118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4537

To provide for congressional oversight of proposed changes to arms sales to Israel, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 13, 2024

Mr. RISCH introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To provide for congressional oversight of proposed changes to arms sales to Israel, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Maintaining Our Iron-
- 5 clad Commitment to Israel's Security Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) In 2016, the Obama administration con-
- 9 cluded negotiations with Israel for a 10-year memo-
- 10 randum of understanding to provide security assist-

- ance to Israel for the period of fiscal years 2019 through 2028 that affirmed "the unshakeable commitment of the United States to Israel's security".
- 4 (2) In May 2024, the Biden administration de-5 layed shipment to Israel of 1,800 2,000-pound 6 bombs and 1,700 500-pound bombs in an effort to 7 apply political pressure to the Government of Israel. 8 The decision to delay such shipment was made with-9 out consulting with or notifying Congress and de-10 spite repeated public assurances that the United 11 States-Israel relationship was "ironclad" and that 12 there was "no change in policy".
 - (3) On May 8, 2024, President Biden stated, with respect to Israel, "We're not going to supply the weapons and artillery shells.".

16 SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

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- 17 It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) Israel has a right to defend itself, which includes the need for offensive capabilities to deter and defeat threats, including threats posed by Iran and its terrorist proxies Hamas, Hezbollah, and the Houthis;
- 23 (2) previously negotiated and approved United 24 States arms sales to Israel should proceed, and all 25 pauses should be lifted, to ensure that Israel is prop-

- 1 erly equipped to defend itself and defeat threats, in-
- 2 cluding threats posed by Iran and its terrorist prox-
- 3 ies Hamas, Hezbollah, and the Houthis; and
- 4 (3) limiting or otherwise delaying the sale or
- 5 delivery of United States-made defense articles to
- 6 Israel runs counter to the commitments the United
- 7 States made to Israel as part of the 2016 memo-
- 8 randum of understanding and undermines regional
- 9 security, including prospective advances in Israel-
- 10 Saudi normalization.

11 SEC. 4. CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT OF PROPOSED

- 12 CHANGES TO ARMS SALES TO ISRAEL.
- 13 (a) In General.—The President may not take any
- 14 action to pause, suspend, delay, or abrogate the delivery
- 15 of covered defense articles and defense services to Israel,
- 16 including as part of a policy review, unless, not less than
- 17 15 legislative days prior to such action, the President pro-
- 18 vides to the appropriate committees of Congress the notifi-
- 19 cation described in (b) relating to such pause, suspension,
- 20 delay, or abrogation in unclassified form, with a classified
- 21 annex as necessary.
- 22 (b) Notification Described.—The notification de-
- 23 scribed in this subsection is a notification relating to a
- 24 pause, suspension, delay, or abrogation of the delivery of

- 1 covered defense articles and defense services, which shall2 include the following:
 - (1) An identification of the end user of the covered defense articles and defense services concerned.
 - (2) A detailed description of the type of covered defense articles and defense services concerned, including the date on which Congress was notified of the transfer of such covered defense articles and defense services.
 - (3) A policy justification for the pause, suspension, delay, or abrogation and a description of the potential impact such action may have on United States national security interests.
 - (4) An identification of conditions for lifting the pause, suspension, delay, or abrogation, a statement as to whether such conditions will be communicated to the Government of Israel, and the timeline for meeting such conditions.
 - (5) A description of the sources of funds used to provide the covered defense articles and defense services concerned, including an identification of appropriations accounts, as applicable.
 - (6) An identification of any bilateral agreement or memorandum of understanding related to the au-

1	thority to provide the covered defense articles and
2	defense services concerned.
3	(7) An assessment as to whether the pause,
4	suspension, delay, or abrogation would adversely af-
5	fect the qualitative military edge of Israel over mili-
6	tary threats to Israel.
7	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
8	(1) Appropriate committees of con-
9	GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Con-
10	gress' means—
11	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
12	and the Committee on Appropriations of the
13	Senate; and
14	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
15	the Committee on Appropriations of the House
16	of Representatives.
17	(2) QUALITATIVE MILITARY EDGE.—The term
18	"qualitative military edge" has the meaning given
19	such term in section 36(h)(3) of the Arms Export
20	Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776(h)(3)).
21	SEC. 5. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.
22	(a) Limitation on Actions During Initial Con-
23	GRESSIONAL REVIEW PERIOD.—During the 15-legislative-
24	day period following the submission of a notification de-
25	scribed in section 4(b), the President may not take any

