K.G.C.E. Karjat - Raigad

Tutorial No:-02

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## Tutorial NO:-2

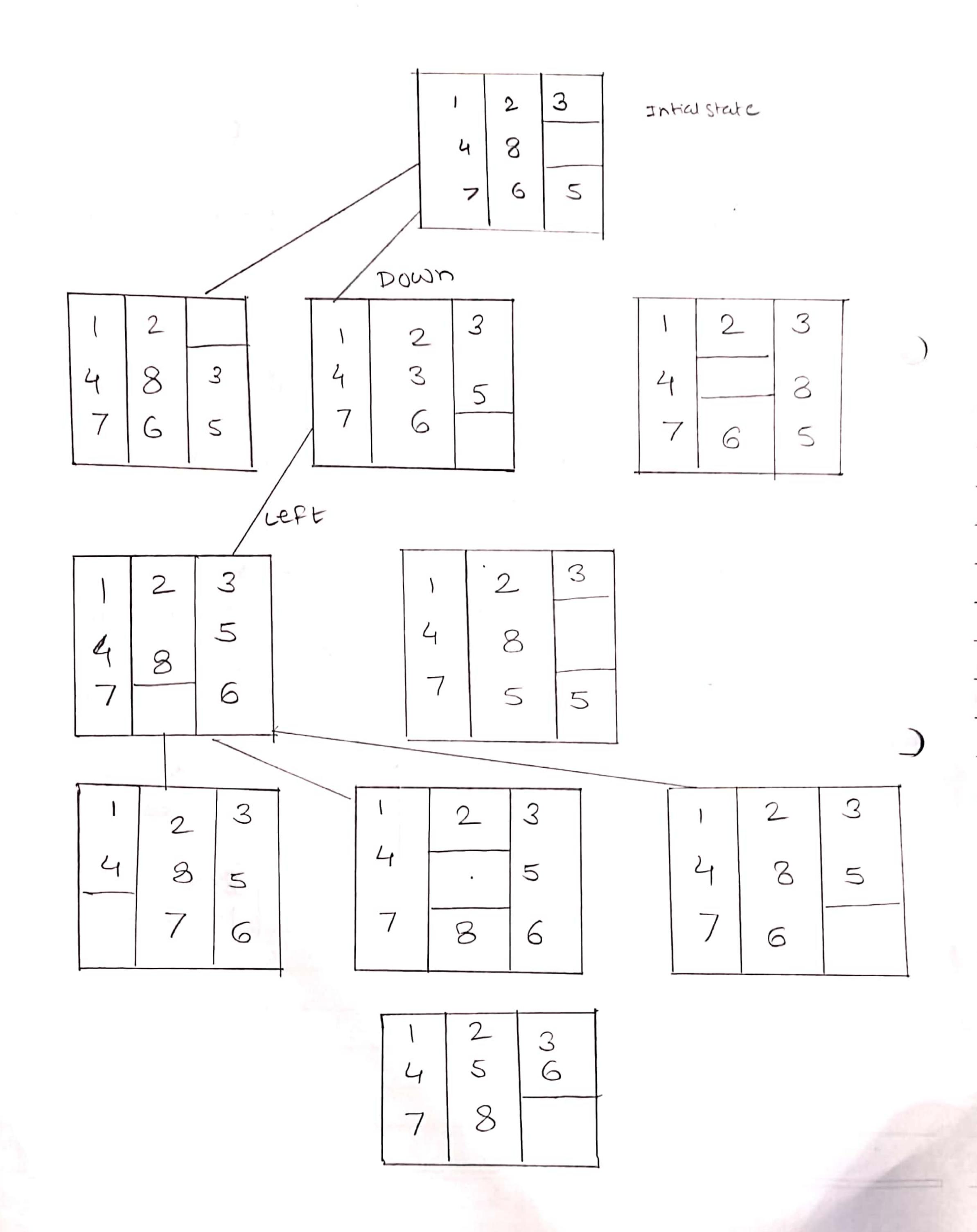
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|                 | Tutorial 2:- To understand state Space problem            |
|                 | formulation   |
|                 |   |
|                 | Ain: - To understand State space based problem            |
|                 | formulation of AI problems 80 that problem                |
|                 | solving Agent can be applied                              |
|                 |   |
|                 | Theory: - First we understoned the problem solving agent. |
|                 | Algorithm shows in figure 3 shows agent program           |
|                 | For peogenia problem 30/ving agent. Agent first           |
|                 | formulates goal and problem then determines               |
|                 | orrather searches an action sequence.                     |
|                 | 99.9999   |
|                 | Function Simple-Problem-solving-Agent return an action    |
|                 | 8 fertic: seq. an action sequence, initially empty        |
|                 | state, some description of current would state            |
