searching with filters

in flipkart.com

In service Interface

**Method Summary**

```
public List<Doctor> showDoctorsByExampleData(Doctor exDoctor, boolean ascOrder, String ...properties);
```

In service Impl class @Override

Instance Methods

Modifier and Type

Method

**Abstract Methods Default Methods Description**

T

```
getMatcher() getProbe()
```

```
default Class <T>
```

```
getProbeType()
```

```
public List<Doctor> showDoctorsByExampleData(Doctor exDoctor, boolean ascOrder, String...  
properties(pleMatcher //Prepare Sort object
```

```
Sort sort=Sort.by(ascOrder?Direction.ASC: Direction.DESC, properties);
```

```
// Example object
```

```
Example example=Example.of(exDoctor);
```

```
// use the repo
```

```
List<Doctor> list=doctorRepo.findAll(example,sort);
```

```
//return the collection
```

```
return list;
```

**In Runner class**

```
Doctor doctor=new Doctor();
```

```
static <T> Example<T> of (T probe)
```

```
Get the ExampleMatcher used.
```

```
Get the example used.
```

```
Get the actual type for the probe used.
```

```
Create a new Example including all non-null properties by default.
```

```
static <T> Example<T> of (T probe, ExampleMatcher matcher) Create a new Example using  
the given ExampleMatcher.
```

**note:: The industry standard Repository in Spring Data jpa based projects is JpaRepository**

```
doctor.setSpecialization("cardio"); doctor.setIncome (90000.0);
```

```
service.showDoctors ByExampleData(doctor, true, "income").forEach(System.out::println);
```

**output**

```
=====
```

```
2023-02-08T19:54:04.158+05:30 INFO 24696 --- [ main] j.LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean : Initialized  
JPA EntityManagerFactor 2023-02-08T19:54:04.917+05:30 INFO 24696 --- [ main]  
roj3PagingAndSortingRepsitoryApplication: Started BootDataJpaProj3PagingAnc Hibernate: select  
d1_0.doc_id,d1_0.doc_name,d1_0.income,d1_0.specialization from jpa_doctor_info d1_0 where  
d1_0.specialization=? and d1 Doctor [docid=5674, docName=suresh, specialization-cardio, income=90000.0]  
Doctor [docid=4565, docName=raja, specialization-cardio, income=90000.0]
```

```
2023-02-08T19:54:05.194+05:30 INFO 24696 --- [ionShutdownHook]  
j.LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean: Closing JPA EntityManagerFa 2023-02-08T19:54:05.199+05:30  
INFO 24696 --- [ionShutdownHook] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Shutdown initiate  
2023-02-08T19:54:05.216+05:30 INFO 24696 --- [ionShutdownHook] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource
```

**What is the difference among findAll() methods of CrudReposiotry, PagingAndSortingRepository and JpaRepository**

**: HikariPool-1 - Shutdown comple**

**method**

**findAll() in CrudRepository**

**Ability to**

**Return type**

**Sorting ability**

**Pagination Ability**

**Taking Example obj**

**use in SQL and NoSQL DB s/w s**

**Iterable<T>**

no

no

no

yes

**findAll() in PASRepository findAll() in JpaRepository**

**Iterable<T>**

yes

yes

no

yes

**List<T>**

yes

no

yes

no

**getReferenceById(-) [alternate to getById(-) and getOne(-) methods of the same JpaRepository]**

=====

**=>This method very similart to findById(-) of CurdRepository with few minor chanages (The main chage is findById(-) performs**

T

getById(ID id)

T

getOne (ID id)

getReferenceById(ID id)

getReferenceById(ID id)

T getById(ID id)

T

**Deprecated.**

use getReferenceById(ID) instead.

**Deprecated.**

use getReferenceById (ID) instead.

eager loading of the object where as

`getReferenceById(-)` performs lazy Loading the object)

Returns a reference to the entity with the given identifier.

=>While designing Java Bean based Entity classes, DTO classes (Data Transfer Object) It is recommended to take Wrapper type properties becoz they null value representing no value.. if we simple data type properties they take 0 or 0.0 as default which are actually values to consider (These values really becomes problematic while dealing with Example<T> obj based serach actitives)

1001

(c)

(a)

↓

`Doctor doc=doctorRepo.getReferenceById(id);`

**BFR**

`rs(ResultSet)`

**real**

Entity obj

(g)

1001 (b)

1001 raja cardio

1001 raja cardio 9000 (f)

oracle db s.w

LAIR

1001

raja cardio 9000

9000

Returns a reference to the entity with the given identifier. Depending on how the JPA persistence provider is implemented this is very likely to always return an instance and throw an `EntityNotFoundException` on first access. Some of them will reject invalid identifiers immediately.

