

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Arjun is working on a mathematical tool to manipulate lists of numbers. He needs a program that reads a list of integers and generates two lists: one containing the squares of the input numbers, and another containing the cubes. Arjun wants to use lambda functions for both tasks.

Write a program that computes the square and cube of each number in the input list using lambda functions.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of space-separated integers representing the list of input numbers.

Output Format

The first line contains a list of the squared values of the input numbers.

The second line contains a list of the cubed values of the input numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 2 3

Output: [1, 4, 9]

[1, 8, 27]

Answer

```
numbers_str = input().split()
numbers = [int(num) for num in numbers_str]
```

```
squared = list(map(lambda x: x**2, numbers))
cubed = list(map(lambda x: x**3, numbers))
```

```
print(squared)
print(cubed)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Develop a text analysis tool that needs to count the occurrences of a specific substring within a given text string.

Write a function `count_substrings(text, substring)` that takes two inputs: the text string and the substring to be counted. The function should count how many times the substring appears in the text string and return the count.

Function Signature: `count_substrings(text, substring)`

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the text.

The second line consists of a string representing the substring.

Output Format

The output should display a single line of output containing the count of occurrences of the substring in the text string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: programming is fun and programming is cool
programming

Output: The substring 'programming' appears 2 times in the text.

Answer

```
text = input()
substring = input()
occurrences = text.count(substring)
print(f"The substring '{substring}' appears {occurrences} times in the text.")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n . Your program should efficiently determine this divisor using the `min()` function and display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n , representing the number for which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format:

"The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]"

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

```
n = int(input())  
  
if n == 1:  
    print(f"The smallest positive divisor of [{n}] is: 1")  
else:  
    divisors = [i for i in range(2, n + 1) if n % i == 0]  
    smallest_divisor = min(divisors) if divisors else n  
    print(f"The smallest positive divisor of {n} is: {smallest_divisor}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Amrita is developing a password strength checker for her website. She wants the checker to consider the length and the diversity of characters used in the password. A strong password should be long and include a mix of character types: uppercase, lowercase, digits, and special symbols.

She also wants the feedback to be user-friendly, so she wants to include the actual password in the output. Help Amrita finish this password checker using Python's built-in string methods.

Character Types Considered:

Lowercase letters (a-z) Uppercase letters (A-Z) Digits (0-9) Special characters (from string.punctuation, e.g. @, !, #, \$)

Input Format

The input consists of a single string representing the user's password.

Output Format

The program prints the strength of the password in this format:

If the password length < 6 characters or fewer than 2 of the 4 character types, the output prints "<password> is Weak"

If password length ≥ 6 and at least 2 different character types, the output prints "<password> is Moderate"

If Password length ≥ 10 and all 4 character types present, the output prints "<password> is Strong"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: password123

Output: password123 is Moderate

Answer

```
import string
```

```
password = input().strip()
```

```
has_lower = any(char.islower() for char in password)
```

```
has_upper = any(char.isupper() for char in password)
```

```
has_digit = any(char.isdigit() for char in password)
```

```
has_special = any(char in string.punctuation for char in password)
```

```
char_types = sum([has_lower, has_upper, has_digit, has_special])
```

```
if len(password) < 6 or char_types < 2:
```

```
    strength = "Weak"
```

```
elif len(password) >= 10 and char_types == 4:
```

```
    strength = "Strong"
```

```
else:
```

```
    strength = "Moderate"
```

```
print(f"{password} is {strength}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10