Open Drone ID

Bluetooth Broadcast Specification

Protocol version 0.64.3

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Update History

Version	Date	Changes						
0.54	3/1/2018	Started Change Control (initial version baseline)	G. Cox, Jan S.					
0.56	4/20/2018	Added BT5 Extended Advertisements	G. Cox					
0.58.4	6/06/2018	Minor changes to background, added footnote for WiFi and added IETF RFC2119 reference.	G. Cox, J. Takei					
0.60.0	8/23/2019	Extracted Bluetooth Section to a stand-alone document	G. Cox					
0.61.0	11/8/2018	Updated diagrams to sync with Message Spec (removed Unique ID from header, increased remaining message size from 21 to 25 bytes	G. Cox					
0.64.3	3/10/2018	 Changed Open Drone ID message size from 26 to 25 bytes. Added AD App Field before Msg Counter field to help with fingerprinting the messages. Corrected length field with AD Flags for Legacy frames from 1F to 1E. Changed terminology from Bluetooth/BLE 4 to Bluetooth Legacy. Accounted for new message pack sizing in the length byte explanation table for the Bluetooth 5 Long Range Data Frame. 	G. Cox					



1 Introduction

On December 19th 2017 the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) published the UAS Remote Tracking & ID ARC Report¹ to update the public about the latest results from the Aviation Rulemaking Committee (ARC) chartered by the FAA.

Within the ARC recommendation were some options for "Broadcasting" a Drone ID. This specification is designed to meet such needs expressed in the ARC Report.

This document is currently in *DRAFT* and is under a standardization process within the ASTM F38 Remote ID Workgroup. The outcome of this collaboration will most certainly result in many changes as a part of this process.

2 Related Documents

Open Drone ID – Message Specification: Contains the details of the Open Drone ID Messages that are referenced in this document.

Bluetooth 5.0 Core Specification: https://www.bluetooth.com/specifications/bluetooth-core-specification

3 Technical solution

The solution outlined in this specification is for the broadcasting category of drone identification. In the ARC, several solutions were discussed. The primary advantages of this technology are:

- Commoditized open standard supported by most modern smartphones as a receiving device
- Very low part(s) cost to add to a drone
- Very low weight with solutions below 10g
- Robust protocol implementation with congestion handling and up to 1km range (v5.0 AE).
- Very easy to retrofit to existing drones

The range of Bluetooth V4.x (Legacy Broadcasts) depends on the transmit power, as well as the exact transmitter and receiver setup including the antenna and external noise sources. Tests have been conducted to show a range from a drone to a smartphone of over 200m. For better antenna installations at critical sites the range could be increased to more than 1km. Based on the specifications, with Bluetooth V5.0 Long Range (LE coded S=8), the range could quadruple. This range will be suitable for most scenarios while providing 2 huge benefits:

- 1. Public Safety Departments cost of acquiring receivers could potentially be minimized to the cost of their available smartphones.
- 2. The general public can use their smartphone to read the Drone IDs and help by accurately reporting airspace contention or security problems.

Bluetooth uses three different beacon channels that can broadcast messages to non-specific endpoints. Although the remaining 37 channels operate in the 2.4 Ghz range, where WiFi resides, the channels are much narrower and specifically the beacon channels are outside of the bands of typical WiFi traffic². (see Figure 1 below).

¹ https://www.faa.gov/news/updates/?newsId=89404

² Based on common router configurations that choose channels 1,6,11 by default

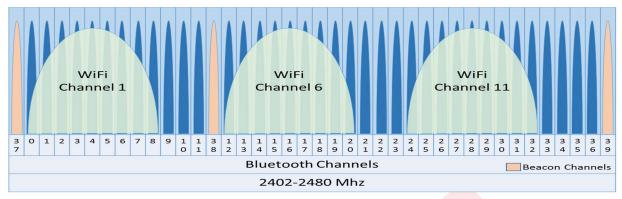


Figure 1 – Bluetooth Channels

4 Implementation Overview

In this specification, the intent is to use a Bluetooth radio to send connectionless broadcast frames (Advertisements) that work with both BT 4.x and 5.x receivers. Supporting both architectures allows for compatibility with existing BT4.x receivers (like most cell phones as of 2019), yet can still take advantage of the range enhancements (4x) of BT5 Long Range which has products available from multiple suppliers and can also be installed as external fixed receivers with high gain antennas.

