# Calendar No. 374

118TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 3235

To require a strategy to counter the role of the People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions imposed by the United States with respect to Iran, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

November 7, 2023

Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Moran, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Scott of Florida, Mr. Hagerty, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Budd, Mr. Cassidy, Mrs. Britt, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Braun, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Hoeven, and Mr. Ricketts) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

May 7, 2024

Reported by Mr. CARDIN, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To require a strategy to counter the role of the People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions imposed by the United States with respect to Iran, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be eited as the "End Iranian Terrorism
- 3 Act of 2023".
- 4 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 5 It is the sense of Congress that—
- 6 (1) the Islamic Republic of Iran has long pro-7 vided hundreds of millions of dollars in material sup-8 port to Hamas and other terrorist groups, such as 9 Palestinian Islamic Jihad, that directly threaten
- 10 Israel;
- 11 (2) Iran poses a threat to regional and global
  12 security and has earned approximately
  13 \$80,000,000,000 in oil revenues since 2021;
- 14 (3) the People's Republic of China, seeking to
  15 secure reliable sources of Middle Eastern energy,
  16 has purchased roughly \$47,000,000,000 in Iranian
  17 petroleum products since 2021 and is undercutting
  18 the enforcement of sanctions imposed by the United
  19 States with respect to Iran;
  - (4) illicit purchases of Iranian petroleum products by the People's Republic of China and other countries fund the Iranian regime's suppression of human rights in Iran, provide valuable resources for Iran's terrorist proxies, and provide additional resources for support by Iran for the Russian Federa-

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- tion in its unprovoked war in Ukraine, contrary to
   United States policy;
- (5) lack of sanctions and sanctions enforcement
   directly undercuts United States policy objectives in
   the Indo-Pacific region, Europe, the Middle East,
   and beyond;
  - (6) increasing encroachment by the People's Republic of China in the Middle East and North Africa, include involvement of the People's Republic of China in illicit oil trade, runs counter to the national security interests of the United States; and
  - (7) the United States should immediately enforce existing sanctions, including sanctions provided for in Executive Order 13846 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to reimposing certain sanctions with respect to Iran), and expand sanctions designations to include persons that store Iranian oil, ship-to-ship oil transfer operators, ports and port operators, refineries and refinery operators, and other individuals and entities, particularly in the People's Republic of China, dealing in Iranian-origin oil and petrochemicals.

1	SEC. 3. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
2	FINED.
3	In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional com-
4	mittees" means—
5	(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and
6	the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
7	fairs of the Senate; and
8	(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
9	Committee on Financial Services of the House of
10	Representatives.
11	SEC. 4. STRATEGY TO COUNTER ROLE OF THE PEOPLE'S
12	REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN EVASION OF SANC-
13	TIONS WITH RESPECT TO IRAN.
14	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
16	in consultation with the heads of other appropriate Fed-
17	eral agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congres-
18	sional committees a written strategy, and provide to those
19	committees an accompanying briefing, on the role of the
20	People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions imposed
21	by the United States with respect to Iranian-origin petro-
22	leum products that includes an assessment of options—
23	(1) to strengthen the enforcement of such sanc-
24	tions; and
25	(2) to expand sanctions designations targeting
26	the involvement of the People's Republic of China in

1	the production, transportation, storage, refining, and
2	sale of Iranian-origin petroleum products.
3	(b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
4	(a) shall include—
5	(1) a description of the use of sanctions in ef
6	feet before the date of the enactment of this Act to
7	target individuals and entities of the People's Re
8	public of China that are directly or indirectly associ
9	ated with smuggling of Iranian-origin petroleum
10	products;
11	(2) an assessment of—
12	(A) the People's Republic of China's petro
13	leum refining capabilities;
14	(B) which of the People's Republic of Chi
15	na's refineries are at high risk of processing
16	Iranian-origin petroleum products and why;
17	(C) Iranian-owned entities operating in the
18	People's Republic of China and involved in pe
19	troleum refining supply chains;
20	(D) the People's Republic of China's role
21	in global petroleum refining supply chains;
22	(E) how the People's Republic of China
23	leverages its role in global petroleum supply
24	chains to achieve political objectives:

