

### ### Урок 8. Специфика применения ETL в различных предметных сферах

1. Используя материалы семинара и s8dag.py нужно доработать задачу в части записи данных в mysql по погоде яндекса и open weather (поля - метка текущего времени и температура).
2. Создать еще одну задачу по отправке данных в телеграм. За основу взять данные таблиц платежей из 4-го семинара (все 360 периодов), конвертировать их в текстовый формат и отправить их в telegram.
3. Рассмотрите возможность применения разметки html либо markdown. Нужно выслать одну основную таблицу. Есть лимит по сообщениям, можно ограничить количество строк таблицы. Можете использовать функцию limit в sql запросе.
4. К ДЗ приложите код и скриншоты отработанных задач аирфлоу, а также отправленный слепкок из базы данных в вашем чаботе.

```
import datetime
import os
import requests
import pendulum
from airflow.decorators import dag, task
from airflow.providers.telegram.operators.telegram import TelegramOperator
from sqlalchemy import create_engine

os.environ["no_proxy"]="*"

@dag(
    dag_id="wether-tlegram-sql",
    schedule="@once",
    start_date=pendulum.datetime(2024, 4, 30, tz="UTC"),
    catchup=False,
    dagrun_timeout=datetime.timedelta(minutes=60),
)

def WetherETL():

    send_message_telegram_task = TelegramOperator(
        task_id='send_message_telegram',
        telegram_conn_id='telegram_default',
        token='6875707033:AAG2TaDKrrLUwlUmcX9LIVA1uCm6S43pya0',
        chat_id='547504860',
        text='Wether in Tyumen \nYandex: ' + "{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],key='wether')[0]['temperature']}}" + "
degrees at " + "{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],key='wether')[0]['datetime']}}" + "
\nOpen wether: " + "{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0]['temperature']}}" + "
degrees at " + "{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0]['datetime']}}",
```

```

)

@task(task_id='yandex_wether')
def get_yandex_wether(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    url =
"https://api.weather.yandex.ru/v2/informers/?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168"

    payload={}
    headers = {
        'X-Yandex-API-Key': '33f45b91-bcd4-46e4-adc2-33cfdbbdd88e'
    }
    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
    print("test")
    temperature = response.json()['fact']['temp']
    current_datetime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    a = response.json()['fact']['temp']
    print(a)

    ti.xcom_push(key='wether', value={'temperature': temperature, 'datetime':
current_datetime})

@task(task_id='open_wether')
def get_open_wether(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    url =
"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168&appi
d=2cd78e55c423fc81cebc1487134a6300"

    payload={}
    headers = {}

    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
    print("test")
    temperature = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)
    current_datetime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    a = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)
    print(a)

    ti.xcom_push(key='open_wether', value={'temperature': temperature,
'datetime': current_datetime})

@task(task_id='save_weather')
def get_save_weather(**kwargs):
    yandex_data = kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids='yandex_wether',
key='wether')
    open_weather_data = kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids='open_wether',
key='open_wether')

```

```

temperature_yandex = yandex_data['temperature']
datetime_yandex = yandex_data['datetime']
service_yandex = 'Yandex'

temperature_open_weather = open_weather_data['temperature']
datetime_open_weather = open_weather_data['datetime']
service_open_weather = 'OpenWeather'

engine = create_engine("mysql://root:1@localhost:33061/spark")

with engine.connect() as connection:
    connection.execute("""DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
spark.`Temperature_Weather`""")
    connection.execute("""CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS
spark.`Temperature_Weather` (
        Service VARCHAR(255),
        Date_time TIMESTAMP,
        City VARCHAR(255),
        Temperature FLOAT,
        PRIMARY KEY (Date_time, Service)
    )COLLATE='utf8mb4_general_ci' ENGINE=InnoDB""")
    connection.execute(f"""INSERT INTO spark.`Temperature_Weather`
(Date_time, City, Temperature, Service) VALUES ('{datetime_yandex}', 'Tyumen',
{temperature_yandex}, '{service_yandex}')""")
    connection.execute(f"""INSERT INTO spark.`Temperature_Weather`
(Date_time, City, Temperature, Service) VALUES ('{datetime_open_weather}',
'Tyumen', {temperature_open_weather}, '{service_open_weather}')""")

@task(task_id='python_wether')
def get_wether(**kwargs):
    print("Yandex
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],key='wether')[0]))+" Open
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0]))

yandex_wether = get_yandex_wether()
open_wether = get_open_wether()
python_wether = get_wether()
save_weather = get_save_weather()

yandex_wether >> open_wether >> python_wether >> send_message_telegram_task
>> save_weather

dag = WetherETL()

