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CTFL 001

ISTOB Certified Tester Foundation Level

(Syllabus 2011)

Q&A 40

General Guidelines for Preparing ISTQB Exam

- > 40 Questions
- > 65% pass mark
- > 60 minutes
- Multiple choice questions
- Only one correct answer
- No negative marking
- All questions from syllabus (Syllabus 2011)

About as:

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Question No. 01

The four test levels defined for a common V-model testing approach are:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Unit, integration, system and maintenance
- B. Functional glass box, incremental and maintenance
- C. Component, integration, system and acceptance
- D. Unit, Component, functional and alpha/beta

Answer: C

Question No. 02

Typically, exit criteria may consist of:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Defining the amount, level of detail structure, and templates for the test documentation
- B. Estimates of defect density or reliability measures
- C. Adequacy of the test approaches taken
- D. Discussions on disaster recovery

Answer: B

Question No. 03

A data driven approach to test automation design is best described as:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Using action words to described the actions to be taken, the test data
- B. Scaling to support large numbers of users
- C. Being based on Equivalence Partitioning testing techniques
- D. Separating out the test data inputs and using a generic script that can read the test data and perform the same test steps with different data

Answer: D

Question No. 04

Which of the following risks represents the highest level of risk to the project?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Likelihood of failure = 1%, potential cost of impact = \$1m.
- B. Likelihood of failure = 10%, potential cost of impact = \$500,000.
- C. Likelihood of failure = 20%, potential cost of impact = \$150,000.
- D. Likelihood of failure = 5%, potential cost of impact = \$500,000.

(-)

Answer:

Question No. 05

What factors should be considered to determine whether enough testing has been performed?

- (i) The exit criteria.
- (ii) The budget.
- (iii) How big the test team is.
- (iv) The product's risk profile.
- (v) How good the testing tools are.
- (vi) Sufficient details of the system status to allow decisions

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. i and ii and iv and vi
- B. i and ii and iii and vi
- C. ii and iii and iv and v
- D. i and ii and v and vi

Answer: A

Question No. 06

Which of the following statements is most true about test conditions?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. An item or event of a component or system that can by verified by one or more test cases.
- B. The grouping of a composite set of test cases which, when tested as a whole, reveal a positive or negative result.
- C. A testable component derived from business requirements.
- D. Applies to software testing only

Answer: A or C

Question No. 07

Consider the following pseudo code

- 1. Begin
- 2. Read Gender
- 3. Print "Dear"
- 4. If Gender = 'female'
- 5. Print ("MS")
- 6. Else

- 7. _Print ("MS")
- 8. Endif
- 9. **End**

How many test cases are needed to achieve 100 per cent decision coverage?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Answer:

Question No. 08

What is static analysis?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. The decision between using white or black box test techniques.
- B. Executing software to validate the most common path through the code.
- C. A technique to find defect in software source code and software models, performed without executing code.
- D. It is a testing technique used during system testing.

Answer: C

Question No. 09

Component testing may include:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Sociability testing
- B. User acceptance testing
- C. Beta testing
- D. The use of stubs and drivers

Answer: D

Question No. 10

Which type of review has the following main purposes:

Discussing, making decisions, evaluating alternatives, finding defects, solving technical problems and checking conformance to specifications, plans, regulations, and standards?

- A. Technical Review
- B. Inspection
- C. Walkthrough
- D. Informal review

Answer: A

Question No. 11

Consider the following pseudo code:

- 1. Begin
- 2. Input X, Y
- 3. **If** X > Y
- 4. _Print (X, 'is greater than', Y)
- 5. **Else**
- 6. Print (Y, 'is greater than or equal to', X)
- 7. Endif
- 8. **End**

What is the minimum number of test cases required to guarantee both 100% statement coverage and 100% decision coverage?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Statement coverage = 3, Decision coverage = 3
- B. Statement coverage = 2, Decision coverage = 2
- C. Statement coverage = 1, Decision coverage = 2
- D. Statement coverage = 2, Decision coverage = 1

Answer: B

Question No. 12

Which of the following best describes the Black-box technique?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. It uses decision coverage for completeness.
- B. It ensures all possible branches in the code are tested.
- C. It is based on the internal structure of the system.
- D. It can be done without reference to the internal structure of the component or system.

Answer: D

Question No. 13

System testing is:

- A. Used to search for defects in software modules that are separately testable.
- B. The responsibility of the users of a system.
- C. Concerned with the behavior of a whole system /product as defined by the scope of a development project.
- D. Triggered by modifications, migration or retirement of the software system.

Answer: C

Question No. 14

A Client-server system for a web development must support a minimum of 200 enquires per hour. In peak times, it must be available 24 hours x 7 days due to the critical nature of the application, and most have a response time lower than 20 seconds during peak loads.

Which of the following set of test types would be most appropriate to verify the non-functional requirements expressed in this statement?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Performance, Usability, Regression.
- B. System, Load, Fail-over.
- C. Performance, Load, Stress.
- D. Load, Volume and Component.