1	(F) the People's Republic of China's petro-
2	leum importing and exporting partners;
3	(G) what percent of the People's Republic
4	of China's energy consumption is linked to ille-
5	gally imported Iranian-origin petroleum prod-
6	<del>ucts;</del>
7	(H) the amount of money the People's Re-
8	public of China saves by illegally importing dis-
9	counted Iranian-origin petroleum products rath-
10	er than paying market price;
11	(I) what level of influence the Chinese
12	Communist Party holds over non-state, semi-
13	independent "teapot" refineries; and
14	(J) the challenges limiting the ability of
15	the United States to impose or enforce sane-
16	tions with respect to such refineries, includ-
17	<del>ing </del>
18	(i) Lawen Namu Petroleum Trading
19	Company;
20	(ii) Qihang Energy; and
21	(iii) Shangang Guomao;
22	(3) a detailed plan for—
23	(A) monitoring the maritime domain for
24	smuggling of Iranian-origin petroleum products

1	in violation of sanctions imposed by the United
2	States, including through—
3	(i) automatic identification system
4	monitoring;
5	(ii) satellite imagery;
6	(iii) vessel comparison and tanker
7	elassification;
8	(iv) receiving tips from operators; and
9	(v) creating a database of reported
10	potential sanctions violations;
11	(B) identifying the individuals, entities,
12	and vessels responsible for such smuggling, in-
13	<del>cluding—</del>
14	(i) vessels—
15	(I) operated by the National Ira-
16	nian Tanker Company or any other
17	Chinese or Iranian entity subject to
18	sanctions imposed by the United
19	States;
20	(II) transporting petrochemicals
21	subject to sanctions;
22	(III) conducting ship-to-ship
23	transfers of such petrochemicals;
24	(IV) with deactivated automatic
25	identification systems; or

1	(V) that engage in "flag hop-
2	ping" by changing national registries;
3	(ii) individuals or entities—
4	(I) storing petrochemicals subject
5	to sanctions; or
6	(H) refining or otherwise proc-
7	essing such petrochemicals; and
8	(iii) through the use of port entry and
9	docking permission of vessels subject to
10	sanctions;
11	(C) assessing the viability of seizing tar-
12	gets identified as belonging to entities smug-
13	gling Iranian-origin petroleum products in vio-
14	lation of sanctions imposed by the United
15	States, including—
16	(i) location;
17	(ii) origin and destination;
18	(iii) seaworthiness; and
19	(iv) asset value;
20	(D) seizing, prosecuting, and, if appro-
21	priate, liquidating viable targets identified as
22	belonging to entities involved in such smug-
23	<del>eline.</del>

1	(E) deterring individuals and entities from
2	violating sanctions by educating and engag-
3	<del>ing </del>
4	(i) insurance providers;
5	(ii) parent companies; and
6	(iii) vessel operators;
7	(F) collaborating with allies and partners
8	of the United States engaged in the Arabian
9	Peninsula, including through standing or new
10	maritime task forces, to build sanctions enforce-
11	ment capacity through assistance and training
12	to defense and law enforcement services; and
13	(G) using public communications and glob-
14	al diplomatic engagements to highlight the role
15	of petroleum product smuggling in supporting
16	Iran's human rights abuses and destabilizing
17	terrorism activities; and
18	(4) an assessment of—
19	(A) the total number of vessels smuggling
20	Iranian-origin petroleum products;
21	(B) the total number of vessels smuggling
22	such petroleum products destined for the Peo-
23	ple's Republic of China

