"Enhancing Recommender Systems with LightGCN and Personalized Knowledge-Aware Attention Networks"

1. Introduction and Background

Graph Neural Networks (GNNs) are increasingly utilized in recommender systems for their strength in modeling graph-structured data. However, standard GNN approaches often lack the ability to capture fine-grained semantics from knowledge graphs and struggle to effectively represent complex user-item interactions. Recent advancements like Light Graph Convolutional Networks (LightGCN) [4] and knowledge-aware attention mechanisms [1] show promise in addressing these gaps by improving embedding quality and personalization.

2. Problem Statement

Despite progress, existing GNN-based recommender systems still face difficulties in precisely modeling semantic relationships within knowledge graphs and personalized user-item dynamics. This results in suboptimal recommendation accuracy, limiting user satisfaction and system effectiveness.

3. Objectives

- 1. Review the state-of-the-art in graph neural network-based recommender systems, focusing on LightGCN and knowledge-aware attention models.
- 2. Design a novel recommender system (LGKAT) combining LightGCN with a personalized knowledge-aware attention sub-network.
- 3. Implement and evaluate the proposed model on established datasets.
- 4. Benchmark the performance against current state-of-the-art methods using metrics such as F1-score and recall.

4. Proposed Methodology

The proposed methodology begins with a comprehensive literature review on Light Graph Convolutional Networks (LightGCN) and knowledge-aware attention mechanisms to identify existing gaps and foundational approaches [1][4]. Based on the findings, we will develop the LGKAT architecture, which combines LightGCN for learning efficient user and item embeddings with a personalized knowledge-aware attention sub-network to capture semantic representations from knowledge graphs [1]. The model will be implemented using machine learning frameworks such as PyTorch Geometric, which is well-suited for graph-based computation. We will use publicly available benchmark datasets that include both user-item interactions and corresponding knowledge graph data to train and evaluate the model. Model performance will be measured using standard evaluation metrics such as F1-score and recall, ensuring fair comparisons with baseline approaches [2]. Additionally, ablation studies will be conducted to evaluate the individual contribution of the LightGCN and attention components to the overall system.

5. Expected Outcomes

The project aims to achieve:

- The development of a novel recommender system architecture that effectively integrates LightGCN and personalized knowledge-aware attention mechanisms, addressing the limitations of existing graph-based models [4].
- Improved recommendation accuracy and personalization compared to traditional methods, including GNN-based hashing and shallow collaborative filtering approaches [2].
- Insightful analysis highlighting the value of semantic enrichment from knowledge graphs in enhancing recommendation performance and system interpretability [1].

6. Applications

- E-commerce platforms for product recommendation.
- Streaming services like movies, music, and media content personalization.
- Social networks for friend or content suggestions.
- Any domain requiring improved user-item recommendation leveraging semantic knowledge.

7. Timeline

Timeline	Task
Month 1-2	Literature review and requirement definition.
Month 3-4	Design LGKAT model model architecture integrating LightGCN and attention module.
Month 5-6	Model implementation and dataset preparation.
Month 7-8	Model training, experimentation, and refinement.
Month 9-10	Performance evaluation, ablation studies, and benchmarking.
Month 11-12	Thesis writing, completion and preparation for defence.

8. References

- 1. Fan, H., Zhong, Y., Zeng, G. & Ge, C. Improving recommender system via knowledge graph based exploring user preference. Appl. Intell. 52, 10032–10044 (2021).
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- 3. Xiao, X. MMAgentRec, a personalized multi-modal recommendation agent with large language model. Scientific Reports 15, 12062 (2025).
- 4. Lee, S., Ahn, J. & Kim, N. Embedding enhancement method for LightGCN in recommendation information systems. Electronics 13, 2282 (2024).