## **Project Report**



Product Name	Applied Degree in Software Engineering (BDSE)
Qualification Name	Applied Degree in Software Engineering
Product Name	Front End Web Development
Module Name (BDSE)	Front End Web Development

Learner name		Assessor name	
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Date issued	С	ompletion date	Submitted on
9 <sup>th</sup> February 2023	17 <sup>th</sup> Februa	ry 2023	

Project title	Development of ABC Learning Center Website
Project title	Development of ABC Learning Center Website

## Learner declaration

I certify that the work submitted for this assignment is my own and research sources are fully acknowledged.

Student signature: I Putu Anta Maja Ditha

Date:

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## Purpose of this project

## Purpose of this project

To demonstrate your capabilities in the following areas:

- Plan a Website & Develop branding, wireframes, information architecture & storyboard.
- Develop a website using HTML,CSS & JavaScript

## **Submission Format**

In a zip folder, submit the following:

- 1. Website screenshoot in word document.
- 2. Source code

## **Project Brief & Guidance**

### Scenario:

You have been approached by 'ABC Learning Center' as a website developer to develop a company portfolio website for their institute. 'ABC Learning Center' is an IT Training institute that conducts courses like 'Programming in Java', 'Programming in .Net', 'Microsoft Office', 'HTML' etc. They want to design a website which can be used for providing information about their courses to students.

You will be required to design and develop this website using HTML, JavaScript, and CSS.

For Assignment 1, you will be required to design following pages for the website

- 1. Common Content
  - a. Header
  - b. Footer
  - c. Navigation
- 2. Home Page
- 3. About Us Page / Profile Page
- 4. Contact Us Page (Develop 1 Html page)
- 5. Course Details Page (Develop 2 pages, 1 for each course)
- 6. Course Schedule Page (Develop 2 pages, 1 for each course)
- 7. Sitemap Page (Develop 1 HTML page)
- 8. Privacy Policy Page (Develop 1 HTML page)

## 1. Information Architecture.

Information Architecture is the process of organizing, labelling, and structuring usually used in a digital content in a way to make it easy to find and understand.

We need to create a well-built Information Architecture to helps maintain visitor to stay in the web, and boost website SEO because its easy to use and remember, meaning the web will show on the top page of the search engine.

Information Architecture have a concept of attributes. Attributes are used to describe something for example, an animal by their shape, color, characteristics, behaviour and many more. Information Architecture can have attributes that describe packages or objects within the package, package means text, video, image or anything similar. These attribute can be divided into physical attributes like a number of word within a paragraph and abstract attributes such as context within a text. To make Information Architecture become more efficient attributes should always be applied to the contents, and might also includes logic on how attributes relate to each other.

## How to design Information Architecture:

- 1. Define user goals
  - The first step to make Information Architecture is defining user goals, by doing this will help us to conceive what will be in our top level pages and you want users to do.
- 2. Group content
  - Next step once we have our main page is start grouping content within the page and organize it.
- 3. Sort by usefulness/priority
  - The next part is deciding priority for each page and content this will help the users find main content easily

Creating a well thought Information Architecture can have many benefits:

- Information Architecture makes it easier for the user to find the information about the product leading a better User Experience.
- Information Architecture helps to organize information logically making user easier to understand and remember.
- Information Architecture can give a general overview of a product, this provides
  us a big picture of the product so we can easily manage and update the content
  of the product.
- A well created Information Architecture helps translate plan into work easier, helps identify missing content in the product.

