





Read the Signs

General English Beginner A2.3 Lesson 8









Lesson Objectives



After this lesson, student will be able to:

- Identify different signs and symbols
- Familiarize oneself with different warnings and notices
- Use modal verbs to give permission and advice
- Use useful expressions in giving warning
- Learn the proper pronunciation of words with /h/, /ch/, and /j/

Warm Up









Introduction





A sign is a written or printed mark that has a standard meaning.

- Signs are posted to give us *important* information.
- The most common type of signs are traffic signs.
- Some signs have letters and some have pictures. Some signs have both letters and pictures.

Do you know?





Colors on safety signboards



Red for prohibition



Yellow for caution



Green for positive action sign



Blue for mandatory action sign

Shapes on safety signboards



Discs for prohibitions and instructions



Triangles for warning





 Squares and rectangles for emergency and information signs

What safety signs do you see in your workplace?

Signs







Label the signs with the words below. Where do you see these signs?













a. rubbish

b. no smoking

c. no photos

d. toilets

e. no phones

f. no dogs









Vocabulary Build Up



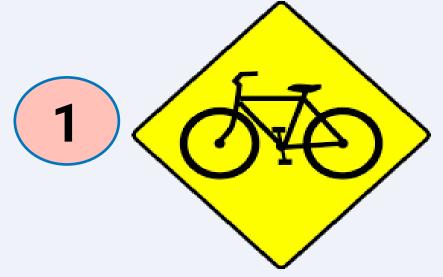




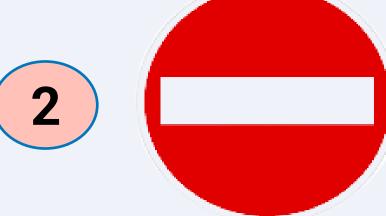
Match the pictures to the names of the signs below and answer the question for each item. Discuss.

parking cycle lane

no entry turn left speed limit turn right no parking pedestrian crossing



Can you ride your bike here?



Can you go this way?



Can you walk across the road?



Can you drive faster than 50mph?





Can you park here?





Can you turn right?

Notices







Where can you find these notices? Choose the best place.

















