

iOS Penetration Testing

Brown bag session

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Requirements

- macOS device (preferably Apple Silicon)
- USB to Lightning cable (official adapter only)
- iOS device
- Xcode (+ developer tools)
- Free Apple Developer Account
- Homebrew (<https://brew.sh>)
- Objection (frida + Python wrapper, frida-gadget)
- iOS-deploy (<https://github.com/ios-control/ios-deploy>)
- mobsf (<https://github.com/MobSF/Mobile-Security-Framework-MobSF>)

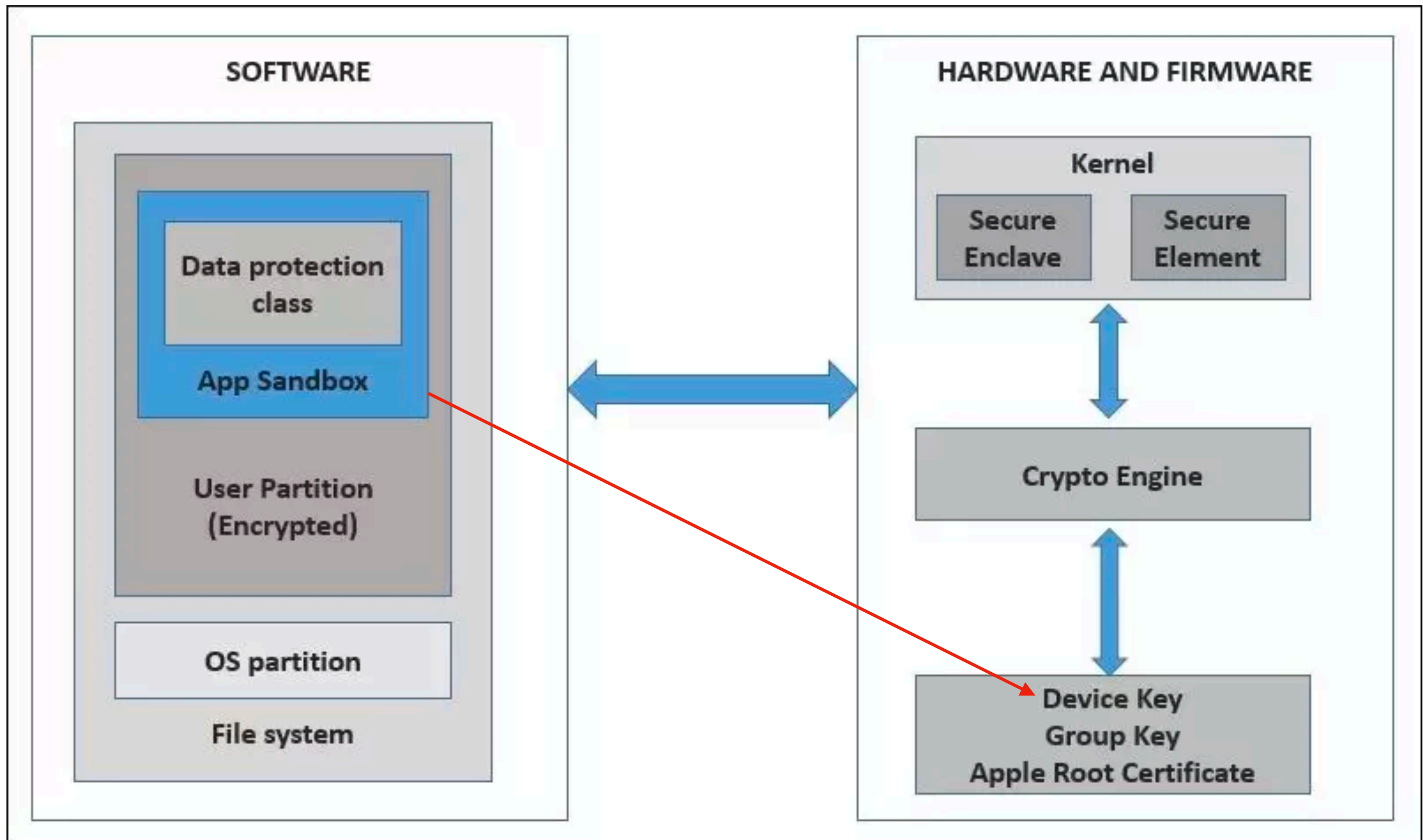
Architecture

Introduction

- macOS evolved from NeXT, which has roots in BSD (like linux)
- Apple OSs share a common kernel
 - iOS, macOS, tvOS, watchOS, iPadOS, podOS
 - open-source at <https://github.com/apple/darwin-xnu>
- Kernel or Framework CVE usually results in OS patches to all
- Portion of Frameworks are shared across OSs (Keychain, ...)
- This enables;
 - running iOS apps on Apple Silicon (emulate)
 - building for iOS and macOS (Catalyst)