1	(C) the number of vessels smuggling such
2	petroleum products specifically from the Islamic
3	Revolutionary Guard Corps;
4	(D) the most strategic locations for inter-
5	cepting smuggled Iranian-origin petroleum
6	products destined for the People's Republic of
7	China;
8	(E) interference from the People's Repub-
9	lie of China in attempts by the United States
10	to investigate or enforce sanctions on Iranian
11	petroleum product exports;
12	(F) the effectiveness of the use of sanc-
13	tions with respect to insurers of entities that
14	own or operate vessels involved in smuggling
15	Iranian-origin petroleum products;
16	(G) the distinction between the total num-
17	ber of suspected violations of sanctions related
18	to smuggling of Iranian-origin petroleum prod-
19	ucts and the number of vessels legally viable to
20	seize and prosecute in litigation, if any, and an
21	accompanying explanation for each;
22	(H) the personnel and resources needed to
23	enforce sanctions with respect to Iranian-origin
24	petroleum products; and

1	(I) the impact of smuggled Iranian-origin
2	petroleum products on global energy markets.
3	(e) FORM.—The strategy required by subsection (a)
4	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
5	a classified index.
6	SEC. 5. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.
7	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
8	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall—
9	(1) identify each foreign entity, including any
10	member of the Chinese Communist Party or an enti-
11	ty organized under the laws of the People's Republic
12	of China or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of
13	the People's Republic of China, that the President
14	determines meets the criteria for the imposition of
15	sanctions under—
16	(A) the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public
17	Law 104–172;50 U.S.C. 1701 note);
18	(B) the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Ac-
19	countability, and Divestment Act of 2010 (22
20	U.S.C. 8501 et seq.);
21	(C) section 1245 of the National Defense
22	Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (22
23	U.S.C. 8513a);

1	(D) the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria
2	Human Rights Act of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8701 et
3	<del>seq.);</del>
4	(E) the Iran Freedom and Counter-Pro-
5	liferation Act of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8801 et seq.);
6	(F) title I of the Countering America's Ad-
7	versaries Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C.
8	9401 et seq.);
9	(G) any Executive order imposing sanc-
10	tions with respect to Iran issued under the au-
11	thority provided by the International Emer-
12	geney Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
13	<del>seq.);</del> or
14	(H) any other provision of law imposing
15	sanctions with respect to Iran; and
16	(2) impose sanctions applicable under existing
17	law with respect to each such entity.
18	(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days
19	after the imposition of sanctions under subsection (a) with
20	respect to a foreign entity, the President shall submit to
21	the appropriate congressional committees a report on the
22	sanctions imposed.
23	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
24	This Act may be cited as the "End Iranian Terrorism
25	Act of 2024".

### 1 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2	It is the sense of Congress that—
3	(1) the Islamic Republic of Iran has long pro-
4	vided hundreds of millions of dollars in material sup-
5	port to Hamas and other terrorist groups, such as
6	Palestinian Islamic Jihad, that directly threaten
7	Israel;
8	(2) Iran poses a threat to regional and global se-
9	curity and has earned approximately \$80,000,000,000
10	in oil revenues since 2021;
11	(3) the People's Republic of China, seeking to se-
12	cure reliable sources of Middle Eastern energy, has
13	purchased roughly \$47,000,000,000 in Iranian petro-
14	leum products since 2021 and is undercutting the en-
15	forcement of sanctions imposed by the United States
16	with respect to Iran;
17	(4) illicit purchases of Iranian petroleum prod-
18	ucts by the People's Republic of China and other
19	countries fund the Iranian regime's suppression of
20	human rights in Iran, provide valuable resources for
21	Iran's terrorist proxies, and provide additional re-
22	sources for support by Iran for the Russian Federa-
23	tion in its unprovoked war in Ukraine, contrary to
24	United States policy;
25	(5) lack of sanctions and sanctions enforcement
26	directly undercuts United States policy objectives in

