

SQL QUERIES FOR CUSTOMER SHOPPING BEHAVIOUR.

--Q. Checking whether is there any null value?

```
SELECT COUNT(*)  
FROM customer  
WHERE purchase_amount IS NULL;
```

--Q1. What is the total revenue generated by male vs. female customers?

```
select gender, SUM(purchase_amount) as revenue  
from customer  
group by gender
```

--Q2. Which customers used a discount but still spent more than the average purchase amount?

```
SELECT customer_id, purchase_amount  
FROM customer  
WHERE TRIM(LOWER(discount_applied)) = 'yes'  
AND purchase_amount >= (  
    SELECT AVG(purchase_amount)  
    FROM customer  
    WHERE TRIM(LOWER(discount_applied)) = 'yes'  
);
```

-- Q3. Which are the top 5 products with the highest average review rating?

```
select item_purchased, ROUND(AVG(review_rating::numeric),2) as "Average  
product rating"  
from customer  
group by item_purchased  
order by avg(review_rating) desc  
limit 5;
```

--Q4. Compare the average Purchase Amounts between Standard and Express Shipping.

```
select shipping_type,  
ROUND(avg(purchase_amount),2)  
from customer  
where shipping_type in ('Standard','Express')  
group by shipping_type
```

--Q5. Do subscribed customers spend more? Compare average spend and total revenue between subscribers and non-subscribers.

```
select subscription_status,  
count(customer_id) as total_customers,  
ROUND(avg(purchase_amount),2) as avg_spend,  
ROUND(sum(purchase_amount),2) as total_revenue  
from customer  
group by subscription_status  
order by total_revenue, avg_spend desc;
```

--Q6. Which 5 products have the highest percentage of purchases with discounts applied?

```
select item_purchased,  
ROUND(100 * sum (case when discount_applied = 'yes' then 1 else 0  
END)/count(*),2) as discount_rate  
from customer  
group by item_purchased  
order by discount_rate desc  
limit 5;
```

--Q7. Segment customers into New, Returning, and Loyal based on their total number of previous purchases, and show the count of each segment.

```
with customer_type as (  
select customer_id,previous_purchases,  
case  
    when previous_purchases = 1 then 'New'  
    when previous_purchases between 2 and 10 then 'Returning'  
    else 'Loyal'  
end as customer_segment  
from customer  
)  
select customer_segment,count(*) as "Number of customers"  
from customer_type  
group by customer_segment
```

--Q8. What are the top 3 most purchased products within each category?

```
with item_counts as(  
select category,  
item_purchased,  
count(customer_id) as total_orders,  
row_number() over (partition by category order by count(customer_id)desc)  
as item_rank  
from customer  
group by category,item_purchased  
)  
select item_rank,category,item_purchased,total_orders  
from item_counts  
where item_rank<=3
```

--Q9. Are customers who are repeat buyers (more than 5 previous purchases) also likely to subscribe?

```
select subscription_status,  
count (customer_id) as repeat_buyers  
from customer  
where previous_purchases > 5  
group by subscription_status
```

--Q10. What is the revenue contribution of each age group?

```
select age_group,  
sum(purchase_amount) as total_revenue  
from customer  
group by age_group  
order by total_revenue desc;
```