Open Drone ID

Bluetooth Broadcast Specification

Protocol version 0.60.0

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Update History

Version	Date	Changes	Author
0.54	3/1/2018	Started Change Control (initial version baseline)	G. Cox, Jan S.
0.56	4/20/2018	Added BT5 Extended Advertisements	G. Cox
0.58.4	6/06/2018	Minor changes to background, added footnote for WiFi and added IETF RFC2119 reference.	G. Cox, J. Takei
0.60.0	8/23/2019	Extracted Bluetooth Section to a stand-alone document	G. Cox



1 Introduction

On December 19th 2017 the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) published the UAS Remote Tracking & ID ARC Report¹ to update the public about the latest results from the Aviation Rulemaking Committee (ARC) chartered by the FAA.

Within the ARC recommendation were some options for "Broadcasting" a Drone ID. This specification is designed to meet such needs expressed in the ARC Report.

This document is currently in *DRAFT* and is under a standardization process within the ASTM F38 Remote ID Workgroup. The outcome of this collaboration will most certainly result in many changes as a part of this process.

2 Related Documents

Open Drone ID – Message Specification: Contains the details of the Open Drone ID Messages that are referenced in this document.

3 Technical solution

The solution outlined in this specification is for the broadcasting category of drone identification. In the ARC, several solutions were discussed. The primary advantages of this technology are:

- Commoditized open standard supported by most modern smartphones as a receiving device
- Very low part(s) cost to add to a drone
- Very low weight with solutions below 10g
- Robust protocol implementation with congestion handling and up to 1km range (v5.0 AE).
- Very easy to retrofit to existing drones

The range of Bluetooth V4.0 depends on the transmit power, as well as the exact transmitter and receiver setup including the antenna and external noise sources. Tests have been conducted to show a range from a drone to a smartphone of over 200m. For better antenna installations at critical sites the range could be increased to more than 1km. Based on the specifications, with Bluetooth V5.0, the range will quadruple. This range will be suitable for most scenarios while providing 2 huge benefits:

- 1. Public Safety Departments cost of acquiring receivers could potentially be minimized to the cost of their available smartphones.
- 2. The general public can use their smartphone to read the Drone IDs and help by accurately reporting airspace contention or security problems.

Bluetooth uses three different beacon channels that can broadcast messages to non-specific endpoints. Although the remaining 37 channels operate in the 2.4 Ghz range, where WiFi resides, the channels are much narrower and specifically the beacon channels are outside of the bands of typical WiFi traffic². (see Figure 1 below).

¹ https://www.faa.gov/news/updates/?newsId=89404

² Based on common router configurations that choose channels 1,6,11 by default

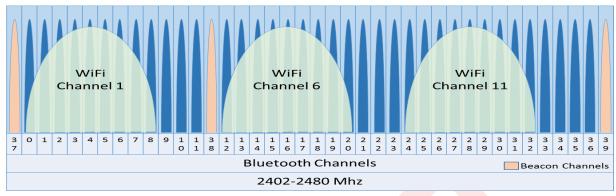


Figure 1 - Bluetooth Channels

4 Implementation Overview

In this specification, the intent is to use a Bluetooth radio to send connectionless broadcast frames (Advertisements) that work with both BT 4.x and 5.x receivers. Supporting both architectures allows for compatibility with existing BT4 receivers (like most cell phones as of 2018), yet can still take advantage of the range enhancements (4x) of BT5 which is starting to ship with newer cell phones and can also be installed as external receivers.

5 BLE (Bluetooth 4.x compatible) Advertisements

BLE supports a "Broadcast Frame" to go out on the beacon channels with a custom message length limit of 26 bytes. These broadcast messages shall be "uncoded" and conform to Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Sections 2.1 and 2.3.1.3

Beacon Definition

These BLE frames shall be sent as illustrated below in Figure 2.