1	the Indo-Pacific region, Europe, the Middle East, and
2	beyond;
3	(6) increasing encroachment by the People's Re-
4	public of China in the Middle East and North Africa,
5	including involvement of the People's Republic of
6	China in illicit oil trade, runs counter to the national
7	security interests of the United States; and
8	(7) the United States should immediately enforce
9	existing sanctions, including sanctions provided for
10	in Executive Order 13846 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; re-
11	lating to reimposing certain sanctions with respect to
12	Iran), and expand sanctions designations to include
13	persons that store Iranian oil, ship-to-ship oil trans-
14	fer operators, ports and port operators, refineries and
15	refinery operators, and other individuals and entities,
16	particularly in the People's Republic of China, deal-
17	ing in Iranian-origin oil and petrochemicals.
18	SEC. 3. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
19	FINED.
20	In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional com-
21	mittees" means—
22	(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the
23	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs
24	of the Senate; and

1	(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
2	Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
3	resentatives.
4	SEC. 4. STRATEGY TO COUNTER ROLE OF THE PEOPLE'S RE-
5	PUBLIC OF CHINA IN EVASION OF SANCTIONS
6	WITH RESPECT TO IRAN.
7	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
8	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
9	in consultation with the heads of other appropriate Federal
10	agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
11	mittees a written strategy, and provide to those committees
12	an accompanying briefing, on the role of the People's Re-
13	public of China in evasion of sanctions imposed by the
14	United States with respect to Iranian-origin petroleum
15	products that includes an assessment of options—
16	(1) to strengthen the enforcement of such sanc-
17	tions; and
18	(2) to expand sanctions designations targeting
19	the involvement of the People's Republic of China in
20	the production, transportation, storage, refining, and
21	sale of Iranian-origin petroleum products.
22	(b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
23	(a) shall include—
24	(1) a description and assessment of the use of
25	sanctions in effect before the date of the enactment of

1	this Act to target individuals and entities of the Peo-
2	ple's Republic of China that are directly or indirectly
3	associated with smuggling of Iranian-origin petro-
4	leum products;
5	(2) an assessment of—
6	(A) Iranian-owned entities operating in the
7	People's Republic of China and involved in pe-
8	troleum refining supply chains;
9	(B) the People's Republic of China's role in
10	global petroleum refining supply chains;
11	(C) how the People's Republic of China
12	leverages its role in global petroleum supply
13	chains to achieve political objectives;
14	(D) the People's Republic of China's petro-
15	leum importing and exporting partners;
16	(E) what percent of the People's Republic of
17	China's energy consumption is linked to illegally
18	imported Iranian-origin petroleum products;
19	and
20	(F) what level of influence the Chinese Com-
21	munist Party holds over non-state, semi-inde-
22	pendent "teapot" refineries;
23	(3) a detailed plan for—

1	(A) monitoring the maritime domain for
2	sanctionable activity related to smuggling of Ira-
3	nian-origin petroleum products;
4	(B) identifying the individuals, entities,
5	and vessels engaging in sanctionable activity re-
6	lated to Iranian-origin petroleum products, in-
7	cluding—
8	(i) vessels—
9	(I) transporting petrochemicals
10	subject to sanctions;
11	(II) conducting ship-to-ship trans-
12	fers of such petrochemicals;
13	(III) with deactivated automatic
14	identification systems; or
15	(IV) that engage in "flag hop-
16	ping" by changing national registries;
17	(ii) individuals or entities—
18	(I) storing petrochemicals subject
19	to sanctions; or
20	(II) refining or otherwise proc-
21	essing such petrochemicals; and
22	(iii) through the use of port entry and
23	docking permission of vessels subject to
24	sanctions;

