H. R. 5961

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 4, 2023

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

AN ACT

To freeze certain Iranian funds involved in the 2023 hostage deal between the United States and Iran, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "No Funds for Iranian
- 3 Terrorism Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

hostage.

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- 5 Congress makes the following findings:
- 6 (1) On October 7, 2023, Iran-backed Hamas
 7 terrorists launched a massive, unprovoked war on
 8 Israel by air, land, and sea, in which they engaged
 9 in the brutal murder of over 1,300 people and kid10 napped at least 230 people who are now being held
- 12 (2) Hamas, Palestinian Islamic Jihad, and 13 Hezbollah have all been designated by the United 14 States as Foreign Terrorist Organizations pursuant 15 to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality 16 Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).
 - (3) Hamas, Palestinian Islamic Jihad, and associated terrorist organizations backed by Iran routinely and unabashedly use civilians as "human shields" to shield their weapons and terrorist militants from legitimate military engagement, a contravention of international humanitarian law and a heinous violation of the rights and dignity of civilian noncombatants.
 - (4) Only the cessation of Hamas' operations, the unconditional surrender of Hamas, and the im-

mediate dismantlement of Hamas and all other Iranbacked terrorist organizations that participated in the massacre of Israelis on and since October 7, 2023, will ensure that innocent Israeli and Pales-

tinian civilian lives are saved.

eral Command.".

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- 6 (5) According to an unclassified United States 7 government assessment, "Iran has historically pro-8 vided up to \$100 million annually in combined sup-9 port to Palestinian terrorist groups, including 10 Hamas, Palestinian Islamic Jihad (PIJ), and the 11 Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine-Gen-
 - (6) As National Security Advisor Jake Sullivan stated on October 10, 2023, "Iran is complicit in this attack in a broad sense because they have provided the lion's share of the funding for the military wing of Hamas, they have provided training, they have provided capabilities, they have provided support, and they have provided engagement and contact with Hamas over years and years."
 - (7) President Biden reached an agreement with the Iranian regime to bring home Siamak Namazi, Morad Tahbaz, Emad Shargi, and two additional American hostages all of whom were wrongfully detained in Iran.

1 SEC. 3. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO COV-

- 2 ERED IRANIAN ASSETS.
- 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date of the en-
- 4 actment of this Act, the President shall impose the sanc-
- 5 tion described in subsection (c) with respect to each for-
- 6 eign financial institution that the President determines en-
- 7 gages in an activity described in subsection (b).
- 8 (b) ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—A foreign financial in-
- 9 stitution engages in an activity described in this subsection
- 10 if the institution processes, participates in, or facilitates
- 11 a transaction using or involving covered Iranian funds.
- 12 (c) Blocking of Property.—The sanction de-
- 13 scribed in this subsection is the exercise of all of the pow-
- 14 ers granted to the President under the International
- 15 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
- 16 seq.) to the extent necessary to block and prohibit all
- 17 transactions in property and interests in property of a for-
- 18 eign financial institution described in subsection (a) if
- 19 such property and interests in property are in the United
- 20 States, come within the United States, or are or come
- 21 within the possession or control of a United States person.
- 22 (d) Penalties.—The penalties provided for in sub-
- 23 sections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International
- 24 Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall
- 25 apply to a person that violates, attempts to violate, con-
- 26 spires to violate, or causes a violation of this section or

1	any regulations promulgated to carry out this section to
2	the same extent that such penalties apply to a person that
3	commits an unlawful act described in section 206(a) of
4	that Act.
5	(e) Termination of Sanctions.—The President
6	shall not be required to impose sanctions under this sec-
7	tion with respect to a foreign financial institution or inter-
8	national financial institution described in subsection (a)
9	if the President certifies in writing to the appropriate con-
10	gressional committees not later than 45 days before the
11	termination of such sanctions that the Government of
12	Iran—
13	(1) no longer repeatedly provides support for
14	international terrorism as determined by the Sec-
15	retary of State pursuant to—
16	(A) section $1754(c)(1)(A)$ of the Export
17	Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C.
18	4318(c)(1)(A));
19	(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance
20	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
21	(C) section 40 of the Arms Export Control
22	Act (22 U.S.C. 2780); or
23	(D) any other provision of law; and
24	(2) has ceased the pursuit, acquisition, and de-
25	velopment of, and verifiably dismantled its, nuclear.

