

Alright Riyad ↗ I'll teach you **LaTeX tables from absolute scratch**, slowly, clearly, and with intuition. No slide-copying. You'll *feel* what's happening.

---

## 1 First idea: What is a LaTeX table?

---

A table in LaTeX has **two layers**:

1. **tabular** → draws rows & columns (MOST IMPORTANT)
2. **table** → floating container (caption, label, positioning)

☞ You can use **tabular alone** when learning. ☞ **table** is optional.

---

## 2 The simplest possible table (start here)

---

```
\begin{tabular}{c c c}
A & B & C \\
1 & 2 & 3 \\
4 & 5 & 6
\end{tabular}
```

🔍 Understand this line-by-line

{c c c}

This defines **columns**.

- **c** → center aligned column
- 3 times **c** → 3 columns

Think:

"I want 3 vertical boxes, centered"

---

& → **column separator**

\\ → **end of row**

So:

```
A & B & C \\
1 & 2 & 3 \\
```

### 3 Add borders (this is what people usually want)

```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}\hline A & B & C \\\hline 1 & 2 & 3 \\\hline 4 & 5 & 6 \\\hline\end{tabular}
```

New things:

- | → vertical line
- \hline → horizontal line

❖ Visual rule:

- | → vertical borders
- \hline → horizontal borders

### 4 Column alignment types (VERY IMPORTANT)

Symbol	Meaning
l	left aligned
c	centered
r	right aligned

Example:

```
\begin{tabular}{|l|c|r|}\hline Name & Age & GPA \\\hline Riyad & 23 & 3.75 \\\hline Nabi & 22 & 3.60 \\\hline\end{tabular}
```

### 5 Column headers (bold)

```
\textbf{Name} & \textbf{Age} & \textbf{GPA}
```

Full example:

```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}\hline\textbf{Name} & \textbf{Age} & \textbf{GPA} \\\hlineRiyad & 23 & 3.75 \\\hline\end{tabular}
```

## 6 The **table** environment (caption + numbering)

Now we wrap **tabular** inside **table**.

```
\begin{table}[h]\centering\caption{Student Information}\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}\hline Name & Age & GPA \\\hline Riyad & 23 & 3.75 \\\hline\end{tabular}\end{table}
```

New things:

- [h] → place table **here**
- \centering → center table
- \caption{} → table title

## 7 Common beginner mistakes (you MUST know)

✗ Forgetting \\

```
A & B & C % WRONG
```

## X Extra &

```
A & B & C & \\ % WRONG
```

Rule:

Number of & = columns – 1

## 8 Merging columns (\multicolumn) — basic

```
\multicolumn{2}{c}{Total}
```

Example:

```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}\hline Name & Marks & Grade \\\hline Riyad & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{85 (A)} \\\hline\end{tabular}
```

Meaning:

Merge 2 columns, center text, keep right border

## 9 Mental model (remember this forever)

Think of tables like this:

cell	cell	cell	
&	&	\\	

- & → move right
- \\ → go down

## 💧 Your practice task (DO THIS)

Create a table with:

- 3 columns: **Course | Code | Grade**
- At least 3 rows
- Borders
- Caption

Write it, paste it here, and I'll **correct it line by line** like a real teacher.

Next lesson (if you want):

- column width control (`p{}`)
- row spacing
- professional tables (`booktabs`)
- long tables (multiple pages)

Your move 🤔