

Software Documentation

1. Python (Use google colab to run the code)

1. Per person value of consumption of cereal and pulses in 30 days.ipynb

#Data used - Value (Rs.) of consumption of cereals and pulses per person.

#Load the dataset in google colab and run the following code.

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import seaborn as sns
```

```
import plotly.express as px
```

```
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

```
pip install --upgrade "kaleido==0.1.*"
```

```
from google.colab import files
```

```
df=pd.read_excel("/content/Value (Rs.) of consumption of cereals and pulses per person for a  
period of 30 days for each fractile class of MPCE.xlsx",index_col=[0,1])
```

```
def plot_all_class_bar(df,state):
```

```
    fig=make_subplots(rows=1,cols=2,subplot_titles=("Rural","Urban"))
```

```
    fig1=px.bar(df.loc["Rural"].sort_values(by="All Classes",ascending=True),
```

```
              y="Item description",x="All Classes",orientation="h",
```

```
              )
```

```
    fig1.update_traces(
```

```
        hovertemplate="<b>Value in Rs:</b> %{x}<br>"
```

```
        "<b>Item description:</b> %{y}<br>"
```

```

)

for traces in fig1.data:

    fig.add_trace(traces,row=1,col=1)


fig2=px.bar(df.loc["Urban"].sort_values(by="All Classes",ascending=True),

            y="Item description",x="All Classes",orientation="h",

            )

fig2.update_traces(

    hovertemplate="<b>Value in Rs:</b> %{x}<br>"

                "<b>Item description:</b> %{y}<br>"

)

for traces in fig2.data:

    fig.add_trace(traces,row=1,col=2)


fig.update_layout(title_text=f"Per person value of consumption of cereals and pulses in 30
days in {state}. ",width=1600,height=600)

fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Value in Rs",row=1,col=1)

fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Value in Rs",row=1,col=2)

fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Item description")

fig.show()


fig.write_image(f"{state}.png")

files.download(f"{state}.png")

dfs={}

state_names=df.index.get_level_values(0).unique()

for state in state_names:

```

```
dfs[state]=df.loc[state]
```

```
import time
```

```
for (name,df) in dfs.items():
```

```
    plot_all_class_bar(df,name)
```

```
    time.sleep(3)
```

#This code should download 34 state wise plots.

2. Sex ratio sunburst chart.ipynb

#Data used- Estimated number of households and persons by gender and average MPCE for each fractile class of MPCE.

#Load the dataset in google collab and run the code

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import plotly.express as px
```

```
df=pd.read_excel("/content/Estimated number of households and persons by gender and average MPCE for each fractile class of MPCE.xlsx",index_col=[0,1])
```

```
df["Total_Males"]=df.Adults_Male+df.Children_Male
```

```
df["Total_Females"]=df.Adults_Female+df.Children_Female
```

```
df.drop(index="All-India",inplace=True)
```

```
df=df[["Fractile class of MPCE","Total_Males","Total_Females"]]
```

```
df.reset_index(inplace=True) #multiindex to single index
```

```
df
```

```
df_long=df.melt(id_vars=["State/UT/All-India","Sector","Fractile class of MPCE"],var_name="Gender",value_name="Count")
```

```
df_long
```

```
df_long.Gender=df_long.Gender.map({"Total_Males":"Male","Total_Females":"Female"})
```

```
df_long
```

```
from google.colab import files
```

```
fig=px.sunburst(df_long,path=["State/UT/All-India","Sector","Fractile class of MPCE","Gender"],values="Count",branchvalues="total")
```

```
fig.update_traces(
```

```

insidetextorientation='radial',

textinfo='label+percent parent',

marker=dict(line=dict(width=1)),

hovertemplate="<b>{%label}</b><br>"

        "Total people sampled: {%value}<br>",

    )

fig.update_layout(

    margin=dict(t=10, l=10, r=10, b=10),

    width=1900,

    height=800,

)

fig.write_html("sunburst.html",full_html=True)

files.download("sunburst.html")

#This should generate and download a html file of sunburst chart

```

2. R

1. Average MPCE in rupees for fractile class

```
#Run the following code to generate state wise chart of avg mpce for different fractile class

df <- read.csv("D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\1\\2\\data_adjusted.csv",
check.names = FALSE)

dim(df)

str(df)

View(df)

df <- df[,-3]

View(df)
```

```

my_func <- function(state){

temp <- df[which(df$State/UT/All-India == state), -1]

library(tidyverse)

melted_temp <- temp %>% pivot_longer(cols = names(temp)[-1], names_to = "Family Size", values_to
= "Avg. MPCE")

p <- melted_temp %>% ggplot(aes(x = Family Size, y = Avg. MPCE, fill = Sector)) + geom_col(position
= "dodge") + labs(title = paste(state, ": Average MPCE in Rupees")) + theme(legend.position = "top")

ggsave(path = "D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\1\\2\\", plot = p, width = 10, height =
8, device='png', dpi=1000, filename = paste(state, ".png", sep = ""), units = "in", bg = "white") }

for (i in unique(df$State/UT/All-India)) { my_func(i)
}

```

2. Family size for different fractile class

#Run the following code to generate statwise chart