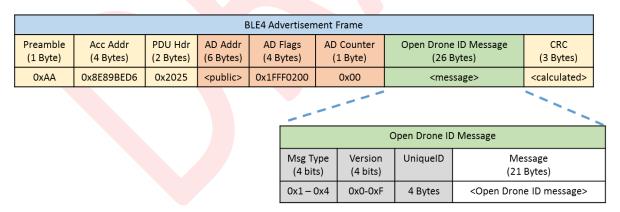


Figure 2 –BLE Advertisement Frame Format

³ https://www.bluetooth.com/specifications/bluetooth-core-specification

Additional BLE 4.x Frame Details

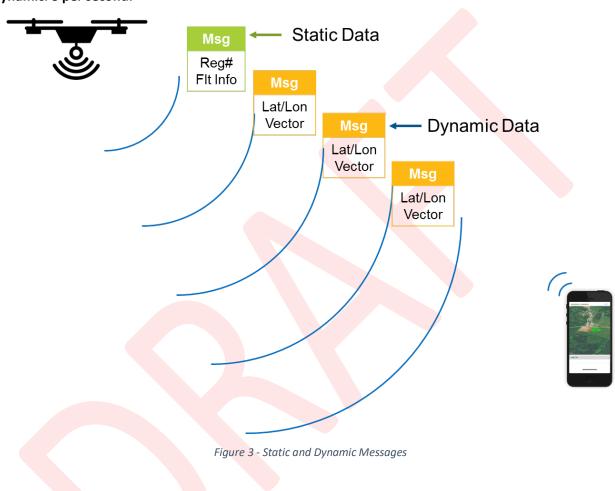
Field	Size*	Value	Contents								
Preamble	1	0xAA	LE 1M Packet								
Acc Address	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadcast Packet								
PDU Hdr	2	0x2025									
			PDU Type	0x2	ADV_NONCONN_IND – Connectionless Advertisement						
			RFU	0	Reserved						
			ChSel	0	Reserved						
			TxAdd	0	Indicates AD Addr is HW Address (rather than random)						
			RxAdd	0	Reserved						
			Len	0x25	37 Bytes						
AD Addr	6	0xXXXXXX	Unique Har	dware /	Address of Blu <mark>etooth MAC</mark>						
AD Flags	4	0x1FFF0200									
			Length	0x1F	31 Bytes (excluding this field)						
			Туре	0xFF	Manufacturer Specific						
			Mfg Code	0x0200	Intel (this is a placeholder until a mfg code is established by the standards collaboration.						
				•							
AD Counter	1	0xXX	Msg Counte	er: Start	at <mark>0, incr</mark> ement for each message of the same type						
ODID Msg	26	<26 Bytes>	Open Drone ID Message – see section Error! Reference source not								
			found. (Error! Reference source not found.)								
CRC	3	<calculated></calculated>	CRC Error C	orrection	on Data as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification						
			5.0, Volume	B, Section 3.1.1							

Transmitting Frequency

These 26 byte long messages, as defined in the *Open Drone ID Message Specification*, shall be sent by each drone Bluetooth beacon. Depending on whether the data is static or dynamic, the messages will be sent at a low or higher frequency (respectively).

As such, the following message frequencies shall be maintained:

Static: Every 3 seconds. Dynamic: 3 per second.



6 Bluetooth 5.0 Extended Advertisements

If Implementing this specification using Bluetooth 5, In addition to sending standard (ADV_NONCONN_IND) BLE (4.2) advertisements, Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisements (ADV_EXT_IND + AUX_ADV_IND) must be sent as well at the same rate as Dynamic Data (see Section 4



Transmitting Frequency) and they must be sent on an LE Coded (S=8) PHY. This will add Forward Error Correction (FEC) and increase the range of the advertisements by 4x. These messages shall conform to Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Sections 2.2 (LE Coded PHY, S=8).

While BLE (4.2) advertisements broadcast on the beacon channels 37,38,39, Bluetooth 5 adds Extended Advertising that allow for up to 255 byte advertisements on the "non-beacon" channels by implementing a pointer in the primary beacons directing the receiver to read from the secondary channel.

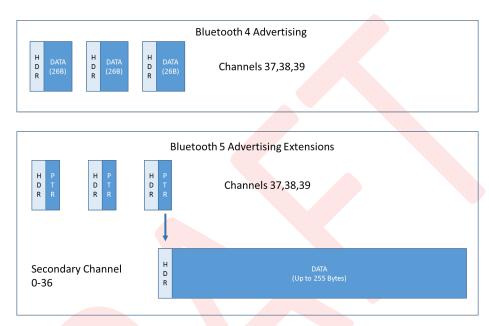


Figure 4 - Bluetooth 4 and 5 Extended Advertising Comparison

When performing a Bluetooth 5 Advanced Advertisement, all messages must be sent together as a single "message pack" as illustrated below in Figure 5.