```

Yandex Weather API integration with Telegram bot and Airflow DAG.

**Left Panel (Telegram Bot):** Shows a list of weather updates for Tyumen, including temperature and humidity, sent via Telegram bot.

**Right Panel (Airflow DAG):** Displays the DAG configuration for `wether-tlegram-sql`. The DAG is triggered manually and runs on a single executor. The DAG consists of the following tasks:

- `yandex_weather`
- `open_weather`
- `python_weather`
- `send_message_telegram`
- `save_weather`

The DAG is currently in a `success` state, indicating that the weather data was successfully retrieved and sent via Telegram.

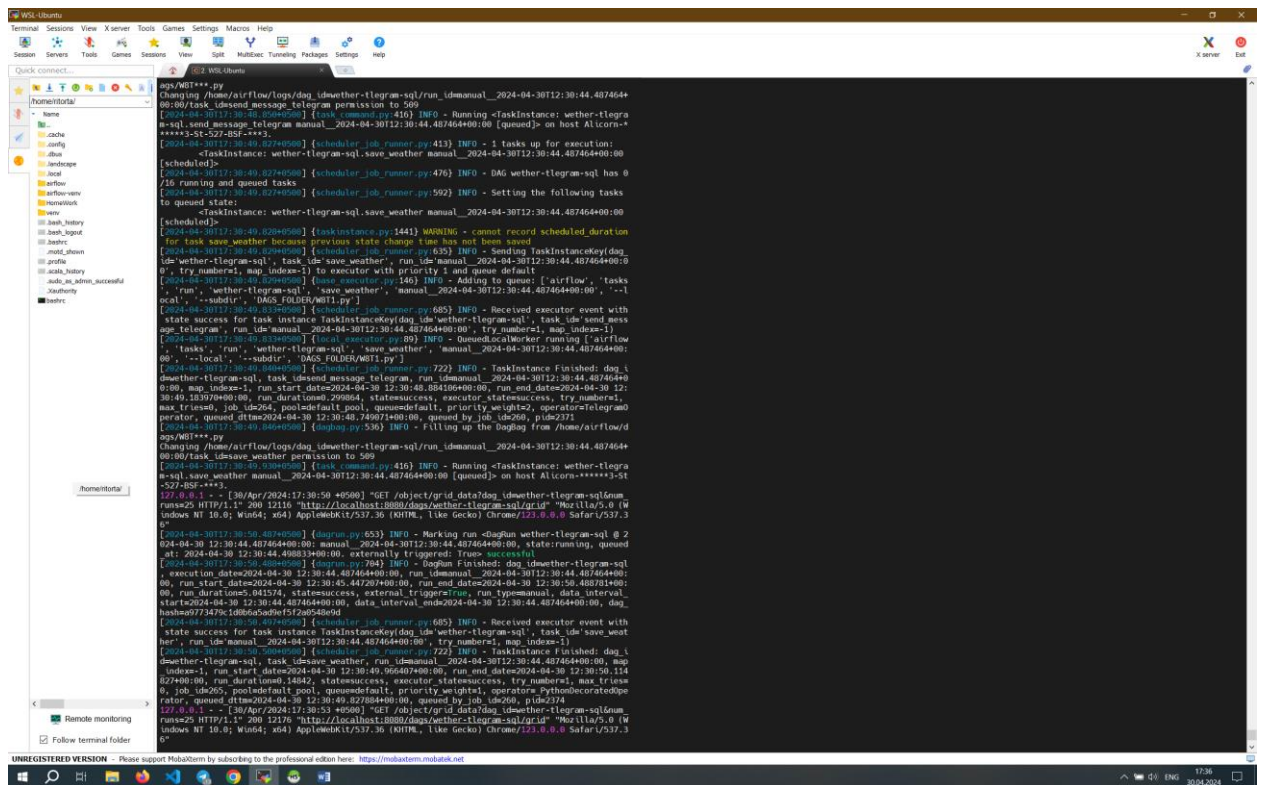
Triggered wether-tlegram-sql. It should start any moment now.

