Intelligence Test (Verbal)

Verbal reasoning is the understanding and reasoning concept framed in words. It most specifically refers to more complex thinking tasks, such as analysis, synthesis and evaluation of text. It aims at evaluating ability to think logically and constructively.

In verbal intelligence test a series of question is provided, candidate has to understand the pattern and pick the correct answer. The number of questions are generally 40-50 and time given to candidates to solve them, is 25-35 min. There is no negative marking, so try to attempt as many questions as possible.

You will usually find questions on all of the following:

- Spelling Test
- Analogy
- Synonym and Antonym
- Classification
- Sitting Arrangement
- Puzzle
- Ranking

- Sentence Completion
- Verbal Deductions
- Direction Sense Test
- Series
- Blood Relations
- Logical Venn Diagram

Some examples of each of the above category is provided as illustrations and thereafter some sample tests are given for practice.

Spelling Test

In such type of questions four words are given, out of which one is incorrectly spelt, you are required to find that word. Basically, these type of questions, test your vocabulary.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of example given below :

- **1.** Which of the following words is incorrectly spelt?
 - (a) Separate
- (b) Ordnance
- (c) Success
- (d) None of these

✓ 1. (b) Correct spelling – Ordinance

Sentence Completion

The questions are designed to test the comprehensive ability as well as the knowledge of the meaning of words required to be filled in. The candidate is asked to select the best of the alternatives given. These questions are relatively straight forward but more than one of the words may complete the sentence so you must read it carefully and choose the appropriate word

you i	must read it careful	ly and choose the a	ippropriate word.	
	se type of question n below :	s can be better un	derstood with the l	help of examples
	As a result of m. (a) tolerance (c) humility (b)	any unsuitable cand	didates were selecter (b) favouritism (d) weakness	ed for the posts.
	The pilot was in (a) seriously (b)	jured, he died with (b) fatally	in half an hour. (c) fatefully	(d) vitally
	Only when faile (a) efforts, pressur (c) persuasions, for (c)	re	ed to (b) arrests, imprisor (d) power, punishmen	
Ques to kn eithe	ow the meaning of r the same or oppo	onym & antonym t the words given in site meaning.	order to select the	
	se type of question n below :	s can be better un	derstood with the l	help of examples
	Which of the give following sentence?		orrectly replace the	e bold word in the
	Man has to encoun (a) Solve (b)	ter many hardship (b) Face	in life. (c) Bea	(d) Overcome
	Select the word the etters.			nain word in capital
	ام النماناله ما	MENIA		(al) Cials
	(a) Unskilled ▼ (a)	(b) Tall	(c) Affluent	(d) Sick
7 . v	Which of these wor	ds are opposite in 1		
	(1) Lose	(2) Loser	(3) Vanquish	(4) Winner
•	(a) (1, 3) (c) (2, 4)	(b) (3, 4)	(c) (2, 4)	(d) (2, 3)

Analogy

Analogy can be described as the logical similarity between two or more groups of numbers, letters, words, objects and things. Analogy is asked in examination to check the candidate's intellectual skills. The candidate is required to carefully identify the relationship between two or more things and find out the alternative based on that relationship.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below:

- **8.** 'Drama' is related to 'scene', in the same way as 'book' is related to.....
 - (a) story
- (b) chapter
- (c) author
- (d) page
- **9.** 'Waves' is related to 'air' in the same way as 'ripples' is related to.... (d) smoke
- (b) water
- (c) storm
- **10.** 'Shirt' is related to 'button', in the same way as 'shoes' is related to.....
 - (a) stitch
- (b) leg
- (c) socks
- (d) None of these

- **11.** Cloth : Mill :: Newspaper:?
 - (a) Celitor
- (b) Reader
- (c) Paper
- (d) Press

- **12.** GREAT : 25 :: Number : ?
 - (a) 36
- (b) 38
- (c) 27
- (d) 24

- **8.** (b) 12. (a)
- **9**. (b)
- **10.** (*d*)
- **11**. (d)

Verbal Deductions

These type of questions are designed to test candidate's ability to understand and manipulate the information given to solve a specific problem. Various types of questions are asked from verbal deductions. Some of them are discussed here.

Coding-Decoding Coding is a method used to convey secret message from one place to another especially in defence services. The codes are based on a particular pattern, so that it can be easily decoded at the other end. These questions are designed to test your mental ability to grasp the logic and decipher the coded message.

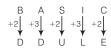
These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below:

- **13.** In a certain code BASIC is written as DDULE. How is LEADER written in that code?
 - (a) NGCFGT

(b) NHCGGU

- (c) OFDFET
- (d) OHDGHU

√ (b) As,



Similarly,

- 14. In a certain code PEN is written as NZO and BARK as CTSL. How can we write PRANK in that coding system?
 - (a) NTSLO

(b) NSTOL

(c) NZTOL

- (d) None of these
- (b) According to the question,



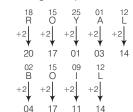
Therefore word.