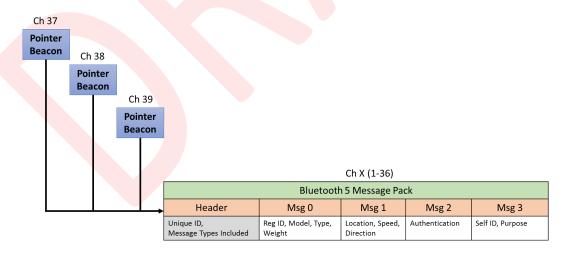


Figure 5 -- Bluetooth 5 Message Pack

Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisement Primary (Pointer) Packet

The Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertisement Primary packet includes a pointer to the Secondary Packet as illustrated below. Therefore, the Primary packet shall be broadcast through all 3 beacon channels,

followed by the Secondary packet on the remaining channels (see <reference to packet spreading algorithm).

BLE5 Long Range Advertisement Pointer Frame (LE Coded)										
Preamble (1 Byte) [Coded Phy]	Acc Addr (4 Bytes)	CI (2bits) [S=8]	TERM1 (3bits)	PDU Hdr (2 Bytes)	Ext Hdr Len (6 Bits)	Adv Mode (2 bits) non-scan undirect	Ext Header (12 Bytes)	Adv Data	CRC (3 Bytes)	Term2 (3bits)
0x3C	0x8E89BED6	00b	<xxx>b</xxx>	0x700D	0x0C	00b	<12 bytes>	N/A	<calculated></calculated>	<xxx>b</xxx>

Additional Primary Packet Details

Name	Size*	Value	Value Description									
Preamble	1	0x3C	LE Code	YH9 b								
Acc Addr	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadca	st Pack	et							
CI	2 bits	00b	Coding I	ndicatio	n: FEC	Block 2	is coded u	sing S=8 (longest range)				
Term1	3 bits	xxxb	FEC Bloc	FEC Block 1 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1								
DDIIII-	2	0.7005	volume	6, Part i	s, Secti	on 3.3.	1					
PDU Hdr	2	0x700D						_				
			Field		Bits	Hex		Desc				
			PDU Type			0x7		IND (Primary)				
			RFU	0		0x0	Reserved					
			ChSel	0			Reserved					
			TxAdd		0		Reserved					
			RxAdd	0			Reserved					
			Len 0010 010		0101	0x0D	13 Bytes					
Ext Hdr	12		Field	Size*	Bits (b	-	Hex	Desc				
			Flags	1	0001 1		0x19	Field Selection (AdvA, ADI, Aux Ptr)				
			AdvA ADI	6	0000 0	ADDR>	0xXXXXXX 0x0000 -	Adv Address (HW Addr)				
			ADI	2	00000		0x0000 = 0x000F	Advertising Data ID (12bits) = 0				
					00007		0,0001	Advertising Set ID (4bits):				
								Increment each time data changes				
			Aux Ptr	3	cccc co	a0	0xXXXXXX	ccccc = Channel				
					ddddd			a = clock accuracy				
					ddddd	1010		0 = 30us offset multiplier				
								dddddd = offset/delay				
								010 =LE Coded Phy ** See Aux Ptr Field Details below.				
								See Aux Pti Field Details Delow.				
CDC	2		CDC F	C	-ti D		مامائنہ ممانیہ 7	Nuctanth Caro Canaifination				
CRC	3		CRC Error Correction Data as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification									
T2	21-14-		5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.1.1									
Term2	3bits		FEC Block 2 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
			Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1									

^{*} Bytes

Aux Ptr Field Details

The Aux Ptr Field in the Primary Packet shall be implemented in accordance to the Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 2.3.4.5 with the following guidance.