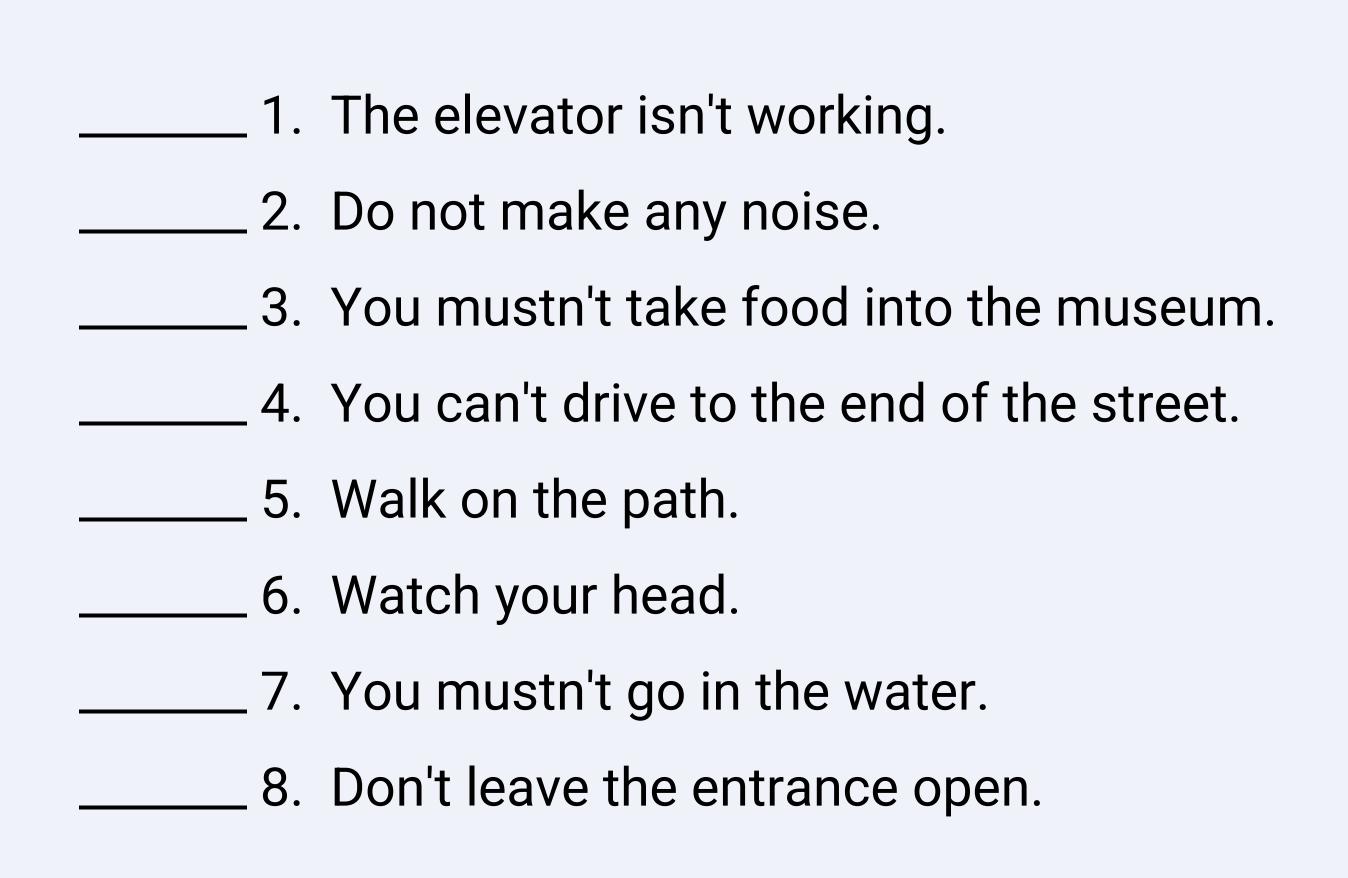
Let's Practice







Match the signs to the sentences.



"No swimming"

"Out of order"

"No eating and drinking"

"Please close the gate"

"Road closed"

"Please keep off the grass"

"Silence please"

"Wear a helmet"

Grammar Bits







MODAL VERBS for PERMISSION

We use 'can/can't' to give and refuse permission.

We use 'may'/may not' to give and refuse permission.

We use 'must'/mustn't' to express important things you do or don't do.

Example:

You can use your phone here.

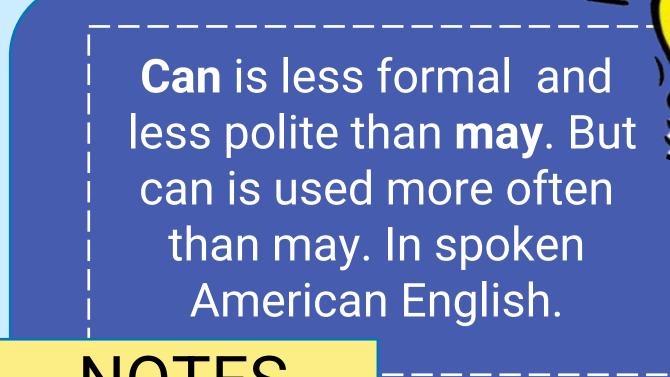
(You have the permission to use your phone here.)

You may walk your dog here.

(You have the permission to walk dog here.)

You must be quiet.

(It is important to be quiet.)



NOTES

Let's Practice







Make sentences using the modal verbs on the previous page. Make use of the clues below.













throw your rubbish in the trash bin

Let's Practice

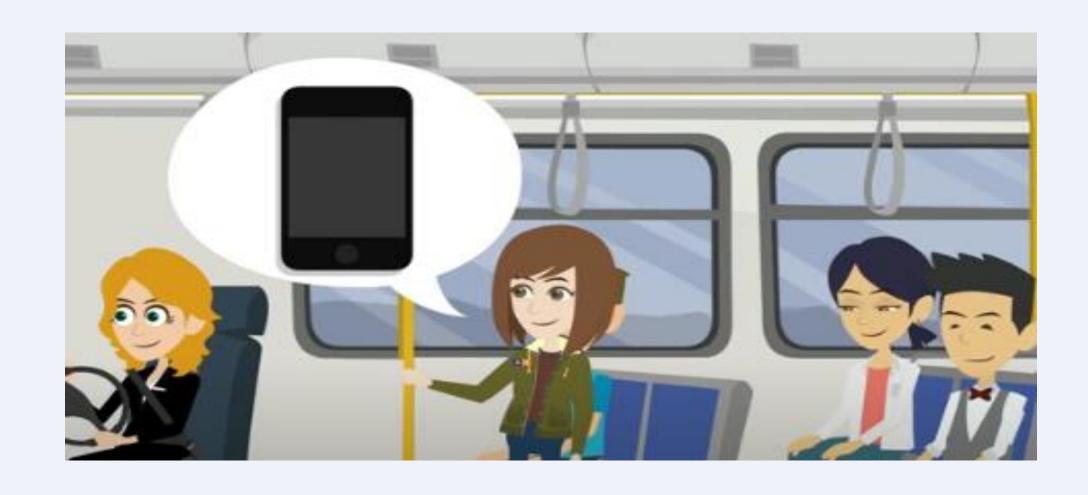






Read the story and fill in the blanks.