1	(C) deterring individuals and entities from
2	violating sanctions by educating and engaging—
3	(i) insurance providers;
4	(ii) parent companies; and
5	(iii) vessel operators;
6	(D) collaborating with allies and partners
7	of the United States engaged in the Arabian Pe-
8	ninsula, including through standing or new
9	maritime task forces, to build sanctions enforce-
10	ment capacity through assistance and training
11	to defense and law enforcement services; and
12	(E) using public communications and glob-
13	al diplomatic engagements to highlight the role
14	of illicit petroleum product smuggling in bol-
15	stering Iran's support for terrorism and its nu-
16	clear program; and
17	(4) an assessment of—
18	(A) the total number of vessels smuggling
19	Iranian-origin petroleum products;
20	(B) the total number of vessels smuggling
21	such petroleum products destined for the People's
22	Republic of China;
23	(C) the number of vessels smuggling such
24	petroleum products specifically from the Islamic
25	Revolutionary Guard Corps;

1	(D) interference by the People's Republic of
2	China with attempts by the United States to in-
3	vestigate or enforce sanctions on illicit Iranian
4	petroleum product exports;
5	(E) the effectiveness of the use of sanctions
6	with respect to insurers of entities that own or
7	operate vessels involved in smuggling Iranian-or-
8	igin petroleum products;
9	(F) the personnel and resources needed to
10	enforce sanctions with respect to Iranian-origin
11	petroleum products; and
12	(G) the impact of smuggled illicit Iranian-
13	origin petroleum products on global energy mar-
14	kets.
15	(c) Form.—The strategy required by subsection (a)
16	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
17	a classified index.
18	SEC. 5. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.
19	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
20	date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall—
21	(1) identify each foreign entity, including any
22	member of the Chinese Communist Party or any enti-
23	ty organized under the laws of the People's Republic
24	of China or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the
25	People's Republic of China, that the President deter-

1	mines meets the criteria for the imposition of sanc-
2	tions under—
3	(A) the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public
4	Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note);
5	(B) the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Ac-
6	countability, and Divestment Act of 2010 (22
7	U.S.C. 8501 et seq.);
8	(C) section 1245 of the National Defense
9	Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (22
10	U.S.C. 8513a);
11	(D) the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria
12	Human Rights Act of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8701 et
13	seq.);
14	(E) the Iran Freedom and Counter-Pro-
15	liferation Act of 2012 (22 U.S.C. 8801 et seq.);
16	(F) title I of the Countering America's Ad-
17	versaries Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C. 9401
18	$et \ seq.);$
19	(G) any Executive order imposing sanctions
20	with respect to Iran issued under the authority
21	provided by the International Emergency Eco-
22	nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
23	(H) any other provision of law imposing
24	sanctions with respect to Iran; and

1	(2) impose sanctions applicable under existing
2	law with respect to each such entity.
3	(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after
4	the imposition of sanctions under subsection (a) with re-
5	spect to a foreign entity, the President shall submit to the
6	appropriate congressional committees a report on the sanc-
7	tions imposed.
8	(c) Waiver.—
9	(1) In general.—The President may waive the
10	application of sanctions under this section for renew-
11	able periods not to exceed 180 days if the President—
12	(A) determines that such a waiver is in the
13	national security interests of the United States;
14	and
15	(B) not less than 15 days before the grant-
16	ing of the waiver, submits to the appropriate
17	congressional committees a notice of and jus-
18	tification for the waiver.
19	(2) FORM.—A notice described in paragraph
20	(1)(B) may be submitted in classified form.
21	SEC. 6. REPORT ON IMPACTS ON THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC
22	OF IRAN OF SANCTIONS IMPOSED BY THE
23	UNITED STATES.
24	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
25	date of the enactment this Act, the Secretary of State, in

1	consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and draw-
2	ing on subject-matter experts including economists and stat-
3	isticians from the Department of State and the Department
4	of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congres-
5	sional committees a report on the impacts on the Islamic
6	Republic of Iran of sanctions imposed by the United States.
7	(b) Elements.—The report required by subsection (a)
8	shall include an assessment of the following:
9	(1) The impact of sanctions imposed by the
10	United States on the following:
11	(A) Problematic activities and policies of
12	the Islamic Republic of Iran, including ballistic
13	missile development, proliferation of Iranian
14	drones and missiles to state and non-state actors,
15	uranium enrichment, and funding of terrorist
16	groups in the "Axis of Resistance", and how
17	sanctions have meaningfully impacted the ability
18	of such groups to operate.
19	(B) Key officials of the Iranian regime, in-
20	cluding their access to alternative financial mar-
21	kets, their standard of living, and impacts to
22	their personal wealth.
23	(C) The operations of independent civil so-
24	ciety organizations in Iran, including the ability
25	of such organizations to access products that