- **15.** If ROYAL is coded as 20-17-01-03-14, how will you code BOIL?
 - (a) 04-17-11-14

(b) 04-11-17-14

(c) 04-14-11-17

- (d) None all these
- (a) According to the English alphabet,



Similarly,

- **16.** If EARTH is coded as 25634, then HEART is coded as
 - (a) 43563

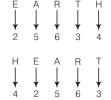
(b) 44563

(c) 42563

Similarly,

(d) 41563

✓ (C)



- **17.** If in a certain code, BAT = 23 and BALL = 27, then how will you code CAT?
 - (a) 24

(b) 23

(c) 27

- (d) 30
- ✓ (a) The letters are coded by numerals denoting their positions in the English alphabet.

i.e.
$$A=1, B=2,...., Z=26$$

$$BAT=B+A+T=2+1+20=23$$

$$BALL=B+A+L+L=2+1+12+12=27$$
 Similarly,
$$CAT=C+A+T=3+1+20=24$$

18.	In a language A is coded as 1, B is 6 (a) 228956 (c) 248956	coded as 2,, then (b) 218956 (d) 218855	BRIEF is coded as
	⋆ (b) BRIEF is coded as 218956.		
19.	If 'Room' is called as 'Book', 'Book Then, what is useful to carry books?	?	'Bag' is called as 'Mat'.
	(a) Book (c) Mat	(b) Bag (d) None of thes	е
	✓ (c) Bag is useful to carry books. Here carry books.		
20.	If 'Blue' is called 'Green', 'Green' 'White' is called 'Yellow', then wha (a) Yellow (b) White		
	(a) The colour of milk is white. Here, is yellow.	white is called yellow	v. So, the colour of milk
21.	In a certain code '467' means 'red flower' and '367' means 'white colou (a) 4 (b) 8		- C
	 ✓ (d) 467 – red colour chalk 685 – green colour flower 367 – white colour chalk ∴Code for white is 3. 	· ,	`,
22.	In a certain code language 'ja na d' 'they are good' and 'ja ha la' means that code language?		
	(a) what (b) are	(c) they	(d) how
	Jana da - how are you na pa qa - they are good ja ha la - what you want		
	∴da means how.		
ire	ection Sense Test		
In t	hese type of questions, some instruct	tions related to dire	ections are given. A
can	didate is required to follow the instru	ictions and ascertai	in the final direction or

D

distance between two points. The test is meant to judge the candidate's ability to trace and follow the instructions correctly.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below:

23. A girl walks 4 km East and turns left, then she walks 8 km and turns right and walks 5 km and then turns right and walks 8 km. Find the shortest distance travelled by her and her direction from the initial point?

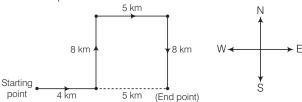
(a) 9 km, East

(b) 8 km, West

(c) 10 km, North

(d) 7 km, South

✓ (a) The data can be represented as



The shortest distance = 5 + 4 = 9 km

The direction from the starting point is East.

24. A clock is so placed that at 12:00 noon its minute hand points towards North-East. In which direction does its hour hand point at 1:30 pm?

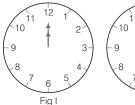


(b) West

(c) North

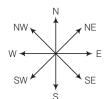
(c) South

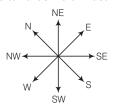






At 12:00 noon its minute hand points towards North-East.





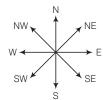
Therefore, clearly the hour hand at 1:30 pm points towards the East.

25. Y is in the East of X which is in the North of Z. If P is in the South of Z, then in which direction of Y, is P?

- (a) East-West
- (b) South-West
- (c) North-West
- (d) None of these

7(b)





P is in South-West of Y.

26. One morning after sunrise, Priya and Arjit were standing in a park while their backs toward each other. Priya's shadow fell exactly towards left hand side. Which direction was Arjit facing?

- (a) North
- (b) East
- (c) South
- (d) West

(c) In the morning, the shadow falls on the west. Therefore, Arjit must be facing South.

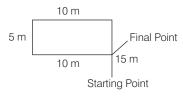
- **27.** Bani walks a distance of 5 m towards South. Then she turns to the left and walks 3 m. After this she turns to the right and walks 5 m. Now in which direction is she facing?
 - (a) West
- (b) East
- (c) South
- (d) North

√ (c)



- .: Bani is facing South.
- **28.** From her house, Seema went 15 km to the North. Then she turned West and covered 10 km. Then she turned South and covered 5 km. Finally turning to the East, she covered 10 km. In which direction is she from her house?
 - (a) West
- (b) South
- (c) East
- (d) North

✓ (d)



.: Seema is in the North direction from her house.

