Observables

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Topic 1

- Async calls with ES6 promises:
- Limitations of promises
 - Can return only one value
 - Guaranteed response, i.e. can't be canceled

Observable HTTP Events

A common operation in any web application is **getting or posting data to a server**.

Angular applications do this with the Http library, which previously <u>used Promises</u> to operate in an asynchronous manner.

The updated Http library now incorporates

Observables for triggering events and getting

new data.

Terminology

- Observable data stream that pushes data over time
- Observer consumer of observable
- Subscriber connects observer with observable
- Operator en-route data transformation

Observables

- The observer pattern is a software design pattern
- an object, called the subject, maintains a list of its dependents, called observers
- notifies them automatically of any state changes, usually by calling one of their methods.
- It is mainly used to implement distributed event handling systems.

Callbacks

The use of callbacks certainly offer asynchronicity,

 but they are less scalable as they often become overly nested

Callbacks

```
getStuff(function(result){
  getMoreStuff(function(results){
    getSomeStuffForEachResult(results,
 function(moreStuff){
     doTheThingWeWantedToDo(moreStuff);
    });
   });
• });
```

Callbacks

- So what's the problem?
- this turns into spaghetti code really, quickly,
- and doesn't handle errors...

Promises

- Promises are often cited as the best way to handle asynchronicity,
- They have their own built-in object methods.

- The problem with Promises is that they are neither cancellable
- nor are they a good way to manage collections of data

why RxJS?

- What about Promises?
- Promises are good for solving asynchronous operations such as querying a service with an XMLHttpRequest, where the expected behavior is one value and then completion.
- The Reactive Extensions for JavaScript unifies both the world of Promises, callbacks as well as evented data such as DOM Input, Web Workers, Web Sockets.
- Once we have unified these concepts, this enables rich composition.

RxJS

- RxJS is an incredibly sophisticated library
 - initially built by Microsoft,
 - then revised by the good folks at Netflix
 - maintained by many open source contributors.
- It includes the use of observables,

to handle data that is streamed into collections,

RxJS offers a clean way to leverage the power of observables to work with complex data,

to be cancellable and to clean up after themselves.

- To properly manage data streams in app, we're going to want to use observables.
- And to properly use Observables Angularpowered app, we need to know RxJS API.

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