Parameters:

`id must not be null.`

Returns:

`a reference to the entity with the given identifier.`

**example**

**In service Interface**

`public Doctor findDoctorById(Integer id);`

**In service Impl class**

**@Override**

`public Doctor findDoctorById(Integer id) {`

}

In client App

note:: this getByld(-) or getReferenceByld(-) or

```
//Doctor doctor=doctorRepo.getByld(id); Doctor doctor=doctorRepo.getReferenceByld(id); return doctor;
```

```
System.out.println(service.findDoctorByld(5674));
```

getOne(-) methods of JpaRepository performs the lazy loading of the object by default i.e when this method is called it just returns Proxy object (subclass of the entity class obj) having id value (i.e no hit to db s/w). when non-identifier method is called on the top of proxy object the real hit to db s/w takes place and the gathered record will be stored in to Entity class object (real object) that is linked with Proxy object

In application.properties

another

#To enable lazy loading of record in the underlying Hibernate f/w

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.enable\_lazy\_load\_no\_trans=true

and getReferenceByld() need

For getOne(-),getByld(-) methods this property to make underlying Hibernate f/w to support lazy loading even though Transactional env.. is not taken.. In old versions spring data jpa just @Transactional in service is class sufficient.

=> The proxy object returned by the getReferenceByld(-) method is the object InMemory proxy class that extends from Entity class. if the Entity class is taken as the final class then this InMemory proxy class generation fails. This makes getReferenceByld(-) performing eager loading of the object

Proxy obj (sub class obj

of Entity class)

(d) doc.getSpecialization()

(non-identifier method)

(h) cardio

select from jap\_doctor tab where docid=1001 (e)

flow diagram for findByld(-) method

(eager Loading)

====

In service Impl class

```
(a) Optional<Customer> opt=custRepo.findByld(cno);
```

1001

What is the difference et

getByld(-) of JpaRepository and findByld(-) of CrudRepository? or getReferenceByld(-)

getByld(-) getOne()/getReferenceByld()

(a) returns Entity obj ref representing

record that is selected for given id

(first gives proxy object then gives real entity object)

(b) performs Lazy Loading of record/object

i.e first returns proxy object and when that proxy is used then record will be retrieved from DB s/w to put into Entity class obj (real obj) is

(c) if record not found we can not throw custom exception.. it gives the fixed EntityNotFoundException

(d) Works only in SQL DB s/w

(e) Impl depends on underlying Hibernate framework

findById(-) (CrudRepository)

(a) returns Optional<T> obj having Entity obj for the same (Directly gives Optional object having the Entity obj)

**Optional object**

aving Customer obj

(b) perform eager loading i.e gets the record/object from DB table directly with out involving any proxy object irrespective of wheather that object is used or not

(c) with the support of Optional API we can throw Custom Exception.. or custom message

(d) Works in both SQL and NO SQL DB s/w

(e) Impl is given in spring dataJpa itself

(f) additional property cfg in in applicaiton.properties (f) not required.

is reuquired

(g) if record not found we get exception (EntityNotFoundException)

(h) This method getReferenceById(-) does not actually talks with Db s/w.. The non-indentifier getter methods generated proxy class talks with DB s/w by generating SQL Query

(i) if Entity class is taken as final class then InMemory Proxy class will not be generated

So,

this method performs only eager loading

(j) In getReference ById(-) method call 1 proxy

obj and 1 real obj is involved generally

(g) if record not found, we get Empty Optional object

for which we send custom message or we can throw exception

(h) This method directly talks with DB s/w by generating the SQL Query

(i) This method always performs eager loading irrespective of wheather entity class is taken as final class or not?

(j) In findById(-) method, only one real object is involved

**While working with spring Data JPA choose persistence methods in the following order**

(a) CrudRepository methods

==>if not sufficient then

(b) PagingAndSortingRepository methods

## Common Repositories

==> if not sufficient then

### (c) JpaRepository methods

==> if not sufficient then

### (d) Custom methods in our Repository Interface.

#### Best

custom

#### custom

finder methods (only for select operations) [Also called as findBy methods]

### (ii) @Query methods (for HQL/JPQL and Native SQL Queries)

custom

based Select operations)

### (iii) @Query + @Modifying methods

(for HQL/JPQL and Native SQL Queries based

custom non-Select operations)

(insert, update, delete operations)

various options to place

custom methods in the our Repository interfaces

**HQL:: Hibernate Query Language**

**JPQL:: Jakarta Persistence API Query Language**

What is the difference b/w Example object and Optional Object?

hold

Ans) Example object is useful to another Entity object with example data/values using which the findAll(Example) method performs search operation to perform select operation and get records by given Entity data with and clause conditions

Optional object useful to hold another Entity object. This object holds Entity given by findById(-) method representing the record that is given by select SQL Query execution

**Select from JPA\_CUSTOMER Where cid=1001**

Customer obj(Entity obj)

rs(ResultSet)

**BFR**

cno:101 cname:raja cadd:hyd billamt:9000

**(d)**

**(c)**

**1001 raja hyd 90000**

LAIR

DB s/w

1001



