Constructor

Constructor

A special method

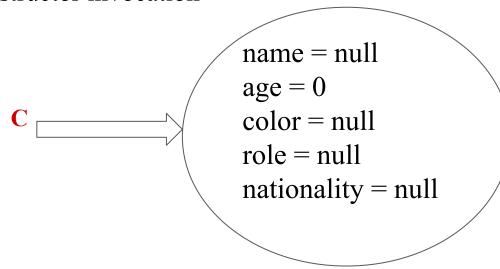
constructs/initializes the values at the time of object creation.

No return type

Has same name as class name

Automatically invoked when the object is created

Cricketer c = new Cricketer(); object creation & constructor invocation



Types of constructors

- Default:
- 1. java compiler creates a default constructor if your class doesn't have any explicit constructor
- 2. Always no-argument constructor
- User defined
 - 1. Is explicitly written in the class

To initialize the instance members with user-defined values

- 1. Zero-parameterized / No-argument constructor
- 2. Parameterized constructor

By User defined No-arg constructor

```
class Employee {
 int id;
 String name;
 float salary;
 Employee() {
     System.out.println("user defined no-argument "
     + "constructor executed");
 void display() {
     System.out.println(id + "" + name + "" + salary);
```

By user defined no-argument constructor

```
public class Main {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
     Employee e1 = new Employee();
     Employee e2 = new Employee();
     e1.display();
     e2.display();
```

By User defined parameterized constructor

```
class Employee {
int id;
String name;
float salary;
 Employee(int id, String name, float salary) {
     System.out.println("user defined no-argument "
     + "constructor executed");
void display() {
    System.out.println(id + " " + name + " " + salary);
```

Passing values for parameterized constructor

```
public class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Employee e1 = new Employee(101, "ajeet", 45000);
    Employee e2 = new Employee(102, "irfan", 25000);
    Employee e3 = new Employee(103, "nakul", 55000);
    e1.display();
    e2.display();
    e3.display();
```