Classification

(a) BYCX

Classification means to observe the differences and similarities among various items such as numbers, letters, words etc based on certain properties. The similarity is common to the group and is followed by every member or item of the group. The one which does not follow the common property in the group is the odd one.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below :

(b) FUHS

29. Choose the one which is different from others.

(c) KPMN (d) IQEU

✓ (d) In the above goup of letters

B

Y

C

X

F

U

H

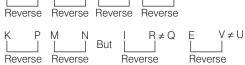
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I



So, IQEU does not follow the group and it is odd one

- **30.** Three out of the following four pairs of numbers have the same relationship. Find the odd one out.
 - (a) 4, 63

(b) 1, 0

(c) 2, 15

(d) 5, 124

(c) The pattern is as follows

$$4 \rightarrow 4^{3} - 1 = 64 - 1 = 63$$

$$1 \rightarrow 1^{3} - 1 = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$2 \rightarrow 2^{3} - 1 = 8 - 1 = \boxed{}$$

$$5 \rightarrow 5^{3} - 1 = 125 - 1 = 124$$

- **31.** Which one of the following is the odd one out?
 - (a) Babar

(b) Shershah

(c) Humayun

- (d) Akbar
- (b) Babar, Humayun and Akbar belonged to Mughal Empire, while Shershah belonged to Suri dynasty.
- **32.** Identify the pair which 'does not' exhibit the same relationship as the capitalised pair:

ETYMOLOGY: WORDS

- (a) Psychology: Mind
- (b) Anatomy: Body
- (c) Philosophy: language
- (d) Archeology: Antiques
- (b) Etymology is the study of words, Psychology is the study of mind, Anatomy is the study of body and Archeology is the study of antiques. But Philosophy is not the study of languages.

Series

Series can be defined as a sequence or pattern of numbers, alphabets or combination of these two. The term follows a certain pattern throughout the series. The candidate is required to study the given series, identify the pattern followed in the series and then complete the given series with the most suitable alternative or find the wrong term in the series.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below :

Directions (Ques. Nos 33-35) Find the missing term in the following series.

33. 48, 24, 72, 36, 108, ?

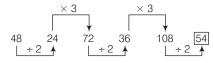
(a) 115

(b) 216

(c) 121

(d) 54

∕ (d)



So, the missing term is 54.

- **34.** ELFA, GLHA, ILJA,, MLNA
 - (a) OLPA

(b) KLMA

(c) LLMA

(d) KLLA

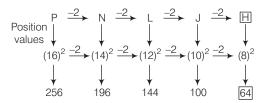
✓ (d) The series follows the following pattern

So, KLLA is the missing term.

35. P256, N196, L144, J100,?

- (a) H64
- (b) I81
- (c) G49
- (d) L81

✓ (a) The pattern is as follows

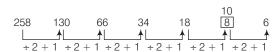


So, the next term will be H64.

36. Find out the wrong number in the given series

- (a) 130
- (c) 34
- (d) 8

(d)



Hence, number 8 is wrong and should be replaced by 10.

37. In the series given, some letters are missing. Select the correct alternative.

- (c) aaacmm
- (d) acmmca

✓ (a) The pattern is mca/mca/mca/mca/mca/mc ⇒ acmmma

Sitting Arrangement

Sitting arrangement is defined as the arrangement of objects or persons based on the given information. The arrangement of persons or objects may be linear, circular, rectangular, square etc.

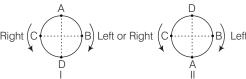
These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below:

- 38. There are five houses, P, Q, R, S and T. P is right of Q and T is left of R and right of P. Q is right of S. Which house is in the middle?
 - (a) P
- (b) Q
- (c) T
- (d) R

(a) According to the question, the houses can be arranged as

Clearly, the house P is in the middle of all the houses.

- **39.** Four girls A, B, C and D are sitting around a circle facing the centre. B and C are in front of each other, which of the following is definitely true?
 - (a) A and D are in front of each other
- (b) A is not between B and C
- (c) D is to the left of C
- (d) A is to the left of C
- (a) There are two possible arrangements of the four girls around the circle, as follows



Clearly, A and D are in front of each other in both the arrangements.

Directions (Q. Nos. 40-44) Each of the following questions is based on the information given below.

