118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4093

To review and consider terminating the designation of the State of Qatar as a major non-NATO ally, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 10, 2024

Mr. Budd (for himself, Ms. Ernst, and Mr. Scott of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To review and consider terminating the designation of the State of Qatar as a major non-NATO ally, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Reviewing Qatar's
- 5 Major Non-NATO Ally Status Act of 2024".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) On October 8, 1997, the Secretary of State
- 9 designated Harakat al-Muqawama al-Islamiya

- 1 ("Hamas") as a foreign terrorist organization in ac-2 cordance with section 219 of the Immigration and 3 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).
 - (2) In 2012, the State of Qatar allowed Hamas to open a political office in Doha.
 - (3) On October 7, 2023, Hamas terrorists operating from Gaza attacked Israel, resulting in the death of more than 1,200 individuals and the kidnapping of more than 240 individuals, including the death of more than 30 and kidnapping of more than a dozen United States citizens.
 - (4) Ismail Haniyeh, the chief of Hamas's political bureau, resides in Qatar, as do Khalil al-Hayya, head of Hamas's communications office, and Khaled Mashal, Hamas's former political chief and current head of the group's diaspora office.
 - (5) On January 6, 2024, in a meeting with a bipartisan, bicameral delegation of United States lawmakers, Qatari Prime Minister Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman bin Jassim Al-Thani assured the delegation that "since day 1, Qatar has been strong arming Hamas to get the hostages back".
 - (6) At the end of January 2024, Qatari Prime Minister Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman bin

- Jassim Al-Thani asserted publicly that Qatar has no
 leverage over Hamas in hostage negotiations.
- (7) On February 17, 2024, Qatari Prime Minister Sheikh Mohammed bin Abdulrahman bin Jassim Al-Thani urged a ceasefire in Gaza without preconditions, undercutting negotiations for the release of hostages, including United States citizens, at the Munich Security Conference.
 - (8) As of April 2024, Hamas continues to hold 5 United States citizens hostage in Gaza, as well as the bodies of 3 United States citizens believed to be killed on or shortly after October 7, 2023.
 - (9) The March 10, 2022, designation of the State of Qatar as a major non-NATO ally is a privilege which must be continuously earned.
 - (10) It is in the United States interest to review the designation of certain countries as Major Non-NATO Allies from time to time as facts and circumstances change. In fact, the United States Government terminated Afghanistan's status as a major non-NATO ally in July 2022, following the Taliban's takeover of that country.

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1	SEC. 3. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
2	FINED.
3	In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional com-
4	mittees" means—
5	(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
6	Senate; and
7	(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
8	House of Representatives.
9	SEC. 4. REVIEW OF DESIGNATION OF THE STATE OF QATAR
0	AS A MAJOR NON-NATO ALLY.
1	(a) Review and Report.—
2	(1) In General.—In light of the fact that the
3	State of Qatar hosts Hamas, a United States-des-
4	ignated terrorist organization with American blood
5	and hostages on its hands, and the fact that Qatar
6	continues to host this terrorist organization despite
7	the continued captivity by Hamas of American hos-
8	tages, not later than 90 days after the date of the
9	enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall—
20	(A) conduct a thorough review of—
21	(i) bilateral relations between the
22	United States and Qatar;
23	(ii) Qatar's relationship with Hamas;
24	and
25	(iii) Qatar's designation as a major
26	non-NATO ally: and

1	(B) submit to the appropriate congres-
2	sional committees a detailed written report
3	summarizing the review.
4	(2) FORM.—The report required under para-
5	graph (1) shall be submitted in an unclassified form
6	but may contain a classified annex.
7	(b) Certification.—
8	(1) In general.—The report required under
9	subsection (a) shall include a certification from the
10	Secretary of State as to whether—
11	(A) it is in the national interest of the
12	United States for Qatar to maintain its des-
13	ignation as a major non-NATO ally;
14	(B) Qatar has exerted any and all leverage
15	it has over Hamas to secure the release of
16	United States hostages from Gaza;
17	(C) Qatar does not directly or indirectly
18	support, financially or otherwise, acts of inter-
19	national terrorism or foreign terrorist organiza-
20	tions, including Hamas; and
21	(D) Qatar has expelled or agreed to extra-
22	dite to the United States any individuals deter-
23	mined to be members of Hamas, including
24	Ismail Haniyeh, Khalil al-Hayya, Khaled
25	Mashal, and any other individuals bearing re-

1	sponsibility for the terror attack on October 7,
2	2023.
3	(2) FORM AND PUBLICATION.—The certifi-
4	cation required under paragraph (1) shall be in un-
5	classified form and posted on a publicly available
6	website of the Department of State.
7	(c) TERMINATION.—In the event that the Secretary
8	of State cannot in good faith certify the determinations
9	described under subsection (b)(1) in the affirmative, the
10	President—
11	(1) shall immediately terminate the designation
12	of the State of Qatar as a major non-NATO ally
13	pursuant to section 517(a)(1) of the Foreign Assist-
14	ance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321k(a)(1)) or any
15	other provision of law; and
16	(2) may not issue a separate designation of the
17	State of Qatar as a major non-NATO ally pursuant
18	to section 517(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act
19	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321k(a)(1)) or any other provi-
20	sion of law unless the President submits to Congress
21	a certification described in subsection (b).

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