Channel Index	Shall be calculated using the following formula: Channel = (Current Channel + 9) % 36 This will ensure some entropy by hopping through the channels and
	spreading out the beacons to minimize the effects of external interference.
Clock Accuracy (CA)	0: 51 – 500ppm 1: 0 - 50ppm
Offset Units	0: 30us
Aux Offset/Delay	This represents the time offset from when the primary packet is sent and the secondary packet. Since all 3 primary packets are sent prior to the secondary packet, the offset is different for each one. This offset should be calculated based on the Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0 specification. The following offsets may be used as guidance: Beacon 1: 166 us Beacon 2: 114 us Beacon 3: 62 us These calculations are based on a primary packet time of 1552us + a T_MAFS (minimum aux frame space) of 300us divided by the offset multiplier unit of 30us. The time of sending the current beacon + remaining beacons must be included. Thus, Beacon 1 includes the time of itself + 2 more beacons + T_MAFS.
Aux PHY	010: LE Coded Phy

Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertising Secondary Packet

The secondary packet contains the actual desired advertisement. Additionally this packet contains a 16 bit "Message Type Mask" which includes bit representing that message types included. All message types supported shall be represented within a single Secondary Packet in the order of lowest message type (index) first. Only the messages selected in the Message Type mask shall be presented within the single Secondary Advertising Packet (with a capacity of up to 255 bytes).

BLE5 Long Range Advertisement Data Frame (LE Coded)										
Preamble (1 Byte) [Coded Phy]	Acc Addr (4 Bytes)	CI (2bits) [S=8]	TERM1 (3bits)	PDU Hdr (2 Bytes)	Ext Hdr Len (6 Bits)	Adv Mode (2 bits) non-scan undirect	Ext Header (12 Bytes)	Adv Data	CRC (3 Bytes)	Term2 (3bits)
0x3C	0x8E89BED6	00b	<xxx>b</xxx>	0x7025	0x09	00b	<9 Bytes>	<7 + N*21 Bytes>	<calculated></calculated>	<xxx>b</xxx>

	Open Drone ID BLE5 Message Pack											
MsgType (4 bits) [BT5hd]	Version (4 bits)	UniqueID	Msg Types Mask (16 bits)	Counter	Message (Type 0)	Message (Type 1)						
0xF	0x0-0xF	4 Bytes	0x000F	<1 Byte>	<21Bytes>	<21Bytes>						

*N = Number of Message Types in Message Pack

Name	Size*	Value	Value Description										
Preamble	1	0x3C	LE Code	LE Coded PHY									
Acc Addr	6	0x8E89BED6	Broadcast Packet										
CI	2 bits	00b	Coding I	Coding Indication: FEC Block 2 is coded using S=8 (longest range)									
Term1	3 bits	xxxb	FEC Bloc	FEC Block 1 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
			Volume	Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.3.1									
PDU Hdr	2	0x70XX											
			Field	Bit	ts	Hex		Desc					
			PDU	0111		0x7	AUX_ADV_IN	ND (<mark>Second</mark> ary)					
			Туре										
			RFU	0		0x0	Reserved						
			ChSel	0			Reserved						
			TxAdd	0			Reserved						
			RxAdd	0			Reserved						
			Length	xxxx x	XXX	0xXX	18 + N*21 Bytes where N is the number of						
							Messages in	the Message Pack					
	_												
Ext Hdr	12		Field	Size*		binary)	Hex	Desc					
			Flags	1	0000		0x09	Field Selection (AdvA, ADI)					
			AdvA	6		ADDR>	0xXXXXXX	Adv Address (HW Addr)					
			ADI	2	0000		0x0000 - 0x000F	Advertising Data ID (12bits) = 0					
					0000	****	0,0001	Advertising Set ID (4bits):					
								Increment each time data changes					
CRC	3		CRC Erro	or Correc	ction [Data as	defined in E	Bluetooth Core Specification					
			5.0, Volume 6, Part B, Section 3.1.1										
Term2	3bits		FEC Bloc	FEC Block 2 Termination as defined in Bluetooth Core Specification 5.0,									
			Volume										

7 Compliance and Interoperability

As of this version, compliance can be "self-certified" using the following means:

- 1. Every "shall", "must" and any other logical directive in this document must be implemented.

 (See IETF RFC2119 for adopted definitions of imperatives: https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt)
- 2. Interoperability shall be verified against "known working" clients for both BLE 4 and Bluetooth 5 Extended Advertising receivers.
- 3. Hardware/RF/Signal compliance TBD.
- 4. If a system is not compliant with this spec, then it may not claim, advertise or display references to "Open Drone ID".