- (i) L, M, N, P, Q, R and S are sitting in a circle and playing cards.
- (ii) N, who is the neighbour of P, is not the neighbour of R.
- (iii) Q is second to the left of R.
- (iv) N is second to the left of S, who is the neighbour of M.
- **40.** Which of the following is true?
 - (a) Q is the neighbour of S and L
 - (b) M is the neighbour of S and L
 - (c) R is to the right of P and M
 - (d) L is the neighbour of R and N
- **41.** Which of the following pairs has the second person sitting second to the right of the first person?
 - (a) NQ

(b) QS

(c) NR

- (d) NS
- **42.** Who is to the immediate right of S?
 - (a) M

(b) R

(c) Q

- (d) L
- **43.** What is the position of L?
 - (a) To the immediate right of R
- (-)
- (a) To the immediate right of the
 - (c) To the immediate right of Q
- (b) Second to the left of M(d) Only between M and R
- **44.** Which of the following is not true?
 - (a) R is to the immediate right of L
 - (b) P is to the immediate right of R
 - (c) N is to the immediate right of P
 - (d) L is to the immediate right of R

(d)

Q
M
N
N
A0. (a)
41. (d)
42. (c)
43. (c)
44. (d)

Blood Relations

Blood relations means any relation between two or more persons which is acquired by them by the virtue of their birth. From this topic, questions are asked which involve the analysis of the information showing the blood relations among members of the family. The relationship can be divided into two main categories— Maternal and Paternal. Relations on the mother's side are called maternal while the relations on the father's side are called paternal.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of example given below :

45. A is B's brother, C is A's mother, D is C's father, E is B's son. How is D related to A?

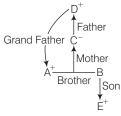
(a) Son

(b) Grandson

(c) Grandfather

(d) Great Grandfather

✓ (C)



Clearly, D is the grandfather of A.

46. Pointing towards Preeti, Arun said, "I am the only son of her mother's son." How is Preeti related to Arun?

(a) Niece

(b) Aunt

(c) Cousin

(d) Mother

- (b) Preeti's mother's son is the brother of Preeti and brother's son is the nephew. So, Preeti is the aunt of Arun.
- **47.** Pointing to Parul, Ram said, "She is daughter of the only child of my father". How is Ram's wife related to that girl?

(a) Aunt

(b) Mother

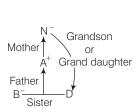
(c) Cannot be determined

(d) None of these

(b) Only child of Ram's father is Ram and hence Parul is the daughter of Ram. So, Ram's wife is the mother of Parul.

- **48.** My mother's sister's husband's only son's sister is related to me as
 - (a) niece

- (b) sister
- (c) cannot be determined
- (d) None of these
- (a) My mother's sister is my aunt and her husband is my uncle. So, my aunt's only son's sister is my cousin.
- **49.** If 'P\$Q' means 'P is father of Q', 'P#Q' means 'P is mother of Q', 'P*Q' means 'P is sister of Q', then now is D realted to N in N#A\$B*D?
 - (a) Nephew
 - (b) Grandson
 - (c) Granddaughter
 - (d) Data inadequate
 - ✓ (d) N#A&B*D



Hence, D is either grandson or grand daughter of N.

Puzzle

A puzzle is the raw information given in jumbled form for a sequence or an order of things which need to be arranged systematically, so the sequence of things is correctly depicted.

These types of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below :

Directions (Q. Nos. 50-51) Read the following information carefully to answer these questions.

Madhu and Shobha are good in Dramatics and Computer Science. Anjali and Madhu are good in Computer Science and Physics. Anjali, Poonam and Nisha are good in Physics and History. Nisha and Anjali are good in Physics and Mathematics. Poonam and Shobha are good in History and Dramatics.

50. Who is good in Physics, History and Mathematics but not in Computer Science?

(a) Madhu

(b) Poonam

(c) Nisha

(d) Anjali

51. Who is good in Physics, History and Dramatics?

(a) Poonam

(b) Shobha

(c) Madhu

(d) Anjali

IOIIOWS					
People	Dramatics	Computer Science	Mathematics	Physics	History
Madhu	1	✓		✓	
Sobha	1	1			✓
Anjali		✓	1	1	✓
Poonam	√			✓	✓
Nisha			/	/	✓

Solutions (Q. Nos 50-51) From the given information, data is arranged as follows

50. (c) **51**. (a)

Directions (Q. Nos. 52-53) Read the following information carefully to answer these questions.

There is a family of six members A, B, C, D, E and F. They are lawyer, doctor, teacher, salesman, engineer and accountant not necessarily in that order. There are two married couples in the family. D, the salesman, is married to the lady teacher. The doctor is married to the lawyer. F, the accountant, is the son of B and brother of E. C, the Lawyer, is the daughter-in-law of A. E is the unmarried engineer. A is grandmother of F.