**DAG: wether-tlegram-sql**

The DAG is triggered manually and runs on a single executor. The DAG consists of the following tasks:

- `yandex_weather`
- `open_weather`
- `python_weather`
- `send_message_telegram`
- `save_weather`

The DAG is currently in a `success` state, indicating that the weather data was successfully retrieved and sent via Telegram.



Второе задание разделено на несколько вариантов кода первый, здесь несмотря на что в Телеграмм выглядит таблица не отформатированной при копировании сообщения, таблица оказывается полностью ровной и это лишь проблема отображения телеграмма в виду маленьких окон сообщений, код:

```
import datetime
import os
import requests
import pendulum
from airflow.decorators import dag, task
from airflow.providers.telegram.operators.telegram import TelegramOperator
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
import pandas as pd

os.environ["no_proxy"] = "*"

@dag(
    dag_id="wether-ttelegram-sql-exel-v1",
    schedule="@once",
    start_date=pendulum.datetime(2024, 4, 30, tz="UTC"),
    catchup=False,
    dagrun_timeout=datetime.timedelta(minutes=60),
)

def WetherETL():

    first_message_telegram = TelegramOperator(
```

```

task_id='wether_message_telegram',
telegram_conn_id='telegram_default',
token='6875707033:AAG2TaDKrrLUwlUmcX9LIVA1uCm6S43pya0',
chat_id='547504860',
text='''\
    <b>*Weather in Tyumen*</b>
    <b>Yandex</b>
    | Temperature | Datetime |
    |-----|-----|
    | {{ ':{<5}'.format(ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=["yandex_wether"],
key="wether")[0]["temperature"]) }} degrees | {{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=["yandex_wether"], key="wether")[0]["datetime"] }} |

    <b>Open Weather:</b>
    | Temperature | Datetime |
    |-----|-----|
    | {{ ':{<5}'.format(ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=["open_wether"],
key="open_wether")[0]["temperature"]) }} degrees | {{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=["open_wether"], key="open_wether")[0]["datetime"] }} |
    ''
)

second_message_telegram = TelegramOperator(
    task_id='exel_message_telegram',
    telegram_conn_id='telegram_default',
    token='6875707033:AAG2TaDKrrLUwlUmcX9LIVA1uCm6S43pya0',
    chat_id='547504860',
    text='*Data from excel file:*\\n``\\n{{
task_instance.xcom_pull(task_ids="data_from_excel") }}\\n``',
)

@task(task_id='yandex_wether')
def get_yandex_wether(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    url =
"https://api.weather.yandex.ru/v2/informers/?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168"

    payload={}
    headers = {
        'X-Yandex-API-Key': '33f45b91-bcd4-46e4-adc2-33cfdbbdd88e'
    }
    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
    print("test")
    temperature = response.json()['fact']['temp']
    current_datetime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    a = response.json()['fact']['temp']
    print(a)

