<u>High Level Design (HLD)</u> <u>Flight Fare Prediction</u>

Revision Number - 1.2

Last Date of Revision: 29 - 03 - 2022

Ritik Ratnawat Vedant Deshmukh

Document Version Control

Date	Version	Description	Author
24 - 03 - 2022	1.0	Abstract Introduction Problem Statement	Ritik
28 - 03 - 2022	1.1	Design Flow	Ritik
29 - 03 - 2022	1.2	Performance Evaluation Conclusion	Ritik

Contents

Document Version Control	2		
Abstract	4		
1. Introduction	5		
1.1 Why this HLD Document?	. 5		
1.2 Scope	. 5		
1.3 Definitions	5		
2. General Description			
2.1 Problem Perspective	6		
2.2 Problem Statement	6		
2.3 Proposed Solution	6		
2.4 Further Improvements	6		
2.5 Technical Requirements	6		
2.6 Data Requirements	7		
2.7 Tools Used	7		
2.8 Constraints	7		
2.9 Assumptions	7		
3. Design Flow			
3.1 Model Creation and Evaluation	8		
3.2 Deployment Process	8		
3.3 Logging	8		
3.4 Error Handling	9		
4. Performance Evaluation	9		
4.1 Reusability	9		
4.2 Application Compatibility	9		
4.3 Resource Utilization	9		
4.4 Deployment	9		
5. Conclusion	9		

Abstract

The recent changes in the international market had a large impact on the Aviation sector because of the several reasons. These impact the two class folks, the first is Business perspective and second is Customer perspective. The major reason of such impact is the governments around the world amended totally different rules to their various Airline firms. Taking of these factors in thought the value of the flight tickets has vary from one place to another. Booking a flight ticket its price tag has split into two, one is online bookings and other is offline bookings. Each of these have their various criteria for value of the price, one such example is that the server load and therefore the range of booking requests. During this machine learning implementation, we are going to see numerous factors that impact the price of the flight ticket and predict the acceptable price of the ticket.

1. Introduction

1.1 Why this HLD Document?

The main purpose of this HLD document is to feature the required details of the project and supply the outline of the Model Creation, Evaluation and Deployment. This additionally provides the careful description on however the complete project has been designed end-to-end.

The HLD will:

- Present of the design aspects and define them in detail.
- Describe the user interface being implemented.
- Describe the hardware and software interfaces.
- Describe the performance requirements.
- Include design features and architectural design of the project.
- List and describe the non functional attributes like :
 - Security
 - o Reliability
 - Maintainability
 - Portability
 - o Reusability
 - o Resource Utilization

1.2 Scope

The HLD documentation presents the structure of the system, such as database design, architectural design, application flow and technology architecture. The HLD uses non-technical terms to technical terms that can be understandable to the administrator of the system.

1.3 Definitions

Term	Description	
FFP	Flight Fare Prediction	
Database	Collection of all the information used by the System.	
Jupyter - Notebook	It is an interactive computational environment, in which you can combine code execution, rich text, mathematics, plots and rich media.	
Heroku	Heroku is a platform as a service (PaaS) that enables developers to build, run, and operate applications entirely in the cloud.	

2. General Description

2.1 Problem Perspective

The flight fare prediction may be a machine learning model that helps users to predict the price of the flight tickets and help them to understand the price of their journey.

2.2 Problem Statement

After amendment of the new rules, there is changes in the flight fare price from one location to another. The main goal of the system is to create a model to predict the price of their flight fare on the basis of bound input provided by user like date of journey, Source, Destination and many more.

2.3 Proposed Solution

To solve the problem, we have created a User interface for taking the input from the user to predict the flight fare price using our trained ML model after processing the input and at last the output (predicted value) from the model is communicated to the User.

2.4 Further Improvements

We also analysis the data used for training the ML model by considering different occasions such as Weekday, Season or any Social reasons, considering different angle of business. If we method such information and predict the discounted flight fare price, it will bring some loss to the airline companies but user can get benefit from that. If we develop these using Business perspective of Airline, this technique isn't thought - about.