Architecture

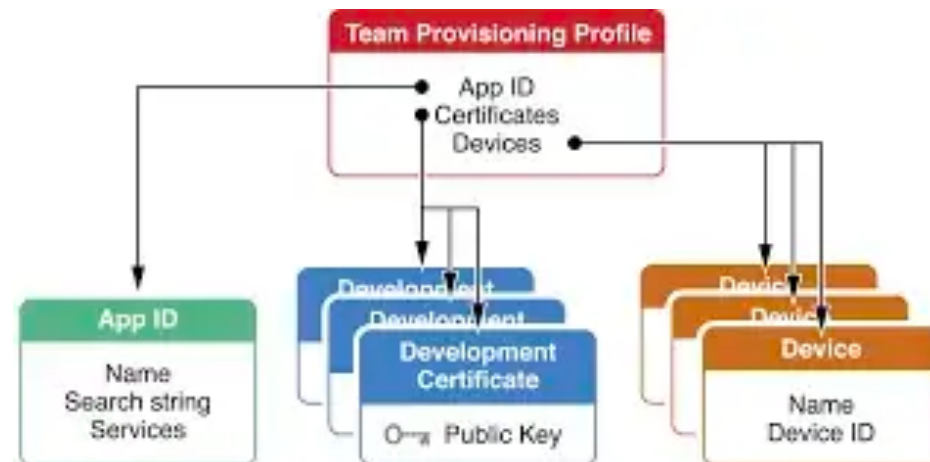
Security



Architecture

App delivery

- Apps are encrypted specific to device (FairPlay)
- Apps should be installed from
 - App Store: strict app review process (automated + manual)
- Unless;
 - TestFlight: ad-hoc app publishing via enrollment links
 - Developer account certificate has been approved on device (public key in keychain)
 - Provisioning profile in app matches approved account certificate and device UUID



Architecture

App Sandbox

- Runs app under mobile user (not root)
- App resides in Container through chroot
 - /private/var/containers/Bundle/Application
- No hardware access
- Restricted file, network, socket, IPC, memory
- Modified mmap/mprotect syscalls
- ASLR/XN

Architecture

App contents

- .ipa is the iOS app extension (ZIP)

- Payload/

- Foobar.app/

- Info.plist



App Manifest

- embedded.mobileprovision



Provisioning profile

- Frameworks/

- *.storyboardc

- Foobar



Executable (FairPlay encrypted)

Architecture

Static app analysis

- A lot of information is already extractable
- Use the mobsf web interface (try readonly on <https://mobsf.live>)
- Finding examples;
 - ATS (TLS trust) (Info.plist)
 - Embedded URLs/secrets (binary)
 - Missing build hardening (binary)
 - Insecure APIs
 - ...

Architecture

Controlling iOS

- Connect iPhone to Mac
- Trust device via Finder (previously iTunes) (passcode)
- Instrumentable via;
 - Xcode (compile & deploy app, more later)
 - Finder (copy apps, full/partial backup, copy app data)
 - Console.app (device logs)
 - iOS-deploy
 - Objection/frida

Jailbreaking

Intro

- App Sandbox & others make it impossible to interact with App
- One could install root CA via MDM Profile and MiTM (cumbersome)
- If only we could disable those controls...
- Jailbreaking is exploiting a security vulnerability to
 - Get system root
 - Install sideloaded app store (e.g. Cydia)
 - Modify the OS, apps and more (e.g. Tweaks)
- Big community
- Most don't patch vulnerability after jailbreaking (!)