|                 | goal, a goal initially null                               |
|                 | problem a problem formulation                             |
|                 |   |
|                 | State & Update-state (state, percept)                     |
|                 | if seg is empty then do                                   |
|                 | goal « Forwulate-Groal (state)                            |
|                 | problem & formulatio - Problem (state, goal)              |
|                 | seg + search (problem).                                   |
|                 | action & first (seg)                                      |
|                 | 8eg <- Rest (seg)   |
|                 | return cection  |
|                 |   |
|                 | Pig: - problem solving agent architecture                 |
|                 |   |
|                 |   |

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|                | Defining the problem is referred to as problem          |
|                | formulation. It fouvolves defining following live       |
|                | Things:   |
|                |   |
|                | Initial Steele: It is the Starting steele that the      |
|                | problem is in   |
|                | Action 14 defines all possible actions available to the |
|                | agent given it is in some state a currently. His        |
|                | Function ACTION (s) that returns vist of all possible   |
|                | Octions   |
|                | Transition (100101 and 1000)                            |
|                | Transition Model also known as successor Function       |
|                | which define which state/s the system tend to           |
|                | Move to cohen a particular action is executed by the    |
|                |   |
|                | Groal Test This act as a stopping condition whenthe     |
|                | State passed to this function is goal steet it will     |
|                | return true   |
|                |   |
| -              | path cost It is a ceun whated cost of performing center |
|                | sequence of actions . This can help in determine        |
|                | wether flu action sequence under consideration is       |
|                | optimal.  |
|                |   |
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| ENGCEKGCE | KGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCEKGCE              |
|           |   |
|           | working: Based on understanding of problem formula-   |
| -         | tion Students need to formulate following problems    |