2.5 Technical Requirements

As technical requirements, we doesn't need any specialized hardware for virtualization of the application. The user should have the device that has the access to the web and the fundamental understanding of providing the input. And for the backend, we need server to run all the required packages to process the input and predict the desired output (predicted flight fare price).

2.6 Data Requirements

The Data requirements is totally supported the matter statement and also the dataset is accessible on the Kaggle within the file format of (.xlsx). Because the main theme of the project is to induce the expertise of real time issues, we have a tendency to transform the information into the prophetess database and commerce it into csy format.

2.7 Tools Used

- Python 3.9 is employed because the programming language and frameworks like NumPy, Pandas, Scikit learn and alternative modules for building the model.
- Jupyter Notebook is employed as IDE.
- For Data visualizations, seaborn and components of matplotlib are getting used.
- For information assortment prophetess info is getting used.
- Front end development is completed victimization HTML/CSS.
- Flask is employed for each information and backend readying.
- GitHub is employed for version management.
- Heroku is employed for deployment.

2.8 Constraints

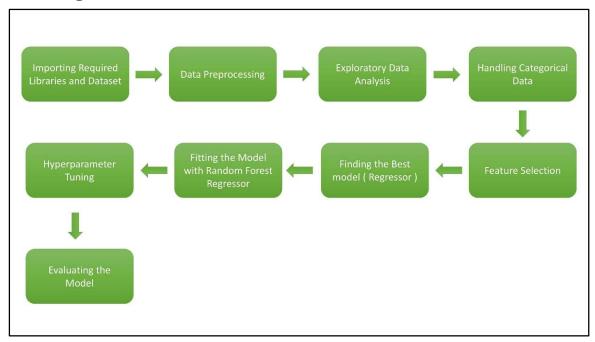
The flight fare prediction answer should be user friendly, as automatic as attainable and also the user should not be needed to understand any of the operating.

2.9 Assumptions

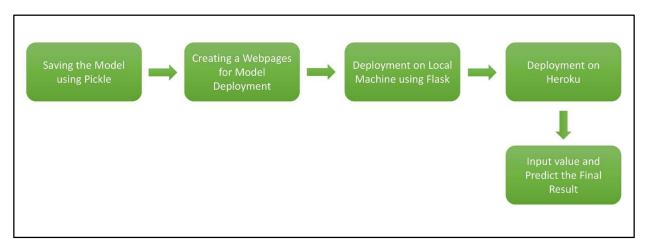
The main objective of the project is to implement the utili cases as for the new dataset that provides the user the ability to predict Flight Fare Price. Machine learning model is employed for process the user input for prediction. It additionally assumed that each one aspects of this project have the flexibility to figure along within the approach the designer is expecting.

3. Design Flow

3.1 Modelling Process



3.2 Deployment Process



3.3 Logging

In logging, at each if an error or an exception is occurred, the event is logged into the system log file with reason and timestamp. These helps the developer to debug the system bugs and rectifying the error.

3.4 Error Handling

Once the error is occurred, the reason is logged into the log file with timestamp to rectify and handle it.

4. Performance Evaluation

4.1 Reusability

The code written and the components used should have the ability to be reused with no problems.

4.2 Application Compatibility

The different parts of the system are communicating or using Python as an interface between them. All the components have its own tasks to perform and it is a job of a Python to ensure proper transfer of data.

4.3 Resource Utilization

When ant task is performed, it'll doubtless use all the process power offered till the process is finished.

4.4 Deployment

The model can be deployed using the any cloud services such as Microsoft Azure, Amazon web services, Heroku, Google cloud, etc.

5. Conclusion

The Flight Fare Prediction system will predict the price for helping the customers with the trained knowledge with set of rules. The user can use these system to recognize the approximate value of its flight fare for his or her journey.