

INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVE OF THE TASK

The objective of this report is to document the process of web scraping, data processing, and visualization undertaken as part of the **internship recruitment** task assigned by **Point Zero Solutions**. The report will detail the methods employed for scraping data from the web, the techniques used for cleaning and processing the collected data, and the visualizations created using Python and Jupyter Notebook. Additionally, the report will provide insights into the solutions implemented, and key findings derived from the analysis.

WEB SCRAPING

As the first step, I was tasked with writing a Python script to scrape data for the coordinates of various locations such as warehouses, malls, and parking lots. I was given the option to scrape data from any website that provides relevant information. I chose to scrape data from Google Maps.

Using the Selenium library in Python, I fetched the following important data:

- Name of the place
- Address
- Type of place
- Rating
- Number of reviews
- Contact number (if available)
- URL

Here is a screenshot of the code I used to fetch data in Python (Jupyter Notebook):

```

In [31]: 1 from selenium import webdriver
2 from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
3 from selenium.webdriver.common.keys import Keys
4 from selenium.webdriver.chrome.service import Service as ChromeService
5 from selenium.webdriver.chrome.options import Options
6 from selenium.common.exceptions import StaleElementReferenceException
7 from tqdm import tqdm
8 import time
9 import pandas as pd
10 import os
11
12 driver = webdriver.Chrome()
13 driver.get('https://www.google.com/maps')
14 time.sleep(3)
15
16
17 def fetch_place_details(driver, category):
18     places = []
19
20     location_elements = driver.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Nv2PK')
21
22     for element in location_elements:
23         try:
24
25             rating = element.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Mw4etd').text if len(element.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Mw4etd'))
26             reviews = element.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'UY7F9').text if len(element.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'UY7F9'))
27             contact = element.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Usd1k').text if len(element.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Usd1k'))
28             element.click()
29             time.sleep(3)
30             name = driver.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'DUwDvf').text if len(driver.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'DUwDvf')) >
31             address = driver.find_element(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Io6YTe').text if len(driver.find_elements(By.CLASS_NAME, 'Io6YTe'))
32             url=driver.current_url
33             places.append({
34                 'name': name,
35                 'address': address,
36                 'type of place': category,
37                 'rating': rating,
38                 'reviews': reviews,
39                 'contact': contact,
40                 'url':url
41             })
42
43
44
45
46     except StaleElementReferenceException as e:
47         print(f"Stale element encountered")
48         continue
49     except Exception as e:
50         print(f"NO INFORMATION FOR THIS LOCATION AVAILABLE")
51         time.sleep(1)
52         continue
53
54     return places
55
56
57

```

To get more data, here is code I wrote to automate scroll in google maps interface:

```

1 import pyautogui
2 def scroll():
3     pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
4     time.sleep(3)
5     pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
6     time.sleep(3)
7     pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
8     time.sleep(3)
9     pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
10    time.sleep(3)
11    pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
12    time.sleep(3)
13    pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
14    time.sleep(3)
15    pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
16    time.sleep(3)
17    pyautogui.scroll(-5000)
18    time.sleep(3)
19    pyautogui.scroll(-8000)
20    time.sleep(3)
21    pyautogui.scroll(-8000)
22    time.sleep(3)

```

Here is code that I wrote to get all places data and store it in a list :

```
In [33]: 1
2 queries = ["warehouses in india", "malls in india", "Hostpitals in india","parking-lots in india","schools in india",'Univer
3 all_places = []
4
5 for query in queries:
6
7     search_box = driver.find_element(By.ID, "searchboxinput")
8     search_box.clear()
9     search_box.send_keys(query)
10    search_box.send_keys(Keys.ENTER)
11    time.sleep(5)
12
13    scroll()
14
15    places = fetch_place_details(driver, query) # Pass the category as the query
16    all_places.extend(places)
17
18    search_box.clear()
19    time.sleep(1)
20
21
22
```