Jailbreaking

To jail or not to jail

- A fully patched iPhone is useless for testing (today)
- Untethered vs semi-tethered
- <https://canijailbreak.com>
- <https://reddit.com/r/jailbreak>
- < iOS 16
- iOS 15.x (<https://github.com/epeth0mus/Fugu15>)
- iPhone 5s>iPhone X (A8-11, iOS 12+) (<https://checkra.in>)
iPhone 5s>iPhone X (A8-11, iOS 12<x<15.7.1) (<https://github.com/palera1n/palera1n>)

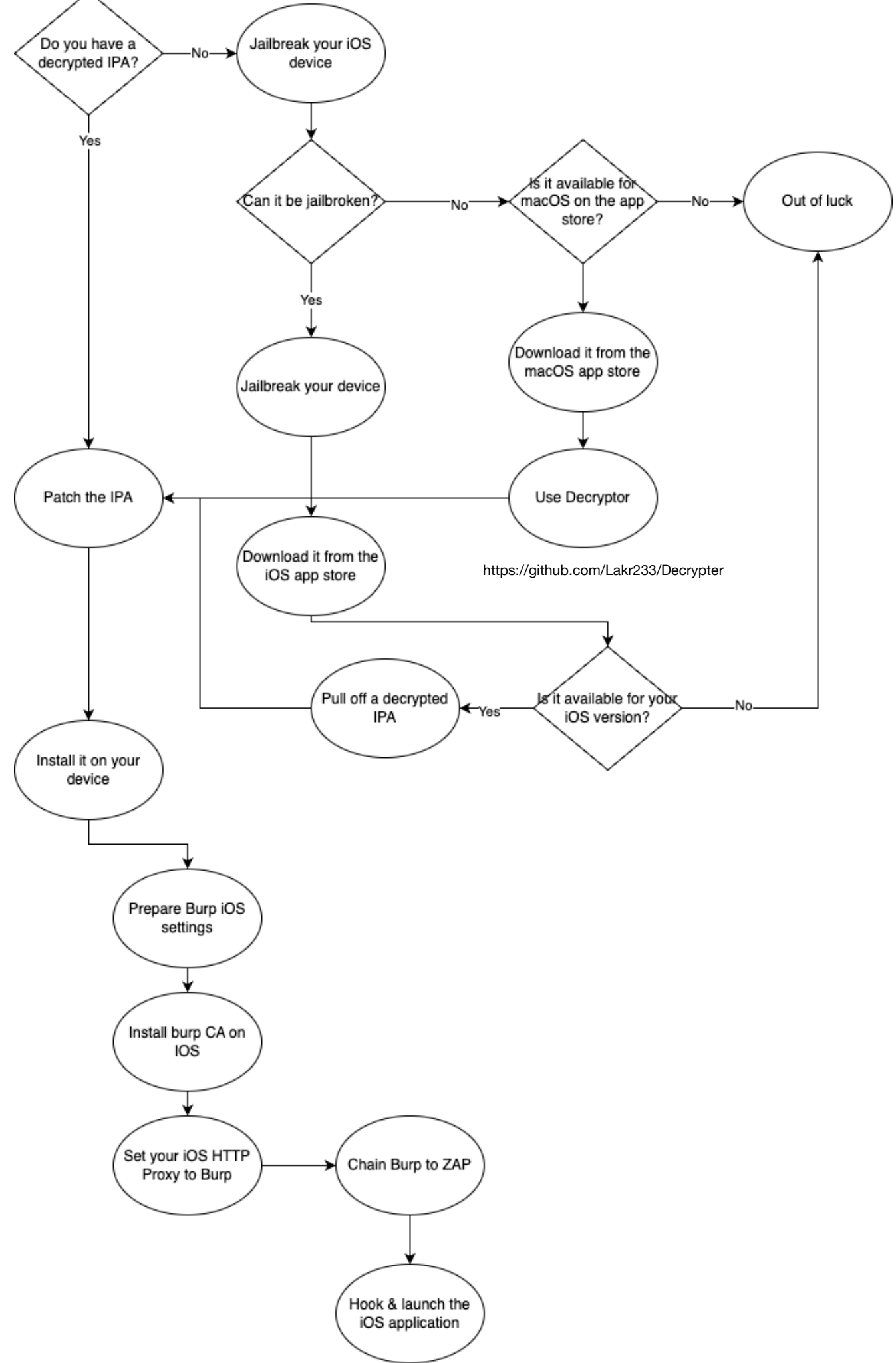
Jailbreaking

How to jailbreak

1. Get a suitable iPhone device (SDK, jailbreak)
2. Connect iPhone to Mac
3. Trust iPhone to enable USB comms
4. Execute jailbreak tool
5. Keep your iPhone charged if semi-tethered (!)
6. Install OpenSSH via Cydia (tcp/22, root/alpine)

Jailbreaking

If not...