|           | To round the problems                                 |
|           | i) Mavigate to back and                               |
|           | i) Mavigate to KGICE workshop From HOD IT Cabin with  |
|           | Minimum number of moves, moves can be climbing        |
|           | Or alighting staircase                                |
|           |   |
|           | 2) 8 PUZZIE problem                                   |
|           |   |
|           | B) The Missionaries and convibates problem. There are |
|           | three Missionaries and three carnibals who            |
|           | Must cross a river using boat which can carry         |
|           | at most two people under the constraint that          |
| •         | For both banks . The boat carnot cross the river      |
|           | by itself with no people on board                     |
|           | in the people on source                               |
|           | 11) A1 Muson 1 monthloss As a RAGI                    |
|           | 4) M'aueen's problem. Arrange N'queens on a Moross    |
|           | N Chess board where no two queens attack              |
| ····      | each other  |
|           |   |
|           | 5) Two room vaceur eleaner coord                      |
|           |   |
|           | 6) Woter Jug problem                                  |
|           |   |
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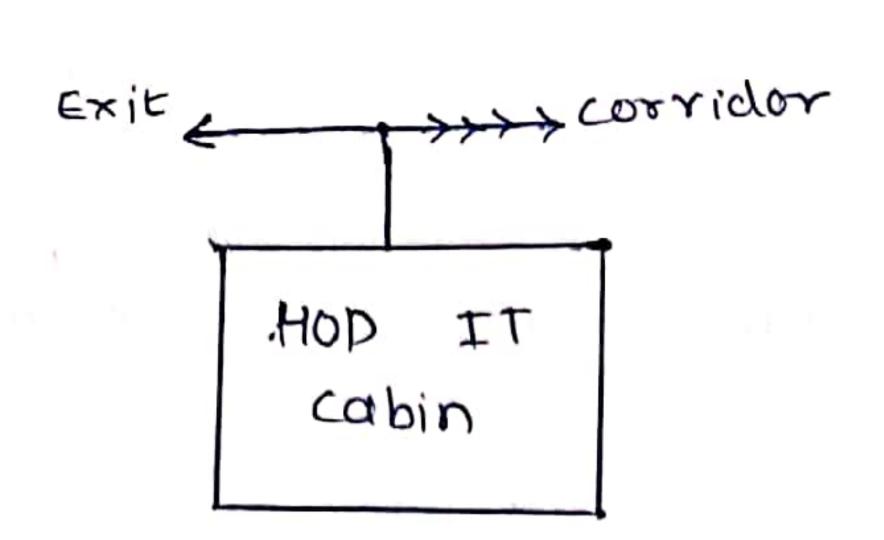
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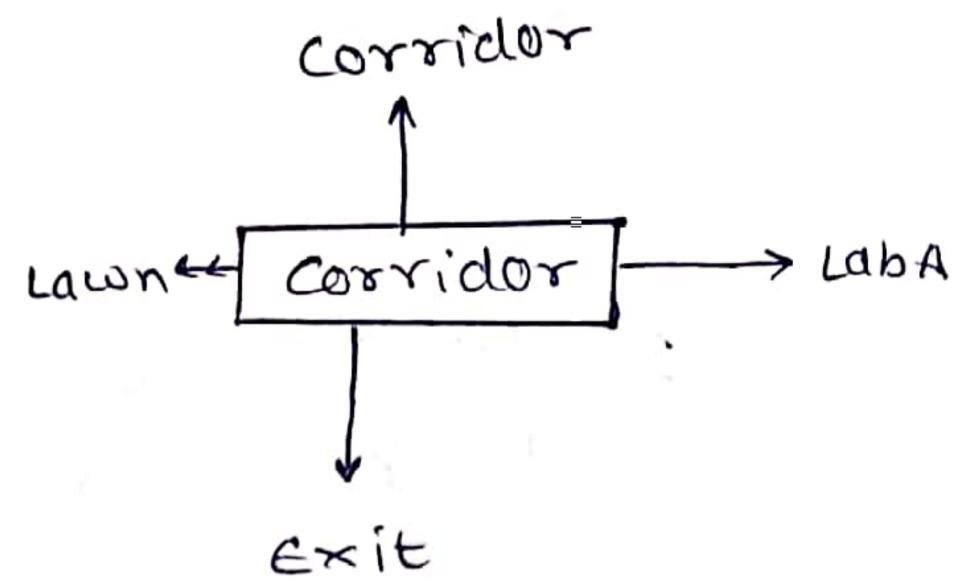
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|              |         | Solution                                  |   |
|              |         | 1 2                                       | $\rightarrow \{\{1,2,3\}, \{4,8,5\}, \{7,6\}$ |
|              |         | 19,0,-9,71,6,5                            | - 11,2,3,17,0,3,,1,0                          |
|              |         | [[1,2,3], {4,8,5}, [7,-,6], -,6]          | SC12 12 11 4 17 201                           |
|              |         |   | 17/39/29,3372/10,6                            |
|              | -       | S C 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 1012276-07                                    |
|              |         | [1,2,34,(4,5,-3,{7,8,644                  | 721/7/59,44,5,6977,6,-                        |
|              |         | Path Cost = 5 steps                       |   |
| P            |         |   |   |
|              | [.,]    | Navigate to KGCE Workshop                 | from HOB II Cabin                             |
