

```
//Created By Ritwik Chandra Pandey on 23/05/2021
//183215
//Height,Size BT
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
/* A binary tree node has data, pointer to left child
   and a pointer to right child */
```

```
struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
```

```
};
```

```
/* Helper function that allocates a new node with the
   given data and NULL left and right pointers. */
```

```
struct node* newNode(int data)
{
    struct node* node = (struct node*)
        malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    node->data = data;
    node->left = NULL;
    node->right = NULL;

    return(node);
}
```

```
/* Computes the number of nodes in a tree. */
```

```
int size(struct node* node)
{
    if (node==NULL)
        return 0;
```

```

else
    return(size(node->left) + 1 + size(node->right));
}
int maxDepth(struct node* node)
{
    if (node == NULL)
        return 0;
    else {
        /* compute the depth of each subtree */
        int lDepth = maxDepth(node->left);
        int rDepth = maxDepth(node->right);

        /* use the larger one */
        if (lDepth > rDepth)
            return (lDepth+1);
        else
            return (rDepth+1);
    }
}

```

```

/* Driver program to test size function*/
int main()
{
    struct node *root = newNode(1);
    root->left      = newNode(2);
    root->right     = newNode(3);
    root->left->left = newNode(4);
    root->left->right = newNode(5);

    printf("Size of the tree is %d", size(root));
    printf("\nHeight of tree is %d", maxDepth(root)-1);
    getchar();
    return 0;
}

```