5 Bluetooth Legacy (4.x compatible) Advertisements

Bluetooth supports a "Broadcast Frame" to go out on the beacon channels with a custom message length limit of 26 bytes. These broadcast messages shall be "uncoded" and conform to Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Sections 2.1 and 2.3.1.³

5.1 Beacon Definition

These Bluetooth Legacy frames shall be sent as illustrated below in Figure 2.

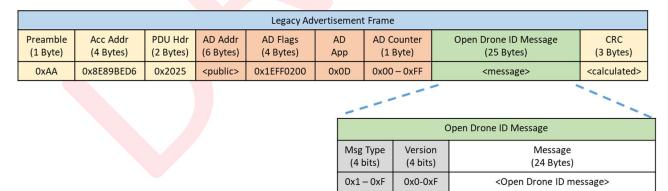


Figure 2 –Bluetooth Legacy Advertisement Frame Format

³ https://www.bluetooth.com/specifications/bluetooth-core-specification

5.2 Additional BLE 4.x Frame Details

Field	Size*	Value	Contents									
Preamble	1	0xAA	LE 1M Packet									
Acc Address	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadcast Packet									
PDU Hdr	2	0x2025										
			PDU Type	0x2	ADV_NONCONN_IND – Connectionless Advertisement							
			RFU	0	Reserved							
			ChSel	0	Reserved							
			TxAdd	0	Indicates AD Addr is HW Address (rather than random)							
			RxAdd	0	Reserved							
			Len	0x25	37 Bytes							
AD Addr	6	0xXXXXXX	Unique Har	dware A	Address of Bluetooth MAC							
AD Flags	4	0x1FFF0200										
			Length	0x1E	30 Bytes (excluding this field)							
			Туре	0xFF	Manufacturer Specific							
			Mfg Code	0x0200	Intel (this is a placeholder until a mfg code is established by the standards collaboration.							
AD App	1	0x0D	x0 <mark>D = O</mark> pen Drone <mark>ID</mark>									
AD Counter	1	0xXX	Msg Counter: Start at 0, increment for each message of the same type									
ODID Msg	26	<26 Bytes>	Open Drone ID Message – see section									
CRC	on Data as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification											
5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.1.1												

5.3 Transmitting Frequency

These 25 byte long messages, as defined in the *Open Drone ID Message Specification*, shall be sent by each drone Bluetooth beacon. Depending on whether the data is static or dynamic, the messages will be sent at a low or higher frequency (respectively).

As such, the following message frequencies shall be maintained:

Static: Every 3 seconds. Dynamic: 3 per second.

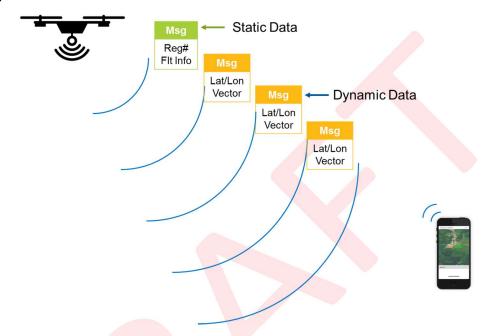


Figure 3 - Static and Dynamic Messages

6 Bluetooth 5.0 Extended Advertisements

If Implementing this specification using Bluetooth 5, In addition to sending standard (ADV_NONCONN_IND) Bluetooth Legacy advertisements, Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisements (ADV_EXT_IND + AUX_ADV_IND) must be sent as well at the same rate as Dynamic Data specified in section 5.3 and they must be sent on an LE Coded (S=8) PHY. This will add Forward Error Correction (FEC) and increase the range of the advertisements by a factor of 4. These messages shall conform to Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Sections 2.2 (LE Coded PHY, S=8).

While Bluetooth Legacy advertisements broadcast on the beacon channels 37,38,39, Bluetooth 5 adds Extended Advertising that allow for up to 255 byte advertisements on the "non-beacon" channels by implementing a pointer in the primary beacons directing the receiver to read from the secondary channel.