|              |         | with minimum number of i                  |   |
|              |         | Climbing on alighting Stairca             |   |
|              |         | making through a corrider                 |   |
|              |         |   |   |
|              |         | States: It can be sepsesented             | as a top view of the                          |
|              |         | agent along with arrows                   | in direction left, right                      |
|              |         | Forward Ebackwards . We use               | e climb'4 alght                               |
|              |         | for moving through stair ca               | ses=  |
| `            | 1.      | Intial state:                             |   |
|              |         | Excit = Cor                               | ridor   |
|              |         |   |   |
|              |         |   |   |
|              |         | HOD IT                                    | Box represent current                         |
|              |         | Cab                                       | location of agent                             |
|              |         |   |   |
|              |         |   |   |
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|              |         |   |   |
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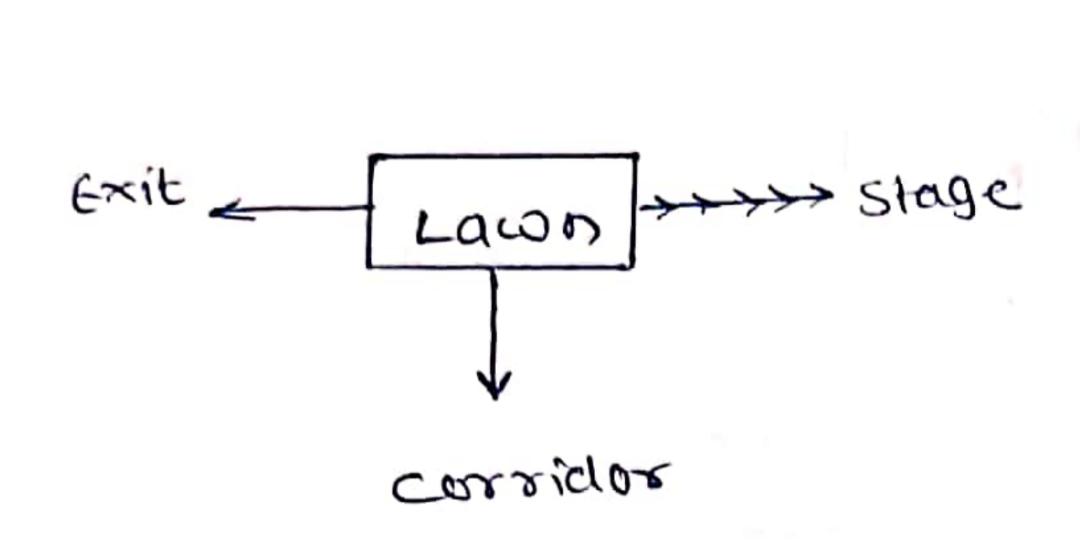
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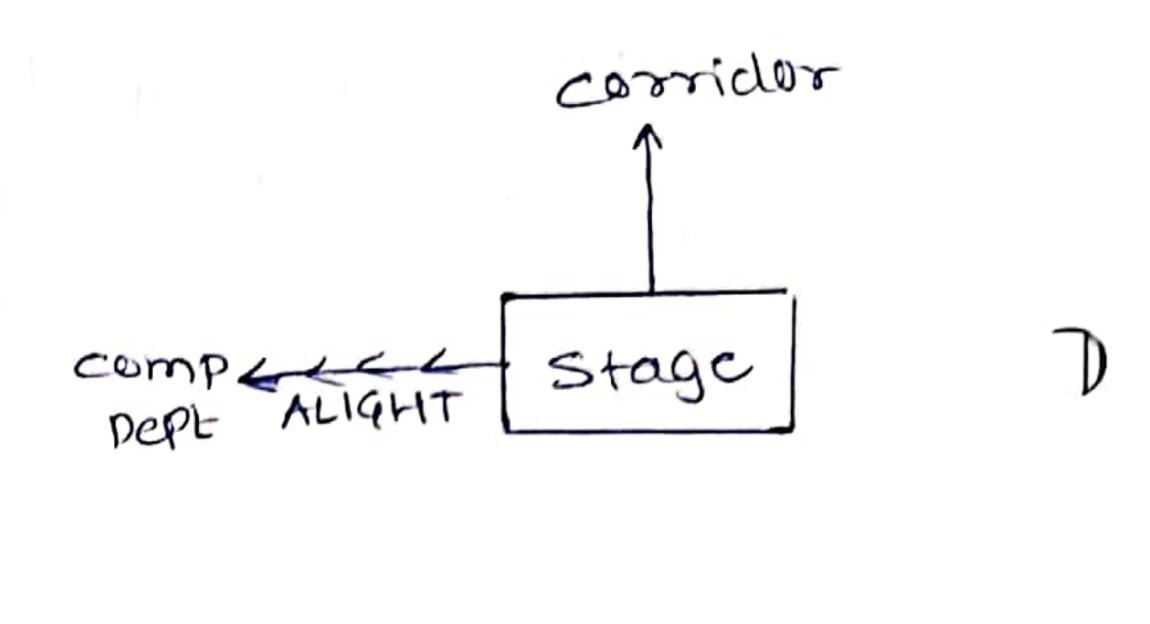
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| 2           | Action: the agent moves in left, right to the strives                              | esperah'un       |
| 3           | Successor function: If we apply right of the start state, the agent enters the     | peration         |
|             | the first step towards granstate Goal test   | 2 CO 1 1 CO 1    |
| )           | Morkshop   |                  |
|             | corridor.  |                  |
| 5           | Path cost: No of actions to reach the wo<br>path cost: 8 directions + 4 stair case | oricshop         |
|             |  |                  |
|             |  |                  |
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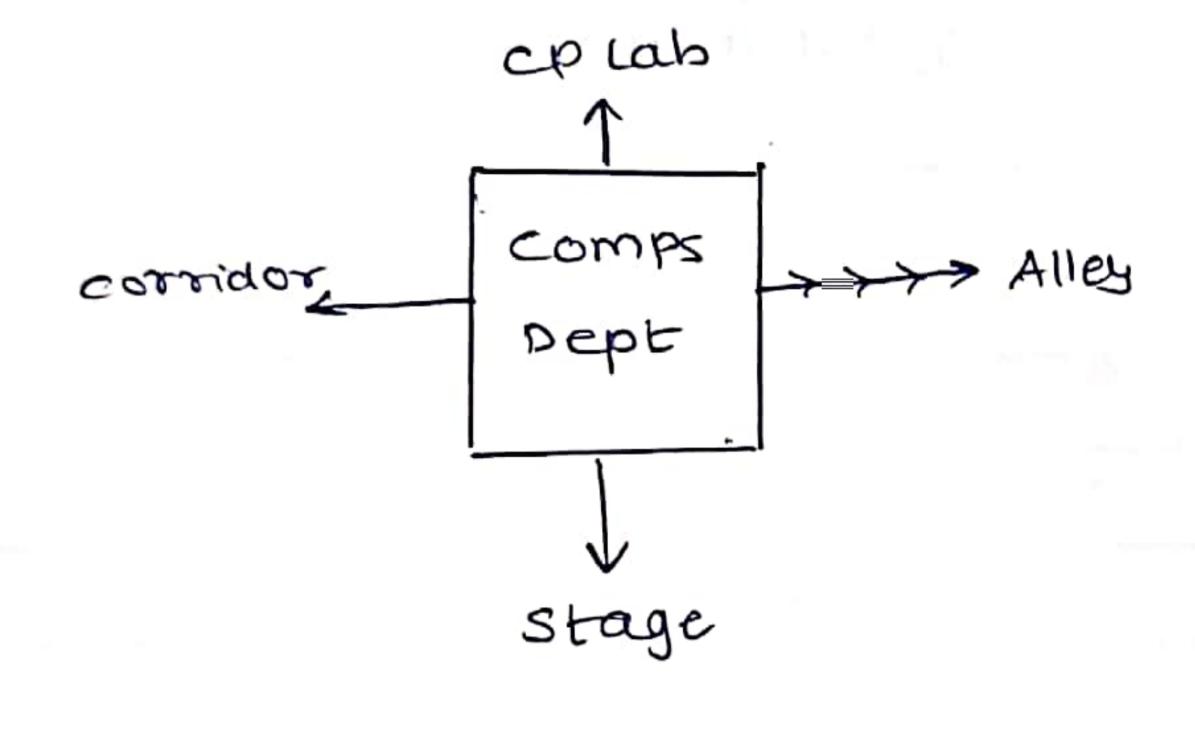
## HOD IT cabin — \*GCG Workshop (solution)

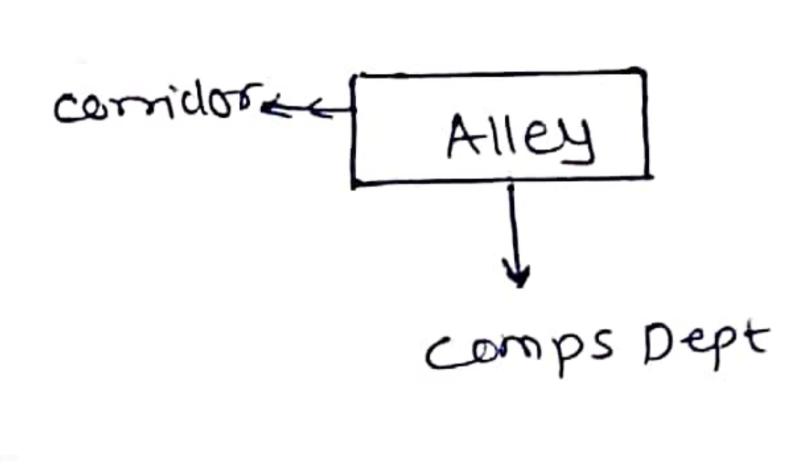


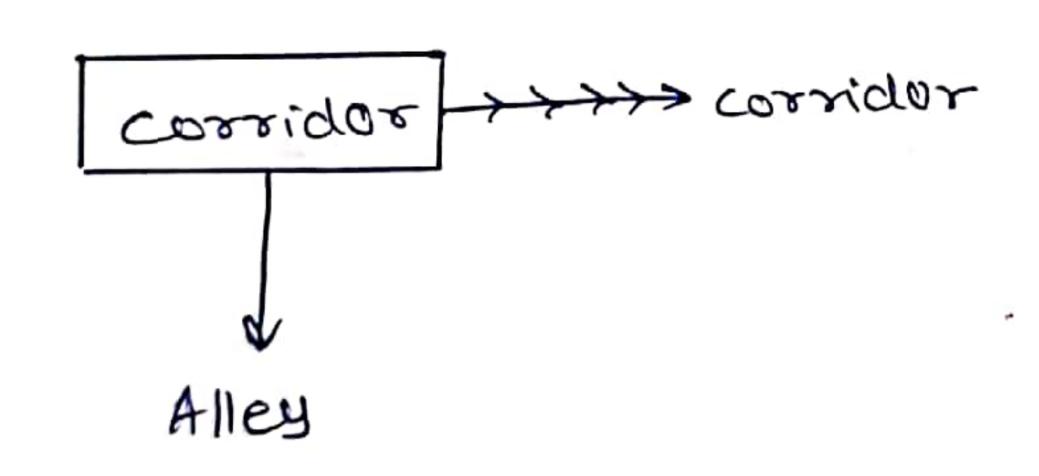


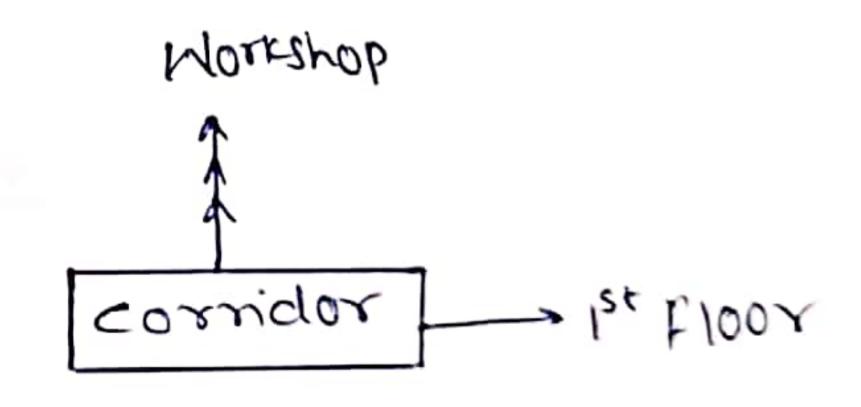


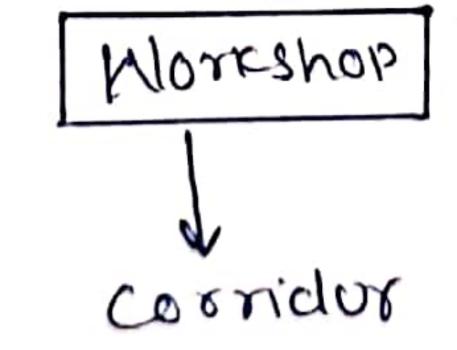








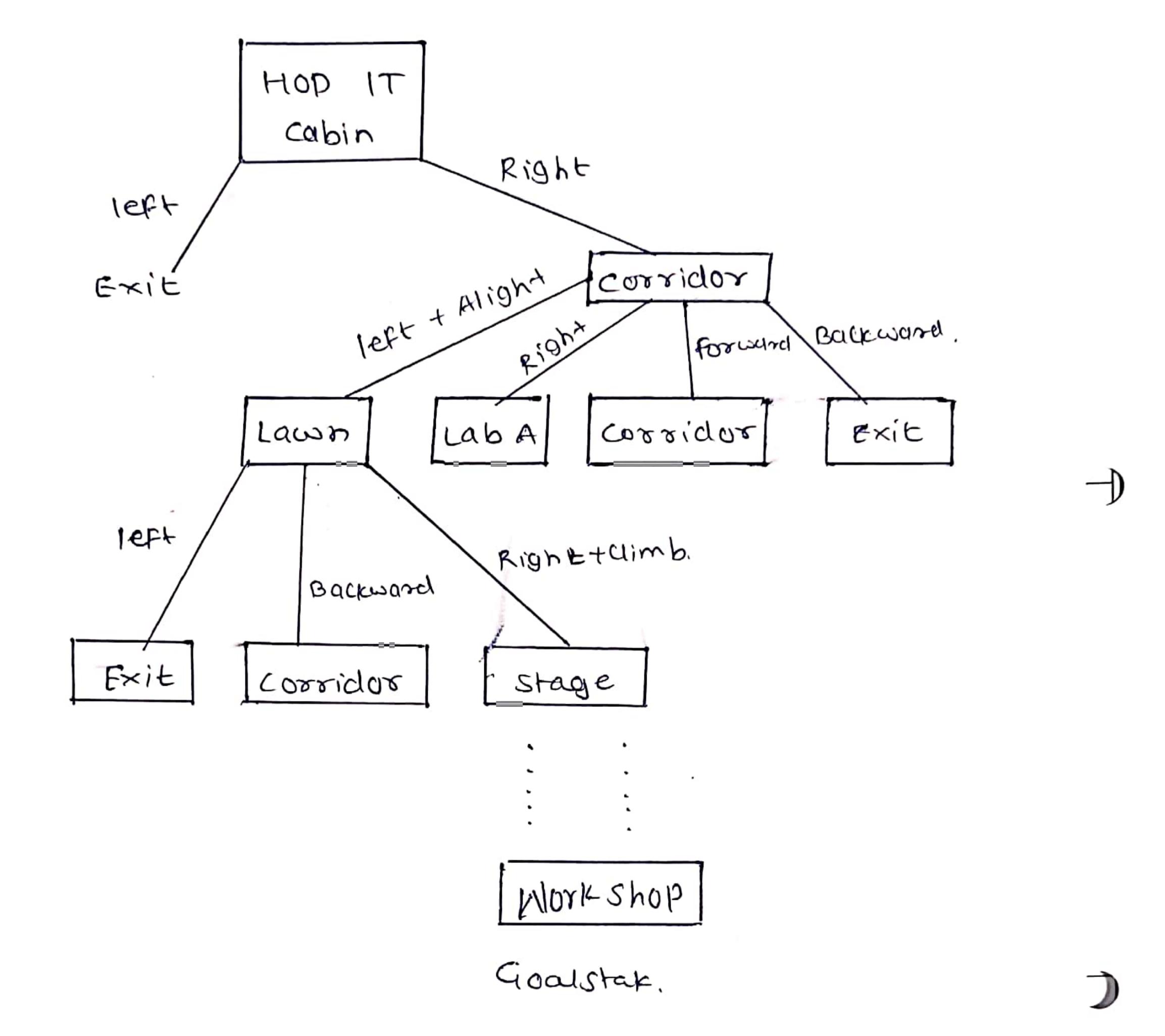




Goalstate

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## State space



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