Last month, my friend Matt and I took a bus trip to visit a friend in New York. A the beginning of our trip, I wanted to call my friend and tell her that we were on our way. 1_____ (polite) I use my phone on the bus?" "Yes, but don't speak too loudly."





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After an hour on the bus, Matt got hungry.

2"_____ I eat on the bus?" "Yes, you _____.

3When we got off, I realized that I'd left my jacket on the bus. "I forgot my jacket. _____ I go back on the bus?" "Of course."

4

Grammar Bits







MODAL VERB SHOULD/SHOULDN'T for ADVICE AND OPINION

We often use *should* when offering advice or opinions.

	subject	auxiliary should	not	main verb base
+	He	should		work.
_	You	should	not	go
?	Should	we		help.

- 1. You **should** follow traffic rules.
- 2. You **shouldn't** use your cellphone when driving.
- 3. You **should** pay attention when you are driving
- 4. Your **shouldn't** forget to spare tire.



Let's Practice





Fill in the blanks using should or shouldn't.

- 1. You ____ be careful not to turn or change lanes suddenly.
- 2. You ____ know to stay alert and be ready to slow down.
- 3. You ____ eat in the library.
- 4. You ____ throw your rubbish in a trash bin.
- 5. You ____ keep off the grass.
- 6. You ____ wear your helmet at a construction site.
- 7. You ____ buckle your seatbelt.
- 8. You ____ follow the rules.
- 9. You ____ read the signs.
- 10. You _____ litter.

Reading



A New Parking Sign

It was 6 p.m. Wednesday. Mel and Irene were standing near his old Buick. He parked the car on the same street every night. He was shaking his head. "It's not fair. It's not right," he said. "Look. It's a brand new sign. Look how shiny it is." The brand new parking sign said, "No Parking 7:30am-9am Wednesday." The old parking sign had said, "No Parking 1pm-2:30pm Wednesday." "My neighbors and I park on this street," said Mel.



"We know that we can't park here from 1:00 to 2:30 p.m. But early this morning they changed these signs. Did they warn us? Did they say anything to us? No. But, they told parking enforcement! Parking enforcement wrote 25 tickets this morning! Twenty-five tickets! I counted them! Each ticket is \$48. We always move our cars before 1:00. Now we've got to fight these tickets. Why didn't they warn us?"

Reading Comprehension





Answer the questions.

- 1. True or False?
- It was 6a.m, Wednesday.
- Buick is standing with Mel and Irene outside the house.
- The old sign says No Parking 1:30pm- 2:30pm Wednesday.
- The new sign says Nor Parking
 7:30am-9am Wednesday.

- 2. When was the sign changed?
- 3. Who were informed of the change?
- 4. How much is each parking ticket?
- 5. Are they going to pay the parking tickets?



- a. Why are safety signs important?
- b. What does caution mean?
- c. Are safety signs just of the wall?
- d. What are the types of signs in the workplace?

Listening







Listening 8.1

Listen to the woman and answer what she is describing.

1.	When you see this sign, do not do what you are doing
2.	You may walk across a road when you see this sign.
3.	You may cross the street to go to school here.
4.	Do not go into the area that this line is around.
5.	This means the ground may be cracked or bumpy.
6.	Means you can't go that way.
7.	If you hear this, you have to get out of the building.
8.	It means bicycle can go across the road.

Useful Expressions





MIND YOUR HEAD

Where a ceiling or door is low and you might possibly bang (hit) your head.

KEEP OUT OF THE WAY

This is often shouted when we are in danger of bumping somebody who is too close to us.

BE CAREFUL

pay attention to what you are doing

IF I WERE YOU

We're using this expression when we want to give someone a piece of advice.

BETTER SAFE THAN SORRY

It's wiser to be careful than to do something in a hurry that you may later regret.

Let's Talk







- 1. What signs do you usually see at schools?
- 2. What signs do you usually see at offices?
- 3. What signs do you usually see at hospitals?
- 4. What signs do you usually see at airports?
- 5. What signs do you usually see at public area?
- 6. Which signs do you think are usually being followed? Why?
- 7. Which signs do you think are usually NOT being followed? Why?
- 8. Have you ever seen a traffic accident?
- 9. Are traffic accidents a major cause of death in your country?
- 10. How can traffic accidents be prevented?
- 11. Are there enough traffic signs in your country?
- 12. Have you every violated any traffic rules?



Pronunciation Drill







Practice the minimal pairs with your teacher.

/H/	/Ch/	/J /	/Ch/	/J /	/H/
hop	chop	Jane	chain	G	he
who	chew	jeep	cheap	jeep	hea
hawk	chalk	junk	chunk	jug	hug
hip	chip	joke	choke	Jill	hill
heart	chart	jive	chive	jail	jail
heap	cheap	jello	cello	jut	hut

Thank you.



#MakinCakap