- biological, and chemical weapons and ballistic missiles and ballistic missile launch technology.
- 3 (f) Exception Relating To Importation Of
- 4 Goods.—
- 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The authorities and require-6 ments to impose sanctions authorized under this Act 7 shall not include the authority or requirement to im-
- 8 pose sanctions on the importation of goods.
- 9 (2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the 10 term "good" means any article, natural or man-
- 11 made substance, material, supply, or manufactured
- 12 product, including inspection and test equipment,
- and excluding technical data.
- 14 SEC. 4. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 15 It is the sense of Congress that the terrorist-funding,
- 16 human rights-violating Iranian regime should receive no
- 17 additional funds but that basic humanitarian assistance
- 18 for the people of Iran is important.
- 19 SEC. 5. LIMITATION OF APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LI-
- 20 CENSES.
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 22 sion of law, on and after the date of the enactment of
- 23 this Act, the President may not—
- 24 (1) exercise the waiver authority described in
- section 1245(d)(5) of the National Defense Author-

1	ization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 and sections
2	1244(i) and 1247(f) of the Iran Freedom and
3	Counter-Proliferation Act of 2012 permitting the
4	Government of Iran or any Iranian person access to
5	any account established or maintained pursuant to
6	or in accordance with section $1245(d)(4)(D)(ii)(II)$
7	of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
8	Year 2012; or
9	(2) issue a general or specific license, frequently
10	asked question, or any other licensing action or
11	guidance permitting the Government of Iran or any
12	Iranian person access to or to benefit directly or in-
13	directly from any account established pursuant to or
14	in accordance with any account described in
15	1245(d)(4)(D)(ii)(II) of the National Defense Au-
16	thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012.
17	(b) Importation of Goods.—
18	(1) In general.—The exercise of the authori-
19	ties and requirements under paragraph (1) or (2) of
20	subsection (a)—
21	(A) shall not include the authority or re-
22	quirement to impose sanctions on the importa-
23	tion of goods; and
24	(B) shall not apply to any procurement
25	sanctions.

1 (2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the 2 term "good" means any article, natural or manmade 3 substance, material, supply or manufactured prod-4 uct, including inspection and test equipment, and ex-5 cluding technical data.

6 SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act:

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- 8 (1) Appropriate congressional commit-9 Tees.—The term "appropriate congressional com-10 mittees" means—
- 11 (A) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and 12 the Committee on Financial Services of the 13 House of Representatives; and
 - (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.
 - (2) COVERED IRANIAN FUNDS.—The term "covered Iranian funds" means any funds transferred from accounts in the Republic of Korea to Qatar pursuant to or under the authority or guaranty of a waiver, license, assurance letter, or other guidance issued pursuant to or in furtherance of the waiver determination made pursuant to sections 1244(i) (22 U.S.C. 8803(i)) and 1247(f) of the Iran Freedom and Counter-Proliferation Act of 2012 (22