I saved the scraped data into a csv file with name 'map_data.csv'. This is how data looked after scraping:

```
1 df = pd.DataFrame(all_places)
2 df
3
```

| | name | address | type_of_place | rating | reviews | contact | url |
|-----|--|---|-----------------------|--------|---------|---------------|---|
| 0 | Akhil India private limited 91-C warehouse jammu | Ratnuchak, Sanjay Nagar, Gujrabasti, Jammu, Ja... | warehouses in india | 4.7 | (3) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Akhil+India+... |
| 1 | Safari Industries India Ltd | Camp Gurdwara, H No. 288, Ward No. 58, near Di... | warehouses in india | 4.3 | (6) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Safari+Indus... |
| 2 | VI Warehouse Jammu | White House, Vodafone Idea Warehouse Anke Indu... | warehouses in india | 4.5 | (2) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/VI+Warehouse... |
| 3 | FastBeetle Warehouse Jammu | Dharap, Jammu, Jammu and Kashmir 181132 | warehouses in india | 3.6 | (5) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/FastBeetle+W... |
| 4 | Rani Bagh Warehouse | MRHR+RCF, RS Pura Rd, Raipur Satwari, Jammu, J... | warehouses in india | 4.5 | (4) | 094191 44732 | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Rani+Bagh+Wa... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 213 | La Trobe International India | 201, 2nd Floor Galleria Mall [DLF, Mayur Vihar... | Universities in india | 5.0 | (7) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/La+Trobe+Int... |
| 214 | Arunachal Universities Of Studies | J9FP+MVF, E Block, Sector 63, Noida, Uttar Pra... | Universities in india | 4.2 | (10) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Arunachal+Un... |
| 215 | Delhi Skill and Entrepreneurship University | G/Floor, Integrated Institute Of Technology, C... | Universities in india | 4.2 | (554) | N/A | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Delhi+Skill+... |
| 216 | School of Planning and Architecture (SPA) | 4, Block B, Beside State Bank Of India, Indrap... | Universities in india | 4.5 | (382) | 011 2370 2382 | https://www.google.com/maps/place/School+of+Pl... |
| 217 | India of colleges | Pillar No.468,Bagga, Rithala, Rohini, New Delh... | Universities in india | 3.8 | (343) | 011 4108 8822 | https://www.google.com/maps/place/India+of+col... |

218 rows x 7 columns

```
1 df.to_csv('map_data.csv',index=False)
```

DATA CLEANING & DATA PREPROCESSING

After saving the scraped data in a CSV format, I used Pandas to import the data into a new Jupyter Notebook for further processing. The first step was to extract the latitude and longitude coordinates from the URL column values in the dataset. Here is the code:

EXTRACTING LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE FROM URL

```
1 def lat_lon(url):
2     match = re.search(r'@(-?\d+\.\d+),(-?\d+\.\d+)', url)
3     if match:
4         latitude = float(match.group(1))
5         longitude = float(match.group(2))
6         return latitude, longitude
7     else:
8         return None, None
9
10 df['latitude'], df['longitude'] = zip(*df['url'].apply(lat_lon))
11
12 df.head()
13
```

| | name | address | type_of_place | rating | reviews | contact | url | latitude | longitude |
|---|--|---|---------------------|--------|---------|---------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 0 | Akhil India private limited 91-C warehouse jammu | Ratnuchak, Sanjay Nagar, Gujrabasti, Jammu, Ja... | warehouses in india | 4.7 | (3) | NaN | https://www.google.com/maps/place/Akhil+India+... | 32.715812 | 74.552817 |

Next, I cleaned the data by handling the null values. Specifically, I had three columns with null values: **rating** (5 missing), **reviews** (5 missing), and **contact** (66 missing). Here is how I addressed these null values:

- For the **rating** column, I replaced the null values using the **statistics.mean** function to calculate the average rating from the available data.
- For the **reviews** column, I replaced the null values with **0**, assuming no reviews were left for those entries.
- For the **contact** column, which had a significant number of null values (66), I decided to delete this column as it was not critical for the analysis.

After cleaning the data, I performed additional data preprocessing. Specifically, I noticed that the **ratings** column had values in the format "(2)", "(32)", "(12)", which needed to be converted to float values for further analysis. I stripped the parentheses and converted these values to a standard numerical format like 2, 32, and 12.

DATA ANALYTICS AND VISUALIZATIONS

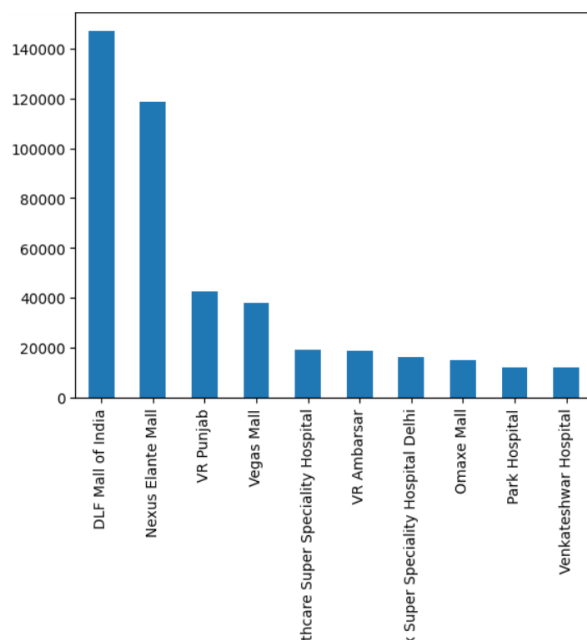
Here are the insights that I got from the data:

1. Average Ratings:

- Average rating for warehouses is: 4.01
- Average rating for malls is: 4.16
- Average rating for hospitals is: 4.19
- Average rating for parking-lots is: 3.95
- Average rating for schools is: 4.22
- Average rating for universities is: 4.27

2. Places with most number of reviews:

| name | type_of_place | |
|---|---------------|----------|
| DLF Mall of India | malls | 147255.0 |
| Nexus Elante Mall | malls | 118809.0 |
| VR Punjab | malls | 42750.0 |
| Vegas Mall | malls | 37797.0 |
| Aakash Healthcare Super Speciality Hospital | hospitals | 19065.0 |
| VR Ambarsar | malls | 18793.0 |
| BLK-Max Super Speciality Hospital Delhi | hospitals | 16407.0 |
| Omaxe Mall | malls | 14898.0 |
| Park Hospital | hospitals | 12126.0 |
| Venkateshwar Hospital | hospitals | 12124.0 |



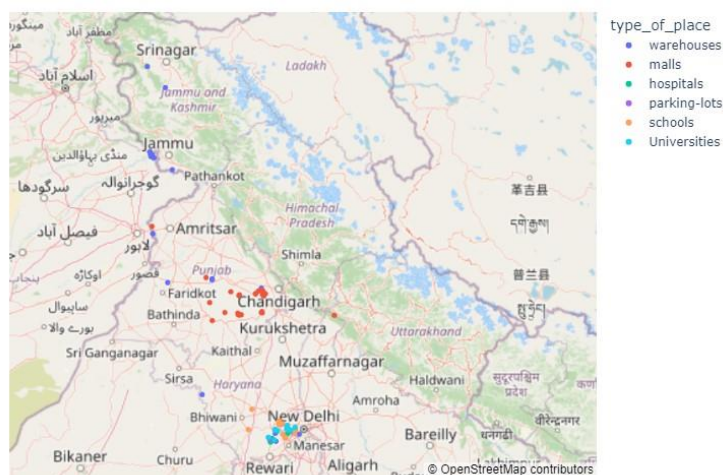
3. Places with highest ratings:

| name | type_of_place | rating |
|---|---------------|--------|
| Benevolence logistics | warehouses | 5.0 |
| Best Cancer Hospital in India | hospitals | 5.0 |
| Best Spine Surgery Hospital in India | hospitals | 5.0 |
| Central warehousing corporation | warehouses | 5.0 |
| CollegeSakha - Top Colleges, Universities & Institutes in india | Universities | 5.0 |
| La Trobe International India | Universities | 5.0 |
| My Care India Medical Tourism Health Tourism in India | hospitals | 5.0 |
| Pearl omax parking lot | parking-lots | 5.0 |
| RED Ambulances - RED.Health Gurgaon | hospitals | 5.0 |
| ServeXplus India Central Warehouse | warehouses | 5.0 |

4. Total Count of places in the dataset:

- hospitals 42
- Universities 41
- schools 39
- malls 38
- warehouses 33
- parking-lots 25

5. A map showing the locations of the places with different markers for warehouses, malls, parking lots etc. :



CHALLENGES

The major challenge I faced during this project was during the web scraping phase. Here are the key difficulties and how I overcame them:

1. Scrolling with Selenium WebDriver:

- **Issue:** Initially, I struggled with implementing the scrolling functionality using Selenium WebDriver. The usual methods to scroll the page were not working as expected.
- **Solution:** After several attempts, I decided to use the **pyautogui** library to create an automated scroller. This library allowed me to simulate keyboard and mouse actions, which helped in scrolling the webpage effectively.

2. Fetching Latitude and Longitude:

- **Issue:** Google Maps does not provide latitude and longitude coordinates directly in the user interface, making it impossible to fetch them from the HTML code.
- **Solution:** After some investigation, I noticed that the coordinates were embedded in the URL of each location. I decided to extract the latitude and longitude values from these URLs.

By addressing these challenges with innovative solutions, I was able to successfully scrape and process the required data for further analysis and visualization.

Check my whole project here:

https://github.com/Rizwal/Google_Map_Scraper-Analysis