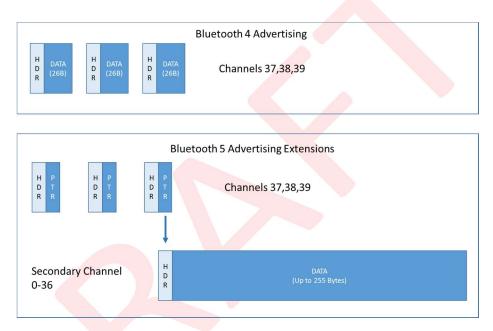


Figure 4 - Bluetooth 4 and 5 Extended Advertising Comparison

When performing a Bluetooth 5 Advanced Advertisement, all messages must be sent together as a single "message pack" as illustrated below in Figure 5.

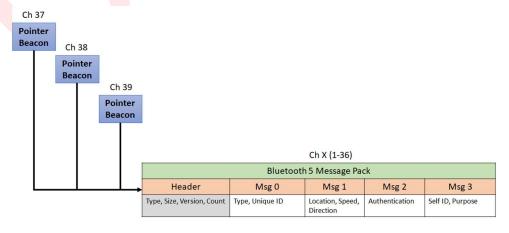


Figure 5 -- Bluetooth 5 Pointers Beacons to Message Pack

6.1 Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisement Primary (Pointer) Packet

The Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisement Primary packet includes a pointer to the Secondary Packet as illustrated below. Therefore, the Primary packet shall be broadcast through all 3 beacon channels, followed by the Secondary packet on the remaining channels (see <reference to packet spreading algorithm).

	BLE5 Long Range Advertisement Pointer Frame (LE Coded)											
Preamble (1 Byte) [Coded Phy]	Acc Addr (4 Bytes)	CI (2bits) [S=8]	TERM1 (3bits)	PDU Hdr (2 Bytes)	Ext Hdr Len (6 Bits)	Adv Mode (2 bits) non-scan undirect	Ext Header (12 Bytes)	Adv Data	CRC (3 Bytes)	Term2 (3bits)		
0x3C	0x8E89BED6	00b	<xxx>b</xxx>	0x700D	0x0C	00b	<12 bytes>	N/A	<calculated></calculated>	<xxx>b</xxx>		

Additional Primary Packet Details

Ninon	C: *	Malara	Value Description									
Name	Size*	Value	Value Description LE Coded PHY									
Preamble	1	0x3C										
Acc Addr	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadcast Packet									
CI	2 bits	00b	Coding Indication: FEC Block 2 is coded using S=8 (longest range)									
Term1	3 bits	xxxb	FEC Block 1 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
			Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1									
PDU Hdr	2	0x700D										
			Field		Bits	Hex		Desc				
			PDU Type	e 0111		0x7	ADV_EXT_	IND (Primary)				
			RFU	0		0x0	Reserved					
			ChSel	0			Reserved					
			TxAdd	0			Reserved					
			RxAdd	0			Reserved					
			Len	0010	0101	0x0D	13 Bytes					
Ext Hdr	12		Field	Size*	Bits (b	inary)	Hex	Desc				
			Flags	1	0001 1	.001	0x19	Field Selection (AdvA, ADI, Aux Ptr)				
			AdvA	6	<hw a<="" td=""><td>DDR></td><td>0xXXXXXX</td><td>Adv Address (HW Addr)</td></hw>	DDR>	0xXXXXXX	Adv Address (HW Addr)				
			ADI	2	0000 0		0x0000 -	Advertising Data ID (12bits) = 0				
					0000 x	XXX	0x000F	Advertising Set ID (4bits):				
								Increment each time data changes				
			Aux Ptr	3	cccc cc	a0	0xXXXXXX	ccccc = Channel				
					dddd d	lddd		a = clock accuracy				
					dddd d	1010		0 = 30us offset multiplier				
								dddddd = offset/delay				
								010 =LE Coded Phy				
								** See Aux Ptr Field Details below.				
CRC	3		CRC Error Correction Data as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification									
			5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.1.1									
Term2	3bits		FEC Block 2 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
								,				
			Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1									

^{*} Bytes

6.2 Aux Ptr Field Details

The Aux Ptr Field in the Primary Packet shall be implemented in accordance to the Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 2.3.4.5 with the following guidance.