Patching

Frida, Objection

- Frida is a Python instrumentation toolkit for iOS & Android
- Can inject scripts, hook functions, ...
- Frida-server, Frida-gadget
- Objection is a security tool wrapped around Frida
- Can inject frida-gadget into IPA and re-sign with developer account

Patching

TL;DR

1. `pip3 install objection && npm install -g applesign`
2. `git clone https://github.com/Tyilo/insert_dylib /tmp/dylib && cd /tmp/dylib && xcodebuild && cp build/Release/insert_dylib /usr/local/bin/insert_dylib`
3. Create new empty XCode project
4. Add yourself as a developer using Project Settings > Signing & Capabilities
Select the default Developer team and Automatic Signing
Ensure `security find-identity -p codesigning -v` returns a UID
5. Select your connected iOS device in the top left corner instead of an emulator
Ensure a provisioning profile is now selected under 'Signing & Capabilities'
Build your hello world app to generate the provisioning profile.
6. Ensure you download the frida iOS gadget (universal) to `~/.cache/frida/gadget-ios.dylib` (create `~/.cache/frida` directories)
7. `objection patchipa --codesign-signature 'xxx' --source app.ipa`

Deployment

TL;DR

- `npm install -g ios-deploy`
- `ios-deploy --bundle Foobar-patched.ipa --no-wifi --debug`
- Can give issues if certain Entitlements are included in the provisioning profile
 - frida-server and hook into running app using process ID

Hooking

TL;DR

- Retrieve package identifier: `frida-ps -U -ia`
- `objection -g <package-id> explore --startup-command 'ios sslpinning disable'`

```
2. objection explore -q (python3.7)
objection (python3.7) 361
~ » objection explore -q
Using USB device `iPhone`
Agent injected and responds ok!
za.sensepost.ipewpew on (iPhone: 12.1.4) [usb] # ios keychain dump
Note: You may be asked to authenticate using the devices passcode or TouchID
Save the output by adding `--json keychain.json` to this command
Dumping the iOS keychain...
Created          Accessible          ACL          Type          Account          Service          Data
-----
2019-02-22 16:43:08 +0000  WhenPasscodeSetThisDeviceOnly  kSecAccessControlBiometryCurrentSet  Password  credentials  credentials  {"username":"fo
o","password":"bar"}
2019-02-22 16:43:08 +0000  WhenPasscodeSetThisDeviceOnly  kSecAccessControlBiometryCurrentSet  Password  creds_as_string  creds_as_string  {"username":"fo
o","password":"bar"}
za.sensepost.ipewpew on (iPhone: 12.1.4) [usb] # |
```

Interception

TL;DR

- Create Burp CA (RSA/4K, 1year)
- “Import / Export CA certificate” and disable TLS 1.3
- Configure burp on 0.0.0.0 + change iOS Network/wifi http proxy settings
- Install Burp CA profile from <http://burp>
- Approve profile in Settings
- Enable full trust for root cert in About>Cert
- Profit! Open app again via objection and see app traffic

- Warning: Xamarin has own network stack, see nviso blog for those

Hunting

Now what?

- <https://mas.owasp.org/MASTG/>
- Small native pentest on native portion
 - Activities
 - Permissions
 - Receivers/Intents
 - Local storage / Keychain
- Most mobile apps pentest like a web app

Hunting

More advanced scenarios

- Sometimes you'll need to develop custom bypasses & hooks
- Frida has a great JavaScript API: <https://frida.re/docs/javascript-api/>
- e.g. TouchID bypass (“binary instrumentation”)
https://github.com/0xdea/frida-scripts/blob/master/ios-snippets/raptor_frida_ios_touchid.js
- e.g. frida bypass
<https://codeshare.frida.re/@enovella/anti-frida-bypass/>
- And more on Frida codeshare
<https://codeshare.frida.re/browse>

Phew!