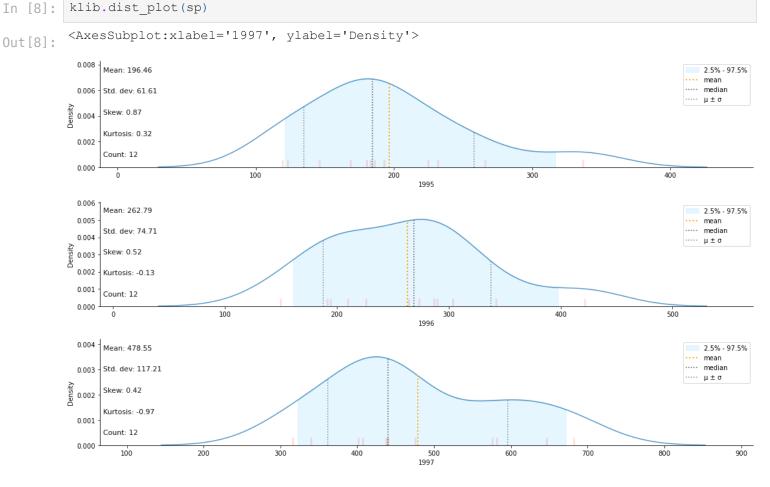
Assignment 6.2: Dataset Visualization

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```
In [2]:
         import os
         os.getcwd()
         '/Users/gabirivera/Desktop/MSADS2/ADS-501-01/Module 6/Code'
Out[2]:
In [3]:
         import pandas as pd
         sp = pd.read csv('ShampooSales.csv', sep = ',')
In [4]:
         sp.head(10)
               Month 1995 1996 1997
Out[4]:
         0
              January
                      266.0
                             194.3
                                   339.7
              February
                      145.9
                            149.5 440.4
         2
                March
                       183.1
                             210.1 315.9
                       119.3 273.3
         3
                 April
                                  439.3
         4
                 May
                      180.3
                             191.4
                                   401.3
         5
                      168.5 287.0 437.4
                 June
         6
                      231.8 226.0 575.5
                 July
         7
                      224.5 303.6
               August
                                   407.6
            September 192.8 289.9 682.0
         9
              October 122.9 421.6
                                  475.3
In [5]:
         import klib
         klib.missingval plot(sp)
In [6]:
         No missing values found in the dataset.
         sp.describe()
In [7]:
Out[7]:
                     1995
                                 1996
                                             1997
         count
                 12.000000
                             12.000000
                                        12.000000
               196.458333
                            262.791667
                                       478.550000
         mean
           std
                 61.606913
                             74.708007
                                        117.212383
           min
                119.300000
                           149.500000
                                       315.900000
                162.850000
          25%
                           206.150000 406.025000
          50%
               184.500000
                           268.900000 439.850000
          75%
               226.325000
                           293.325000
                                       576.950000
          max 336.500000 421.600000 682.000000
```

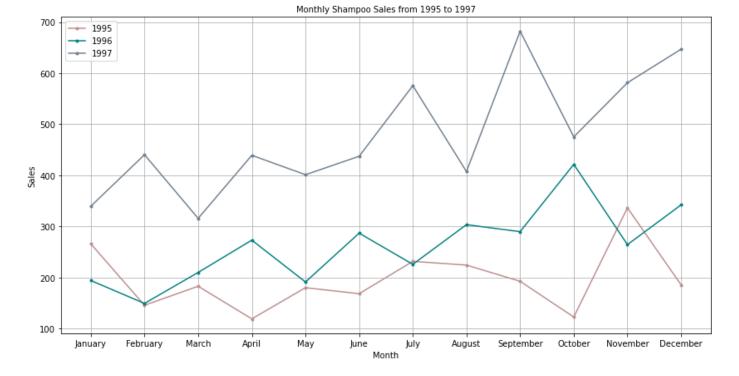


Direction: Create a line graph using the ShampooSales.csv file. Create your "x" axis using "Month", the "y" axis should be the sales, and then create a line for each year (1995, 1996, & 1997) to compare the sales per month by each year.

```
In [9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [15]: plt.plot(sp['Month'], sp['1995'], color='rosybrown', marker='.')
    plt.plot(sp['Month'], sp['1996'], color='teal', marker='.')
    plt.plot(sp['Month'], sp['1997'], color='slategrey', marker='.')

    plt.title('Monthly Shampoo Sales from 1995 to 1997', fontsize=10)
    plt.xlabel('Month', fontsize=10)
    plt.ylabel('Sales', fontsize=10)
    plt.grid(True)
    plt.legend(['1995', '1996', '1997'])
    plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [14, 7]
    plt.show()
```



Interpretation:

Overall, 1997 shampoo sales are higher compared to 1995 and 1996 monthly shampoo sales. The relative increase in shampoo sales per year and the second half of the year might be driven by consumers' monthly prediction, shampoo cost response, increasing population, inflation, rising temperature, etc. On average, 1996 and 1997 monthly shampoo sales seem to have a cyclical pattern of decreasing after every other month. This might correspond to how long shampoo is consumed per household. 1995 almost had the same cyclical pattern but a slow dropped in sales is seen during the peak of the summer months (incline from June to October drop). This might be a response to the summer heat that year.