Company Logo About Us ABC Learning Center Website Company Logo Social Media Common Content Sitemap About Us Course detail Contact Us Sitemap Privacy Policy About Us Courses Course Detail Company overview Course Schedule Information Architecture title Contact Us Partners Repeated Content through the web Sylabus Page for websites E-Learning Unique contents Privacy Policy Linked Contents to a page Assignment

Based on the Scenario Given, the Information Architecture and explanation below:

Picture 1 ABC Learning Center Website Information Architecture

Content	Description
Common Content	Common Content is a content that can be seen commonly in the any page in the website, this includes Header and Footer.
Header	Header is a common content, it contains Company's logo, About Us and Account Management content page inside it.
Footer	Footer is a common content, it contains Company's Logo, Sitemap and Privacy Policy content page inside it.
Company Logo	The company logo will be an image that can be clicked, and when the logo is clicked it redirect user to homepage.
Homepage	The homepage is the page that user will visit the first time they visit the website, it contains many main features that are linked to many pages
About Us	About Us content used to tell the user all about the company, it contains Vision & Mission, Company Overview, Company History, partners, teams, Company Awards, Contact Us Pages, Company Locations and embedded google maps to show where the main Company located at.
Courses	Courses content include courses, syllabus, course schedule, e-learning, assignment.
Contact Us	Contact Us allow users to contact company through email and whatsapp.

Company Locations

MCQ

Sitemap	Sitemap contains link of topic and things which is on the web.		
Privacy Policy	Contains a link that will direct into company's Privacy Policy.		
Vision & mission	Contains a statement details about where the companies		
	aspires to go and defines company's business, objectives,		
	and how the companies will achieve it.		
Company Overview	Provides an overview about the company, students		
	graduated, achievements, courses, many more		
Partners	Contains any other companies partnered up with the		
	company.		
Teams	Provides brief information about Staff at the company.		
Courses	Contain many course that is available in the website.		
Syllabus	Contains a roadmap or an outline of a course.		
Courses schedule	Contains a schedule detail for each courses.		
e-learning	Contains all learning materials needed to learn and complete		
	the course for learners.		
Assignment	Contains set of questions related to e-learning to evaluate the		
	knowledge of the learners.		
MCQ	Multiple Choice Question to Evaluate learners during Course.		
Contact form	A form to contact customer service can be used for asking		
	questions and give feedback to the company.		
Sitemap page	A page contains all related topics and site in the website.		
Privacy policy page	A page contains company's privacy policy.		
Social Media	List of Company's social media		

On the ABC Learning Center Website Information Architecture image, there is few level of priority, the level is already sorted from the highest priority starting from Homepage to Privacy Policy respectively and element below it represents content that will be inside the respective page. The line on the picture describe has-a relations.

## 2. Wireframes.

Wireframe is a two dimensional visual representation or a skeletal frame of a digital product's interface such as website or a mobile application. Its usually focused on creating space allocation, content prioritization, functionality, and behavior. For these reasons wireframe usually doesn't have any graphics, color, and styling.

Wireframe can be created using many kinds of tools, including pencil and paper, design software, or specialized application for wireframing and prototyping, the detail and complexity of a wireframe will differ based on the needs of the project, but usually wireframe will be kept simple and focusing on the only main element such as layout, structure, functionality of the page or screen.

Wireframe process tends to take place during early phase of the product life cycle this is a crucial step in the design process as the allow developers, designers, and stakeholders to experiment with many concept of design and plan user experience and flow of the product, this phase also helps detects potential issue before moving into the next phase and wasting resources. Wireframe is used to communicate between user, designer, and stakeholder. It can take feedback from users, make a discussion with the stakeholders, and ideas from designer.

There are three types of wireframes, what distinguish them are the amount of detail they have:

- 1. Low fidelity wireframes
  Is a basic visual representation and usually are a design starting point, tend to have rough contents created without any sense of scale.
- High fidelity wireframes
   The most commonly used. This type of wireframes feature more accurate visual of the layout the detail if focused on specific components and features are clearly differentiated from each other.