- **52.** How is E related to F?
 - (a) Brother

(b) Sister

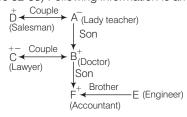
(c) Cousin

- (d) Cannot be determined
- **53.** What is the profession of B?
 - (a) Teacher

(b) Doctor

(c) Lawyer

- (d) Cannot be determined
- ▼ Solutions (Q. Nos 52-53) Following information is arranged as follows



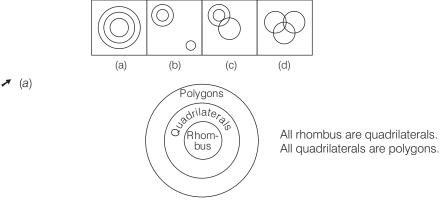
52. (*d*) **53.** (*b*)

Logical Venn Diagram

In this topic, we deal with questions which aim at analysing a candidate's ability to relate a certain given group of items/things and represent it diagrammatically. Figures representing the groups of items/things in the form of enclosed regions are called Venn diagrams. To represent these diagrams, we use different geometrical figures such as circles, squares, rectangles, triangles etc.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of example given below :

54. Which figure represents Rhombus, Quadrilaterals, Polygons?



Ranking

Ranking means arranging a set of objects/persons from the top and the bottom or from the right and the left, as per the given relation between them. It deals with the problems related to the arrangement of the persons/objects in ascending/descending order based on different parameters like height, weight, age, salary etc and determine the position of person/object in a row/queue.

These type of questions can be better understood with the help of examples given below :

55. A class of girls stands in a single line. One girl is 19th in order from both the ends. How many girls are there in the class?

(a) 27

(b) 37

(c) 38

(d) 39

✓ (b) Clearly, the girls at the 19th position is exactly in the middle of both the ends.
 ∴ Total number of girls = (18+1+18) = 37

56. Vishal is elder than Aakash but younger than Subhi, Yaksh is younger than Deepak but elder than Aakash. If Subhi is younger than Deepak, then who is the eldest.

(a) Aakash

(b) Vishal

(c) Subhi

(d) Deepak

(d) According to the question,

Subhi > Vishal > Aakash, Deepak > Yaksh > Aakash, Deepak > Subhi On arranging the above data, we get

Deepak > Subhi > Vishal > Yaksh > Aakash. Clearly, Deepak is the eldest.

Exercise 1

Directions (Q.Nos. 1-8) Select the related letters/word number from the given alternatives.

1. Country: President:: State:?

man related to the woman?

(a) Son

	(a) Governor(c) Member of Parlian	nent	(b) Minister (d) Legislator			
2.	Physician: Treatme (a) Punishment	ent : : Judge : ? (b) Judgement	(c) Lawyer	(d) Court		
3.	Flow: River:: Stag (a) Rain	gnant : ? (b) Stream	(c) Pool	(d) Canal		
4.	PASS: QBTT::F	FAIL : ? (b) GBJM	(c) MBJG	(d) MJBG		
5.	LKG:pok::?:hg (a) DCLE	gf (b) DBC	(c) DCD	(d) DCB		
6.	L/O: 12/15:: J/K (a) 9/12	: ? (b) 10/11	(c) 11/10	(d) 12/9		
7.	8:28::27:? (a) 28	(b) 65	(c) 85	(d) 62		
8.	225:15::196:? (a) 14	(b) 12	(c) 13	(d) None of these		
		-14) Select the one	which is different	from the other four		
respor						
9.	(a) Flute	(b) Guitar	(c) Sitar	(d) Violin		
10.	(a) Walk	(b) Think	(c) Run	(d) Jump		
11.	(a) Dog	(b) Horse	(c) Goat	(d) Fox		
12.	(a) 49	(b) 56	(c) 42	(d) 36		
13.	(a) AO	(b) El	(c) AB	(d) OU		
14.	(a) EHL	(b) BEH	(c) CFI	(d) DGJ		

Directions (Q.Nos. 16-18) Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions

(b) Cousin

15. A lady introduces a man as the son of the brother of her mother. How is the

(c) Grandson

(d) Nephew

Seven friends P, Q, R, S, T, U and V teach different-different subject like Mathematics, Physics, Botany, English, History, Psychology and French (not necessarily in the same order). Each friend also like different-different colours

namely Pink, Green, Blue, Red, Yellow, White and Orange (not necessarily in the same order). T teaches Botany and likes Green colour. Q teaches History and does not like Orange, Pink and Yellow colour. Who likes Red colour teach Physics. P teaches French and likes Blue colour. R teaches Mathematics and V teaches Psychology. U does not like Red and Yellow colour. Mathematics teachers does not like Yellow and Orange colour.