- 1 U.S.C. 8806(f)) and section 1245(d)(5) of the Na-
- 2 tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year
- 3 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8513a(d)(5)) that is the subject of
- 4 the document entitled "Waiver of Sanctions with Re-
- 5 spect to the Transfer of Funds from the Republic of
- 6 Korea to Qatar" and was transmitted to Congress in
- 7 September 2023.
- 8 (3) FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The
- 9 term "foreign financial institution" has the meaning
- given such term under section 561.308 of title 31,
- 11 Code of Federal Regulations.
- 12 SEC. 7. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON QATAR.
- 13 It is the sense of Congress that the Government of
- 14 Qatar should publicly condemn Hamas, turn Hamas lead-
- 15 ership over the United States or Israeli control, and pledge
- 16 never to facilitate the transfer of any covered Iranian
- 17 funds to Iran or any agency or instrumentality of Iran.
- 18 SEC. 8. REPORT ON IRANIAN INTERNET CENSORSHIP.
- 19 (a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury
- 20 and the Secretary of State shall jointly submit to Congress
- 21 a report regarding Iranian internet censorship and appli-
- 22 cable United States licensing requirements. Such report
- 23 shall include the following:
- 24 (1) An assessment of the Iranian Government's
- ability to impose internet shutdowns, censor the

- internet, and track Iranian dissidents, labor organizers, political activists, or human rights defenders inside Iran through targeted digital surveillance or other digital means.
 - (2) An assessment of the impact of General License D-2, issued on September 23, 2022, on the availability of private communications tools inside Iran, including encryption tools to assist the people of Iran in circumventing targeted digital surveillance by the Iranian Government.
 - (3) A determination of whether additional updates to General License D-2 or other licenses are needed to keep up with the pace of technology and ensure that United States restrictions do not unintentionally inhibit the flow of vital communication tools to the people of Iran, including cloud technology, hardware, software, and services incident to personal communications, including set-top boxes (STB), satellites, and web developer tools.
 - (4) A strategy to ensure that resources are available for digital rights experts to study Iran's online repression and identify opportunities to counter it.
- 24 (5) A strategy to prevent the Government of 25 Iran from acquiring or developing tools that could be

- 1 exploited against activists, including facial recogni-
- 2 tion software.
- 3 (b) FORM.—The report required pursuant to sub-
- 4 section (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may
- 5 include a classified annex if such annex is provided sepa-
- 6 rately from such unclassified version.
- 7 (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "targeted
- 8 digital surveillance" means the use of items or services
- 9 that enable an individual or entity (with or without the
- 10 knowing authorization of the product's owner) to detect,
- 11 monitor, intercept, collect, exploit, preserve, protect, trans-
- 12 mit, retain, or otherwise gain access to the communica-
- 13 tions, sensitive or protected information, work product,
- 14 browsing data, research, identifying information, location
- 15 history, or online or offline activities of other individuals,
- 16 organizations, or entities.

17 SEC. 9. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 18 It is the sense of Congress that all United States al-
- 19 lies in the Middle East should publicly and unequivocally
- 20 condemn the antisemitism displayed by Iranian-backed
- 21 terrorist groups, including Hamas.

22 SEC. 10. PROHIBITION ON FUNDS.

- No federal funds may be used to make any funds (as
- 24 such term is defined in section 2339C(e)(1) of title 18,
- 25 United States Code) available to Iran.

SEC. 11. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE HOUTHIS.

- 2 It is the sense of Congress that the Houthis, an Iran-
- 3 backed terrorist group which has hijacked a Japanese-op-
- 4 erated cargo ship, kidnapped and tortured United States
- 5 citizens, and supports Hamas' ongoing war against Israel,
- 6 continues to benefit from the Biden Administration's fail-
- 7 ure to unequivocally condemn it.
- 8 SEC. 12. REPORT ON POLICY RELATING TO HUMAN RIGHTS,
- 9 NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION, BALLISTIC MIS-
- 10 SILES, AND REGIONAL TERRORISM IN IRAN.
- Not later than 120 days after the date of the enact-
- 12 ment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress
- 13 a report (which may contain a classified annex) outlining
- 14 the policy of the United States with respect to human
- 15 rights, nuclear proliferation, the ballistic missile program,
- 16 and regional terrorism in Iran.

Passed the House of Representatives November 30, 2023.

Attest: KEVIN F. MCCUMBER,

Clerk.