



Pemrograman Berbasis Fungsi – RA TA Genap 2021/2022

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Tugas Exercise

>> Exercise 1 >>

1. Output yang dihasilkan dari input password `anakanakcerdas2020` adalah `Sc+TV+Sc+TS-Sc+TV+Sc+TS-Se+Sg+TZ+Sf+Sc+T[+Qh+Qf+Qh+Qf+`. Hasil tangkapan layar code

```
limitPassword = 100
while True:
    opsi = input('Do you want to encrypt a password ? [Y/N] ')
    if (opsi == 'Y') or (opsi == 'y'):
        password = input('Enter your password: ')
        cek_panjangPassword(password, limitPassword)
        print(password, '----->', encrypted(password))
    else:
        break
```

```
Do you want to encrypt a password ? [Y/N] y
Enter your password: anakanakcerdas2020
anakanakcerdas2020 -----> Sc+TV+Sc+TS-Sc+TV+Sc+TS-Se+Sg+TZ+Sf+Sc
+T[+Qh+Qf+Qh+Qf+
Do you want to encrypt a password ? [Y/N] n
```

2. Hasil tangkapan layar code:

```
while True:
    opsi = input('Do you want to decrypt a password ? [Y/N] ')
    if (opsi == 'Y') or (opsi == 'y'):
        password = input('Enter your password: ')
        print(password, '----->', decrypted(password))
    else:
        break
```

```
Do you want to decrypt a password ? [Y/N] y
Enter your password: Sc-TV-Sc-TS+T[-Sc-TQ+TV-T[-Sf-Sc-T\ -Sc-Qh-Qf-
Qh-Qf-TS+Sg-Se-Sg-
Sc-TV-Sc-TS+T[-Sc-TQ+TV-T[-Sf-Sc-T\ -Sc-Qh-Qf-Qh-Qf-TS+Sg-Se-Sg- --
-----> anaksainsdata2020kece
Do you want to decrypt a password ? [Y/N] n
```

>> Exercise 2 >>

1. Hasil tangkapan layar code:

```
import numpy as np

# Create txt file for first number and second number
with open('number.txt','w') as f:
    f.write('9502561694858652150281747994108545943651521215096841995237040384498740803993469376602031341619585763')
with open('number1.txt','w') as f:
    f.write('2116068642696162934965789080530992805391900568978958496201555855833896833372295507803936243187061092')

# Open file
f1 = open('number.txt').read()
f2 = open('number1.txt').read()

# Add the first number and the second number with anonymous function
add = lambda x,y: int(x) + int(y)
add(f1,f2)

1161863037554815085247537074639538749043421784075800491438596240332637637365764884405967584806646855
```

>> Exercise 3 >>

1. Modul solver.py dapat digunakan untuk menyelesaikan persamaan differensial orde 2 selain kasus non linear pendulum, namun yang perlu diperhatikan ialah fungsi Func yang akan selalu berbeda sesuai kasus yang ingin kita solve.
2. Hasil tangkapan layar



3. Hasil screenshot code:

```
import math as m

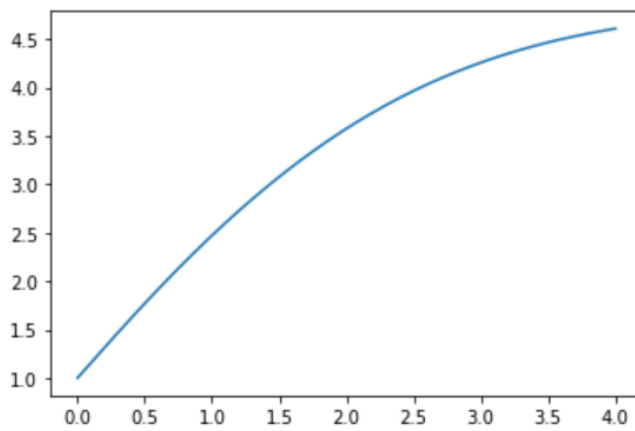
def Func(g,L,a):
    return (-(g/L))*m.sin(a)

def euler(t,h,y,dy,Func):
    d2y = Func(t,y,dy)
    y_next = y + (h * dy)
    dy_next = dy + (h * d2y)
    return (y_next, dy_next)

def cauchy_euler(params, Func):
    # initial condition
    t0 = params['t0']
    t_akhir = params['t_akhir']
    h = params['h']
    y0 = params['y0']
    dy0 = params['dy0']
```

4. Hasil screenshot:

```
: from solver import *  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
  
params = {  
    'g' : 9.8,  
    'y0' : 1,  
    't0' : 0,  
    't_akhir' : 4,  
    'h' : 0.001,  
    'dy0' : 0.5 * 3.14  
}  
  
t, res_euler = cauchy_euler(params, Func)  
  
plt.plot(t, res_euler)  
plt.show()
```



5. Hasil screenshot

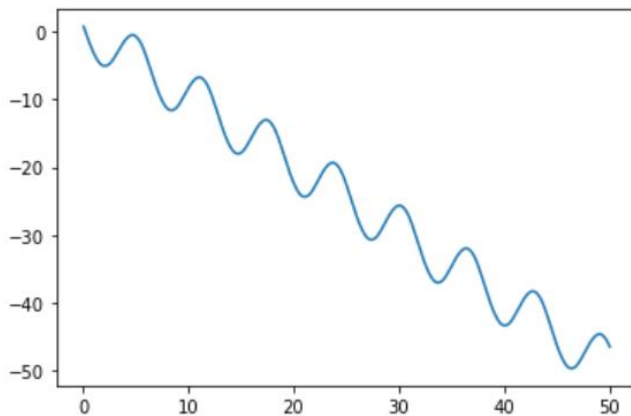
```
from solver import *
import math
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

def pd(y,dy,x):
    return -y - dy + (0.5*(1 - math.cos(2*x)))

parameter = {
    't0' : 0,
    't_akhir' : 50,
    'h' : 0.05,
    'y0' : 1,
    'dy0' : -9/2
}

t2, res_euler2 = cauchy_euler(parameter, pd)

plt.plot(t2,res_euler2)
plt.show()
```



>> Exercise 4 >>

1.

>> Exercise 7 >>

1. Hasil screenshot

```
P = 'akulupa'
P = map(lambda x: ((x[0] * 2) + 1, x[1]), enumerate(P))
print(list(P))

[(1, 'a'), (3, 'k'), (5, 'u'), (7, 'l'), (9, 'u'), (11, 'p'), (13, 'a')]
```

2. Hasil screenshot

```
B = 24
fks = map(lambda b: b+1 if B % (b+1) == 0 else -1, range(B))
def filt(fks):
    x = []
    for f in fks:
        if f != -1:
            x.append(f)
    return x
print(filt(fks))

[1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24]
```

3. Hasil screenshot

```
A = [[3,4], [5,6]]
B = [[1,2], [7,8]]
C = list(map(lambda ra,rb: list(map(lambda raa,rbb: raa+rbb, ra, rb)), A, B))
def dett(C):
    return (C[0][0] * C[1][1]) - (C[0][1] * C[1][0])
print(dett(C))

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```