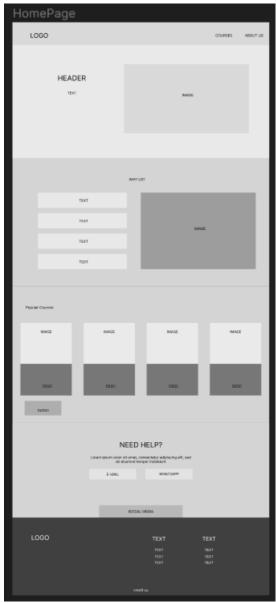
## Wireframes serves three purposes:

- Wireframes keep the concept user-focused
   Doing user testing during early wireframing phase allows designer to have honest feedback and identify key-pain points that can help develop the product.
- Wireframe clarify and define website features
  By wireframing specifics feature on the product will help the user to understand
  how it will function in general also allow to visualize how the wireframe work
  together and removing some parts if its doesn't quite connected with the rest of
  the page's elements.
- Wireframes are quick and cheap to create
   Wireframes are quick and cheap to create, even if you only have pen and paper you can quickly make a wireframe without spending money, there are also many free digital tools to make wireframe.

## Benefits of using wireframe:

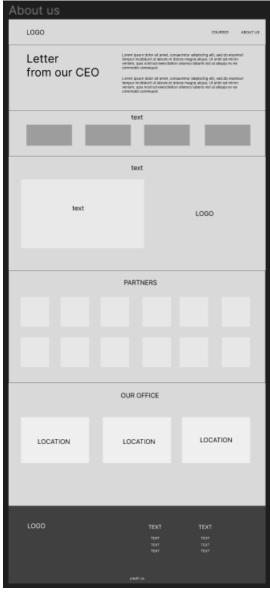
- Provides visual representation that can be used to review with client.
- Ensuring the functionality and the content is positioned correctly based on user and business needs.
- Can be used to communicate between designers, users, and developers.
- Clarify consistent ways to display information in user interface.
- Sort more prioritized contents.
- Update and remove any features without wasting resources.

Based on the scenario given, after we make the Information Architecture, the wireframe would be below:



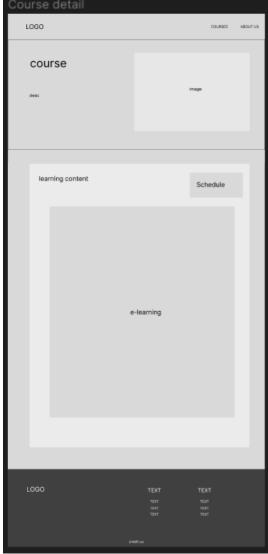
Gambar 2. 1 Homepage Wireframe

A homepage is where the user will landed the first time they visit the website. The homepage usually contain all main features needed, in this case the main features in this wireframe are About Us, Course Details & Schedule, Contact Us, Sitemap, Privacy Policy page. Additional features added on this wireframe is logo on the navigation bar, header banner, about the company, social media contact, and sitemap on the footer.



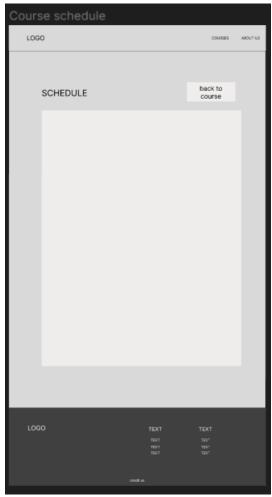
Gambar 2. 2 About Us page wireframe

An about us page wireframe can be found on the link in the navigation bar and can be clicked to get to this page. is used to tell the user all about the company, starting from the company vision & mission, company overview, history of the company, all company's partners, and embedded google maps to tell the user where the company located at.



Gambar 2. 3 Course Details wireframe

The course detail page can be found through homepage in the main content. This page is used to give a detailed information to the visitor about the course that is available on the website. Its contains many features such as course description banner, learning content is where the user will learn and will have many types of contents such as text, videos, slides, assignment, and side navigation is to track the current learning content and will tell the user what they will learn after finishing the current learning content.



Gambar 2. 4 Course Schedule Wireframe

The course schedule page can be found through the course detail pages, it is located at side navigation this page will embed learning calendar and is used to tell the user about important timeline on the learning by the company.