16. Which of the following colours does V like?

	(a) Pink	(b) White	(c) Orange	(d) Yellow	
17.	Which of the followall (a) U (c) R	wing teaches Englis	h subject? (b) A (d) cannot be determ	nined	
18.	Which of the followal (a) R	wing like White col (b) S	our? (c) ∪	(d) Q	
19.	If the day before y (a) Tomorrow (c) Day after tomorro	·	ay, when will Thursday be? (b) Monday (d) Two days after tomorrow		
20.	How many times of (a) 24	do the hands of a cle (b) 11	ock coincide in a da (c) 12	xy? (d) 22	
21.	Arrange the given (1) Centi (5) Deca Codes (a) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3	words in ascending (2) Hecto (b) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4	g order. (3) Kilo (c) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3	(4) Deci (d) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4	
22.			for +, then find the (c) 493		
23.		"Yesterday I defeate nom did Arjun defe (b) Father		of the daughter of my (d) Sister	
24.			dark coffee', '356' r ch digit stands for 'v (c) 6	neans 'very hot day' very'? (d) 2	
25.	•	ngful English word nly once in each wo (b) One		h the letters ARMG (d) Three	
26.	Which letter in the in the English alph (a) C		ICS occupies the sar	me position as it does (d)	
27.	If in a code langu	age, PAINT is writ	• •	EXCEL is written as	
		-	-	. ,	

	given set							
	Given set : (3, 18, 36 (a) (2, 10, 15)		(c) (4, 24, 48)	(d) (12, 74, 92)				
29.			different height, E ing them is the talles (c) A or B	s taller than C and D t? (d) C				
30.	30. In a row of 29 boys, Arun is at 17th position from the left ar Prem is 17th from the right end. How many boys are there between A Prem?							
	(a) 6 (c) 7		(b) 3 (d) Cannot be determ	mined				
31.	If 'P + Q' means 'P	is the father of 'Q'	, 'P \times Q' means 'P is	s the brother of Q',				
	'P – Q' means 'P is true about C – A +		Then, which of the fo	ollowing is definitely				
	(a) B is the son of A(c) C is the mother of	f B	(b) B is the father of A (d) A is the son of C					
32.				etters are rearranged				
	correctly, what is to (a) E	he last letter of the v (b) S	word formed? (c) P	(d) A				
33.	Which one set of lesseries shall comple	_	ally placed at the ga	ps in the given letter				
	() I		cc_a_bb	(1)				
	(a) bcaa	(b) abcc	(c) baab	(d) acbc				
34.	Choose the word r	_	•	1.4				
	There seems to be <u>p</u> (a) always	erpetual war going or (b) never ending	between the rich and (c) intermittent	d the poor. (d) regular				
35.	meaningful.			e sentence to make it				
	He stood as a (a) quite	rock and faced the ch (b) firm	nallenge. (c) solid	(d) confident				
D	irections (Q.Nos. 3	86-40) Find the mis	ssing letters/numbe	rs in the series.				
36.	6, 11, 21, 36, 56, ? (a) 42	(b) 52	(c) 91	(d) 81				
37.	1, ?, 27, 64, 125 (a) 9	(b)14	(c) 8	(d) 4				
38.	10, 22, 8, 24, 6, ? (a) 26	(b) 18	(c) 20	(d) 14				
39.	5, 6, ?, 57, 244							
	(a) 15	(b) 16	(c) 18	(d) 19				

28. Choose the set of number from the four alternative sets, that is similar to the

40.	1CV, (a) 15L		917			R 14M7	-			(0	:) 15	MS			(0	d) 13	LS			
41.	Find t (a) 13	he wi	ong	-	n 8		21,	32,	47,	, 63, 83. (c) 47			(0	d) 32						
42.	When you see a blind man trying to (a) go and help him (c) wait till he crosses the road					o c	cross the road, you (b) ask someone to help him (d) ignore and move on													
43.	A chocolate always has (a) cocoa (b) wrapper						(C) nut	ts			(0	d) mi	lk						
44.	Cobra		late		Sna (b) (the	e sar	me		ay as		opa	ırd is		ated d) Ze			.;	
45.	If O = (a) 62	= 16, I	FOF		2, tł (b) 6		wha	t is l	FRO		NT e	qua	ıl to	?	(0	d) 74				
46.	In a DAN(a) CB(c) EBI	GER OHFS	wri			0	0 .		VC	(b	R i) EB l) CE	8FH[DS	en a	s F	EBU	PT	S.	Hov	v is
47.	Which (a) 18- (c) 18-	16-5-5	5-21	ollow	ing	ord	ers	deno	otes	(b	ne ci) 5-1 l) 21	18-1	6-21	I-5	coı	ıntr	y?			
48.		Sou th-Eas	th' a st							h-West' is called 'West', 'South-West' is Jorth' be called? (b) South (d) East										
49.	One of 9, 10, (a) 13			6, 34			e fo	llow	/ing		eries		wro	ong,		d) 18		ro	ng te	erm.
50.	A girl the an (a) Nor (c) Nor	iti-clo rth-Eas	ckw	East	. Sh	ie tu				he re	clo	ckw n is outh-	girl	facir	ctio	n an	d tl	1ei	n 145	° in
Ansv	vers																			
1. (a 11. (d 21. (a 31. (d 41. (c) 12.) 22.) 32.	(b)	3. 13. 23. 33. 43.	(c) (b) (a)	4. 14. 24. 34. 44.	(a) (c) (b)	5. 15. 25. 35. 45.	(b)	16 26 36	5. 5. 5. 5.	(d) (d) (d)	7. 17. 27. 37. 47.	(b)	8. 18. 28. 38. 48.	(c) (a)	19 29 39). (a). (a). (c). (b). (c) () ()	10. 20. 30. 40. 50.	(d) (b) (d)