Channel Index	Shall be calculated using the following formula:
Chamiler muex	
	Channel = (Current Channel + 9) % 36
	This will ensure some entropy by hopping through the channels and spreading out
	the beacons to minimize the effects of external interference.
Clock Accuracy (CA)	0: 51 – 500ppm
	1: 0 - 50ppm
Offset Units	0: 30us
Aux Offset/Delay	This represents the time offset from when the primary packet is sent and the
	secondary packet. Since all 3 primary packets are sent prior to the secondary packet,
	the offset is different for each one. This offset should be calculated based on the
	Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0 specification.
	The following offsets may be used as guidance :
	Beacon 1: 166 us
	Beacon 2: 114 us
	Beacon 3: 62 us
	These calculations are based on a primary packet time of 1552us + a T_MAFS
	(minimum aux frame space) of 300us divided by the offset multiplier unit of 30us.
	The time of sending the current beacon + remaining beacons must be included. Thus,
	Beacon 1 includes the time of itself + 2 more beacons + T_MAFS.
Aux PHY	010: LE Coded Phy

6.3 Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertising Secondary Packet

The secondary packet contains the actual information payload. This packet shall be encoded according the the Common Extended Advertising Format described in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 2.3.4 with the values included in the tables below.

Additionally this packet Adv Data payload shall group together all message types being sent into a single "Message Pack" of the format described below.

			Blueto	oth 5 Long Ra	nge Extende	d Advertiseme	nt Dat	ta Frame	e (LE (Coded)			
Preamble (1 Byte) [Coded Phy]	Acc Addr (4 Bytes)	CI (2bits) [S=8]	TERM1 (3bits)	PDU Hdr (2 Bytes)	Ext Hdr Len (6 Bits)	Adv Mode (2 bits) non-scan Undirect (0		Ext Header (14 Bytes)		Ad	v Data	CRC (3 Bytes)	Term2 (3bits)
0x3C	0x8E89BED6	00b	<xxx>b</xxx>	0x70XX		0x0E		<14 Byte	es>	<3 + N ²	*25 Bytes>	<calculated></calculated>	<xxx>b</xxx>
							*N	N = Num	ber of	f Message	e Types in Me	essage Pack	
								Oper	Dror	ne ID Mes	sage Pack		
					MsgType (4 bits) [MsgPk]	Version (4 bits)				Pack	Message (Type 0)	Message (Type 1)	
					0xF	0x0-0xF	0x16	6 (25)	<1	Byte>	<25Bytes>	<25Bytes>	
									0	pen Dron	e ID Message	:	
						Msg T (4 bit	*	Versio (4 bit				ssage Bytes)	
					0x1 – 0xF						e ID message>		

Name	Size*	Value	Value Description										
Preamble	1	0x3C	LE Code	LE Coded PHY									
Acc Addr	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadcast Packet										
CI	2 bits	00b	Coding Indication: FEC Block 2 is coded using S=8 (longest range)										
Term1	3 bits	xxxb	FEC Block 1 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,										
_			Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1										
PDU Hdr	2	0x70XX											
			Field	Bi	its	Hex		Desc					
			PDU Type	0111		0x7	AUX_ADV_II	ND (Secondary)					
			RFU	0		0x0	Reserved						
			ChSel	0			Reserved	Reserved					
			TxAdd	0			Reserved	served					
			RxAdd	0			Reserved						
			Length	XXXX X	хххх	0xXX	18 + N*25 Bytes where N is the number of Messages in the Message Pack						
Ext Hdr	12		Field	Size*	Bits (b	oinary)	Hex	Desc					
			Flags	1	0000		0x09	Field Selection (AdvA, ADI)					
			AdvA	6		ADDR>	0xXXXXXX	Adv Address (HW Addr)					
			ADI	2	0000		0x0000 - 0x000F Advertising Data ID (12bits) = 0						
					OOO XXXX			Advertising Set ID (4bits): Increment each time data changes					
CRC	3		CRC Error Correction Data as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification										
			5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.1.1										
Term2	3bits			FEC Block 2 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1													

7 Compliance and Interoperability

As of this version, compliance can be "self-certified" using the following means:

- 1. Every "shall", "must" and any other logical directive in this document must be implemented. (See IETF RFC2119 for adopted definitions of imperatives: https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt)
- 2. Interoperability shall be verified against "known working" clients for both Blutooth Legacy (4.x compatible) and Bluetooth Extended Advertising receivers.
- 3. Hardware/RF/Signal compliance TBD.
- 4. If a system is not compliant with this spec, then it may not claim, advertise or display references to "Open Drone ID".