Assignment - 3: Logistic Regression

Problem Statement:

Download the iris dataset The data set contains 3 classes of 50 instances each, where each class refers to a type of iris plant. One class is linearly separable from the other 2; the latter are NOT linearly separable from each other. A.Apply Data pre-processing (Label Encoding, Data Transformation....) techniques if necessary. B.Perform data-preparation (Train-Test Split) C.Apply Logistic Regression Algorithm D.Evaluate Model

importing python libraries

```
In [1]: import seaborn as sns
  import pandas as pd
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  from sklearn import *
```

Loading the dataset from seaborn library

In [2]:	A=sn A	s.load_data	set("iris")			
Out[2]:		sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
	0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
	1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
	2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
	3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
	4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
	•••					•••
	145	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	virginica
	146	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	virginica
	147	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	virginica
	148	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	virginica
	149	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	virginica

150 rows × 5 columns

Applying label encoding to "species" column

```
In [3]: from sklearn import preprocessing

# Label_encoder object knows how to understand word labels.
label_encoder = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()

# Encode labels in column 'species'.
A['species']= label_encoder.fit_transform(A['species'])

A['species'].unique()

Out[3]: array([0, 1, 2])
```

Assigning independent and dependent variable

```
In [4]: X=A.iloc[:,[0,1,2,3]].values
Y=A.iloc[:,4].values
```

Dividing the data into training and testing data

```
In [5]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
```

feature tranformation

```
In [6]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    sc=StandardScaler()

    x_train=sc.fit_transform(x_train)
    x_test=sc.fit_transform(x_test)
```

creating object of Logistic Regression using logistic regression class and fitting the model

predicting the labels of data values

```
In [9]: x_pred=classifier.predict(x_test)

In [10]: x_pred

Out[10]: array([2, 1, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 0, 2, 1, 0, 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0])
```

Creating confusion matrix

```
In [11]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
  cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,x_pred)
  print(cm)

[[11 0 0]
  [ 0 6 7]
  [ 0 0 6]]
```

Calculating accuracy metrics

```
In [12]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         print(classification_report(y_test,x_pred))
                       precision recall f1-score
                                                     support
                           1.00
                                    1.00
                                              1.00
                                                           11
                          1.00 1.00 1.00
1.00 0.46 0.63
0.46 1.00 0.63
                    1
                                                           13
                                             0.77
                                                           30
             accuracy
                         0.82 0.82 0.75
0.89 0.77 0.77
                                                           30
            macro avg
         weighted avg
                                                           30
```

Calculating accuracy for given model