Answer: C

Question No. 15

When the Organisation Considers the use of testing tools, they should:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Use a tool in order help define a good test process because the tool will force process repeatability and therefore enforce good test process.
- B. Always start by bringing in automated test execution tools as these tools have the greatest return on investment and therefore should be introduced first.
- C. Perform analysis of the test process and then assess whether it can be supported through the introduction of tool support.
- D. Allow the developers to select the testing tools because tools are technical and developers have the appropriate skills to advise on test tool selection and configuration.

Answer: C

Question No. 16

Which of the following test design techniques is not a black box technique?

Number of correct answers: 1

A. Equivalence partitioning

- B. State transition testing
- C. Boundary value analysis
- D. Statement coverage

Answer: D

Question No. 17

Which of the following are valid test objectives?

- (i) Finding Defects
- (ii) Gaining confidence about the level of quality and providing information.
- (iii) Preventing defects.
- (iv) Debugging the code.

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. I, ii and iii
- B. I, ii and iv
- C. ii and iii
- D. I and iv

Answer: A

Question No. 18

What can testing demonstrate?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Testing can demonstrate that there are no defects.
- B. Testing can demonstrate that there are defects.
- C. Testing can demonstrate that the software is correct.
- D. Testing can demonstrate that there are no hidden defects in the software.

Answer: A

Question No. 19

Equivalence Partitioning is best defined as:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. An analysis technique that divides inputs into group that are expected to exhibit similar behaviors.
- B. Applying to time –related data classes only.
- C. A form of white –box testing.
- D. A method to reduce test coverage.

Answer: A

Question No. 20

Dynamic analysis tools are used to:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Determine differences between files or databases.
- B. Monitor and report on how a system behaves under a variety of conditions.
- C. Find defects, Such as memory leaks, while software is executing.
- D. Measure the percentage of specific types of code structure that have been exercised.

Answer: C

Question No. 21

What other details should be included in the following incident report when it is first submitted?

Date of issue: 23/11/05

Severity: P1

Build: Version 15.6

Details: Expected field to be limited to 15 chars, able to enter 27

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Suggested solution, Priority and numbers of defects assigned to this developer.
- B. Status of the incident, degree of impact, Test Case Number.
- C. History related defects and expected fix time.
- D. Line of code number of defects found, time of day.

Answer: B

Question No. 22

Which of the following are Exit Criteria?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Acceptance criteria, completion criteria, pass/fail criteria.
- B. Coverage of code schedule, estimates of defect density.
- C. The last executable statement within a component.
- D. Cost overruns.

Answer: B

Question No. 23

What is decision table testing?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. It's a testing design technique based in the internal software structure.
- B. It's a static test design technique.
- C. It's a testing design technique to verify decisions.
- D. It's a testing design technique based in the system requirements.

Answer: C not Sure

Question No. 24

Of the following, select the best description of the fundamental test process:

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Planning and control, analysis, design, implementation, execution, evolution of exit criteria and reporting, test closure.
- B. Executing test, identifying and recording defects and preparing recommendation and closure reports.
- C. Controls, preparation of test cases, execution of test cases, execution of regression packs, communicating with developers, writing recommendations for release.
- D. Static testing, dynamic testing, defect reporting, reporting and closure.

Answer: A

Question No. 25

Which of the following processes ensures that all items of testware are identified, version controlled, tracked for changes, so that traceability can be maintained throughout the test process?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Software traceability process
- B. Incident management process
- C. Testing design process
- D. Configuration management process

Answer: D

Question No. 26 Milications olutions @gmail.com

What is the value of static code analysis?

- A. Detection of failures not easily found by other types of testing
- B. Early defect detection
- C. Detection of suspicious operations caused by deviations from regulations
- D. Detect deviations in standards by executing the source code

Answer: B

Question No. 27

Which of the following statement about use-case testing are most accurate?

- (i) In a use-case diagram an actor represents a type of user.
- (ii) Use-cases are the most common test basis for unit testing.
- (iii) A use-case describes interactions between actors.
- (iv) An actor is always a human user that interacts with the system.
- (v) Test cases can be based on use-case scenarios.
- (vi) Use-case testing will often identify gaps not found by testing individual components.

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. ii, iii, iv, v
- B. i, iii, v, vi
- C. i, ii, iv, v
- D. iii, iv, v, vi

Answer: B

Question No. 28

It is recommended to perform exhaustive tests for covering all combinations of inputs and preconditions.

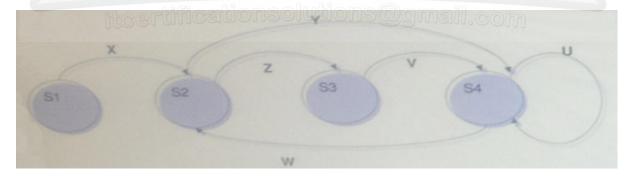
Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Yes, it's strongly recommended
- B. No, risk analysis and priorities should be used to focus testing efforts
- C. Yes, and it's also necessary to include all the exit combinations
- D. Only the expert testers can make exhaustive tests

Answer: B

Question No. 29

Given the following state Transition diagram, match the test cases below with the relevant set of state transitions.



