RITTVIK S 2024-CSE 2116240701616

Week-10-Character Arrays and Strings

Coding

Question **1**Correct

Given a string, s, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Source code

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include <stdio.h>
   2
       int main()
   3 ₹
   4
           char str[1000];
   5
           scanf("%s",str);
           int hash[10]={0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0};
   6
   7
           int temp;
   8
           for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
   9 1
               temp=str[i]-'0';
  10
  11
               if(temp<=9&&temp>=0)
  12 v
  13
                    hash[temp]++;
  14
  15
  16
           for(int i=0;i<=9;i++)</pre>
  17 v
               printf("%d ",hash[i]);
  18
  19
  20
           return 0;
  21
```

Output

,	Input	Expected	Got	,
~	a11472o5t6	0210111100	0210111100	~
~	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	~
~	1v888861256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	~

Result

The above program is executed successfully and provides the above output.

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each tree has an English alphabet on it. While Monk was walking, he noticed that all trees with vowels on it are not in good state. He decided to take care of them. So, he asked you to tell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

Source code

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 ₹ {
 4
        int t;
        scanf("%d",&t);
 5
 6
        while(t--)
 7 ,
            char str[100000];
 8
 9
            int count=0;
           scanf("%s",str);
10
            for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
11
12 ₹
13
                char c= str[i];
14
                if((c=='a')||(c=='e')||(c=='i')||(c=='o')||(c=='u')||(c=='A')||(c=='E')||(c==
15
                count++;
16
17
            printf("%d\n",count);
18
19
        return 0;
20
```

Output



Result

The above program is executed successfully and provides the above output.

Source code

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
   1 #include<stdio.h>
   2
      int main()
   3 ₹ {
          char s[1000];
   4
          scanf("%[^\n]S",s);
   5
          for (int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++)
   6
   7 🔻
              if(s[i]!=' ')
   8
              printf("%c",s[i]);
   9
  10
              else
  11
              printf("\n");
  12
  13
          return 0;
  14 }
```

Output

✓ This is C This This is C C C
✓ Learning C is fun Learning Learning ✓ C C is fun fun

Result

The above program is executed successfully and provides the above output.

Question **4**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

Input Format

You are given two strings, \boldsymbol{a} and \boldsymbol{b} , separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Source code

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 ₹ {
 4
        char str1[10],str2[10],t;
 5
        int i=0,j=0;
 6
        int count1=0,count2=0;
 7
        scanf("%s",str1);
 8
        scanf("%s",str2);
 9
        while(str1[i]!='\0')
10 *
        {
11
            count1++;
12
            i++;
13
        }
14
        while(str2[j]!='\0')
15 ₹
16
            count2++;
17
            j++;
18
        printf("%d %d\n",count1,count2);
19
20
        printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
21
        t=str1[0];
22
        str1[0]=str2[0];
23
        str2[0]=t;
        printf("%s %s", str1,str2);
24
        return 0;
25
26 }
```

<u>Output</u>