- 1 action to pause, suspend, delay, or abrogate the delivery
- 2 of covered defense articles and defense services to Israel
- 3 described in such notification.
- 4 (b) Limitation on Actions After Introduction
- 5 OF A JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—If a joint
- 6 resolution of disapproval relating to a notification de-
- 7 scribed in section 4(b) is introduced, the President may
- 8 not take any action relating to the pause, suspension,
- 9 delay, or abrogation of the delivery of the covered defense
- 10 articles and defense services described in such notification
- 11 for a period of 10 legislative days, unless the joint resolu-
- 12 tion sooner passes both Houses of Congress.
- 13 (c) Limitation on Actions During Presidential
- 14 Consideration of a Joint Resolution of Dis-
- 15 APPROVAL.—If a joint resolution of disapproval relating
- 16 to notification described in section 4(b) passes both
- 17 Houses of Congress, the President may not take any ac-
- 18 tion relating to the pause, suspension, delay, or abrogation
- 19 of the delivery of the covered defense articles and defense
- 20 services described in such notification for a period of 12
- 21 legislative days after the date of passage of the joint reso-
- 22 lution of disapproval, unless the President sooner vetoes
- 23 the joint resolution of disapproval.
- 24 (d) Limitation on Actions During Congres-
- 25 SIONAL RECONSIDERATION OF A JOINT RESOLUTION OF

1	DISAPPROVAL.—If the President vetoes the joint resolu-
2	tion of disapproval, the President may not take the action
3	described in such notification for a period of 10 legislative
4	days after the date of the President's veto, unless the joint
5	resolution sooner fails of passage on reconsideration in ei-
6	ther House.
7	(e) Effect of Enactment of a Joint Resolu-
8	TION OF DISAPPROVAL.—If a joint resolution of dis-
9	approval relating to notification described in section 4(b)
10	is enacted into law, the President may not take any action
11	relating to the pause, suspension, delay, or abrogation of
12	the delivery to Israel of the covered defense articles and
13	defense services described in such notification for a period
14	of 180 days, at which point, the President shall submit
15	a new notification relating to any such action.
16	(f) Joint Resolutions of Disapproval.—
17	(1) Definition.—In this section, the term
18	"joint resolution of disapproval" means only a joint
19	resolution of either House of Congress—
20	(A) the title of which is as follows: "A joint
21	resolution disapproving the President's proposal
22	to pause, suspend, delay, or abrogate the deliv-
23	ery of covered defense articles and defense serv-
24	ices to Israel."; and

1	(B) the sole matter after the resolving
2	clause of which is the following: "Congress dis-
3	approves of the action relating to pause, sus-
4	pend, delay, or abrogate the delivery of covered
5	defense articles and defense services to Israel
6	proposed by the President in the notification
7	described in section 4(b) of the Maintaining
8	Our Ironclad Commitment to Israel's Security
9	Act on relating to"
10	with the first blank space being filled with the
11	appropriate date and the second blank space
12	being filled with a short description of the pro-
13	posed action.
14	(2) Introduction.—During the period of 15
15	legislative days provided for under subsection (a), a
16	joint resolution of disapproval may be introduced—
17	(A) in the House of Representatives, by
18	the majority leader or the minority leader; and
19	(B) in the Senate, by the majority leader
20	(or the majority leader's designee) or the mi-
21	nority leader (or the minority leader's des-
22	ignee).
23	(3) Floor consideration in house of rep-
24	RESENTATIVES —

- 1 (A) Reporting and discharge.—If a
 2 committee of the House of Representatives to
 3 which a joint resolution of disapproval has been
 4 referred has not reported the joint resolution
 5 within 5 legislative days after the date of refer6 ral, that committee shall be discharged from
 7 further consideration of the joint resolution.
 - (B) Proceeding to consideration.— Beginning on the third legislative day after each committee to which a joint resolution has been referred reports the joint resolution to the House or has been discharged from further consideration thereof, it shall be in order to move to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the House. All points of order against the motion are waived. Such a motion shall not be in order after the House has disposed of a motion to proceed on the joint resolution. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to its adoption without intervening motion. The motion shall not be debatable. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.
 - (C) CONSIDERATION.—The joint resolution shall be considered as read. All points of order

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against the joint resolution and against its consideration are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion except 2 hours of debate equally divided and controlled by the sponsor of the joint resolution (or a designee) and an opponent. A motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the joint resolution shall not be in order.