1	would allow them to document and share human
2	rights abuses, promote democratic norms, and
3	engage in political dissent.
4	(D) The efficacy of licensing actions aimed
5	at ensuring the people of Iran have access to cir-
6	cumvention technologies around Iranian regime
7	firewalls and censors to promote internet free-
8	dom, including General License D-2 of the De-
9	partment of the Treasury.
10	(E) The standard of living of the people of
11	Iran, including—
12	(i) the impact on the purchasing power
13	of the people of Iran and their ability to af-
14	ford and acquire food and medicine; and
15	(ii) changes in the size of the working
16	and middle classes in Iran, including im-
17	pacts to the poverty rate in Iran.
18	(F) The growth of unofficial economies con-
19	trolled by officials of the Iranian regime and
20	members of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard
21	Corps.
22	(2) What industries in Iran remain unaffected
23	by such sanctions.

## 1 SEC. 7. EXCEPTIONS.

2	(a) Exception Relating to Importation of				
3	Goods.—				
4	(1) In general.—A requirement to block an				
5	prohibit all transactions in all property and interest				
6	in property under this Act shall not include the au-				
7	thority or a requirement to impose sanctions on the				
8	importation of goods.				
9	(2) Good.—In this subsection, the term "good"				
10	means any article, natural or manmade substance,				
11	material, supply, or manufactured product, including				
12	inspection and test equipment, and excluding tech-				
13	nical data.				
14	(b) Exception to Comply With United Nations				
15	Headquarters Agreement and Law Enforcement Ac-				
16	TIVITIES.—Sanctions under this Act shall not apply with				
17	respect to the admission of an alien to the United States				
18	if admitting or paroling the alien into the United States				
19	is necessary—				
20	(1) to permit the United States to comply with				
21	the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the				
22	United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26,				
23	1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, be-				
24	tween the United Nations and the United States, or				
25	other applicable international obligations of the				

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United States; or

1	(2) to carry out or assist authorized law enforce-
2	ment activity in the United States.
3	(c) Exception to Comply With Intelligence Ac-
4	TIVITIES.—Sanctions under this Act shall not apply to any
5	activity subject to the reporting requirements under title V
6	of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et
7	seq.) or any authorized intelligence activities of the United
8	States.
9	(d) Humanitarian Assistance.—
10	(1) In General.—Sanctions under this Act shall
11	not apply to—
12	(A) the conduct or facilitation of a trans-
13	action for the provision of agricultural commod-
14	ities, food, medicine, medical devices, humani-
15	tarian assistance, or for humanitarian purposes;
16	or
17	(B) transactions that are necessary for or
18	related to the activities described in subpara-
19	graph(A).
20	(2) Definitions.—In this subsection:
21	(A) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The term
22	"agricultural commodity" has the meaning given
23	that term in section 102 of the Agricultural
24	Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).

1	(B) Medical device.—The term "medical
2	device" has the meaning given the term "device"
3	in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
4	Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
5	(C) Medicine.—The term "medicine" has
6	the meaning given the term "drug" in section
7	201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
8	(21 U.S.C. 321).
9	(e) Report on Exceptions.—Not later than one year
10	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
11	thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate
12	congressional committees a report that describes each activ-
13	ity that would be subject to sanctions under this Act if not
14	excepted pursuant to subsection (b) or (c).

# Calendar No. 374

118TH CONGRESS S. 3235

# A BILL

To require a strategy to counter the role of the People's Republic of China in evasion of sanctions imposed by the United States with respect to Iran, and for other purposes.

May 7, 2024

Reported with an amendment