```

```

        ti.xcom_push(key='wether', value={'temperature': temperature, 'datetime':
current_datetime})

@task(task_id='open_wether')
def get_open_wether(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    url =
"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168&appi
d=2cd78e55c423fc81cebc1487134a6300"

    payload={}
    headers = {}

    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
    print("test")
    temperature = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)
    current_datetime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    a = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)
    print(a)

    ti.xcom_push(key='open_wether', value={'temperature': temperature,
'datetime': current_datetime})

@task(task_id='save_weather')
def get_save_weather(**kwargs):
    yandex_data = kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids='yandex_wether',
key='wether')
    open_weather_data = kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids='open_wether',
key='open_wether')

    temperature_yandex = yandex_data['temperature']
    datetime_yandex = yandex_data['datetime']
    service_yandex = 'Yandex'

    temperature_open_weather = open_weather_data['temperature']
    datetime_open_weather = open_weather_data['datetime']
    service_open_weather = 'OpenWeather'

    engine = create_engine("mysql://root:1@localhost:33061/spark")

    with engine.connect() as connection:
        connection.execute("""DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
spark.`Temperature_Weather`""")
        connection.execute("""CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS
spark.`Temperature_Weather` (
            Service VARCHAR(255),
            Date_time TIMESTAMP,
            City VARCHAR(255),

```



```

        Temperature FLOAT,
        PRIMARY KEY (Date_time, Service)
    )COLLATE='utf8mb4_general_ci' ENGINE=InnoDB""")
    connection.execute(f"""INSERT INTO spark.`Temperature_Weather`
(Date_time, City, Temperature, Service) VALUES ('{datetime_yandex}', 'Tyumen',
{temperature_yandex}, '{service_yandex}')""")
    connection.execute(f"""INSERT INTO spark.`Temperature_Weather`
(Date_time, City, Temperature, Service) VALUES ('{datetime_open_weather}',
'Tyumen', {temperature_open_weather}, '{service_open_weather}')""")

@task(task_id='python_wether')
def get_wether(**kwargs):
    print("Yandex
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],key='wether')[0]))+" Open
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0]))

def truncate_message(message, max_length=3959):
    if len(message) > max_length:
        return message[:max_length]
    return message

@task(task_id='data_from_excel')
def get_data_from_excel():
    excel_file_path = "/home/ritorta/HomeWork/W8/Tel_W8T2.xlsx"
    df = pd.read_excel(excel_file_path)
    table_text = df.to_markdown(index=False)
    truncated_text = truncate_message(table_text)

    return truncated_text

yandex_wether = get_yandex_wether()
open_wether = get_open_wether()
python_wether = get_wether()
save_weather = get_save_weather()
data_from_excel = get_data_from_excel()

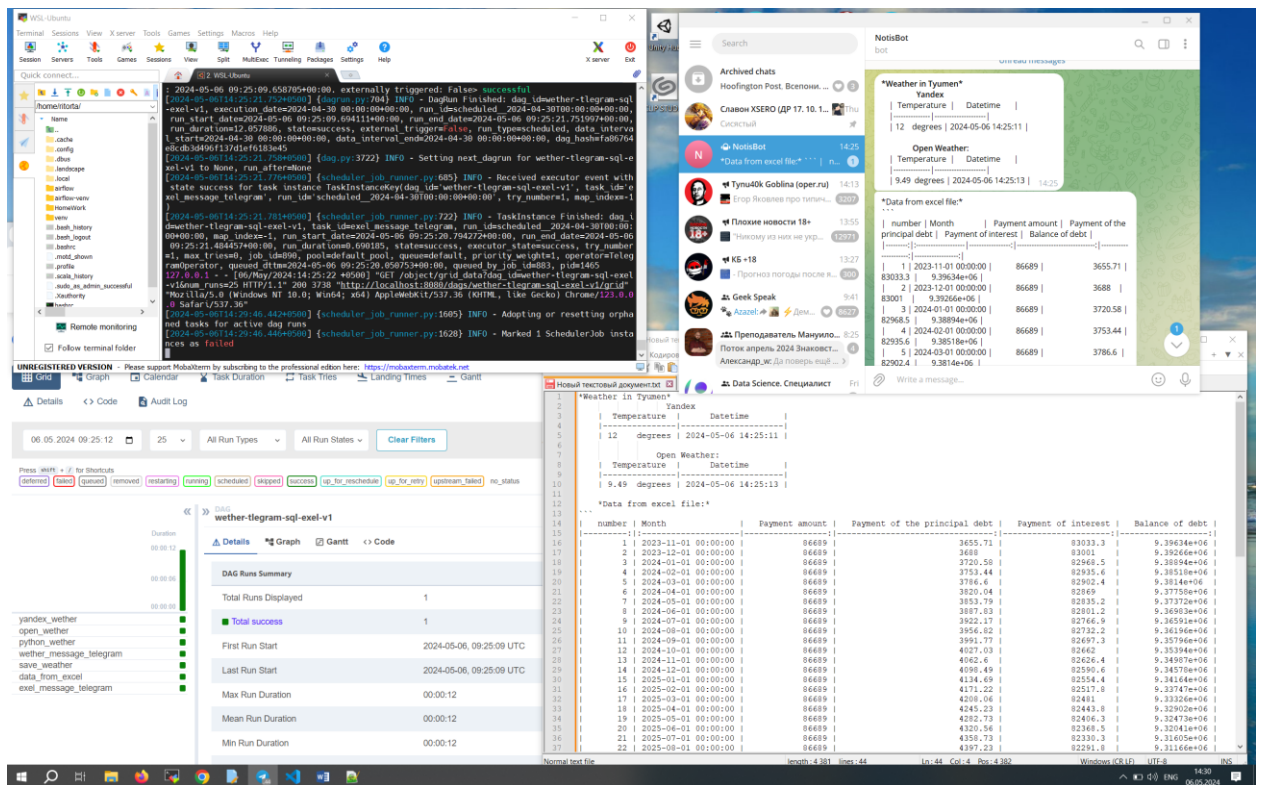
yandex_wether >> open_wether >> python_wether >> first_message_telegram >>
save_weather >> data_from_excel >> second_message_telegram

dag = WetherETL()