Gambar 2. 5 Contact Us Wireframe

The contact us page can be found through homepage on the main content near the footer. The contact us feature have many ways for the user to contact the company, by email, whatsapp, or any other social media that is listed on the page, this wireframe is only for when the visitor want to contact the company by email, if the user choose other social media they will be redirected to company's social media page. This page can be used to take any question asked, critics and feedback from the user.



Gambar 2. 6 Sitemap Wireframe

The sitemap page can be found through footer that is available on all pages, it contains all related topics and features that is available on the website it is used to make the user find and navigate the topic they need easier.



Gambar 2. 7 Privacy Policy Wireframe

The Privacy policy page can be found through footer that is available through all the pages, it contains the company's privacy and policy statement to the user.



Gambar 2. 8 Login Page Wireframe

The Courses list page can be found on the header navigation that is available on the all pages, it contains the page for the user to search available course on the website.

On the wireframes above there is many common content such as

Content	Description
LOGO ABOUT US LOGN	This common content is navigation bar it can be found in all the pages available and is used for user to navigate the website.
LOGO TEXT TEXT TEXT  TEXT TEXT TEXT TEXT TEXT TEXT	This common content is footer, it can be found in all the pages available and have many contents available such as sitemap, privacy policy page.
IMAGE	This common content represents image on the particular feature.
LOGO	This common content represents the logo of company and will be linked to the homepage so that when the user click the logo it will redirect user.
TEXT	This common content represents text on the website, it can be text, links, or even paragraph.
	These blank feature on the wireframe represents certain feature on the page such as a form, button, or embedded feature.

## 3. Storyboard.

Website storyboard is a visual representation of the elements and sequences of a website and used to communicate the user experience and design of a website, usually include wireframes that shows the whole layout and structure of each pages.

A website storyboard can be created using many tools such as graphic design software, or specialized wireframing and prototyping app, we need to use website storyboard to establish a clear structure and relationships between page or elements.

The main purpose of website storyboard is to help designers, developers, and stakeholders to plan and discuss the user experience and design of a website, it provides a visual flow of a website and allow easy changes to be made to the structure, layout, and functionality of a website, a well build website storyboard also help to ensure all the team members are on the same page working to the same goals, and can save times by identifying potential problem during development.

Creating a website storyboard bring many benefits, such as:

- Outlining a design
- Defines each elements that need to go on each page
- Shows the navigational architecture and information flow to the team and demonstrate how the pages are to work together to provide a great user experience.

Website storyboard provide an abstract view or conceptual of a design website which allow us to see what is contained on the website and how it will organized, three types of storyboards are:

## 1. Presentation storyboard

Used to show a visual and solidify a design model for example an architectural sketch of a new home. On the final of this storyboard type the project management should have a clear concept framework from which to begin executing actual design, once it approved presentation storyboard can be used to create an execution plan.

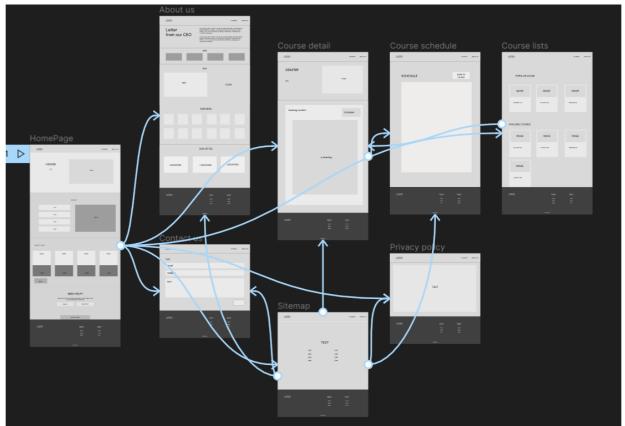
## 2. Production storyboard

Used to present a clear picture of what will happens throughout the entire site what will the page looks like and what the team will do. The production storyboard contains detailed information on graphics, text, image, videos, colors, etc. containing instruction for anything necessary for the team member involved to do their jobs.

