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//Created By Ritwik Chandra Pandey on 28/02/2021
//183215
//Cursor Implementation of Linked List
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define SPACE SIZE 11
struct Node
  int data;
  int Next;
typedef int PtrToNode;
typedef PtrToNode POSITION;
typedef PtrToNode LIST;
struct Node CursorSpace[SPACE_SIZE];
void InitializeCursor()
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<SPACE_SIZE-1;i++)</pre>
    CursorSpace[i].Next=i+1;
    CursorSpace[i].data=0;
  CursorSpace[SPACE_SIZE-1].Next=0;
  CursorSpace[SPACE_SIZE-1].data=0;
POSITION CursorAlloc()
  POSITION P;
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P=CursorSpace[0].Next;
  CursorSpace[0].Next=CursorSpace[P].Next;
  CursorSpace[P].data = 0;
  CursorSpace[P].Next = 0;
  return P;
void CursorFree(POSITION P)
  CursorSpace[P].Next=CursorSpace[0].Next;
  CursorSpace[0].Next=P;
  CursorSpace[P].data = 0;
void Insert(int X,LIST L,POSITION P)// ElementType in general for x's data type
{/*Header Implementation assumed and Parameter L is unused in this implementation*/
  POSITION Temp;
  Temp=CursorAlloc();
  if(Temp==0)
    printf("\nOut of space!!!");
  else
    CursorSpace[Temp].data=X;
    CursorSpace[Temp].Next=CursorSpace[P].Next;
    CursorSpace[P].Next=Temp;
int IsLast(POSITION P, LIST L) //P is assumed to be a valid position in List L
  return CursorSpace[P].Next==0;
int IsEmpty(LIST L)
  return CursorSpace[L].Next==0;
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POSITION Find(int X,LIST L)
  POSITION Temp;
  Temp=CursorSpace[L].Next; //first node is header node
  while(Temp && CursorSpace[Temp].data!=X)
    Temp=CursorSpace[Temp].Next;
  return Temp;
POSITION FindPrevious(int X,LIST L)
  POSITION Temp;
  Temp=L;
  while(CursorSpace[Temp].Next && CursorSpace[CursorSpace[Temp].Next].data!=X)
  {Temp=CursorSpace[Temp].Next;}
  if(CursorSpace[Temp].Next==0){
   return 0;}
  else return Temp;
void Delete(int X,LIST L)
{ //Assume use of a header node
  POSITION P,Temp;
  P=FindPrevious(X,L);
    Temp=CursorSpace[P].Next;
    CursorSpace[P].Next=CursorSpace[Temp].Next;
    CursorFree(Temp);
void DeleteList(LIST L)
{POSITION P, Temp;
  P = CursorSpace[L].Next;
  CursorSpace[L].Next = 0; //Header assumed
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\mathbf{while}(P!=0)
  {Temp = CursorSpace[P].Next;
    CursorFree(P);
    P = Temp;
void Display()
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<=SPACE_SIZE-1;i++)</pre>
    printf("\n%d\t%d\t%d",i,CursorSpace[i].data,CursorSpace[i].Next);
int main()
  LIST L=0;
  POSITION P;
  int choice,place,x;
  printf("\n\tCursor Implementation of List ADT\n\n");
  do{
    printf("\n1.Create\n2.Insert\n3.Delete\n4.DeleteList\n5.Display\n6.Find\n7.Exit\n\n");
    printf("\nEnter your choice:\t");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    switch(choice)
      case 1:
         if(L==0)
           InitializeCursor();
           L=CursorAlloc();
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printf("Cursor initialized and has been allocated.\n");
  else
    printf("List has already been created\n");
  break;
case 2:
  if(L==0)
    printf("\nList is not yet initialized");
  else
    printf("\nWhere do you want to insert? (Please enter a valid position) ");
    scanf("%d",&place);
    printf("\nEnter the element to insert: ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    Insert(x,L,place);
  break;
case 3:
  if(L==0)
    printf("List is not yet initialized\n");
  else
    printf("Which element do you want to delete? ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    Delete(x,L);
  break;
case 4:
  if(L==0)
    printf("\nList is not yet initialized");
  else
    DeleteList(L);
  break;
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case 5:
       if(L==0)
         printf("\nList is not yet initialized");
       else
         Display();
       break;
    case 6:
       if(L==0)
         printf("\nList is not yet initialized");
       else
         printf("\nWhich element do you want to search? ");
         scanf("%d",&x);
         P=Find(x,L);
         printf("\nThe element is at %d",P);
       break;
    case 7:
       exit(0);
    default:
       printf("\n Please enter correct option");
} while(choice!=7);
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