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//Created By Ritwik Chandra Pandey on 25/02/21
//183215
//To Check for Balanced Parentheses using Stack: Linked List Implementation
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define bool int
// structure of a stack node
struct sNode {
  char data:
  struct sNode* next;
};
// Function to push an item to stack
void push(struct sNode** top_ref, int new_data);
// Function to pop an item from stack
int pop(struct sNode** top_ref);
// Returns 1 if character1 and character2 are matching left
// and right Brackets
bool isMatchingPair(char character1, char character2)
  if (character1 == '(' && character2 == ')')
     return 1;
  else if (character1 == '{' && character2 == '}')
     return 1;
  else if (character1 == '[' && character2 == ']')
     return 1;
  else
     return 0;
// Return 1 if expression has balanced Brackets
bool areBracketsBalanced(char exp[])
```

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int i = 0;
// Declare an empty character stack
struct sNode* stack = NULL;
// Traverse the given expression to check matching
// brackets
while (exp[i])
  // If the exp[i] is a starting bracket then push
  // it
  if (exp[i] == '{' || exp[i] == '(' || exp[i] == '[')
     push(&stack, exp[i]);
  if (exp[i] == '}' || exp[i] == ')' || exp[i] == ']') {
     // If we see an ending bracket without a pair
     // then return false
     if (stack == NULL)
        return 0;
     // Pop the top element from stack, if it is not
     // a pair bracket of character then there is a
     // mismatch.
     // his happens for expressions like {(})
     else if (!isMatchingPair(pop(&stack), exp[i]))
        return 0;
  i++;
if (stack == NULL)
  return 1; // balanced
else
  return 0; // not balanced
```

```
// Driver code
int main()
  char exp[100];
  printf("Enter an algebraic expression\n");
  scanf("%s",exp);
  if (areBracketsBalanced(exp))
     printf("Balanced \n");
  else
     printf("Not Balanced \n");
  return 0;
// Function to push an item to stack
void push(struct sNode** top_ref, int new_data)
  // allocate node
  struct sNode* new_node = (struct sNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct sNode));
  if (new_node == NULL) {
     printf("Stack overflow n");
     getchar();
     exit(0);
  // put in the data
  new_node->data = new_data;
  // link the old list off the new node
  new_node->next = (*top_ref);
  // move the head to point to the new node
```

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(*top_ref) = new_node;
// Function to pop an item from stack
int pop(struct sNode** top_ref)
  char res;
  struct sNode* top;
  // If stack is empty then error
  if (*top_ref == NULL) {
     printf("Stack overflow n");
     getchar();
     exit(0);
  else {
     top = *top_ref;
     res = top->data;
     *top_ref = top->next;
     free(top);
     return res;
```