## 3. Maintenance storyboard

Used by the production team to provide an overview of the site whether it will be updated or maintained, as well as what part will be left out and be modified by professional.

Storyboard and explaining the mapping between the storyboard based on the given scenario:



Gambar 2. 9 Website Storyboard for ABC Learning Center

On the storyboard we are using production storyboard type of website storyboard. We can clearly see the flow, structure and relations of each website. the homepage is the main page that connects to all pages that is available, All arrows describe the relationship and flow for each pages for the flow example the homepage can access login page and after login page it can be directed back to the homepage, for the relationship example the homepage can access all the page that is connected by the arrow, and that also apply to other pages.

## 4. Implementation.

After we finished planning the website with Information Architecture, Wireframes, and Storyboard we can start implementing the website with considering client's requirements and using software and language necessary to make the website, such as:

## Requirements:

It is required to design and develop the website using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.

Required to develop following pages in the website:

- 1. Common content
  - a. Header
  - b. Footer
  - c. Navigation
- 2. Home page
- 3. About us page
- 4. Course detail page
- 5. Course schedule page
- 6. Contact us page
- 7. Sitemap page
- 8. Privacy policy page

## Software and language:

- Design tools: Figma, <u>www.draw.io</u>
- Code editor software: VS Code
  - VS Code is used because it is easy to use and contains many useful extensions, such as: prettier extensions; is used as code linter and make the code more easier to read and live server extensions; is used to locally host the website on the device and the changes you made is automatically changed and saved.
- Language: HTML, CSS, & JavaScript
- Libraries: Bootstrap(CSS Library) & FontAwesome(Icons Library)

## **Screenshot of Websites**

- 1. Common Content
  - a. Header



Picture 2 Common Content Header Desktop View



Picture 3 Common Content Header Mobile View

A website header is a top section of a website usually contain navigation and banner, on the navigation it is usually contain relevant information such as website logo, navigation menu and other important information such as search bar, contact, social media if necessary, the banner usually contain image, text as a slogan, this helps user to navigate through sites and tell them at which page they're on.





Picture 5 Common Content Footer Mobile View

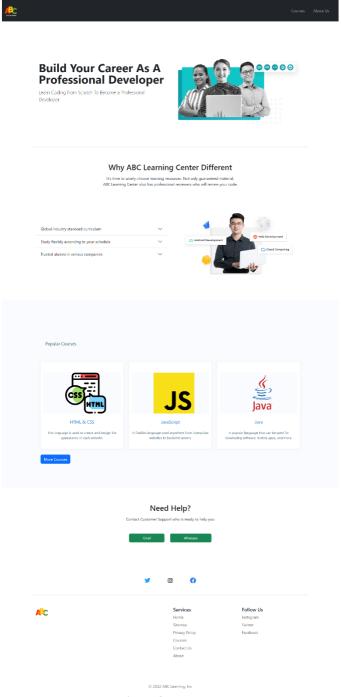
A website footer is a bottom section of a website usually every web pages have footer and it contains many information such as copyright notice, privacy policy, links to important pages of the websites, social media, and many other things. This feature is important to improve the user experience as this feature allow the user to navigate through page easily.

## Courses About Us Picture 6 Common Content Navigation Desktop View Picture 7 Common Content Navigation Mobile View Courses About Us

Picture 8 Common Content Navigation Mobile View Opened

A website navigation is a list of links and menus that helps user to go around the web pages easily. It is should be easy to use, the label must be clear and concise, and usually organized based on priority. In this case the navigation will change depending on the screen size; when it is on desktop it will appear as a bar and contain all the menus on it, otherwise when it is on mobile it will appear as a button with three line or it is usually called burger button, when it clicked the menu will appear at the bottom. This helps the user interface become clean and looks good.