```

Ещё раз повторяюсь, если скопировать сообщения из телеграмма в блокнот или документ word/google при сохранении форматирования а не просто вставки как текст, текст будет выглядеть как отформатированная таблица.





Вариант кода два загружает из баз данных SQL

```
import datetime
import os
import requests
import pendulum
from airflow.decorators import dag, task
from airflow.providers.telegram.operators.telegram import TelegramOperator
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
import pandas as pd
from tabulate import tabulate

os.environ["no_proxy"] = "*"

@dag(
    dag_id="wether-tlegram-sql-exel-V2",
    schedule="@once",
    start_date=pendulum.datetime(2024, 4, 30, tz="UTC"),
    catchup=False,
    dagrun_timeout=datetime.timedelta(minutes=60),
)

def WetherETL():

    first_message_telegram = TelegramOperator(
        task_id='weather_sql_message_telegram',
        telegram_conn_id='telegram_default',
```

```

        token='6875707033:AAG2TaDKrrLUwLUmcX9LIVA1uCm6S43pya0',
        chat_id='547504860',
        text='Wether in Tyumen \n\n' + "<pre>{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['get_sql_save_weather'],key='table_wether')[0]}}</pre>"
    )

    second_message_telegram = TelegramOperator(
        task_id='exel_sql_message_telegram',
        telegram_conn_id='telegram_default',
        token='6875707033:AAG2TaDKrrLUwLUmcX9LIVA1uCm6S43pya0',
        chat_id='547504860',
        text="<pre>{{
ti.xcom_pull(task_ids=['exel_get_sql'],key='table_payments')[0]}}</pre>"
    )

    @task(task_id='yandex_wether')
    def get_yandex_wether(**kwargs):
        ti = kwargs['ti']
        url =
"https://api.weather.yandex.ru/v2/informers/?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168"

        payload={}
        headers = {
            'X-Yandex-API-Key': '33f45b91-bcd4-46e4-adc2-33cfdbbdd88e'
        }
        response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
        print("test")
        temperature = response.json()['fact']['temp']

        a = response.json()['fact']['temp']
        print(a)

        ti.xcom_push(key='wether', value=temperature)

    @task(task_id='open_wether')
    def get_open_wether(**kwargs):
        ti = kwargs['ti']
        url =
"https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?lat=57.152985&lon=65.527168&appid=2cd78e55c423fc81cebc1487134a6300"

        payload={}
        headers = {}

        response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, data=payload)
        print("test")
        temperature = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)

        a = round(float(response.json()['main']['temp']) - 273.15, 2)