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- (i) X-Z-V-W
- (ii) W-Y-U-U

Number of correct answers: 1

```
A. = S1 - S2 - S3 - S4 - S2 and (ii) = S4 - S2 - S4 - S4 - S4
```

B.
$$= S1 - S2 - S3 - S4 - S4$$
 and (ii) $= S2 - S4 - S4 - S4 - S2$

C.
$$= S2 - S3 - S4 - S2 - S2$$
 and (ii) $= S4 - S2 - S4 - S4 - S4$

D.
$$= S2 - S3 - S4 - S4 - S2$$
 and (ii) $= S2 - S3 - S4 - S4 - S4$

Answer: A

Question No. 30

A System calculates the amount of customs duty to be paid:

- No duty is paid on goods value up to, and including, \$2,000.
- The next \$8,000 is taxed at 10%.
- The next \$20,000 after that is taxed at 12%
- Any further amount after that is taxed at 17%

To the nearest \$, which of these groups of numbers fall into three DIFFERENT equivalence classes?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. \$20,000 \$20,001 \$30,001
- B. \$2,000 \$2,001 \$10,000
- C. \$2,000 \$8,000 \$20,000
- D. \$1,500 \$2,000 \$10,000

Answer:

Question No. 31

What are metrics NOT used for?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. To identify the percentage of work done in test environment preparation.
- B. To identify the percentage of work done in test case preparation.
- C. To apply the RAD development model.
- D. To measure whether dates of test milestones ware met.

Answer: C

Question No. 32

Which of the following is a white box testing design characteristic?

- A. To be based on specifications.
- B. To be based on an analysis of the test basis documentation.
- C. To be based on an analysis of the structure of the component or system.
- D. To include both function and non-functional testing.

Answer: C

Question No. 33

In a system design to work out the employee tax to be paid:

- -An employee has \$4,000 of salary tax free.
- -The next \$1,500 is taxed at 10%.
- -The next \$28,000 after that is taxed at 22%.
- -Any further amount is taxed at 40%

Which of these is a valid Boundary value Analysis test case?

Number of correct answers: 1

\$28,000

\$1,500

\$33,501

\$5,000

Answer: C

Question No. 34

What is a test condition?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. A Statement of test objectives and test ideas on how to test.
- B. An item event that could be verified by one or more test cases.
- C. The process of identifying differences between the actual results and the expected results for a test.
- D. All documents from which the requirements of a component or system can be inferred.

Answer: B

Question No. 35

Which of the following test organizations has the highest level of independence?

Number of correct answers: 1

A. Independent testers within the development teams

- B. Independent testers from the user community.
- C. Independent test specialists for specific test types, such as usability, performance or certification test specialists.
- D. Code tested by another developer from the development team

Answer: A

Question No. 36

Which of the following would NOT be a typical target of testing support tools?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Automate activities that require significant resources when done manually.
- B. Automate activities that cannot be executed manually.
- C. Automate repetitive tasks.
- D. Automating repetitive inspections.

Answer: D

Question No. 37

What type of design techniques is the most effective in testing screen-dialog flows?

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Use case testing.
- B. Boundary value testing.
- C. Statement testing and coverage.
- D. State transition testing.

Answer: D

Question No. 38

What content would be in an incident report if that incident report was on the IEEE 829 standard for software test documentation?

- (i) Identification of configuration item of the software or system.
- (ii) Software or system lifecycle process in which the incident was observed.
- (iii) Description of the anomaly to enable reproduction of the incident.
- (iv) Number of occurrences of the incident.
- (v) Classification of the cause of the incident for metrics and reporting purposes

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. i, ii, iii
- B. ii, iii
- C. i, iii, iv
- D. i, ii, iii, v

Answer: A

Question No. 39

Testers are often seen as the bearer of unwanted news regarding defects. What are effective ways to improve the communication and relationship between testers and others?

- a) Communicate factual information in a constructive way.
- b) Try to understand how the other persona feels and why they react the way they do.
- c) Always outsource testing activities.
- d) Never record information that could be used to apportion blame to an individual or team.

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. a and b
- B. a, b and c
- C. a, b and d
- D. a and c

Answer: A

Question No. 40

"Experience based" test design techniques, typically....

Number of correct answers: 1

- A. Use decision tables to generate the Boolean test conditions to be executed.
- B. Identity the structure of the system or software at the component. Integration or system level.
- C. Use the skill, intuition and experience of the tester to derive the test cases, using error guessing and expiratory testing.
- D. Establish traceability from test conditions back to the specifications and requirements.

Answer:

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