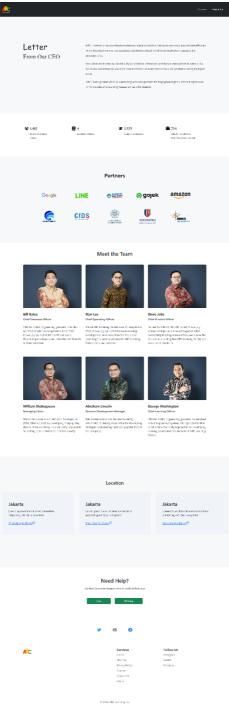
## 2. Home Page



Picture 9 Home Page

A website Homepage is a landing page or is a page where the user see it the first time they visit the website, usually contains information relevant to all things related to the website, such as website purpose, service, etc. the purpose is for user to have a clear overview of website's purpose and content.

## 3. About Us



Picture 10 About Us Page

About Us Page is a section that provides all related information about the website or organization, business, individual, in this case the website contains all information about ABC Learning Center usually linked from navigation. This page contains vision&mission, achievement, company's partner, teams, locations, and contact the team managing the website.this page helps user to know what is the company's objective, purpose, teams behind the company, where the company located and many more.

## 4. Courses list



Picture 11 Courses List Page

This courses list page is a page that contains all popular and available course provided on the website. It helps user to easier navigate and search the course they want to attend.

# **HTML & CSS** Front-End Web Development HTML & CSS.

a. Course Details

Picture 12 Course Detail HTML CSS page

The course detail page is a page that give access to learner about the learning material given on the courses, this is the page where the user will do the course. It contains course descriptions on header and courses material, during the course learners will be going through elearning then do the mcq to evaluate the knowledge they've gained during elearning, at some point the learners also tasked assignment to implement their knowledge and at the end of the course there will be a project and final evaluation to evaluate the learner's knowledge this will covers all e-learning in this course. You can also check the course schedule on this page.

## Front-End Web Development HTML & CSS: Schedule 09.00 - 11.00 13.00 - 14.00 Break 13.00 - 14.00 Break 15.00 - 17.00 Class 09.00 - 11.00 13.00 - 14.00 Break 09.00 - 11.00 Live Class Otto 13.00 - 14.00 15.00 - 17.00

## b. Course Schedule

Picture 13 Course Schedule Page

The course schedule page is a page where the learner can view the schedule of the course. This page gives information about time, class, and the teacher of the class to the learner so that student can follow the class and meet the expected result at the end of the class. This page can be accessed through the course details and can back to the course details through button available on the top of the schedule.

## 5. Contact Us **Need Help?** Contact Customer Support who is ready to help you Picture 14 Contact Us feature on the web pages Contact Us via e-mail Email address Subject Follow Us APC. Home Instagram Twitter Privacy Policy Contact Us About

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Picture 15 Contact Us page via email

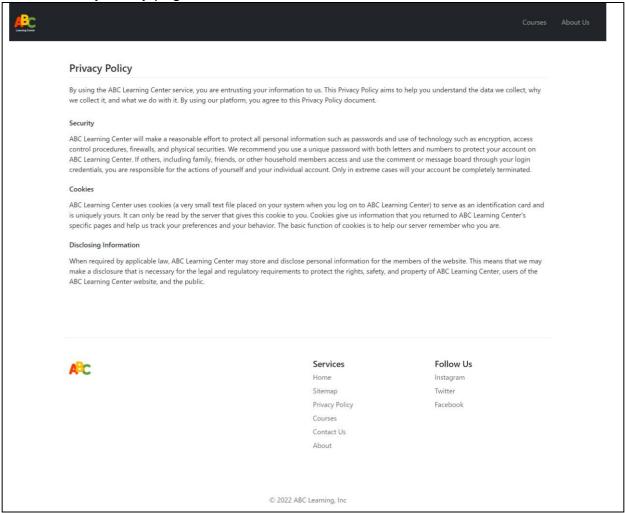
The contact us page is a page where the visitor of the website can contact the website's support team contact us feature can be accessed from few page such as homepage and about us page, and is also available on footer. The visitor can contact through various way such as email and social media, on the website if the user want to contact via mail the user will be redirected to a page with form in it otherwise if the user want to contact through social media they will redirected to company's social media page.