(4) Consideration in the senate.—

- (A) COMMITTEE REFERRAL.—A joint resolution of disapproval introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.
- (B) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the Committee on Foreign Relations has not reported the joint resolution within 5 legislative days after the date of referral of the joint resolution, that committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.
- (C) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—
 Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing
 Rules of the Senate, it is in order at any time

after the Committee on Foreign Relations reports a joint resolution of disapproval to the Senate or has been discharged from consideration of such a joint resolution (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution, and all points of order against the joint resolution (and against consideration of the joint resolution) are waived. The motion to proceed is not debatable. The motion is not subject to a motion to postpone. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order.

- (D) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCE-DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a joint resolution of disapproval shall be decided without debate.
- (E) Consideration of veto messages.—Debate in the Senate of any veto message with respect to a joint resolution of disapproval, including all debatable motions and appeals in connection with the joint resolution,

1	shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally di-
2	vided between, and controlled by, the majority
3	leader and the minority leader or their des-
4	ignees.
5	(5) Rules relating to senate and house
6	OF REPRESENTATIVES.—
7	(A) COORDINATION WITH ACTION BY
8	OTHER HOUSE.—If, before the passage by one
9	House of a joint resolution of that House, that
10	House receives a joint resolution from the other
11	House, then the following procedures shall
12	apply:
13	(i) The joint resolution of the other
14	House shall not be referred to a com-
15	mittee.
16	(ii) With respect to a joint resolution
17	of the House receiving the legislation—
18	(I) the procedure in that House
19	shall be the same as if no joint resolu-
20	tion had been received from the other
21	House; but
22	(II) the vote on passage shall be
23	on the joint resolution of the other
24	House.

1	(B) Treatment of a joint resolution
2	OF OTHER HOUSE.—If one House fails to intro-
3	duce a joint resolution under this section, the
4	joint resolution of the other House shall be en-
5	titled to expedited floor procedures under this
6	section.
7	(C) TREATMENT OF COMPANION MEAS-
8	URES.—If, following passage of the joint resolu-
9	tion in the Senate, the Senate then receives a
10	companion measure from the House of Rep-
11	resentatives, the companion measure shall not
12	be debatable.
13	(D) APPLICATION TO REVENUE MEAS-
14	URES.—The provisions of this paragraph shall
15	not apply in the House of Representatives to a
16	joint resolution of disapproval that is a revenue
17	measure.
18	(6) Rules of house of representatives
19	AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by Con-
20	gress—
21	(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
22	of the Senate and the House of Representa-
23	tives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part

of the rules of each House, respectively, and su-

1	persedes other rules only to the extent that it
2	is inconsistent with such rules; and
3	(B) with full recognition of the constitu-
4	tional right of either House to change the rules
5	(so far as relating to the procedure of that
6	House) at any time, in the same manner, and
7	to the same extent as in the case of any other
8	rule of that House.
9	SEC. 6. DEFINITION OF COVERED DEFENSE ARTICLES AND
10	DEFENSE SERVICES.
11	In this Act, the term "covered defense articles and
12	defense services" means any defense article or defense
13	service provided under the authority of any of the fol-
14	lowing:
15	(1) Section 3 of the Arms Export Control Act
16	(22 U.S.C. 2753).
17	(2) Section 22 of the Arms Export Control Act
18	(22 U.S.C. 2762).
19	(3) Section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act
20	(22 U.S.C. 2776).
21	(4) Section 38 of the Arms Export Control Act
22	(22 U.S.C. 2778).
23	(5) Section 506 of the Foreign Assistance Act
24	of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2318).

1 (6) Section 614 of the Foreign Assistance Act 2 of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2364).

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