Exercise 2

U	mechons (Q. Nos	. 1-5) Study the	ionowing imorma	tion and answer the	
quest	ions given below.				
	Codes (i) P, Q, R, S, T, U a (ii) T is neighbour of (iii) V is not between (iv) U is to the immer	P and S. U and R.	a circle facing at the ce	ntre and playing cards.	
1.	Which of the folloright of the first?	owing pairs has th	e second person sit	ting to the immediate	
	(a) PQ	(b) RQ	(c) TP	(d) SV	
2.	Which of the folloeach other? (a) QP	owing does not ha	(c) ST	ons sitting adjacent to	
3.	What is the position (a) Third to the left of (c) To the immediate	on of U?	(b) Second to the right of R (d) None of these		
4.	Who are the neight (a) P and U (c) R and T	nbours of Q?	(b) R and U (d) P and S		
5.	Which of the folloright in order as should also consider the following should be shoul	O 1	sitting adjacent to e (b) UQR (d) TSR	each other from left to	

Directions (Q.Nos. 6-10) Select the one which is different from the other responses.

- 6. While travelling in a train, you observe some college students pulling the alarm chain simply to get down at their desired point. You would
 - (a) let them pull the chain but check them from detraining
 - (b) inform the guard of the train as soon as it stops
 - (c) keep quiet and do nothing
 - (d) with the help of some passengers, stop them from doing so
 - 7. Your boss has given you some urgent assignment at the end hour. What would you do?
 - (a) Tell him that you would do it next day
 - (b) Request one of your colleagues to help you
 - (c) Try to finish the job as per its requirement
 - (d) Request him to shift assignment to another employee as you can not complete the project in haste

8.	In public dealing jo (a) a good listener (c) polite and humble		(b) quick at decision making (d) punctual					
9.	You have mild fever (a) health is more implied (b) it is not necessary (c) it is necessary to go (d) None of the above	portant than work to attend office join work just to comp	olete the urgent work					
10.	Your subordinate a (a) spoil his dress too (c) laugh it off		oft drinks on you in a party. You (b) snub him (d) say it's 'ok'					
11.	Choose the odd nu (a) 2 : 4	imeral pair/group. (b) 4:8	(c) 6:12	(d) 8:32				
12.				Cell phone' is called inder', in what will a				
13.	Pointing to a photograph, a woman says, "This man's son's sister is my mother-in-law". How is the woman's husband related to the man in the photograph? (a) Son (b) Grandson (c) Son-in-law (d) Nephew							
14.								
15.	The position of ho	w many digits will re arranged in ascer (b) One	remain same after	the digits within the (d) Three				
16.	, ,	pairs of letters are to letters between the (b) One		ELEPHANT each of inglish alphabet? (d) Three				
17.		o', J means 'multip then 30 K 2 Q 3 J 6 (b) 35		ubtract from' and K (d) 103				
18.	'struggle big exam does 'confidential'	' and '178' means ' stand for?	exam confidential	allenge', '961' means subject'. Then, what				
	(a) 7 or 8	(b) 7 or 9	(c) 8	(d) 8 or 1				
19.	'Parliament' is relate (a) Japan	ed to 'Great Britain', i (b) India	n the same way as 'C (c) USA	Congress' is related to (d) Netherlands				