```

```

print(a)

ti.xcom_push(key='open_wether', value=temperature)

@task(task_id='get_sql_save_weather')
def save_weather_get_sql(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    yandex_data = str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],
key='wether')[0])
    open_weather_data =
str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0])
    engine = create_engine("mysql://root:1@localhost:33061/spark")
    city='Tyumen'

    df = pd.DataFrame ({
        'City': [city],
        'Yandex': [yandex_data],
        'Open Weather': [open_weather_data],
        'date_time': [pd.Timestamp.now().round(freq='s')]
    })

    df.to_sql(name='test_8_3', con=engine, schema='spark',
if_exists='append', index=False)
    ti.xcom_push(key='table_wether', value=tabulate(df, headers='keys',
tablefmt='psql'))

@task(task_id='python_wether')
def get_wether(**kwargs):
    print("Yandex
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['yandex_wether'],key='wether')[0])+" Open
"+str(kwargs['ti'].xcom_pull(task_ids=['open_wether'],key='open_wether')[0]))

@task(task_id='exel_get_sql')
def get_sql_exel(**kwargs):
    ti = kwargs['ti']
    engine = create_engine("mysql://root:1@localhost:33061/spark")

    df = pd.read_sql(sql='AiR_W7T2', con=engine)
    df['Month'] = df['Month'].dt.date
    df.drop('Balance of debt', inplace=True, axis=1)
    ti.xcom_push(key='table_payments', value=tabulate(df.head(20),
headers='keys', tablefmt='psql'))

yandex_wether = get_yandex_wether()
open_wether = get_open_wether()
python_wether = get_wether()
save_weather = save_weather_get_sql()

```

```

sql_exel = get_sql_exel()

yandex_wether >> open_wether >> python_wether >> save_weather >>
first_message_telegram >> sql_exel >> second_message_telegram

dag = WetherETL()

```

The screenshot displays a development environment with three main components:

- Terminal (Top Left):** Shows the execution of a Python script. The output includes file paths, timestamps, and system information (e.g., "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/123.0.0.0 Safari/537.36").
- File Explorer (Top Right):** Displays the file structure of a project, including folders like "home" and "wether" and files like "wether.py".
- Web Application Interface (Bottom):** Shows a dashboard for a DAG (Directed Acyclic Graph) named "wether-tilegram-sql-exel-V3". It includes a "Details" tab with a "DAG Runs Summary" table and a "DAG Summary" section.

**DAG Runs Summary Table:**

Run ID	Status	Start Time	End Time	Duration
1	Success	2024-05-06, 12:38:50 UTC	2024-05-06, 12:38:50 UTC	00:00:13

**DAG Summary:**

- Total Runs Displayed: 1
- Total success: 1
- First Run Start: 2024-05-06, 12:38:50 UTC
- Last Run Start: 2024-05-06, 12:38:50 UTC
- Max Run Duration: 00:00:13
- Mean Run Duration: 00:00:13
- Min Run Duration: 00:00:13

**Web Application Data Tables:**

**Wether in Tyumen:**

City	Yandex	Open Weather	date_time
Tyumen	13	12.85	2024-05-06 17:38:57

**Payment Summary:**

number	Month	Payment amount	Payment of the principal debt	Payment of interest	Interest	debt
1	2024-05-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
2	2024-06-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
3	2024-07-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
4	2024-08-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
5	2024-09-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
6	2024-10-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
7	2024-11-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
8	2024-12-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
9	2025-01-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
10	2025-02-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
11	2025-03-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
12	2025-04-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
13	2025-05-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
14	2025-06-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
15	2025-07-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
16	2025-08-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
17	2025-09-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
18	2025-10-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
19	2025-11-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9
20	2025-12-13	120000	38327.9	81672.1	81672.1	38327.9