```

data_1 <- read.csv("D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\1\\3\\data_adjusted.csv",
check.names = FALSE)

```

```
dim(data_1)
```

```
names(data_1)
```

```
str(data_1)
```

```
data_1$`9` <- as.numeric(data_1$`9`)
```

```
data_1$`10+` <- as.numeric(data_1$`10+`)
```

```
str(data_1)
```

```
View(data_1)
```

```
any(is.na(data_1) == TRUE)
```

```
col_na <- c()
```

```
col_na <- apply(data_1, 2, FUN = is.na)
```

```
table(col_na[,1])
```

```
table(col_na[,2])
```

```
table(col_na[,3])
```

```
table(col_na[,4])
```

```
table(col_na[,5])
```

```
table(col_na[,6])
```

```
table(col_na[,7])
```

```
table(col_na[,8])
```

```
table(col_na[,9])
```

```
table(col_na[,10])
```

```
table(col_na[,11])
```

```
table(col_na[,12])
```

```
unique(data_1[which(col_na[, 12] == TRUE), 1])
```

```
table(col_na[,13])
```

```
unique(data_1[which(col_na[, 13] == TRUE), 1])
```

```
na_states <- c("Chandigarh", "Puducherry", "Goa")
```

```

states <- unique(data_1$`State/UT/All-India`)

my_func_1 <- function(state){

  df_1 <- data_1[which(data_1$`State/UT/All-India` == state),]

  df_11 <- df_1[which(df_1$Sector == "Rural"), -(1:2)]
  df_12 <- df_1[which(df_1$Sector == "Urban"), -(1:2)]

  library(tidyverse)

  df_melted_11 <- df_11 %>%
    pivot_longer(cols = names(df_11)[-1],
                 names_to = "size",
                 values_to = "percentage")

  p1 <- df_melted_11 %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Fractile.class.of.MPCE, y = percentage, fill = size)) +
    geom_col(position = "stack") +
    labs(x = "Fracticle Class of MPCE", y = "",
         title = paste(state, ": Rural"), fill = "Family Size") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45),
          axis.text.y = element_blank(),
          axis.ticks.y = element_blank(),
          legend.position = "top") +

```

```
guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
```

```
df_melted_12 <- df_12 %>%
```

```
  pivot_longer(cols = names(df_12)[-1],
```

```
    names_to = "size",
```

```
    values_to = "percentage")
```

```
p2 <- df_melted_12 %>%
```

```
  ggplot(aes(x = Fractile.class.of.MPCE, y = percentage, fill = size)) +
```

```
  geom_col(position = "stack") +
```

```
  labs(x = "Fractile Class of MPCE", y = "",
```

```
    title = paste(state, ": Urban"), fill = "Family Size") +
```

```
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45),
```

```
    axis.text.y = element_blank(),
```

```
    axis.ticks.y = element_blank(),
```

```
    legend.position = "top") +
```

```
  guides(fill = guide_legend(nrow = 1))
```

```
library(gridExtra)
```

```
plot <- grid.arrange(p1, p2, nrow = 1, ncol = 2)
```

```
ggsave(path = "D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\1\\3\\",
```

```
  plot = plot,
```

```
  width = 16,
```

```
  height = 8,
```

```
  device='png',
```



```
    dpi=1000,  
  
    filename = paste(state, ".png", sep = ""),  
  
    units = "in",  
  
    bg = "white")  
}
```

```
for (i in states) {  
  
  my_func_1(i)  
  
}
```

3. Employment distribution state wise

#Run the following code to generate statewise employment distribution pie chart

```
df <- read.csv("D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\4\\3\\data_adjusted.csv",  
check.names = FALSE)
```

```
dim(df)
```

```
str(df)
```

```
df$`Regular wage/salary earning in agriculture` <- as.numeric(df$`Regular wage/salary earning in  
agriculture`)
```

```
str(df)
```

```
View(df)
```

```
any(is.na(df) == TRUE)
```

```
x <- which(is.na(df) == TRUE, arr.ind = TRUE); x
```

```

df[x] <- 0

for(i in 1:nrow(df)){

  jpeg(paste("D:\\Users\\Documents\\MOSPI_hackathon\\Ananda\\4\\3\\", df[i, 1], ".jpg", sep = ""),
        width = 7000, height = 4000,
        res = 500)

  values <- as.numeric(df[i, -1])

  percentages <- round(( values / sum(values) ) * 100, digits = 2)

  pie(values,
        paste(names(df)[-1], ":", percentages, "%"),
        col = c("#FF5733", "#33FF57", "#3357FF", "#FF33A8", "#FFC733", "#33FFF5", "#A833FF"),
        main = paste("Employment Distribution in", df[i, 1]))

  dev.off()
}

```