## 6. Sitemap page **SITEMAP** Web Pages Courses HTML & CSS Home About Us Java Microsoft Office Contact Us Privacy Policy Follow Us Services A<sup>B</sup>C Home Instagram Twitter Privacy Policy Facebook Courses About © 2022 ABC Learning, Inc

A website sitemap page is a page that provides the user a visual overview of the website, usually list all pages and related topics within the websites. It helps user find specific pages, understand the structure pages, and navigate more easily.

Picture 16 sitemap page

7. Privacy Policy page



A privacy policy page is a explain how a websites collect, uses, and protect user's data and information usually include how it is used, third party involved, how its protected. It is to inform the user about how they manage user's information, and to comply with law related to data privacy and protection.

## 5. Testing.

By the definition, testing means the evaluation process of a software product or system to identify problems, achieved by running the software under controlled circumstances and observe it to make sure it performed as expected. meanwhile validation is the process of verifying the requirements and expectations, usually done by checking if the software's requirements and expected result are met.

Testing and validation are important aspects of software development process to make sure the product is high quality, met the requirements, and minimal errors.

There are many different types of testing and validation it is chosen depending on the purpose of testing, intended audience, for this scenario there is four testing type used and its testing case:

## 1. Usability testing

This type of testing is used to evaluates how easy to use a product, this testing includes testing the software design, navigation, and user experience to make sure it is easy to use. The objective of this type of testing is to find an areas that may be difficult to use or understand to users and improve it.

## **Usability testing case:**

ID	Test info	Expected Result	Actual	Test	Corrective
			Result	Status	action
1	Logo	The website's logo is visible and	As	pass	none
	visibility	recognizable on the page	expected		
2	Readability	The legibility website text's content,	As	pass	None
		font size, contrast, line spacing	expected		
3	Mobile	The websites performances and	As	pass	None
	responsive	usability on various screen width	expected		
4	Feedback	The websites form can be used to	As	pass	None
		input feedback	expected		
5	Image	The all images on the website	As	pass	None
	quality	including resolution, size, and format	expected		
6	Interactive	Image changed when clicking	As	pass	None
	elements	buttons	expected		
7	Tab	All content can be accessed through	As	pass	None
		tab	expected		
8	Link	Link is easy to find and can redirect	As	pass	None
		pages	expected		
9	Content	All content properly aligned	as	pass	None
			expected		
10	Title	Display title on each web page	As	pass	None
			expected		

## 2. Functional testing

Functional testing is a testing type that is used to evaluate whether the product meet its specified functional requirements, this testing type includes testing the product functions and features to make sure it work correctly. This type of testing objective is to identify any problems or bugs or issues within the product functionality and work as intended.

## **Functional testing case:**

ID	Test info	Expected Result	Actual	Test	Corrective
			Result	Status	action
1	Buttons	The website's button is available and	As	pass	None
		works on the page	expected		
2	JavaScript	JavaScript work properly in different	As	pass	None
		browsers	expected		
3	Mobile	The websites performances and	As	pass	None
	responsive	usability on various screen width	expected		
4	Social	The websites can redirect user to	As	pass	None
	Media	social media	expected		
5	Image	The all images on the website	As	pass	None
	quality	including resolution, size, and format	expected		
6	Interactive	Image changed when clicking	As	pass	None
	elements	buttons	expected		
7	Learning	All courses can be accessed without	As	pass	None
	system	problems	expected		
8	Browser	The website runs on different	As	pass	None
		browsers	expected		
9	Forms	All forms able to take inputs	as	pass	None
			expected		
10	Navigation	Navigating from pages to pages	As	pass	None
			expected		

## 3. Compatibility testing

This type of testing evaluates whether the products works as intended in various environment and with different hardware, software, and connections. Usually it tested to different operating systems, browsers, and platforms. This test is used to make sure the product is accessible to the largest possible user number and work correctly in many different setting.