20.	'Pardon' is related (a) Actually	to 'Penalty', in the s (b) Urgently	same way 'Definitel' (c) Positively	y' is related to (d) Probably					
91			. ,	How is CHLORINE					
41.	written in that code		en as Kwiivibsi Ej. 1	riow is Critorine					
	(a) NKGBEOJS		(c) NKGBFNJS	(d) NKGBFOJS					
22.	and walked 15 m.	O	his left and walked	he turned to the left 15 m. How far is he					
23.	If '+' means '÷', '÷	' means 'x', 'x' mea		s '+', then					
	() 0	$24 + 6 \times 2 \div 3$		(1) ¬					
	(a) 6	(b) 4	(c) 2	(d) 7					
24.	walks 3 km, again t		$s\hat{2}\mathrm{km}$, finally turns s	North, turns left and right and walks 3 km B?					
	(a) 13 km	(b) 7 km	(c) 3 km	(d) 10 km					
25.		VYMN, then DTC							
	(a) XMWJ	(b) XNWL	(c) XNWJ	(d) WNVJ					
26.	Select the word that is opposite in meaning to the main word. AGONY								
	(a) Bliss	(b) Pleasure	(c) Laughter	(d) Ecstasy					
27.	Select the most suit meaningful.	table alternative to f	ill in the blank in the	e sentence to make it					
	When the morning (a) occured	the murder was (b) came	discovered. (c) arrived	(d) happened					
28.		Vest of A, C is to the line with B and A. In (b) East		East of A and D is to f A is D located? (d) South-East					
29.		o 'Ship', in the same		. ,					
	(a) Legal	(b) Law	(c) Court	(d) Ruling					
30.	Find out the one the (a) ZYW	nat does not belong (b) SQN	to the group. (c) GEB	(d) JHE					
31.	'Shoes' is related to	o 'Leather', in the sa	ame way as 'Rubber	is related to					
	(a) Plastic	(b) Latex	(c) Polythene	(d) Footwear					
32.	In a code language SQUARE in the sa	-	ed as XRIXOV, ho	ow would you code					
	(a) HJFZIV	(b) HJFZIX	(c) HJFZVI	(d) HJFZLX					

33.			not as tall as Karan. Sanjay is taller than among them is the tallest? (b) Arjun (d) Cannot be determined							
34.	directions will lead	him to East directi	ion?	following orders of						
	(a) Right, right, right			(d) Right, left, right						
35.		two letters have as a order in the word '	s many letters between them as they have							
	(a) None	(b) 1	(c) 2	(d) 3						
	Directions (Q.Nos. 36-38) Answer the following questions based on the symbol/letter/number sequence given below. 5 % U D F 3 2 ! 9 8 S O 0 & Q 1 G @ \neq 7 6 B X Y									
36.			ove arrangement wh ely followed by a sy (c) Two	nich are immediately mbol? (d) Three						
37.	How many symbols in the sequence are either immediately preceded by a letter belonging to the second half of the English alphabet or are immediately followed by a number greater than 5? (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) None									
38	U! is related to Y (. ,		(d) None						
<i>5</i> 0.	(a) X7	(b) B@	(c) 58	(d) DG						
39.	30 m. Then, turnin		_	ght, he walks turns to his left and (d) 40 m						
40.	order, which one w	vill be in the middle	e in order after the r	-						
41	(a) G	(b) K	(c)	(d) N						
41.	(a) Saturday	orrow is Saturday, v (b) Tuesday	what day was two dag (c) Monday	ys before yesterday? (d) Sunday						
42.	 If wrongly accused of something, you would (a) try to convince others, but without any hope of doing so (b) try your best to convince others (c) not even try, as it would be of no use (d) be able to convince others of your innocence easily 									
43.	Milk always contai (a) sugar	ns (b) fats	(c) calcium	(d) water						
44.	A man always has (a) teeth	(b) eyes	(c) hands	(d) heart						

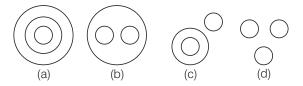
- **45.** In a certain code, STOVE is written as FNBLK, then how will VOTES be written in the same code?
 - (a) LBKFN

(b) LBNKF

(c) LKNBF

(d) LNKBF

Directions (Q. Nos. 46-50) In each of these questions, three words are related in some way. The relationship among the words in the question can be represented by one of the five diagrams (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) given below. Mark your answer accordingly.



- 46. Teacher, College, Student
- 47. Professor, Researcher, Scientist
- 48. Parrots, Birds, Mice
- 49. Apple, Golden apples, Fruits,
- 50. English, Hindi, Greek

Answers

1 (c)	2. (a)	3 (c)	4 (h)	5 (h)	6 (d)	7 (c)	8 (a)	9. (c)	10 (d)
(- /	12. (b)	- (-)	(- /	- (-,	- (-)	(- /	- (-,	19. (c)	- (-,
	22. (b)	- , ,		- , ,	- , ,			29. (c)	- , ,
	32 . (a)	- , ,			- , ,		- , ,	39. (a)	, ,
41 . (c)	42 . (b)	43 . (c)	44 . (d)	45 . (b)	46 . (b)	47 . (b)	48. (C)	49 . (b)	50 . (d)