Compatibility testing:

ID	Test info	Expected Result	Actual	Test	Corrective
			Result	Status	action
1	OS	The website is working with	As	pass	None
	Compatibility	different OS such as Windows,	expected		
	_	macOS			
2	Browser	The website is working with	As	pass	None
	compatibility	different browser such as chrome,	expected		
		firefox, edge, and opera.			
3	Mobile	The websites Is working on various	As	pass	None
	responsive	screen width	expected		
4	Images	The websites can work using	As	pass	None
	compatibility	different types of images	expected		
5	Image	The all images on the website is	As	pass	None
	_	displayed regardless resolution,	expected		
		size, and format			
6	HTML &	Test HTML and CSS version is	As	pass	None
	CSS	compatible with the browser	expected		
	compatibility	versions	-		
7	Fonts	All Fonts can be displayed and	As	pass	None
		usable in the different browsers	expected		
8	JavaScript	JavaScript code is usable in	As	pass	None
	·	different browsers	expected	•	
9	CDN	Able to apply CDN on the website	as	pass	None
	compatibility		expected	•	
10	Device	Website compatible and can run on	As	pass	None
		any device	expected		

## 4. Performance testing

Performance testing is a type of test that assess how well a product do under various conditions, includes product's speed, scalability, and stability. The goal is to identify the bottlenecks and performance issue and optimize it

Performance testing case:

ID	Test info	Expected Result	Actual	Test	Corrective
		•	Result	Status	action
1	Page load	The website fully load in browser	As	pass	None
		within a short time	expected		
2	Browser	The website run on different	As	pass	None
	compatibility	browsers	expected		
3	Mobile	The websites performances and	As	pass	None
	responsive	usability on various screen width	expected		
4	Network	The websites can load with low	As	pass	None
		speed network	expected		
5	Image	The all images on the website	As	pass	None
		including resolution, size, and	expected		
		format			
6	Font	Optimized font reduced file sizes	As	pass	None
		and load times	expected		
7	CDN	All content can be accessed	As	pass	None
			expected		
8	Link	Testing links ensuring it works	As	pass	None
		properly	expected		
9	Preload	All content resources preloaded	as	pass	None
	resources	making it faster to load the page	expected		
10	Devices	Website perform properly on the	As	pass	None
		different devices	expected		

## 5. Responsive

Responsive testing is a process of testing website or application to make sure its optimized and perform through various devices and screen width and providing consistent user experience and can gain potential user as many as possible.

## Responsive testing case:

ID	Test info	Expected Result	Actual	Test	Corrective
			Result	Status	action
1	Navigation	Navigation bar collapsing into	As	pass	None
	bar	hamburger menu when on small	expected		
		screen			
2	Logo	The website logo scales properly with	As	pass	None
		different screen width	expected		
3	Footer	The websites footer scales properly	As	pass	None
		with different screen width	expected		
4	Navigation	Navigation bar hamburger menu	As	pass	None
	bar	button opened when clicked on small	expected		
		screen			
5	Social	All social media is properly aligned	As	pass	None
	media	regardless screen width	expected		
6	Course list	All course list can scale its size	As	pass	None
		properly aligned and spaced	expected		
		Grid format on larger screen and			
		column list on smaller screen			
7	Course	All courses & schedule are aligned	As	pass	None
	details &	properly at different screen sizes	expected		
	schedule				
8	images	All images size are scalable on	As	pass	None
		different screen size	expected		
9	Font	All fonts on the website consistent	as	pass	None
			expected		
10	Layout	Website layout didn't have any major	As	pass	None
		change	expected		

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